Ex No: 14A Date:13.08.2024

Name: E.MONIKA

STUDY OF WIRESHARK TOOL FOR PACKET SNIFFING

AIM:

To study packet sniffing concepts using Wireshark Tool.

DESCRIPTION:

Wireshark, a network analysis tool formerly known as Ethereal, captures packets in real time and display them in human-readable format. Wireshark includes filters, color coding, and other features that let you dig deep into network traffic and inspect individual packets. You can use Wireshark to inspect a suspicious program's network traffic, analyze the traffic flow on your network, or troubleshoot network problems.

What we can do with Wireshark:

- Capture network traffic
- Decode packet protocols using dissectors
- Define filters capture and display
- Watch smart statistics
- Analyze problems
- Interactively browse that traffic

Wireshark used for:

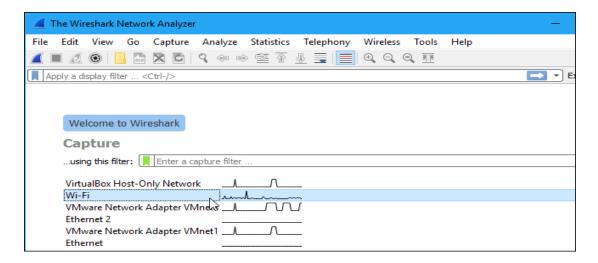
- Network administrators: troubleshoot network problems
- Network security engineers: examine security problems
- Developers: debug protocol implementations
- People: learn **network protocol internals**

Getting Wireshark

Wireshark can be downloaded for Windows or macOS from <u>its official website</u>. For Linux or another UNIX-like system, Wireshark will be found in its package repositories. For Ubuntu, Wireshark will be found in the Ubuntu Software Center.

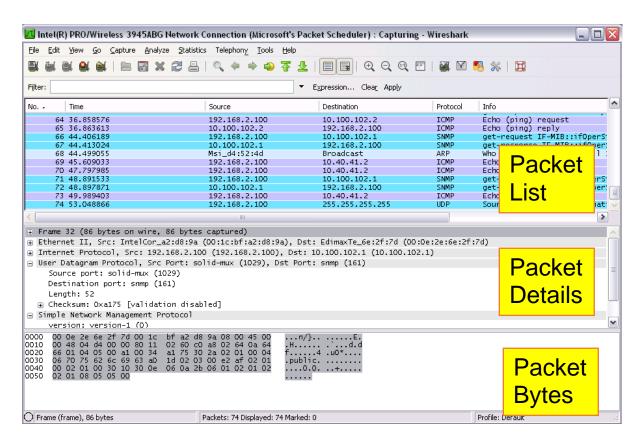
Capturing Packets

After downloading and installing Wireshark, launch it and double-click the name of a network interface under Capture to start capturing packets on that interface



As soon as you click the interface's name, you'll see the packets start to appear in real time. Wireshark captures each packet sent to or from your system.

If you have promiscuous mode enabled—it's enabled by default—you'll also see all the other packets on the network instead of only packets addressed to your network adapter. To check if promiscuous mode is enabled, click Capture > Options and verify the "Enable promiscuous mode on all interfaces" checkbox is activated at the bottom of this window.



Click the red "Stop" button near the top left corner of the window when you want to stop capturing traffic.

The "Packet List" Pane

The packet list pane displays all the packets in the current capture file. The "Packet List" pane Each line in the packet list corresponds to one packet in the capture file. If you select a line in this pane, more details will be displayed in the "Packet Details" and "Packet Bytes" panes.

The "Packet Details" Pane

The packet details pane shows the current packet (selected in the "Packet List" pane) in a more detailed form. This pane shows the protocols and protocol fields of the packet selected in the "Packet List" pane. The protocols and fields of the packet shown in a tree which can be expanded and collapsed.

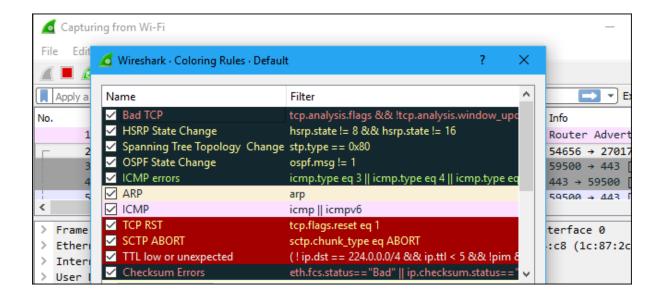
The "Packet Bytes" Pane

The packet bytes pane shows the data of the current packet (selected in the "Packet List" pane) in a hexdump style.

Color Coding

You'll probably see packets highlighted in a variety of different colors. Wireshark uses colors to help you identify the types of traffic at a glance. By default, light purple is TCP traffic, light blue is UDP traffic, and black identifies packets with errors—for example, they could have been delivered out of order.

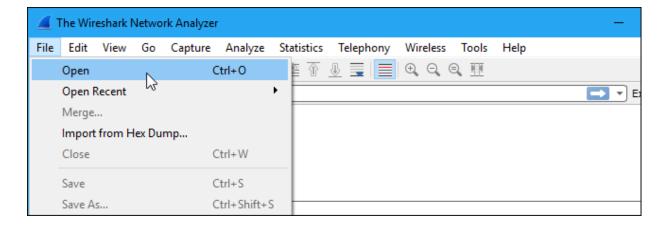
To view exactly what the color codes mean, click View > Coloring Rules. You can also customize and modify the coloring rules from here, if you like.



Sample Captures

If there's nothing interesting on your own network to inspect, Wireshark's wiki has you covered. The wiki contains a <u>page of sample capture files</u> that you can load and inspect. Click File > Open in Wireshark and browse for your downloaded file to open one.

You can also save your own captures in Wireshark and open them later. Click File > Save to save your captured packets.

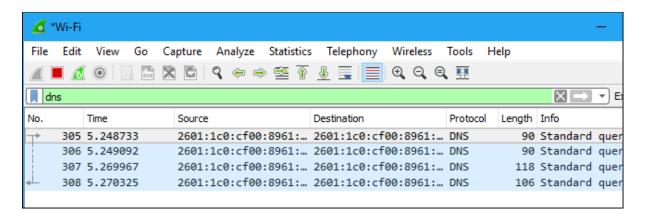


Filtering Packets

If you're trying to inspect something specific, such as the traffic a program sends when phoning home, it helps to close down all other applications using the network so you can narrow down the

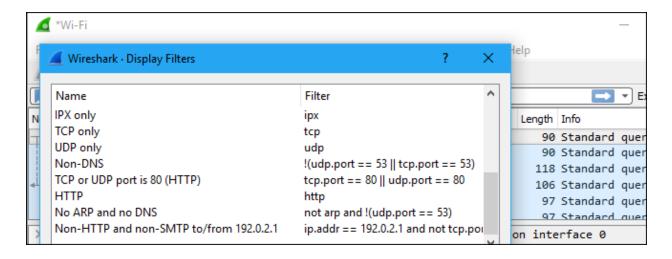
traffic. Still, you'll likely have a large amount of packets to sift through. That's where Wireshark's filters come in.

The most basic way to apply a filter is by typing it into the filter box at the top of the window and clicking Apply (or pressing Enter). For example, type "dns" and you'll see only DNS packets. When you start typing, Wireshark will help you autocomplete your filter.



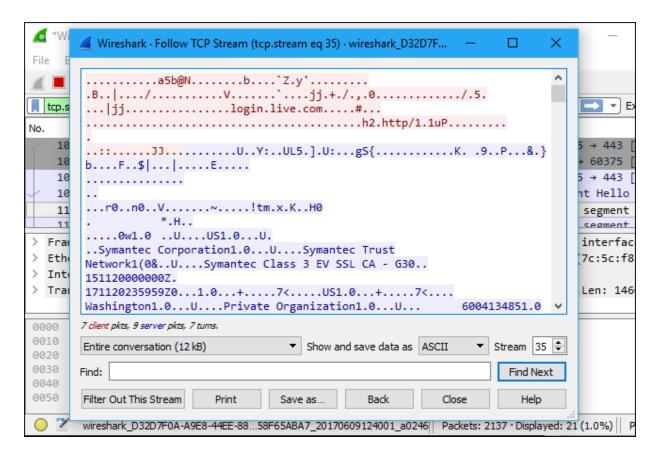
You can also click Analyze > Display Filters to choose a filter from among the default filters included in Wireshark. From here, you can add your own custom filters and save them to easily access them in the future.

For more information on Wireshark's display filtering language, read the <u>Building display filter</u> <u>expressions</u> page in the official Wireshark documentation.

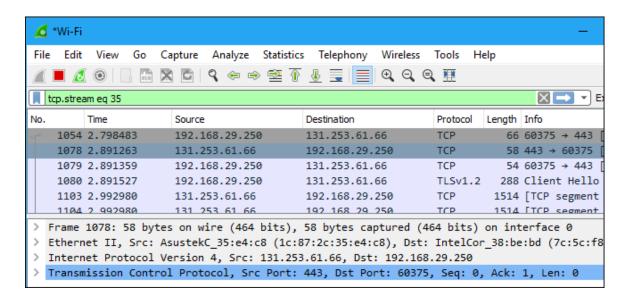


Another interesting thing you can do is right-click a packet and select Follow > TCP Stream.

You'll see the full TCP conversation between the client and the server. You can also click other protocols in the Follow menu to see the full conversations for other protocols, if applicable.

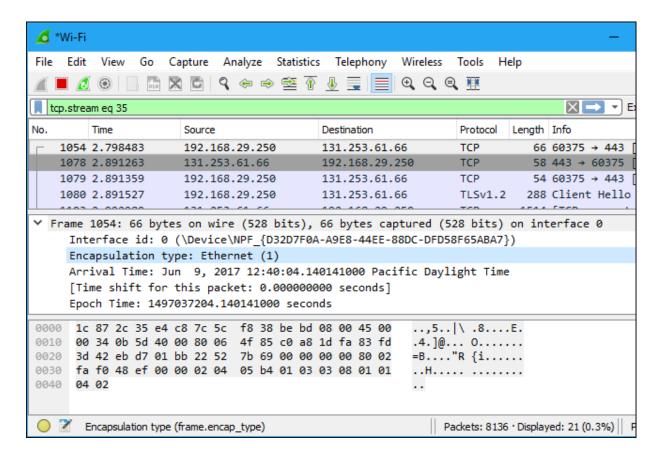


Close the window and you'll find a filter has been applied automatically. Wireshark is showing you the packets that make up the conversation.

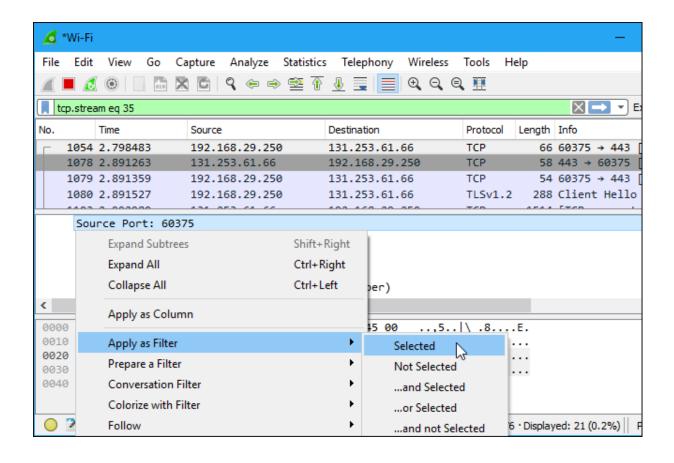


Inspecting Packets

Click a packet to select it and you can dig down to view its details.

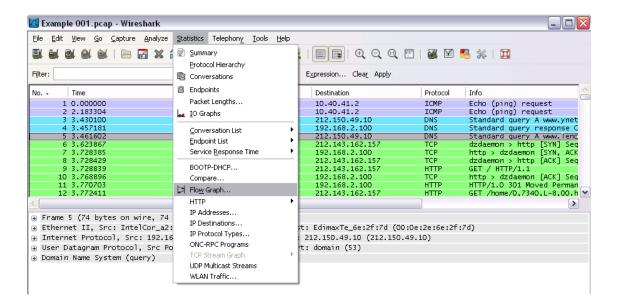


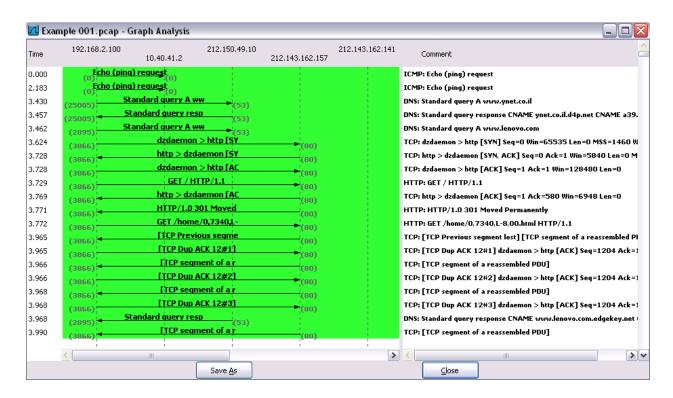
You can also create filters from here — just right-click one of the details and use the Apply as Filter submenu to create a filter based on it.



Wireshark is an extremely powerful tool, and this tutorial is just scratching the surface of what you can do with it. Professionals use it to debug network protocol implementations, examine security problems and inspect network protocol internals.

Flow Graph: Gives a better understanding of what we see.





Ex No: 14B Date:13.08.2024 PACKET SNIFFING USING WIRESHARK

AIM:

To capture, save, filter and analyze network traffic on TCP / UDP / IP / HTTP / ARP /DHCP /ICMP /DNS using Wireshark Tool

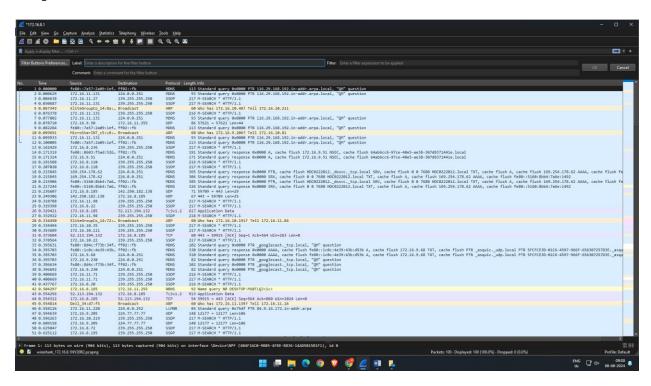
Exercises

1. Capture 100 packets from the Ethernet: IEEE 802.3 LAN Interface and save it.

Procedure

- > Select Local Area Connection in Wireshark.
- ➤ Go to capture □ option
- > Select stop capture automatically after 100 packets.
- > Then click Start capture.
- > Save the packets.

Output

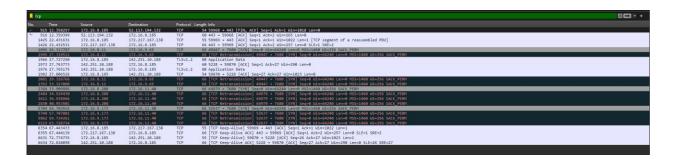


2.Create a Filter to display only TCP/UDP packets, inspect the packets and provide the flow graph.

Procedure

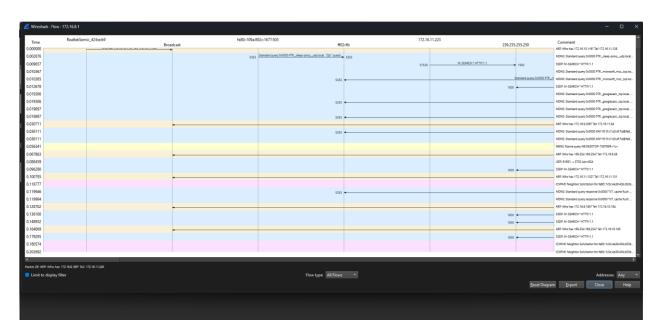
- > Select Local Area Connection in Wireshark.
- ➤ Go to capture □ option
- > Select stop capture automatically after 100 packets.
- > Then click Start capture.
- > Search TCP packets in search bar.
- ➤ To see flow graph click Statistics ☐Flow graph.
- > Save the packets.

Output:udp



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### Prince 2332-170 Spec on the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept on the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 1685 Prince 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Characters 170 Sept of the 2321700 Source 170 1681 Character
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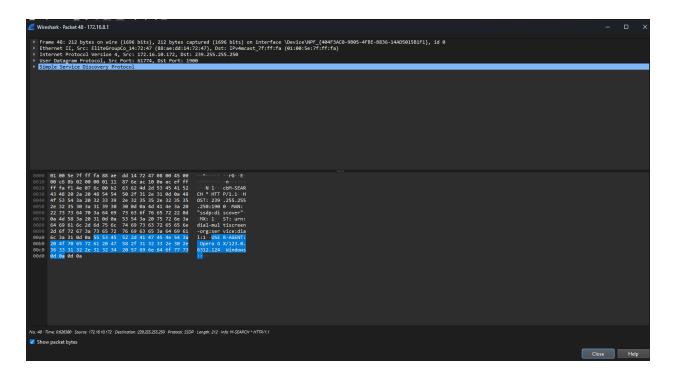
Flow Graph output



Output:tcp

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| To compare | Decision | Part | Decision | Par
```

Inspecting the packets



Flow chart output

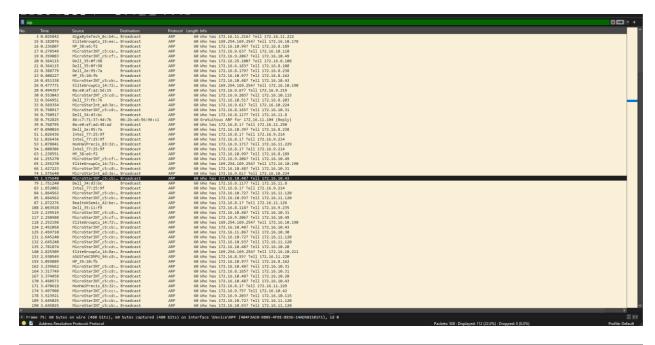


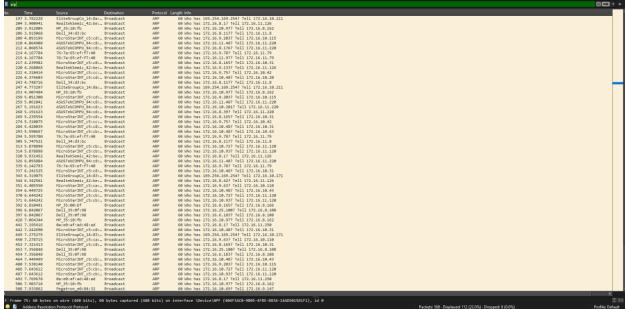
3. Create a Filter to display only ARP packets and inspect the packets.

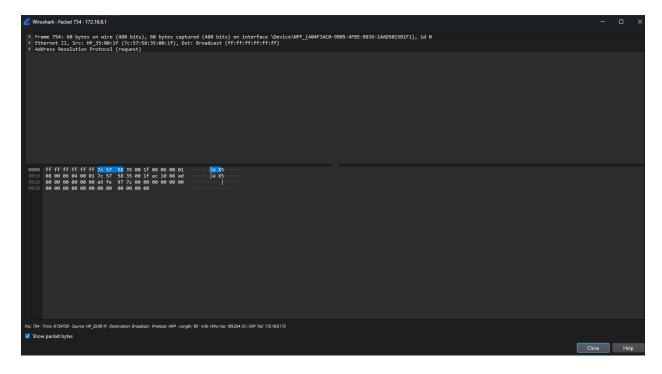
Procedure

- > Select Local Area Connection in Wireshark.
- ➤ Go to capture □ option
- > Select stop capture automatically after 100 packets.
- > Then click Start capture.
- > Search ARP packets in search bar.
- > Save the packets.

Output





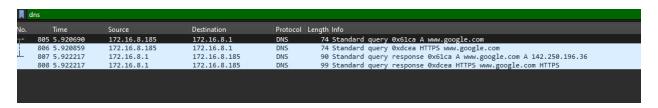


4. Create a Filter to display only DNS packets and provide the flow graph.

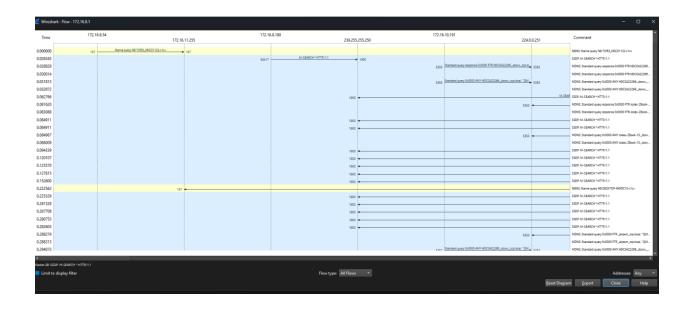
Procedure

- > Select Local Area Connection in Wireshark.
- ➤ Go to capture □ option
- > Select stop capture automatically after 100 packets.
- > Then click Start capture.
- > Search DNS packets in search bar.
- ➤ To see flow graph click Statistics IFlow graph.
- > Save the packets.

Output



Flow Graph output



5. Create a Filter to display only HTTP packets and inspect the packets

Procedure

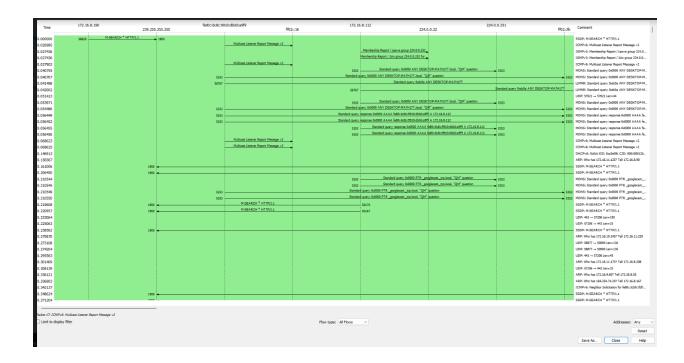
- > Select Local Area Connection in Wireshark.
- ➤ Go to capture □ option
- > Select stop capture automatically after 100 packets.
- > Then click Start capture.
- > Search HTTP packets in the search bar.
- > Save the packets.

Output

- M				
http				
No. Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info
614 7.685024	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
617 7.698858	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	731 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
618 7.700353	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612.
619 7.709986	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	667 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
624 7.742844	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
626 7.752652	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	731 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
627 7.754181	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612.
630 7.764711	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	706 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
634 7.790436	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
635 7.799887	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	731 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
636 7.801361	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612.
637 7.809151	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	667 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
639 7.838248	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
642 7.852555	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	692 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
643 7.854134	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612.
645 7.871249	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	706 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
648 7.901837	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
649 7.912361	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	731 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
650 7.914442	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612
651 7.922388	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	667 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
652 7.949279	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
654 7.961780	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	731 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
655 7.963277	172,16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612.
658 7.973876	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	706 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
5969 68.003432	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
5975 68.021813	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	692 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
5977 68.022279	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612.
5982 68.037182	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	706 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
6000 68.060979	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
6009 68.075015	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	731 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
6010 68.075735	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612.
6012 68.095897	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	706 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
			HTTP	
6016 68.113543	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e
6020 68.127351	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184		692 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
6022 68.128754	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612
6026 68.147978	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	706 HTTP/1.1 200 0K
6027 68.165225	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
6031 68.178231	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	692 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
6032 68.179227	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612
6033 68.191504	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	667 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
6036 68.212702	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
6037 68.221863	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	731 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
6038 68.222707	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612
6040 68.232365	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	667 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
6047 68.260625	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
6048 68.269573	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	692 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
6049 68.270838	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	500 HEAD /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612
6050 68.282851	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	706 HTTP/1.1 200 OK
13471 128.310870	172.16.8.184	34.104.35.123	HTTP	520 GET /edgedl/diffgen-puffin/lmelglejhemejginpboagddgdfbepgmp/1.54491a53303afa6612e.
13475 128.326936	34.104.35.123	172.16.8.184	HTTP	731 HTTP/1.1 416 Requested range not satisfiable
Farms (FR. 200 had	(FC40 b	(A-1) 700 hubbs continue	4 /5C40 hi	A-A

```
Wireshark · Packet 78794 · Ethernet
                                                                                             X
> Frame 78794: 692 bytes on wire (5536 bits), 692 bytes captured (5536 bits) on interface 0
> Ethernet II, Src: Sophos_cf:be:45 (7c:5a:1c:cf:be:45), Dst: 7c:57:58:34:fd:06 (7c:57:58:34:fd:06)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 34.104.35.123, Dst: 172.16.8.184
> Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 80, Dst Port: 50274, Seq: 1, Ack: 467, Len: 638
> Hypertext Transfer Protocol
0000 7c 57 58 34 fd 06 7c 5a 1c cf be 45 08 00 45 00 | WX4. | Z ...E.E.
0010 02 a6 c0 46 40 00 40 06 7d 60 22 68 23 7b ac 10
                                                       · · · F@ · @ · } ` "h#{ · ·
0020 08 b8 00 50 c4 62 52 16 61 0f aa 0c 2a af 50 18 ···P·bR· a···*·P·
0030 00 ed cb 95 00 00 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 20 34
                                                        ·····HT TP/1.1 4
0040 31 36 20 52 65 71 75 65 73 74 65 64 20 72 61 6e 16 Reque sted ran
0050 67 65 20 6e 6f 74 20 73 61 74 69 73 66 69 61 62 ge not s atisfiab
0060 6c 65 0d 0a 61 63 63 65 70 74 2d 72 61 6e 67 65
                                                      le∵acce pt-range
0070 73 3a 20 6e 6f 6e 65 0d 0a 63 6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 s: none · content 0080 2d 64 69 73 70 6f 73 69 74 69 6f 6e 3a 20 61 74 -disposition: at
0090 74 61 63 68 6d 65 6e 74 0d 0a 63 6f 6e 74 65 6e tachment · conten
00a0 74 2d 73 65 63 75 72 69 74 79 2d 70 6f 6c 69 63 t-securi ty-polic
      79 3a 20 64 65 66 61 75 6c 74 2d 73 72 63 20 27
                                                       y: defau lt-src
00b0
00c0 6e 6f 6e 65 27 0d 0a 73 65 72 76 65 72 3a 20 47 none' · · s erver: G
00d0 6f 6f 67 6c 65 2d 45 64 67 65 2d 43 61 63 68 65 oogle-Ed ge-Cache
00e0 0d 0a 78 2d 63 6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d 74 79 70 65
                                                       ··x-cont ent-type
00f0 2d 6f 70 74 69 6f 6e 73 3a 20 6e 6f 73 6e 69 66
                                                       -options : nosnif
0100 66 0d 0a 78 2d 66 72 61 6d 65 2d 6f 70 74 69 6f f x-fra me-optio
0110 6e 73 3a 20 53 41 4d 45 4f 52 49 47 49 4e 0d 0a ns: SAME ORIGIN..
     78 2d 78 73 73 2d 70 72 6f 74 65 63 74 69 6f 6e
                                                      x-xss-pr otection
0130 3a 20 30 0d 0a 63 6f 6e 74 65 6e 74 2d 6c 65 6e
                                                       : 0··con tent-len
0140 67 74 68 3a 20 30 0d 0a 78 2d 72 65 71 75 65 73 gth: 0 · · x-reques
0150 74 2d 69 64 3a 20 35 32 64 62 32 34 31 33 2d 61 t-id: 52 db2413-a
0160 65 34 35 2d 34 30 63 66 2d 38 37 30 65 2d 39 61
                                                       e45-40cf -870e-9a
0170 30 37 61 32 61 33 38 65 64 39 0d 0a 64 61 74 65 07a2a38e d9 date
0180 3a 20 57 65 64 2c 20 30 37 20 41 75 67 20 32 30 : Wed, 0 7 Aug 20
0190 32 34 20 31 38 3a 30 38 3a 31 36 20 47 4d 54 0d 24 18:08 :16 GMT
                                                        ∙age: 35 511··las
01b0 74 2d 6d 6f 64 69 66 69 65 64 3a 20 4d 6f 6e 2c t-modifi ed: Mon.
01c0 20 30 35 20 41 75 67 20 32 30 32 34 20 31 38 3a
                                                       05 Aug 2024 18:
01d0 30 32 3a 31 35 20 47 4d 54 0d 0a 65 74 61 67 3a
                                                      02:15 GM T · · etag:
01e0 20 22 32 65 65 34 36 31 38 22 0d 0a 63 6f 6e 74
                                                       "2ee461 8"··cont
01f0 65 6e 74 2d 74 79 70 65 3a 20 61 70 70 6c 69 63 ent-type : applic
0200 61 74 69 6f 6e 2f 6f 63 74 65 74 2d 73 74 72 65 ation/oc tet-stre
0210 61 6d 0d 0a 61 6c 74 2d 73 76 63 3a 20 68 33 3d
                                                       am··alt- svc: h3=
                                                       ":443"; ma=25920
0220 22 3a 34 34 33 22 3b 20 6d 61 3d 32 35 39 32 30
                                                       00, h3-2 9=":443"
0230 30 30 2c 20 68 33 2d 32 39 3d 22 3a 34 34 33 22
0240 3b 20 6d 61 3d 32 35 39 32 30 30 0d 0a 63 61 ; ma=259 2000·ca
0250 63 68 65 2d 63 6f 6e 74 72 6f 6c 3a 20 70 75 62
                                                       che-cont rol: pub
0260 6c 69 63 2c 6d 61 78 2d 61 67 65 3d 38 36 34 30 lic,max- age=8640
0270 30 0d 0a 56 69 61 3a 20 48 54 54 50 2f 31 2e 31 0 ·· Via: HTTP/1.1
0280 20 66 6f 72 77 61 72 64 2e 68 74 74 70 2e 70 72
                                                       forward .http.pr
0290 6f 78 79 3a 33 31 32 38 0d 0a 43 6f 6e 6e 65 63 oxy:3128 ··Connec
                                                                                    Close
                                                                                               Help
```

Flow Graph output

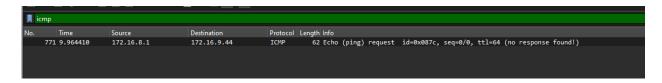


6.Create a Filter to display only IP/ICMP packets and inspect the packets.

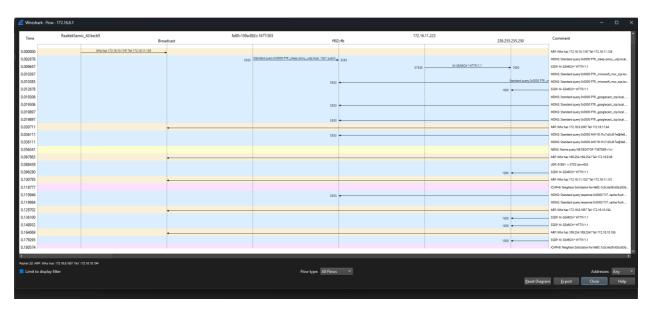
Procedure

- > Select Local Area Connection in Wireshark.
- ➤ Go to capture □ option
- > Select stop capture automatically after 100 packets.
- > Then click Start capture.
- > Search ICMP/IP packets in search bar.
- > Save the packets

Output:icmp

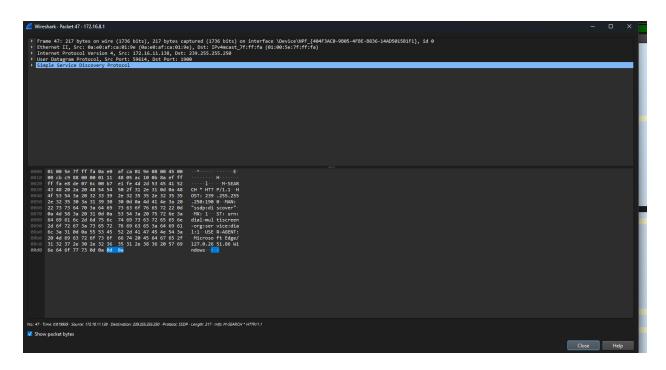


Flow Graph output



Output:ip

Inspecting the packets



Flow chart output



7. Create a Filter to display only DHCP packets and inspect the packets.

Procedure

- > Select Local Area Connection in Wireshark.
- ➤ Go to capture □ option
- > Select stop capture automatically after 100 packets.
- > Then click Start capture.
- > Search DHCP packets in search bar.
- > Save the packets

Output

