#### Lecture 4: Market Adoption & Technology Diffusion

CS6215 / IT 6215

#### MANAGEMENT OF TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION (MTI)



Mr. Robert Mtowe - 0766838451

## MARKET ADOPTION & TECHNOLOGY DIFFUSSION

#### **CONTENTS**

- ➤Illustrate how the diffusion of innovation theory influences consumer adoption of products and services
- ➤ Identify and discuss the technical, financial and organizational obstacles that have to be overcome to bring an invention to the market;
- Explain innovation and diffusion as ongoing processes with a range of factors affecting success at each stage

➤ Illustrate how the diffusion of innovation theory influences consumer adoption of products and services

#### Diffusion of Innovation Theory

- The Diffusion of Innovation Theory, developed by sociologist Everett Rogers, describes the process by which new ideas, products, or services spread within a population.
- ➤ It highlights the factors that influence adoption and categorizes adopters based on their readiness to embrace innovation.

#### Key Concepts of the Diffusion of Innovation Theory

#### **Diffusion Channels:**

Innovations spread through communication channels, such as:

Interpersonal Communication: Word of mouth, social networks.

Mass Media: Advertisements, social media, and news.

#### Factors Influencing Adoption:

Several factors affect whether and how quickly an innovation is adopted:

- ➤ Relative Advantage: The degree to which the innovation is perceived as better than existing solutions.
- ➤ Compatibility: How consistent the innovation is with existing values, needs, and experiences.
- ➤ Complexity: The perceived difficulty of understanding and using the innovation.
- ➤ Trialability: The extent to which the innovation can be tested on a limited basis.
- ➤ Observability: The visibility of the innovation's benefits to others.

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#### Adoption Process:

The decision-making process through which an individual or organization decides to accept or reject an innovation. It involves five stages:

- i. Knowledge: Awareness of the innovation's existence.
- ii. Persuasion: Developing an attitude toward the innovation.
- iii. Decision: Choosing to adopt or reject the innovation.
- iv. Implementation: Putting the innovation into use.
- v. Confirmation: Evaluating the decision and continuing or discontinuing its use

#### **Challenges in Adoption**

- 1. **Resistance to Change:** Fear of the unknown or satisfaction with current solutions.
- 2. **Cost:** High cost of the product can hinder how people can afford the product or innovation and high market initial investment can hinder adoption.
- 3. Access: Limited availability of innovations in certain regions or demographics.
- 4. Misinformation: Misunderstanding the innovation's benefits or risks.

By understanding the Diffusion of Innovation Theory, businesses, educators, policymakers, and innovators can better strategize to encourage the successful adoption of their innovations.

Identify and discuss the technical, financial and organizational obstacles that have to be overcome to bring an invention to the market;

#### **Technical Obstacles:**

- ➤ Research and Development (R&D): Developing the invention and ensuring it meets the required specifications and standards.
- ➤ **Prototyping:** Creating a working prototype to test and refine the invention.
- ➤ Testing and Validation: Ensuring the invention meets all necessary safety and performance standards.

#### **Financial Obstacles:**

- Funding: Securing the necessary funding to develop and bring the invention to market. Lack of funding can lead to many project not to continue.
- ➤ Cost Management: Managing the costs associated with R&D, prototyping, testing, and commercialization.

#### **Organizational Obstacles:**

- ➤ **Team Building:** Assembling a team with the necessary skills and expertise to develop and commercialize the invention.
- ➤ **Regulatory Compliance:** Ensuring the invention complies with all relevant regulations and standards.
- ➤ Marketing and Sales: Developing a marketing and sales strategy to promote and sell the invention.

Overall, bringing an invention to the market requires overcoming a range of technical, financial, and organizational obstacles. By addressing these challenges, inventors can successfully bring their inventions to market and realize their potential.

Explain innovation and diffusion as ongoing processes with a range of factors affecting success at each stage

#### Concept...

• Innovation and diffusion are two key processes in the field of technology and product development.

**Innovation** refers to the process of creating and introducing a new product, service, or idea to the market. Diffusion, on the other hand, refers to the process of spreading and adopting an innovation within a population or market.

• Both innovation and diffusion are ongoing processes that involve a range of factors that can affect their success at each stage. Some of these factors include:

### Factor affecting innovation and diffusion in ongoing processes

- 1. Technological factors: These include the availability of resources, the level of technological knowledge and expertise, and the ability to develop and produce the innovation.
- 2. Market factors: These include the size and demographics of the target market, the level of competition, and the demand for the innovation.
- 3. Social factors: These include the cultural and social norms of the target market, the level of trust and acceptance of the innovation, and the influence of opinion leaders and social networks.
- **4. Economic factors:** These include the cost of development and production, the potential for profitability, and the availability of funding and investment.



# THANK YOU for your ATTENTION!