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EX-7: Implementation of Queue using Array and Linked list

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LINKED LIST IMPLEMENTATION-QUEUE
#include <stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node { int
data;
       struct node
*link;
} *F=NULL, *R=NULL;
int IsEmpty();
void Enqueue(int);
void Dqueue();
void Display();
int IsEmpty() {
    if (F==NULL&&R==NULL)
   {
return 1; }
else return
0; }
void Enqueue(int val)
    struct node*newnode;
    newnode=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
newnode->data=val; if(IsEmpty()){
F=R=newnode;
else
    {
       R->link=newnode;
       R=newnode;
    newnode->link=NULL;
} void
Dqueue() {
   struct node*temp=F;
if(IsEmpty())
                {
       printf("list is empty");
    }
else
        printf("\nDeleted element is: %d",temp->data);
        if (F==R)
                else
F=R=NULL;
F=F->link;
free(temp);
    } }
```

```
void Display()
   struct
node*temp=F;
if(IsEmpty())
    {
        printf("underflow");
    }
else
        {
        while(temp!=NULL)
           printf("\n%d",temp->data);
temp=temp->link;
     }
    } } int main() {
int choice,t=1,val;
while (t==1)
   {
        printf("\n\n\nMENU\n");
        printf("1.Insert an element\n2.Delete an element\n3.Display the
Queue\n4.EXIT\n");
       printf("\nEnter your choice:");
scanf("%d", &choice);
                           switch
(choice)
        {
case 1:
            printf("Enter the value to be inserted:");
            scanf("%d", &val);
Enqueue(val);
break;
                  case 2:
Dqueue();
                     break;
case 3:
Display();
                      break;
                   t=0;
case 4:
       }
   }
ARRAY IMPLEMENTATION-QUEUE
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#define size 5
int que[size];
void Enqueue(int);
void Dqueue();
void Display();
int IsFull(); int
IsEmpty(); int F=-
1, R=-1; int
IsFull() {
   if (size-1==R)
{      return
1;      } else
return 0; } int
IsEmpty() {
if(F==-1)
```

```
return 1; else
return 0; }
void Enqueue(int data)
if(IsFull())
      printf("overflow");
   } else
if(F==-1) {
      F=0;
   R=R+1;
que[R]=data;
} void
Dqueue() {
  if(IsEmpty())
{
      printf("underflow");
   }
else
     printf("Deleted Element is:%d",que[F]);
if (R==F) R=F=-1; else
F=F+1;
   } } void
Display() {
   if(IsEmpty())
{
      printf("No elements in queue");
   else
{
       for(int i=F; i<=R; i++)</pre>
          printf("%d\n",que[i]);
   } } int main() {
int choice, t=1, val;
while (t==1)
      printf("\n\n\nMENU\n");
       printf("1.Insert an element\n2.Delete an element\n3.Display the
Queue\n4.EXIT\n");
       printf("\nEnter your choice:");
scanf("%d",&choice); switch
(choice)
case 1:
           printf("Enter the value to be inserted:");
           scanf("%d", &val);
Enqueue(val);
break;
                 case 2:
Dqueue();
                   break;
case 3:
Display();
                    break;
case 4:
                 t=0;
```

```
} }
```

## 1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element: 10

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element: 20

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element: 30

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element: 40

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element: 50

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the element : 60 Queue

is Overflow...!

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 3

10 20 30 40 50

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 2

10

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 2

20

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 2

30

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 2

40

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 2

50

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 2

Queue is Underflow...!

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT Enter your choice : 3 Queue Underflow...!

1.ENQUEUE 2.DEQUEUE 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT

Enter your choice: 4