# <u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>CS23333-OOPUJ-2023</u> / <u>Lab-08 - Polymorphism, Abstract Classes, final Keyword</u> / <u>Lab-08-Logic Building</u>

Status	Finished			
Started	Friday, 18 October 2024, 9:30 AM			
Completed	Friday, 18 October 2024, 10.15 AM			
Duration	45 mins 13 secs			

Question **1**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

Create a base class Shape with a method called calculateArea(). Create three subclasses: Circle, Rectangle, and Triangle. Override the calculateArea() method in each subclass to calculate and return the shape's area.

In the given exercise, here is a simple diagram illustrating polymorphism implementation:

```
Circle Rectangle Triangle

calculateArea() calculateArea()

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```

```
abstract class Shape {
  public abstract double calculateArea();
  }
}
```

 $System.out.printf("Area \ of \ a \ Triangle : \%.2f\%n", ((0.5)*base*height)); \ // \ use \ this \ statement$ 

sample Input:

- 4 // radius of the circle to calculate area PI\*r\*r
- 5 // length of the rectangle
- 6 // breadth of the rectangle to calculate the area of a rectangle
- 4 // base of the triangle
- 3 // height of the triangle

# OUTPUT:

Area of a circle :50.27 Area of a Rectangle :30.00 Area of a Triangle :6.00

## For example:

Test	Input	Result
1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00
2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 v import java.util.Scanner;
    // Abstract class Shape
3
    abstract class Shape {
4
5
        public abstract double calculateArea();
6
   }
    // Circle class
8
9 v class Circle extends Shape {
10
        private double radius;
11
        public Circle(double radius) {
12 🔻
```

```
13
            tnis.radius = radius;
14
15
16
        @Override
        public double calculateArea() {
17
18
           return Math.PI * radius * radius; // Area of circle: \pi r^2
19
20
    }
21
22
    // Rectangle class
23 v class Rectangle extends Shape {
24
        private double length;
25
        private double breadth;
26
27
        public Rectangle(double length, double breadth) {
            this.length = length;
this.breadth = breadth;
28
29
30
31
32
        @Override
33
        public double calculateArea() {
34
           return length * breadth; // Area of rectangle: length * breadth
35
36
37
    // Triangle class
38
39 🔻
    class Triangle extends Shape {
40
        private double base;
41
        private double height;
42
43
        public Triangle(double base, double height) {
44
            this.base = base;
45
            this.height = height;
46
47
48
        @Override
49 •
        public double calculateArea() {
50
            return 0.5 * base * height; // Area of triangle: 0.5 * base * height
51
52 }
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	~
~	2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	~

Passed all tests! ✓

## 1. Final Variable:

- Once a variable is declared final, its value cannot be changed after it is initialized.
- It must be initialized when it is declared or in the constructor if it's not initialized at declaration.
- It can be used to define constants

final int MAX\_SPEED = 120; // Constant value, cannot be changed

### 2. Final Method:

- A method declared final cannot be overridden by subclasses.
- It is used to prevent modification of the method's behavior in derived classes.

```
public final void display() {
    System.out.println("This is a final method.");
}
```

### 3. Final Class:

- A class declared as final cannot be subclassed (i.e., no other class can inherit from it).
- It is used to prevent a class from being extended and modified.

```
public final class Vehicle {
    // class code
}
```

Given a Java Program that contains the bug in it, your task is to clear the bug to the output. you should delete any piece of code.

#### For example:

```
Test Result

1 The maximum speed is: 120 km/h
This is a subclass of FinalExample.
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

#### Reset answer

```
1 // Final class definition
 2 v final class FinalExample {
 3
       // Final variable
       final int MAX_SPEED = 120; // Constant value
 4
 5
       // Final method
 6
 7
       public final void display() {
 8
           System.out.println("The maximum speed is: " + MAX_SPEED + " km/h");
9
10
   }
11
    // Main class to test the final class
12
   public class Test {
13 🔻
       public static void main(String[] args) {
14
           // Create an instance of FinalExample
15
           FinalExample example = new FinalExample();
16
17
           example.display();
18
19
           20
           // because FinalExample is a final class and cannot be subclassed.
21
           // class SubclassExample extends FinalExample { }
22
           System.out.println("This is a subclass of FinalExample.");
23
24
25
   }
26
27
28
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	1	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	~
Passe	d all te	ctcl 🗸		

```
Question 3

Correct

Marked out of 5.00
```

As a logic building learner you are given the task to extract the string which has vowel as the first and last characters from the given array of Strings.

Step1: Scan through the array of Strings, extract the Strings with first and last characters as vowels; these strings should be concatenated.

Step2: Convert the concatenated string to lowercase and return it.

If none of the strings in the array has first and last character as vowel, then return no matches found

input1: an integer representing the number of elements in the array.

input2: String array.

Example 1:

input1: 3

input2: {"oreo", "sirish", "apple"}

output: oreoapple

Example 2:

input1: 2

input2: {"Mango", "banana"}

output: no matches found

Explanation:

None of the strings has first and last character as vowel.

Hence the output is no matches found.

Example 3:

input1: 3

input2: {"Ate", "Ace", "Girl"}

output: ateace

### For example:

Input	Result		
3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple		
2 Mango banana	no matches found		
3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace		

#### **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
import java.util.Scanner;
 2 v
 3
    public class VowelStringExtractor {
 4 1
 5
 6
        // Method to extract strings with vowels as first and last characters
 7
        public static String extractVowelStrings(String[] stringArray) {
 8
            StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
9
            String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"; // String containing all vowels
10
11
            // Iterate through the array of strings
12
            for (String s : stringArray) {
                // Check if the string is not empty and if both the first and last characters are vowels
13
                if (s.length() > 0 && vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(0)) != -1 && vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(s.length() - 1)) !=
14
15
                    result.append(s); // Append matching string to the result
16
17
18
            // Return the concatenated string in lowercase or "no matches found"
```

```
20
            return result.length() > 0 ? result.toString().toLowerCase() : "no matches found";
21
        }
22
23
        public static void main(String[] args) {
24
            Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
25
            // Input for the number of strings
26
27
            int n = scanner.nextInt();
28
29
             scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
30
31
            // Input for the strings in one line
32
            String input = scanner.nextLine();
String[] strings = input.split(" "); // Split input into an array
33
34
35
36
             // Process and output the result
             String result = extractVowelStrings(strings);
37
38
             System.out.println(result);
39
40
            scanner.close(); // Close the scanner
41
        }
42 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple	oreoapple	<b>~</b>
~	2 Mango banana	no matches found	no matches found	~
~	3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace	ateace	~

Passed all tests! ✓

■ Lab-08-MCQ

FindStringCode ►

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