

Assign 4 Chap. 4 Solutions 6, 11, 13, 17, 18, 52

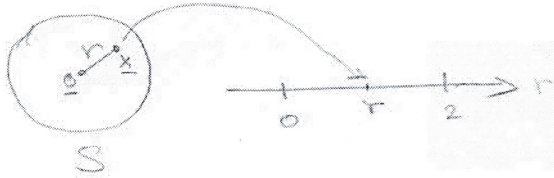
4.6

Assign. #4

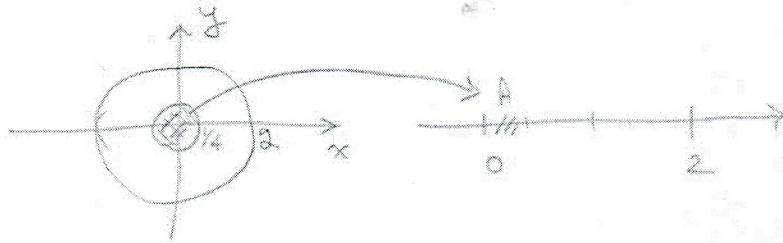
$$S = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 4\}$$

$$S_R = \{r : 0 \leq r \leq 2\}$$

$$R = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

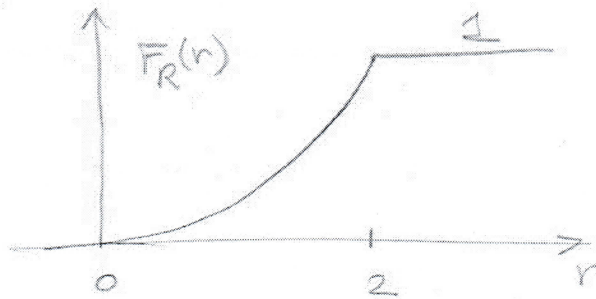


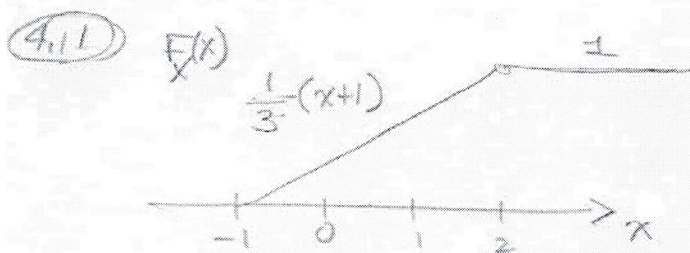
$$P[A] = P[R \leq \frac{1}{4}] = \frac{\pi(\frac{1}{4})^2}{\pi(2)^2} = \frac{1}{64}$$



for $0 \leq r \leq 2$

$$F_R(r) = P[R \leq r] = \frac{\pi r^2}{\pi 2^2} = \left(\frac{r}{2}\right)^2$$





$$P[X < 0] = F_X(0) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P\left[\left|X - \frac{1}{2}\right| < 1\right] = P\left[-1 < X - \frac{1}{2} < 1\right] = P\left[-\frac{1}{2} < X < \frac{3}{2}\right]$$

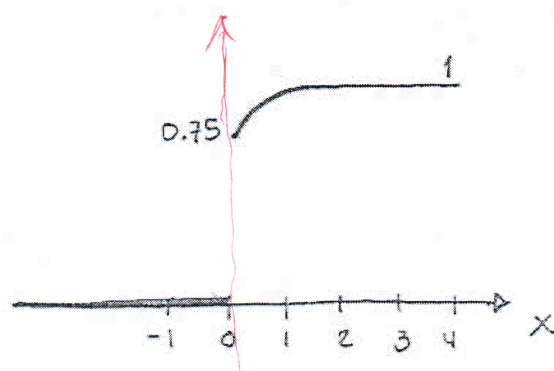
$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{3}{2} + 1\right) - \frac{1}{3}\left(-\frac{1}{2} + 1\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}\left(\frac{3}{2} + 1 + \frac{1}{2} - 1\right) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P\left[X > -\frac{1}{2}\right] = 1 - P\left[X \leq -\frac{1}{2}\right] = 1 - \frac{1}{3}\left(-\frac{1}{2} + 1\right) = \frac{5}{6}$$

4.13

a)



Mixed type random variable

$$b) P[X \leq 2] = 1 - \frac{1}{4} e^{-2(2)}$$

$$= 0.9954$$

$$P[X=0] = 1 - \frac{1}{4} e^{-2(0)}$$

$$= 0.75$$

$$P[X < 0] = 0$$

$$P[2 < X < 6] = P[X \leq 6] - P[X \leq 2]$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{4} e^{-2(6)} - 1 + \frac{1}{4} e^{-2(2)}$$

$$= 0.0046$$

$$P[X > 10] = 1 - P[X \leq 10]$$

$$= 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{4} e^{-2(10)} \right)$$

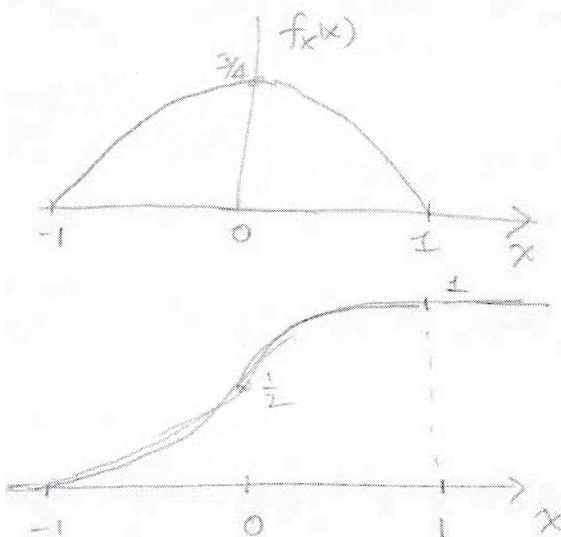
$$= 5.15 \times 10^{-10}$$

(4.17)

$$1 = c \int_{-1}^1 (1-x^2) dx = c \left[x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-1}^1 = c \left[2 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 2 \right] = \frac{4}{3} c$$

$$\Rightarrow c = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$f_X(x) = \frac{3}{4} (1-x^2) \quad -1 \leq x \leq 1$$



$$F_X(x) = \frac{3}{4} \int_{-1}^x (1-y^2) dy = \frac{3}{4} \left[y - \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_{-1}^x$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \left[(x+1) - \frac{1}{3} (x^3+1) \right]$$

$$P[X=0] = F_X(0) = \text{red } 0$$

$$P[0 < X < 0.5] =$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \left[\left(\frac{1}{2} + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{1}{8} + 1 \right) \right]$$

$$- \frac{3}{4} \left[1 - \frac{1}{3} \right]$$

$$= \frac{11}{32} \quad \checkmark$$

$$P\left[\left| X - \frac{1}{2} \right| < \frac{1}{4} \right] = P\left[\frac{1}{4} < X < \frac{3}{4} \right]$$

$$= \frac{3}{4} \left[\left(\frac{3}{4} + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{3} \left(\left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^3 + 1 \right) \right] - \frac{3}{4} \left[\left(\frac{1}{4} + 1 \right) - \frac{1}{3} \left(\left(\frac{1}{4} \right)^3 + 1 \right) \right]$$

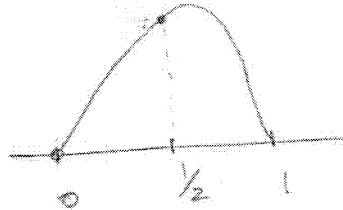
$$= 0.2734 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{cases} x - \frac{1}{2} < \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow x < \frac{3}{4} \\ x - \frac{1}{2} > -\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow x > \frac{1}{4} \end{cases}$$

4.18
$$1 = c \int_0^1 x(1-x^2) dx = c \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \Big|_0^1 - \frac{x^4}{4} \Big|_0^1 \right] = c \left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \right] = \frac{c}{4}$$

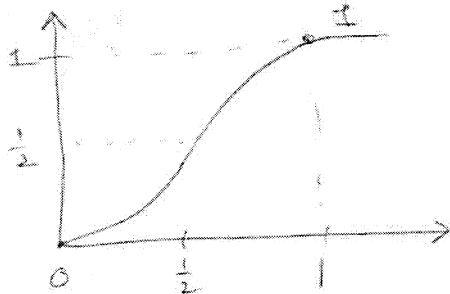
 $\Rightarrow c = 4$

$f_X(x) = 4x(1-x^2) \quad 0 \leq x \leq 1$



$$F_X(x) = 4 \int_0^x (y - y^3) dy$$

$$= 4 \left[\frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{y^4}{4} \right]$$



$$P[0 < X < \frac{1}{2}] = F_X(\frac{1}{2})$$

$$= \frac{7}{16} = .4375$$

$$P[X=1] = 0$$

$$P[\frac{1}{4} < X < \frac{1}{2}] = F_X(\frac{1}{2}) - F_X(\frac{1}{4})$$

$$= \frac{7}{16} - 4 \left[\frac{1}{32} - \frac{1}{1024} \right] = .3164$$

4.52
3.73

$$E[c] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} c f_X(x) dx = c \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_X(x) dx = c$$

$$E[c^2] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} c^2 f_X(x) dx = c^2$$

$$VAR[c] = E[c^2] - E[c]^2 = c^2 - c^2 = 0$$

4.36
(3.68)

$$VAR[X+c] = E[((X+c) - E[X+c])^2]$$

$$= E[(X+C - E(X) - C)^2]$$

$$= E[(X - E(X))^2] = VAR[X]$$

4.37
(3.69)

$$VAR[cX] = E[(cX - E[cX])^2]$$

$$= E[c^2(X - E[X])^2]$$

$$= c^2 VAR[X]$$

4.38
(3.70)