Question **1**Correct
Marked out of

5.00

1. Final Variable:

- Once a variable is declared final, its value cannot be changed after it is initialized.
- It must be initialized when it is declared or in the constructor if it's not initialized at declaration.
- It can be used to define constants

final int MAX_SPEED = 120; // Constant value, cannot be changed

2. Final Method:

- A method declared final cannot be overridden by subclasses.
- It is used to prevent modification of the method's behavior in derived classes.

```
public final void display() {
   System.out.println("This is a final method.");
}
```

3. Final Class:

- A class declared as final cannot be subclassed (i.e., no other class can inherit from it).
- It is used to prevent a class from being extended and modified.
- public final class Vehicle {
 // class code

Given a Java Program that contains the bug in it, your task is to clear the bug to the output. you should delete any piece of code.

For example:

```
Test Result

1 The maximum speed is: 120 km/h
This is a subclass of FinalExample.
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
```

```
// Final class definition
        2
                                 final class FinalExample {
        3
                                                             // Final variable
                                                             final int MAX_SPEED = 120; // Constant value
      4
        5
                                                             // Final method
        7
                                                           public final void display() {
                                                                                       System.out.println("The maximum speed is: " + MAX_SPEED + " km/h");
        8
      9
                                                             }
  10
 11
                                 // Main class to test the final class
 12
13
                                public class Test {
 14
                                                             public static void main(String[] args) {
 15
                                                                                          // Create an instance of FinalExample
                                                                                       FinalExample example = new FinalExample();
16
17
                                                                                       example.display();
18
 19
                                                                                          // Uncommenting the following line will result in a compile-time error % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 
  20
                                                                                          // because FinalExample is a final class and cannot be subclassed.
 21
                                                                                       // class SubclassExample extends FinalExample { }
 22
                                                                                         System.out.println("This is a subclass of FinalExample.");
 23
 24
  25
 26
  27
 28
  29
```

```
Test Expected Got

✓ 1 The maximum speed is: 120 km/h
This is a subclass of FinalExample. This is a subclass of FinalExample.

Passed all tests! ✓
```

Question **2**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

As a logic building learner you are given the task to extract the string which has vowel as the first and last characters from the given array of Strings.

Step1: Scan through the array of Strings, extract the Strings with first and last characters as vowels; these strings should be concatenated.

Step2: Convert the concatenated string to lowercase and return it.

If none of the strings in the array has first and last character as vowel, then return no matches found

input1: an integer representing the number of elements in the array.

input2: String array.

Example 1:

input1: 3

input2: {"oreo", "sirish", "apple"}

output: oreoapple

Example 2:

input1: 2

input2: {"Mango", "banana"}

output: no matches found

Explanation:

None of the strings has first and last character as vowel.

Hence the output is no matches found.

Example 3:

input1: 3

input2: {"Ate", "Ace", "Girl"}

output: ateace

For example:

Input	Result
3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple
2 Mango banana	no matches found
3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 - import java.util.Scanner;
 3
    public class VowelStringExtractor {
 5
        // Method to extract strings with vowels as first and last characters
        public static String extractVowelStrings(String[] stringArray) {
 6
 7
            StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
 8
            String vowels = "aeiouAEIOU"; // String containing all vowels
10
            // Iterate through the array of strings
11
            for (String s : stringArray) {
12
                // Check if the string is not empty and if both the first and last characters are vowels
13
                if (s.length() > 0 && vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(0)) != -1 && vowels.indexOf(s.charAt(s.length() - 1)) != -
14
                    result.append(s); // Append matching string to the result
15
            }
16
17
18
             // Return the concatenated string in lowercase or "no matches found"
19
            return result.length() > 0 ? result.toString().toLowerCase() : "no matches found";
        }
20
21
22
        public static void main(String[] args) {
23
            Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
24
25
            // Input for the number of strings
26
27
            int n = scanner.nextInt();
28
            scanner.nextLine(); // Consume the newline character
29
30
            // Input for the strings in one line
31
32
            String input = scanner.nextLine();
            String[] strings = input.split(" "); // Split input into an array
33
34
             // Process and output the result
35
36
            String result = extractVowelStrings(strings);
             System.out.println(result):
```

```
38
39
40
41
42

| scanner.close(); // Close the scanner
| scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner | scanner
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple	oreoapple	~
~	2 Mango banana	no matches found	no matches found	~
~	3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace	ateace	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

Create a base class Shape with a method called calculateArea(). Create three subclasses: Circle, Rectangle, and Triangle. Override the calculateArea() method in each subclass to calculate and return the shape's area.

In the given exercise, here is a simple diagram illustrating polymorphism implementation:

```
Circle Rectangle Triangle

calculateArea()

calculateArea()

calculateArea()

calculateArea()

calculateArea()
```

```
abstract class Shape {
  public abstract double calculateArea();
  }
}
```

 $System.out.printf("Area of a Triangle: \%.2f\%n", ((0.5)*base*height)); \ // \ use this statement sample Input:$

- 4 // radius of the circle to calculate area PI*r*r
- 5 // length of the rectangle
- 6 // breadth of the rectangle to calculate the area of a rectangle
- 4 // base of the triangle
- 3 // height of the triangle

OUTPUT:

Area of a circle :50.27 Area of a Rectangle :30.00 Area of a Triangle :6.00

For example:

Test	Input	Result
1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00
2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | import java.util.Scanner;
 2
 3
     // Abstract class Shape
    abstract class Shape {
        public abstract double calculateArea();
5
 6
 8
    // Circle class
    class Circle extends Shape {
 9
10
        private double radius;
11
12
        public Circle(double radius) {
13
            this.radius = radius;
14
15
        @Override
16
17
        public double calculateArea() {
18
            return Math.PI * radius * radius; // Area of circle: \pi r^2
19
20
21
22
    // Rectangle class
23
    class Rectangle extends Shape {
        private double length;
24
25
        private double breadth;
26
27
        public Rectangle(double length, double breadth) {
28
            this.length = length;
            this.breadth = breadth;
29
30
        }
```

```
32
           @Override
          public double calculateArea() {
    return length * breadth; // Area of rectangle: length * breadth
33 🔻
34
35
36
37
38
      // Triangle class
     class Triangle extends Shape {
    private double base;
    private double height;
39 ,
40
41
42
43
          public Triangle(double base, double height) {
             this.base = base;
44
               this.height = height;
45
46
47
48
           @Override
          public double calculateArea() {
    return 0.5 * base * height; // Area of triangle: 0.5 * base * height
49
50
51
52 }
```

	Test	Input	Expected	Got	
~	1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	>
~	2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	~

Passed all tests! ✓

◄ Lab-08-MCQ

Jump to...

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FindStringCode ►

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