CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming

Started on	Friday, 18 October 2024, 10:30 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Friday, 18 October 2024, 11:27 PM
Time taken	56 mins 38 secs
Marks	10.00/10.00
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

The program must accept N integers and an integer K as the input. The program must print every K integers in descending order as the output.

Note: If N % K != 0, then sort the final N%K integers in descending order.

Boundary Condition(s):

 $1 <= N <= 10^4$

-99999 <= Array Element Value <= 99999

Input Format:

The first line contains the values of N and K separated by a space.

The second line contains N integers separated by space(s).

Output Format:

The first line contains N integers.

Example Input/Output 1:

Input:

7 3 48 541 23 68 13 41 6

Output:

541 48 23 68 41 13 6

Explanation:

The first three integers are 48 541 23, after sorting in descending order the integers are 541 48 23. The second three integers are 68 13 41, after sorting in descending order the integers are 68 41 13. The last integer is 6.

The integers are 541 48 23 68 41 13 6 Hence the output is 541 48 23 68 41 13 6.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
```

```
import re
res=[]
a=input()
lis=re.findall(r'[0-9]+',a)
a=input()
inte=re.findall(r'[0-9]+',a)
split=len(inte)//int(lis[1])
x=0
for i in range(split):
    temp=inte[x: x+int(lis[1])]
    temp. sort(reverse=True)
    res. extend(temp)
    x+=int(lis[1])
if split*int(lis[1])!=len(inte):
    res. extend(inte[x::])
print(*res)
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
7 3 48 541 23 68 13 41 6	541 48 23 68 41 13 6	541 48 23 68 41 13 6	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Program to print all the distinct elements in an array. Distinct elements are nothing but the unique (non-duplicate) elements present in the given array.

Input Format:

First line take an Integer input from stdin which is array length n.

Second line take n Integers which is inputs of array.

Output Format:

Print the Distinct Elements in Array in single line which is space Separated

Example Input:

5

1

2

2

3

4

Output:

1234

Example Input:

6

```
1
1
2
2
3
3
Output:
1 2 3
For example:
```

Input	Result			
5	1	2	3	4
1				
2				
2				
3				
4				
6	1	2	3	
1				
1				
2				
2				
3				
3				

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
a=int(input())
```

```
p=[]
for i in range(a):
    x=int(input())
    p.append(x)
res=sorted(set(p))
print(*res)
```

Input	Expected	Got	
5 1 2 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	1 2 3 4	
6 1 1 2 2 3 3	1 2 3	1 2 3	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given an integer n, return an list of length n+1 such that for each i (0 <= i <= n), ans[i] is the number of 1's in the binary representation of i.

Example:

```
Input: n = 2
Output: [0, 1, 1]
Explanation:
0 --> 0
1 --> 1
2 --> 10
```

Example2:

```
Input: n = 5
Output: [0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2]
Explanation:
0 --> 0
1 --> 1
2 --> 10
3 --> 11
4 --> 100
```

Note: Complete the given function alone

For example:

5 --> 101

Test	Result				
print(CountingBits(5))	[0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2]				

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

[Reset answer]



```
lis=[]
for i in range(n+1):
    s=0
    while i>0:
        x=i%2
        s+=x
        i//=2
    lis.append(s)
return lis
```

Test	Expected	Got
print(CountingBits(2))	[0, 1, 1]	[0, 1, 1]
print(CountingBits(5))		[0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2]

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 4
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given two arrays of positive integers, for each element in the second array, find the total number of elements in the first array which are *less than or equal to* that element. Store the values determined in an array.

For example, if the first array is [1, 2, 3] and the second array is [2, 4], then there are 2 elements in the first array less than or equal

to 2. There are 3 elements in the first array which are less than or equal to 4. We can store these answers in an array, answer = [2, 3].

Program Description

The program must return an array of m positive integers, one for each maxes[i] representing the total number of elements nums[j] satisfying $nums[j] \le maxes[i]$ where $0 \le j < n$ and $0 \le i < m$, in the given order.

The program has the following:

nums[nums[0],...nums[n-1]]: first array of positive integers
maxes[maxes[0],...maxes[n-1]]: second array of positive
integers

Constraints

- 2≤n, m≤105
- $1 \le nums[j] \le 109$, where $0 \le j < n$.
- $1 \le maxes[i] \le 109$, where $0 \le i < m$.

Input Format For Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the program.

The first line contains an integer n, the number of elements in nums. The next n lines each contain an integer describing nums[j] where $0 \le j < n$.

The next line contains an integer m_i , the number of elements in maxes.

The next m lines each contain an integer describing maxes[i] where $0 \le i < m$.

Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

```
Sample Output 0
2
Explanation 0
We are given n = 4, nums = [1, 4, 2, 4], m = 2, and maxes = [3, 5].
1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 2 elements in nums (nums[0] =
    1 and nums[2] = 2) that are \leq maxes[0].
2. For maxes[1] = 5, we have 4 elements in nums (nums[0] =
    1, nums[1] = 4, nums[2] = 2, and nums[3] = 4) that are \leq
   maxes[1].
Thus, the program returns the array [2, 4] as the answer.
Sample Case 1
Sample Input 1
5
2
10
5
4
8
4
3
1
Sample Output 1
1
0
3
```

Explanation 1

We are given, n = 5, nums = [2, 10, 5, 4, 8], m = 4, and maxes = [3, 1, 7, 8].

- 1. For maxes[0] = 3, we have 1 element in nums(nums[0] = 2) that is $\leq maxes[0]$.
- 2. For maxes[1] = 1, there are 0 elements in nums that are ≤ maxes[1].
- 3. For maxes[2] = 7, we have 3 elements in nums(nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, and nums[3] = 4) that are $\leq maxes[2]$.
- 4. For maxes[3] = 8, we have 4 elements in nums(nums[0] = 2, nums[2] = 5, nums[3] = 4, and nums[4] = 8) that are $\leq maxes[3]$.

Thus, the program returns the array [1, 0, 3, 4] as the answer.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
6
                                                       8
                                                9
                                                      10
                                                      11
                                                 12
                                                      13
                                                 14
                                                 15
                                                      16
                                                      17
                                                      18
num=[]
maxe=[]
res=[]
a=i nt(i nput())
for i in range(a):
```

Input	Expected	Got	
4 1 4 2 4 2 3 5	2 4	2 4	
5 2 10 5 4 8 4 3 1 7	1 0 3 4	1 0 3 4	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5 Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Assume you have an array of length *n* initialized with all 0's and are given k update operations.

Each operation is represented as a triplet: [startIndex,

endIndex, inc] which increments each element of subarray A[startIndex endIndex] (startIndex and endIndex inclusive) with inc.
Return the modified array after all <i>k</i> operations were executed.
Example:
Input:
5
3
1 3 2
2 4 3
0 2 -2
Output:
-2 0 3 5 3
Explanation:

```
Initial state:
length = 5, updates = [[1,3,2],[2,4,3],[0,2,-2]]
[0,0,0,0,0]
After applying operation [1,3,2]:
[0,2,2,2,0]
After applying operation [2,4,3]:
[0,2,5,5,3]
After applying operation [0,2,-2]:
[-2,0,3,5,3]
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
                                                       6
                                                       8
                                                 9
                                                      10
                                                      11
n=int(input())
k=int(input())
arr=[0]*(n+1)
for i in range(k):
     s, e, inc=map(int, input().split())
     arr[s]+=inc
     if e+1<n:
          arr[e+1]-=inc
for i in range(1, n):
     arr[i]+=arr[i-1]
print(' '.join(map(str,arr[:n])))
```

Input	Expected	Got	
5 3 1 3 2 2 4 3 0 2 -2	-2 0 3 5 3	-2 0 3 5 3	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

An array is monotonic if it is either monotone increasing or monotone decreasing.

An array A is monotone increasing if for all $i \le j$, $A[i] \le A[j]$. An array A is monotone decreasing if for all $i \le j$, $A[i] \ge A[j]$.

Write a program if n array is monotonic or not. Print "True" if is monotonic or "False" if it is not. Array can be monotone increasing or decreasing.

Input Format:

First line n-get number of elements

Next n Lines is the array of elements

Output Format:

True ,if array is monotone increasing or decreasing.

otherwise False is printed

Sample Input1
4
5
6
7
8
Sample Output1
True
Sample Input2
4
6
5
4
3
Sample Output2
True
Sample Input 3
4
6
7
8
7
Sample Output3
False
For example:

Input	Result
4	True
6	
5	

```
Input Result
4
3
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
```

```
n=int(input())
arr=[]
for _ in range(n):
    arr.append(int(input()))
def ism(array) :
    inc=dec=True
    for i in range(1,len(array)):
        if array[i]<array[i-1]:
            inc=False
        if array[i]>array[i-1] :
            dec=False
    return "True" if inc or dec else "False"
print(ism(arr))
```

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
4	True	True	
6			
5			
4			
3			

Input	Expected	Got	
4 3 5 7 4	Fal se	Fal se	
4 1 6 9 2	Fal se	Fal se	
4 9 6 4 2	True	True	
3 2 1 4	Fal se	Fal se	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 7

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given an array A of sorted integers and another non negative integer k, find if there exists 2 indices i and j such that A[i] - A[j] = k, i! = j.

Input Format

contain:
2. N, followed by N integers of the array
3. The non-negative integer k
Output format
Print 1 if such a pair exists and 0 if it doesn't.
Example
Input
1
3
1
3
5
4
Output:
1
Input
1
3
1
3
5
99
Output
0
For example:

First line is number of test cases T. Following T lines

1.

Input	Result
1 3 1 3 5	1
1 3 1 3 5 99	0

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
```

Input	Expected	Got	
1 3 1 3 5 4	1	1	
1 3 1 3 5 99	0	0	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 8

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Complete the program to count frequency of each element of an array. Frequency of a particular element will be printed once.

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

```
7
23
45
23
56
45
23
40
Output
23 occurs 3 times
45 occurs 2 times
56 occurs 1 times
40 occurs 1 times
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)
                                                  10
                                             11
                                                  12
n=i nt(i nput())
el e=[]
for _ in range(n):
    ele.append(int(input()))
f={}
for n in ele:
         f[n]+=1
     el se:
         f[n]=1
for n, count in f.items():
     print(f"{n} occurs {count} times")
```

Input	Expected	Got	
7 23 45 23 56 45 23 40	23 occurs 3 times 45 occurs 2 times 56 occurs 1 times 40 occurs 1 times	23 occurs 3 times 45 occurs 2 times 56 occurs 1 times 40 occurs 1 times	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 9

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number) and then return the pth element of the list, sorted ascending. If there is no pth element, return 0.

Example

n = 20

p = 3

The factors of 20 in ascending order are $\{1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20\}$. Using 1-based indexing, if p = 3, then 4 is returned. If p > 6, 0 would be returned.

Constraints

 $1 \le n \le 10$ ₁₅

```
1 \le p \le 109
The first line contains an integer n, the number to factor.
The second line contains an integer p, the 1-based index of
the factor to return.
Sample Case 0
Sample Input 0
10
3
Sample Output 0
5
Explanation 0
Factoring n = 10 results in \{1, 2, 5, 10\}. Return the p = 3rd
factor, 5, as the answer.
Sample Case 1
Sample Input 1
10
5
Sample Output 1
Explanation 1
Factoring n = 10 results in \{1, 2, 5, 10\}. There are only 4
factors and p = 5, therefore 0 is returned as the answer.
Sample Case 2
Sample Input 2
1
Sample Output 2
1
Explanation 2
```

Factoring n = 1 results in {1}. The p = 1st factor of 1 is returned as the answer.

For example:

Input	Result
10 3	5
10 5	0
1	1

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13
```

```
n=int(input())
p=int(input())
def factor(num):
    fact=[]
    for i in range(1, num+1):
        if num%i ==0:
            fact.append(i)
    return fact
fact1=factor(n)
if p<=len(fact1):
    print(fact1[p-1])
else:</pre>
```

print(0)

Feedback

Input	Expected	Got	
10 3	5	5	
10 5	0	0	
1	1	1	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 10

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

Question text

Given a matrix mat where every row is sorted in strictly increasing order, return the smallest common element in all rows.

If there is no common element, return -1.

Example 1:

Input:

4 5

```
1 2 3 4 5
2 4 5 8 10
3 5 7 9 11
1 3 5 7 9
Output:

5
Constraints:
```

- 1 <= mat.length, mat[i].length <= 500
- 1 <= mat[i][j] <= 10^4
- mat[i] is sorted in strictly increasing order.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

count={}

for elem in matrix[0]:

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 rows, col =map(int,input().split()) matrix=[list(map(int,input().split())) for _ in range(rows)]
```

```
count[elem]=1
for i in range(1, rows) :
    for elem in matrix[i]:
        if elem in count and count[elem]==i+1-1:
            count[elem]+=1
smallestcommonelement=1
for elem in matrix[0]:
    if count.get(elem)==rows:
        smallestcommonelement=elem
        break
print(smallestcommonelement)
```

Input	Expected	Got
4 5 1 2 3 4 5 2 4 5 8 10 3 5 7 9 11 1 3 5 7 9	5	5

Passed all tests!

<u>Co</u>rrect

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Finish review]

Skip Quiz navigation

Quiz navigation

Question 1 This page

Question 2 This page

Question 3 This page

Question 4 This page
Question 5 This page
Question 6 This page
Ougstion 7 This page
Question 7 This page
Question 8 This page
Question 9 This page
Question 10 This page
Show one page at a time
[Finish review]