

Ex. No: 3

Date: 26.08.24

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Greedy Algorithm

3.a. 1-G-Coin Problem

Aim: Write a program to take value V and we want to make change for V Rs, and we have infinite supply of each of the denominations in Indian currency, i.e., we have infinite supply of { 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 500, 1000} valued coins/notes, what is the minimum number of coins and/or notes needed to make the change.

Input Format:

Take an integer from stdin.

Output Format:

print the integer which is change of the number.

Example Input :

64

Output:

4

Explanaton:

We need a 50 Rs note and a 10 Rs note and two 2 rupee coins.

Algorithm:

1. Initialize count to 0.
2. Read the integer amt from the user.
3. Initialize an array arr with the values {1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 500, 1000}.
4. Iterate through the array arr from the highest denomination to the lowest:
5. For each denomination arr[i]:
 - a. Add the quotient of amt divided by arr[i] to count.
 - b. Update amt to the remainder of amt divided by arr[i].

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
{
    int amt,count=0;
    scanf("%d",&amt);
    int arr[]={ 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50, 100, 500, 1000};
    for (int i=8;i>=0;i--)
    {
        count+=amt/arr[i];
        amt%=arr[i];
    }
    printf("%d",count);
}
```

Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	49	5	5	✓

3.b. 2-G-Cookies Problem

Aim: Assume you are an awesome parent and want to give your children some cookies. But, you should give each child at most one cookie. Each child i has a greed factor $g[i]$, which is the minimum size of a cookie that the child will be content with; and each cookie j has a size $s[j]$. If $s[j] \geq g[i]$, we can assign the cookie j to the child i , and the child i will be content. Your goal is to maximize the number of your content children and output the maximum number.

Example 1:

Input:

3 1 2 3 2 1 1

Output: 1

Explanation:

You have 3 children and 2 cookies. The greed factors of 3 children are 1, 2, 3. And even though you have 2 cookies, since their size is both 1, you could only make the child whose greed factor is 1 content. You need to output 1.

Constraints:

$1 \leq g.length \leq 3 \times 10^4$ $0 \leq s.length \leq 3 \times 10^4$ $1 \leq g[i], s[j] \leq 2^{31} - 1$

Algorithm:

1. Initialize count to 0.
2. Read the integer m from the user.
3. Initialize an array g of size m to store the greed factors.
4. Read m integers into the array g .
5. Read the integer n from the user.
6. Initialize an array s of size n to store the sizes of the cookies.
7. Read n integers into the array s .
8. For each i from 0 to $m-1$:
9. For each j from 0 to $n-1$:
 - a. If $g[i]$ is less than or equal to $s[j]$:
 - i. Increment count by 1.
 - ii. Increment i by 1.
10. Print count - 1

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main(){
```

```
    int m,n,count=0;
```

```
    scanf("%d",&m);
```

```
    int g[m];
```

```
    for (int i=0;i<m;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        scanf("%d",&g[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
    int s[n];
```

```
    for (int i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        scanf("%d",&s[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    for (int i=0;i<m;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for (int j=0;j<n;j++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            if (g[i]<=s[j])
```

```
            {
```

```
                count++;
```

```
                j++;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("%d",count-1);
```

}

Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	2	2	✓
	1 2			
	3			
	1 2 3			