

北京化工大学 2013——2014 学年第一学期

2013 级《硕士英语一外》考试试卷

I. Choose the best item to complete the sentence (10 minutes, 20 points):

1. The beauty of Chinese painting consists primarily _____ its simplicity.
A. on B. in C. with D. of
2. Graduates who have registered unemployment for more than 6 months will continue to enjoy many _____ policies, including the reduction of taxes, free training and so on.
A. influential B. preferential C. referential D. inferential
3. Chinese nation is a brave and _____ people.
A. harmony B. industrious C. dignity D. discipline
4. To be successful in passing the entrance exam, youngsters have to bury themselves in book stacks, completely _____ from social reality.
A. isolating B. departed C. displaced D. divorced
5. _____, he has visited many countries and speaks several languages.
A. Child as he is B. As he is a child C. A child as he is D. He is as a child
6. The wasteful lifestyle of the rich _____ the hatred of the poor.
A. rages B. furnishes C. ignites D. punches
7. I'm not very keen on opera. It simply isn't my cup of _____.
A. tea B. coffee C. coke D. milk
8. It is encouraging to see our training programs are beginning to _____.
A. pay on B. pay back C. pay off D. pay for
9. Chinese, like people all over the world, _____ over Michael Jackson.
A. obsess B. fascinate C. appeal D. preoccupy
10. In _____, four years of college was the happiest days in my life.
A. retrospect B. memory C. impression D. remembrance
11. Different as they are, the three brothers are successful in their _____ field.
A. respectful B. respect C. respective D. respectable
12. As the Net pushes the economy ahead rapidly, the Internet itself is becoming the world's largest _____ markets.
A. emergence B. emerge C. emerging D. emergency
13. The _____ of railway services into and out of the city is caused by an accident of the collision of a truck with a train.
A. disrupt B. disruptive C. disruption D. disrupter
14. It was the _____ of the sportswriters that the game should not have been played.
A. disparity B. concession C. consistence D. consensus
15. Higher education enrollment and the employment end are obviously _____.
A. irreversible B. incompatible C. incomplete D. improper
16. I saw him sneak out of bed at midnight, which _____ my suspicion.
A. rose B. arose C. awoke D. aroused
17. If you are simple in your lifestyle, you will be _____ at how happier your life will be.
A. sad B. amazed C. satisfied D. pleasant
18. It is discouraging to learn that _____ I thought was a mere accident has such a profound impact on my life.
A. what B. which C. / D. that
19. Instead of worrying about what people say of you, why not _____ time trying to accomplish something they

will admire.

A. cost

B. take

C. spend

D. use

20. Once _____ on the moon, he said the historic words, "That's one small step for a man, one giant leap for mankind."

A. jumping

B. moving

C. creeping

D. landing

II Reading Comprehension (10 minutes, 10 points)

The United States must reduce its budget deficit and Asian nations must encourage more consumption in order to prevent a recurrence of the global imbalances that contributed to the financial crisis, Federal Reserve Chairman Ben Bernanke said Monday. Bernanke, speaking at a conference on Asia and the financial crisis, attributed the global crisis in part to a long-standing pattern in which Asians saved too much and spent too little, while Americans spent too much and saved too little. As the global economy starts to recover, the Fed chairman said that "global imbalances may reassert themselves."

To keep that from happening, the United States must "increase its national savings rate," Bernanke said at the conference, sponsored by the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco. The best way to do that, he added, is to reduce the federal budget deficit. While Americans individually started saving more during the recession, the government has boosted spending and increased borrowing dramatically. The national savings rate combines saving by individuals, businesses and the government. "Although we should deploy, as best we can, tools to increase private saving," Bernanke said, "the most effective way to accomplish this goal is by establishing a sustainable fiscal trajectory, anchored by a clear commitment to substantially reduce federal deficits over time."

When asked later what action the country might take to eliminate those imbalances, he stressed finding ways to wind down efforts to stimulate the economy. "We need to develop a fiscal exit strategy which will involve a trajectory towards sustainability," Bernanke said, which he added is "critically important to maintain confidence in our economy and confidence in our currency."

Bernanke has repeatedly urged Congress and the Obama administration to chart a course toward a lower long-term budget deficit, even as he endorsed the idea of a government stimulus program to try to prop up growth in the short-term. Bernanke usually declines to take a stand on specific tax or spending proposals, saying those matters are outside the bounds of his role as an unelected official. But he has argued openly for bringing taxes and spending into better alignment over time. In Monday's comments, he made that point more explicitly than before, calling the restoration of global fiscal balance as essential to avoiding a repeat of the current crisis.

Asian leaders also have to take action, Bernanke said, to encourage their citizens to spend more. Authorities in countries running trade surpluses, which includes most in Asia, "must act to narrow the gap between saving and investment and to raise domestic demand," he said. "In large part, such actions should focus on boosting consumption."

One step Asian nations could take, he said, would be to strengthen pension systems and government spending on health care and education. That in turn could make Asians feel less inclined to hoard money and more willing to make purchases. Bernanke noted that Asian policies to contain the crisis and global recession seem to be having their intended effect. In China, India and Indonesia, he noted, industrial output has already hit new peaks. "Generally speaking, the Asian response to the crisis appears thus far to have been effective," Bernanke said.

21. What does this passage mainly talk about?

A. Bernanke's view on global imbalances.

B. Asia nations and the financial crisis.

C. Pension systems and government spending.

D. Long-standing patterns in Asia and America.

22. How does Bernanke think about the global imbalances?

- A. They are caused by the financial crisis.
 - B. Both America and the Asia are responsible.
 - C. Asia should stick to its economy pattern.
 - D. America must stimulate more consumption.
23. What is the direct objective of the sustainable fiscal trajectory?
- A. To increase private saving.
 - B. To boost individual spending.
 - C. To expand business saving.
 - D. To promote national savings rate.
24. The phrase “that point” in Paragraph 4 probably refers to ____.
- A. a lower long-term budget deficit
 - B. the combination of taxes and spending
 - C. the rejection of a stand on specific tax
 - D. those matters outside the rights of his role
25. Which of the following is CORRECT according to the last two paragraphs?
- A. Asian leaders have to boost their saving and investment.
 - B. Asians should shift their focus from pension to purchasing.
 - C. Asia policies must focus on the rise of domestic demand.
 - D. Asia is less affected by the global recession than America.

III. Translate the following paragraph from English to Chinese (20 minutes, 20 points) :

Narrowing the huge income gap is still a hard nut to crack, as in recent years there has been no noticeable progress in reducing China's high Gini coefficient of 0.474, which indicates a high degree of inequality, even above that in many long-established capitalist economies. In the developed countries, the wealth of some highly successful, risk-taking entrepreneurs, such as Bill Gates, and Steve Jobs, has been acquired through their own efforts and these rich have not only made innovative contributions to people's lives, but also give back through charitable work. However, in China, whether justified or not, people's perceptions of rich Chinese is different. There is a suspicion that they have become wealthy through their connections and/or corruption, and that many of them squirrel funds abroad and then emigrate. China needs to enter a new period of reform in which the taxation and social welfare policies usually associated with a socialist society are implemented to counter the growth in inequality that the development of a capitalistic market inevitably produces.

IV. Translate the following paragraph from Chinese to English (20 minutes, 20 points) :

如今，很多一度被誉为“天之骄子”的大学生抱怨很难找到好工作。我们不难看到造成这一现象的原因有很多：首先大学生把在校的大多数时间都用在了基础学科和专业学科的学习上，只有当他们开始找工作的时候，才意识到自己缺乏必要的职业培训。其次，就业市场求大于供，使得求职者之间的竞争也越来越激烈，导致每个大学生找到工作的机会都变小。因此，强烈建议大学生在业余时间做一些兼职工作，以积累相关的社会和工作经验，提高竞争力。

V Composition (40 minutes, 30 points)

Writing a composition of no less than 250 words based on the following topic

Fighting for Better Air

1. Facts: there are a record number of hazy days in China this year.
2. Reasons for this ugly phenomenon;
3. How to keep the situation under control.

2013 级《硕士英语一外》考试答题纸

任课教师_____学号_____学生姓名_____

词汇 20 分	阅读 10 分	英译汉 20 分	汉译英 20 分	作文 30 分	总分

1. A B C D 2. A B C D 3. A B C D 4. A B C D
5. A B C D 6. A B C D 7. A B C D 8. A B C D
9. A B C D 10. A B C D 11. A B C D 12. A B C D
13. A B C D 14. A B C D 15. A B C D 16. A B C D
17. A B C D 18. A B C D 19. A B C D 20. A B C D

21. A B C D 22. A B C D 23. A B C D 24. A B C D 25. A B C D

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IV. 汉译英 (20 minutes, 20 points)

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V Composition (40 minutes, 30 points)

Fighting for Better Air

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