Ex. No:8

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WORKING WITH MULTIPLE TABLES

1. Write a query to display the last name, department number, and department name for all Employees.

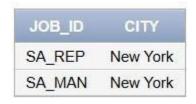
Roll No: 230701397

SELECT e.last_name, e.department_id, d.department_name FROM employees e JOIN departments d ON e.department_id = d.department_id;

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	DEPARTMENT_NAME
King	10	Administration
Davies	80	Sales
Smith	80	Sales

2. Create a unique listing of all jobs that are in department 80. Include the location of the department in the output.

SELECT DISTINCT e.job_id, l.city
FROM employees e
JOIN departments d
ON e.department_id = d.department_id
JOIN locations l
ON d.location_id = l.location_id
WHERE e.department_id = 80;



3. Write a query to display the employee last name, department name, location ID, and city of all employees who earn a commission

SELECT e.last name, d.department name, d.location id, l.city

FROM employees e
JOIN departments d
ON e.department_id = d.department_id
JOIN locations l
ON d.location_id = l.location_id
WHERE e.commission_pct IS NOT NULL;

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_NAME	LOCATION_ID	CITY
Davies	Sales	2	New York
Smith	Sales	2	New York

2. Display the employee last name and department name for all employees who have an a(lowercase) in their last names. P

SELECT e.last_name, d.department_name FROM employees e JOIN departments d ON e.department_id = d.department_id WHERE LOWER(e.last_name) LIKE '%a%';



5. Write a query to display the last name, job, department number, and department name for all employees who work in Toronto.

SELECT e.last_name, e.job_id, e.department_id, d.department_name FROM employees e
JOIN departments d
ON e.department_id = d.department_id
JOIN locations l
ON d.location_id = l.location_id
WHERE l.city = 'Toronto';

_	
King AD_PRES 10 Administra	ation

6. Display the employee last name and employee number along with their manager's last name and manager number. Label the columns Employee, Emp#, Manager, and Mgr#, Respectively

EMPLOYEE	EMP#	MANAGER	MGR#
Johnson	4	King	1
Davies	2	King	1
Williams	5	Davies	2
Smith	3	Davies	2
King	1		-

7. Modify lab4_6.sql to display all employees including King, who has no manager. Order the results by the employee number.

SELECT e.last_name, e.employee_id, m.last_name AS Manager FROM employees e
LEFT JOIN employees m
ON e.manager_id = m.employee_id
ORDER BY e.employee_id;

LAST_NAME	EMPLOYEE_ID	MANAGER
King	1	· + ·
Davies	2	King
Smith	3	Davies
Johnson	4	King
Williams	5	Davies

8. Create a query that displays employee last names, department numbers, and all the employees

who work in the same department as a given employee. Give each column an appropriate label

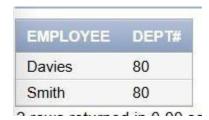
SELECT e.last_name AS Employee, e.department_id AS Dept#

FROM employees e

JOIN employees emp

ON e.department id = emp.department id

WHERE emp.employee_id = 2; -- Replace with a specific employee ID



9. Show the structure of the JOB_GRADES table. Create a query that displays the name, job, department name, salary, and grade for all employees

DESCRIBE job_grades;

SELECT e.last_name, e.job_id, d.department_name, e.salary, jg.grade_level

FROM employees e

JOIN departments d

ON e.department_id = d.department_id

JOIN job_grades jg

ON e.salary BETWEEN jg.lowest_sal AND jg.highest_sal;



10. Create a query to display the name and hire date of any employee hired after employee Davies.

SELECT e.last_name, e.hire_date

FROM employees e

WHERE e.hire_date > (SELECT hire_date FROM employees WHERE last_name = 'Davies');

LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE
Smith	04/23/2006
Williams	12/01/2007

11. Display the names and hire dates for all employees who were hired before their managers, along with their manager's names and hire dates. Label the columns Employee, Emp Hired, Manager, and Mgr Hired, respectively.

no data found