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File Organization Technique- Single and Two level directory

Aim:

To implement File Organization Structures in C are

- a. Single Level Directory
- b. Two-Level Directory

A. Single Level Directory

Algorithm:

- 1. Start
- 2. Declare the number, names and size of the directories and file names.
- 3. Get the values for the declared variables.
- 4. Display the files that are available in the directories.
- 5. Stop.

Program:

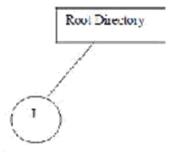
```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<graphics.h>
void main()
int gd=DETECT,gm,count,i,j,mid,cir_x;
char fname[10][20];
initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\tc\\bgi");
cleardevice();
setbkcolor(Green);
puts("Enter the number of files");
scanf("%d",&count);
for(i=0;i<count;i++)</pre>
cleardevice();
setbkcolor(GREEN);
printf("Enter the file %d name",i+1);
scanf("%s",fname[i]);
setfillstyle(1,MAGENTA);
mid=640/count; cir_x=mid/3;
bar3d(270,100,370,150,0,0);
settextstyle(2,0,4);
settextjustify(1,1);
outtextxy(320,125,"Root Directory");
setcolor(BLUE);
for(j=0;j<=i;j++,cir\_x+=mid)
line(320,150,cir_x,250);
fillellipse(cir_x,250,30,30);
outtextxy(cir_x,250,fname[i]);
}
```

Output:

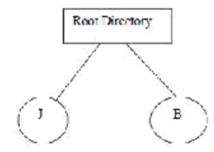
OUTPUT:

Enter the Number of files

Enter the file! J



Enter the file2 B



B. Two Level Directory

Algorithm:

- 1. Start
- 2. Declare the number, names and size of the directories and subdirectories and file names.
- 3. Get the values for the declared variables.
- 4. Display the files that are available in the directories and subdirectories.
- 5. Stop.

Program:

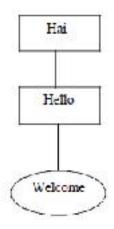
```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<graphics.h>
struct tree element
char name[20];
int x,y,ftype,lx,rx,nc,level; struct tree_element
*link[5]; }; typedef struct tree_element node;
void main() {
int gd=DETECT,gm; node *root;
root = NULL; clrscr();
create(&root,0,"null",0,630,320);
clrscr();
initgraph(&gd,&gm,"c:\\tc\\bgi");
display(root);
getch();
closegraph();
}
```

```
create(node **root,int lev,char *dname,int lx,int rx,int x)
int i,gap;
if(*root==NULL)
(*root)=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
printf("enter name of dir/file(under %s):",dname);fflush(stdin);
gets((*root)->name);
if(lev==0||lev==1)
(*root)->ftype=1;
else
(*root)->ftype=2;
(*root)->level=lev;
(*root)-y=50+lev*50;
(*root)->x=x;
(*root)->lx=lx;
(*root)->rx=rx;
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
(*root)->link[i]=NULL;
if((*root)->ftype==1)
if(lev==0||lev==1)
if((*root)->level==0)
printf("How many users");
else
printf("How many files");
printf("(for%s):",(*root)->name);
scanf("%d",&(*root)->nc);
else(*root)->nc=0;
if((*root)->nc==0)
gap=rx-lx;
else
gap=(rx-lx)/(*root)->nc;
for(i=0;i<(*root)->nc;i++)
create(\&((*root)->link[i]),lev+1,(*root)->name,lx+gap*i,lx+gap*i+gap,lx+gap*i+gap/2);
else
(*root)->nc=0;
}
```

```
 \begin{cases} & \text{int i;} \\ & \text{int i;} \\ & \text{settextstyle}(2,0,4); \\ & \text{settextjustify}(1,1); \\ & \text{setfillstyle}(1,\text{BLUE}); \\ & \text{setcolor}(14); \\ & \text{if}(\text{root!=NULL}) \\ & \{ & \text{for}(\text{i=0;i<root->nc;i++}) \\ & \{ & \text{line}(\text{root->x,root->y,root->link[i]->x,root->link[i]->y);} \\ & \text{if}(\text{root->ftype==1}) \ \text{bar3d}(\text{root->x-20,root->y-10,root->x+20,root->y+10,0,0}); \ \text{else} \\ & \text{fillellipse}(\text{root->x,root->y,20,20}); \ \text{outtextxy}(\text{root->x,root->y,root->name}); \ \text{for}(\text{i=0;i<root->nc;i++}) \\ & \{ & \text{display}(\text{root->link[i]}); \\ & \} \} \}
```

Output:

Enter the name of dir/file(under null): Hai How many users(for Hai):1 Enter name of dir/file(under Hai):Hello How many files(for Hello):1 Enter name of dir/file(under Hello):welcome



Result:

Hence the implementation of file structures like Single level Directory and Two Level Directory has been implemented successfully.