# CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming

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State	Finished
Completed on	Tuesday, 22 October 2024, 6:40 AM
Time taken	7 hours 13 mins
Marks	10.00/10.00
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

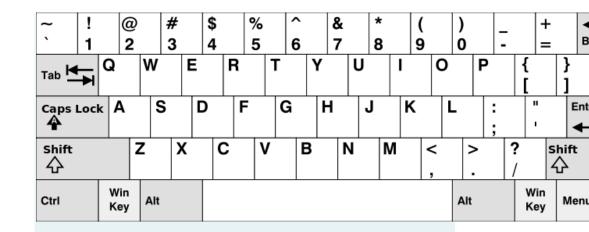
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# Question text

Given an array of strings words, return the words that can be typed using letters of the alphabet on only one row of American keyboard like the image below.

In the American keyboard:

- the first row consists of the characters "qwertyui op",
- the second row consists of the characters "asdfghj kl ", and
- the third row consists of the characters "zxcvbnm".



## Example 1:

Input: words = ["Hello", "Alaska", "Dad", "Peace"]

Output: ["Alaska", "Dad"]

Example 2:

Input: words = ["omk"]

Output: [] Example 3:

Input: words = ["adsdf", "sfd"]

Output: ["adsdf", "sfd"]

#### For example:

Input	Result
4 Hello Alaska Dad Peace	AI aska Dad
2 adsfd afd	adsfd afd

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
6
      8
      9
10
11
     12
     13
     14
     15
16
     17
     18
     19
20
21
     22
23
     24
```

```
def function(word, rows):
    I =word.lower()
    for row in rows:
        if all(char in row for char in I):
            return True
    return False
def f(words)
    rows=["qwertyui op", "asdfghj kl ", "zxcvbnm"]
    res=[]
    for word in words:
        if function(word, rows):
            res.append(word)
    return res
n=i nt(i nput())
words=[]
for _ in range(n):
    word=i nput()
    words.append(word)
res1=f(words)
if res1:
    for word in res1:
        print(word)
el se:
```

# print("No words")

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
4 Hello Alaska Dad Peace	Al aska Dad	Al aska Dad	
1 omk	No words	No words	
2 adsfd afd	adsfd afd	adsfd afd	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# Question text

Given a tuple and a positive integer k, the task is to find the count of distinct pairs in the tuple whose sum is equal to K.

## Examples:

Input: t = (5, 6, 5, 7, 7, 8), K = 13

Output: 2 Explanation:

Pairs with sum K(=13) are  $\{(5, 8), (6, 7), (6, 7)\}$ .

Therefore, distinct pairs with sum K(=13) are  $\{(5, 8), (6, 6), (6,$ 

```
7) }.
```

Therefore, the required output is 2.

## For example:

Input	Result
1, 2, 1, 2, 5	1
1, 2	0

# Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12
```

```
def f(t,k):
    s=set()
    p=set()
    for n in t:
        c=k-n
        if c in s:
            p. add(tuple(sorted((n,c))))
        s. add(n)
    return len(p)
t=tuple(map(int,input().split(',')))
k=int(input())
print(f(t,k))
```

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
5, 6, 5, 7, 7, 8 13	2	2
1, 2, 1, 2, 5	1	1
1, 2 0	0	0

#### Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# Question text

Given an array of integers nums containing n+1 integers where each integer is in the range  $[1,\ n]$  inclusive. There is only one repeated number in nums,

return this repeated number. Solve the problem using set.

#### Example 1:

Input: nums = [1, 3, 4, 2, 2]

Output: 2

#### Example 2:

Input: nums = [3, 1, 3, 4, 2]

Output: 3

# For example:

Input	Result
1 3 4 4 2	4

## Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 def dup(n): s=set() for i in n: if i in s: return i s. add(i) a=input() n=list(map(int, a. split())) print(dup(n))
```

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
1 3 4 4 2	4	4
1 2 2 3 4 5 6 7	2	2

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 4

Correct

# Question text

Write a program to eliminate the common elements in the given 2 arrays and print only the non-repeating elements and the total number of such non-repeating elements.

#### Input Format:

The first line contains space-separated values, denoting the size of the two arrays in integer format respectively.

The next two lines contain the space-separated integer arrays to be compared.

#### Sample Input:

5 4

12865

26810

Sample Output:

1510

3

Sample Input:

5 5

12345

12345

Sample Output:

NO SUCH ELEMENTS

#### For example:

Input	Result
5 4 1 2 8 6 5 2 6 8 10	1 5 10 3
5 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5	NO SUCH ELEMENTS

## Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11

s1, s2=map(int, input(). split())
a1=list(map(int, input(). split()))
a2=list(map(int, input(). split()))
c=set(a1+a2)
ce=set(a1)&set(a2)
n=sorted(c-ce)
if n:
    print(*n)
    print(len(n))
else:
    print("NO SUCH ELEMENTS")
```

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
5 4 1 2 8 6 5 2 6 8 10	1 5 10 3	1 5 10 3	

Input	Expected	Got	
3 3 10 10 10 10 11 12	11 12 2	11 12 2	
5 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5	NO SUCH ELEMENTS	NO SUCH ELEMENTS	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# Question text

Program to print all the distinct elements in an array. Distinct elements are nothing but the unique (non-duplicate) elements present in the given array.

Input Format:

First line take an Integer input from stdin which is array length n.

Second line take n Integers which is inputs of array.

Output Format:

Print the Distinct Elements in Array in single line which is space Separated

Example Input:

5

12234

```
Output:
1 2 3 4
Example Input:
6
1 1 2 2 3 3
Output:
1 2 3
```

Input	Result			
5	1	2	3	4
1				
2				
2				
3				
4				

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
5 1 2 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	
6 1 1 2 2 3 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	
5 11 22 11 22 11	11 22	11 22	
10 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

## **Question text**

The DNA sequence is composed of a series of nucleotides abbreviated as 'A', 'C', 'G', and 'T'.

• For example, "ACGAATTCCG" is a DNA sequence.

When studying DNA, it is useful to identify repeated sequences within the DNA.

Given a string s that represents a DNA sequence, return all the 10-letter-long sequences (substrings) that occur more than once in a DNA molecule. You may return the answer in any order.

#### Example 1:

Input: s = "AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCCAAAAAGGGTTT"

Output: ["AAAAACCCCC", "CCCCCAAAAA"]

Example 2:

Input: s = "AAAAAAAAAAA"
Output: ["AAAAAAAAAA"]

#### For example:

Input	Result
AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCCAAAAAAGGGTTT	AAAAACCCCC CCCCCAAAAA

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
6
                                           10
                                           11
                                                12
                                                13
                                                14
                                           15
                                                16
                                                17
def d(s):
    seq={}
    res=[]
    for i in range(len(s)-9):
        s1=s[i:i+10]
        if s1 in seq:
            seq[s1]+=1
        el se:
            seq[s1]=1
    for s1, c in seq.items():
            res.append(s1)
    return res
res1=d(input())
for s1 in res1:
    print(s1)
```

# Feedback

Input	Expecte d	Got	
AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCCAAAA AGGGTTT	AAAAACCC CC	AAAAACCC CC	
	CCCCCAAA AA	CCCCCAAA AA	

Input	Expecte d	Got	
АААААААААА	AAAAAAAA AA	AAAAAAAA AA	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# Question text

There is a malfunctioning keyboard where some letter keys do not work. All other keys on the keyboard work properly.

Given a string text of words separated by a single space (no leading or trailing spaces) and a string brokenLetters of all distinct letter keys that are broken, return the number of words in text you can fully type using this keyboard.

Example 1:

Input: text = "hello world", brokenLetters = "ad"

Output:

1

Explanation: We cannot type "world" because the 'd' key is broken.

#### For example:

Input	Result
hello world	1

Input	Result
ad	
Faculty Upskilling in Python Programming ak	2

# Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
8
                                                10
                                                 11
                                                 12
                                                13
                                                 14
def f(a: str, b: str)->i nt:
    a=a.lower()
    b=b.lower()
    w=a.split()
    b1=set(b)
    C=0
    for i in w:
        if not set(i)&b1:
    return c
a=i nput()
b=i nput()
print(f(a,b))
```

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
hello world	1	1	

Input	Expected	Got	
ad			
Welcome to REC	1	1	
Faculty Upskilling in Python Programming ak	2	2	

Passed all tests!



Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# Question text

# Check if a set is a subset of another set.

Example:

Sample Input1:

mango apple

mango orange

mango

output1:

yes

set3 is subset of set1 and set2

input2:
mango orange
banana orange
grapes
output2:
no

## For example:

Test	Input	Result
1	mango apple mango orange mango	yes set3 is subset of set1 and set2
2	mango orange banana orange grapes	No

## Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
s1=set(input().strip().split())
s2=set(input().strip().split())
```

```
s1=set(input().strip().split())
s2=set(input().strip().split())
s3=set(input().strip().split())
if s3.issubset(s1) and s3.issubset(s2):
    print('yes')
    print("set3 is subset of set1 and set2")
else:
```

# print('No')

# Feedback

Test	Input	Expected	Got	
1	mango appl e mango orange mango	yes set3 is subset of set1 and set2	yes set3 is subset of set1 and set2	
2	mango orange banana orange grapes	No	No	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# Question text

Coders here is a simple task for you, Given string str. Your task is to check whether it is a binary string or not by using python set.

Examples:

Input: str = "01010101010"

Output: Yes

Input: str = "REC101"

Output: No

### For example:

Input	Result
01010101010	Yes
010101 10101	No

# Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8

def b(s):
    s=set(s)
    if s.issubset({'0','1'}):
        return 'Yes'
    else:
        return 'No'
print(b(input()))
```

# Feedback

Input	Expected	Got
01010101010	Yes	Yes
REC123	No	No
010101 10101	No	No

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

## **Question text**

You are given an integer tuple nums containing distinct numbers. Your task is to perform a sequence of operations on this tuple until it becomes empty. The operations are defined as follows:

- 1. If the first element of the tuple has the smallest value in the entire tuple, remove it.
- 2. Otherwise, move the first element to the end of the tuple.

You need to return an integer denoting the number of operations required to make the tuple empty.

# Constraints

- The input tuple nums contains distinct integers.
- The operations must be performed using tuples and sets to maintain immutability and efficiency.
- Your function should accept the tuple nums as input and return the total number of operations as an integer.

#### Example:

Input: nums = (3, 4, -1)

Output: 5

Explanation:

Operation 1: [3, 4, -1] -> First element is not the smallest,

move to the end -> [4, -1, 3]

Operation 2: [4, -1, 3] -> First element is not the smallest,

move to the end  $\rightarrow$  [-1, 3, 4]

Operation 3: [-1, 3, 4] -> First element is the smallest, remove

it -> [3, 4]

Operation 4: [3, 4] -> First element is the smallest, remove it -> [4]

Operation 5: [4] -> First element is the smallest, remove it ->

Total operations: 5

#### For example:

Test	Result
<pre>print(count_operations((3, 4, -1)))</pre>	5

## Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

## [Reset answer]

# Feedback

Test	Expecte d	Go t
<pre>print(count_operations((3, 4, -1)))</pre>	5	5
<pre>print(count_operations((1, 2, 3, 4, 5)))</pre>	5	5
<pre>print(count_operations((5, 4, 3, 2, 1)))</pre>	15	15
<pre>print(count_operations((42 , )))</pre>	1	1
print(count_operations((- 2, 3, -5, 4, 1)))	11	11

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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