

```
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```

Day08. Java

1 final

- 三种用法
 - 常量
 - 方法
 - ■类

1.1 常量

■ 值不可变

```
final int a = 5;
a = 6;//错
final Dog d = new Dog("A", 50, 50);
d.name = "B";//对
d.full = 60;//对
d = new Dog(...);//错
d = null;//错
```

1.2 方法

方法不能被子类重写

1.3 类

```
不能被继承,没有子类
System
String
Integer
```

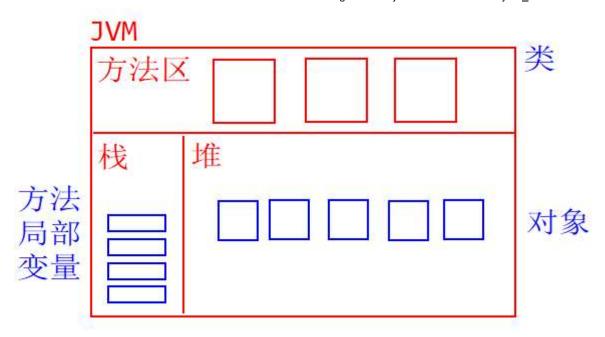
2 static

- 静态
- 静态属于类, 而不属于对象
- 静态变量,保存在方法区,在类的内存空间中保存

```
class Soldier {
   int id;
   static int count;//士兵数量
}
```

- 静态什么时候使用?
 - 使用原则: 能不用就不用 静态是"非面向对象"的语法
 - 使用场景:
 - ◆ 共享的数据
 - ◆ 工具方法 Math na

```
Math.random()
Math.sqrt()
Integer.parseInt()
String.valueOf()
```

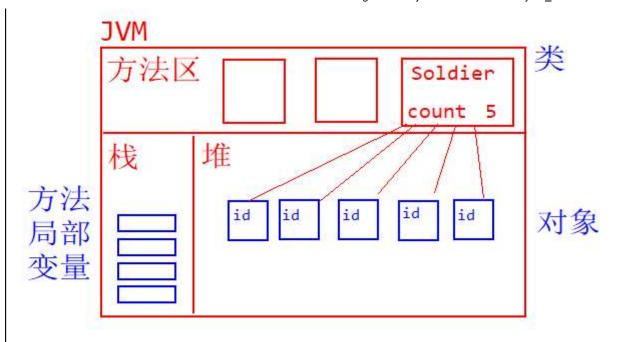


- 静态方法中,只能直接调用静态成员,而不能直接调用非静态成员
- 静态初始化块

```
class A {
    static {
    静态初始化块
    类被加载到"方法区"时,只执行一次
  }
}
```

```
静态
```

day0601_士兵 复制 day0801_士兵



Soldier

```
package day0801;
import java.util.Random;
/*
 * 封装
 * 把士兵相关的属性数据,和逻辑运算方法,
* 封装成一个"类"组件
 */
public class Soldier {
   * 属性变量
   * 成员变量
   */
  int id; //默认值0
  int blood = 100;
  //静态士兵计数变量
  static int count;
  //构造方法
  public Soldier() {
     System.out.println("Soldier构造器");
     Soldier.count++;
  }
   * 成员方法
  public void go() {
     System.out.println(id+"号士兵前进");
```

```
}
   public void attack() {
      if(blood == 0) {
        System.out.println("这是"+id+"号士兵的尸体");
        return;
      }
     System.out.println(id+"号士兵进攻");
     //随机的减血量
     int d = new Random().nextInt(10);
      //减血
     blood -= d;
     if(blood<0) {</pre>
        blood = 0;
     System.out.println("血量: "+blood);
     //血量是0, 阵亡
     if(blood == 0) {
        System.out.println(id+"号士兵阵亡");
         Soldier.count--;
     }
   }
}
```

Test2

```
package day0801;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Test2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
      * 创建一组士兵对象,
      * 循环一轮一轮的进攻,
      * 直到所有士兵阵亡
      */
     //新建 Soldier[] 数组
     Soldier[] a = new Soldier[5];
     //遍历数组,创建5个士兵对象,存入数组
     for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++) {</pre>
        a[i] = new Soldier();
        a[i].id = i+1;
     System.out.println(
      "已经创建"+Soldier.count+"个士兵");
     System.out.println("按回车进攻");
     //当还有存活的士兵
     while(Soldier.count != 0) {
        //遍历讲攻
        new Scanner(System.in).nextLine();
        for(int i=0;i<a.length;i++) {</pre>
           a[i].attack();
```

```
}
    System.out.println(
    "-----士兵数量: "+Soldier.count);
    }
}
```

3 常量

Integer.MAX_VALUE
public static final int MAX_VALUE=0x7fffffff;

- static final 两个关键字定义常量
 - final 不可变
 - static 节省内存,只存一份
- ◆ 命名习惯:全大写,单词之间用下划线连接

4 访问控制符

● 控制一个类, 或类中的成员的访问范围

	类	包	子类	任意
public				
protected				
[default]				
private				

- 选择的原则:
 - 尽量使用小范围
 - public 是与其他开发的一个契约,约定公开的东西,会尽量保持稳定不变

private

项目: day0802_学生 类: day0802.Test1

Student

Student

```
package day0802;
public class Student {
   //成员变量,一般都设置成私有
   private int id;
   private String name;
   private String gender;
   private int age;
   public Student() {
      super();
   public Student(int id, String name, String gender, int age) {
      super();
      this.id = id;
      this.name = name;
      this.gender = gender;
      this.age = age;
   public int getId() {
      return id;
   public void setId(int id) {
      this.id = id;
   public String getName() {
      return name;
   public void setName(String name) {
      this.name = name;
   public String getGender() {
      return gender;
   public void setGender(String gender) {
      this.gender = gender;
   public int getAge() {
      return age;
   public void setAge(int age) {
      this.age = age;
   }
}
```

Test

```
package day0802;
```

```
public class Test1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Student s = new Student();
        //s.id = 5;
        s.setId(5);
        s.setName("张三");
        s.setGender("男");
        s.setAge(23);

        //System.out.println(s.id);
        System.out.println(s.getId());
        System.out.println(s.getName());
        System.out.println(s.getGender());
        System.out.println(s.getAge());
    }
}
```

5 对象创建过程

```
class A {
    int v1 = 1;
    static int v2 = 2;
    static {}
    public A() {}
}

class B extends A {
    int v3 = 3;
    static int v4 = 4;
    static {}
    public B() {}
}
```

● 第一次用到A和B类

- 1 加载父类,为父类的静态变量分配内存
- 2 加载子类,为子类的静态变量分配内存
- 3 执行父类静态变量的赋值运算,和静态初始化块
- 4 执行子类静态变量的赋值运算,和静态初始化块

● 创建对象

- 5 创建父类对象,为父类的非静态变量分配内存
- 6 创建子类对象,为子类的非静态变量分配内存
- 7 父类的非静态变量赋值运算
- 8 执行父类构造方法
- 9 子类的非静态变量赋值运算

10 执行子类构造方法

对象创建过程

```
项目: day0803 对象创建过程
类: day0803.Test1
package day0803;
public class Test1 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     new B();
     System.out.println("----");
     new B();
   }
}
class A {
   int v1 = 1;
   static int v2 = 2;
   static {
     System.out.println("A静态块");
   }
   public A() {
     System.out.println("A构造方法");
}
class B extends A {
   int v3 = 3;
   static int v4 = 4;
   static {
     System.out.println("B静态块");
   public B() {
     System.out.println("B构造方法");
}
```

飞机大战

```
项目: day0804_飞机大战
类: day0804.GamePanel
Main
图片压缩包中的 imgs 文件夹
鼠标拖拽到 eclipse 项目的 src 文件夹
```

- *) BufferedImage 对象封装一张图片的数据
- *) 加载图片 ImageIO.read(文件路径)
- *) 文件路径使用一个工具,用图片的相对路径,来获取文件的绝对路径 "/"程序运行的目录,类和图片存放的目录 bin

"/imgs/hero0.png"

Main.class.getResource("/imgs/hero0.png")

```
Main
```

```
package day0804;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
public class Main {
   static BufferedImage bq;
   static BufferedImage bullet;
   static BufferedImage start;
   static BufferedImage over;
   static BufferedImage pause;
   static BufferedImage[] airplane;
   static BufferedImage[] biqPlane;
   static BufferedImage[] bee;
   static BufferedImage[] hero;
   static {
      try {
                                                                   bg
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/background.png"));
                                                                bullet
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/bullet.png"));
                                                                 start
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/start.png"));
                                                                 over
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/gameover.png"));
                                                                pause
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/pause.png"));
         airplane = new BufferedImage[5];
         for (int i = 0; i < airplane.length; i++) {</pre>
                                                            airplane[i]
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/airplane"+i+".png"));
         bigPlane = new BufferedImage[5];
         for (int i = 0; i < biqPlane.length; i++) {</pre>
                                                            bigPlane[i]
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/bigplane"+i+".png"));
         bee = new BufferedImage[5];
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < bee.length; i++) {</pre>
                                                                bee[i]
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/bee"+i+".png"));
         hero = new BufferedImage[6];
         for (int i = 0; i < hero.length; i++) {</pre>
                                                              hero[i]
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/hero"+i+".png"));
         }
      } catch (Exception e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
      JFrame f = new JFrame();
     f.setTitle("飞机大战");
     f.setDefaultCloseOperation(
        JFrame.EXIT ON CLOSE);
     f.setResizable(false);
      //新建 GamePanel 对象,添加到窗口中
     GamePanel game = new GamePanel();
     f.add(game);
      //让窗口,恰好包裹内部的面板
     f.pack();
     //显示
     f.setVisible(true);
  }
}
```

GamePanel

```
package day0804;

import java.awt.Dimension;
import java.awt.Graphics;

import javax.swing.JPanel;

public class <u>GamePanel</u> extends JPanel {

   public GamePanel() {

      //设置面板的期望大小
      setPreferredSize(new Dimension(400, 654));
   }

   /*

   * 固定的绘图方法
   * 由系统自动调用
```

```
*/
@Override
public void paint(Graphics g) {
    g.drawImage(Main.bg,0,0,null);
    g.drawImage(Main.hero[0],180,400,null);
    g.drawImage(Main.bee[0],100,150,null);
}
```

```
飞机大战
```

```
day0804_飞机大战
复制
day0805_飞机大战
背景 Background 类
属性:
    img = Main.bg
    x1
    y1
    x2
    y2
方法:
    paint(g) 用来再画布上, 绘制自身
    step() 移动一步
```

Background

```
package day0804;
import java.awt.Graphics;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
public class Background {
    BufferedImage img = Main.bg;
    int x1 =0;
    int y1 =0;
    int x2 =0;
    int y2 =-852;
    public void paint(Graphics g) {
        g.drawImage(img,x1,y1,null);
        g.drawImage(img,x2,y2,null);
```

```
public void step() {
    y1++;
    y2++;
    if(y1 == 852) {
        y1 = -852;
    }
    if(y2 == 852) {
        y2 = -852;
    }
}
```

GamePanel

```
package day0804;
import java.awt.Dimension;
import java.awt.Graphics;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
public class GamePanel extends JPanel {
  Background bg = new Background();
  public GamePanel() {
     //设置面板的期望大小
     setPreferredSize(new Dimension(400, 654));
  }
   * 固定的绘图方法
   * 由系统自动调用
   */
  @Override
  public void paint(Graphics g) {
     bg.paint(g);
  //动起来方法
  public void action() {
     //画面一帧一帧的循环播放
     while(true) {
        bg.step();//背景移动
        //通知底层系统, 重绘画面
        //系统受到通知后,会自动调用 paint()方法
        repaint();
        //暂停 1/60 秒 (60 fps)
        try {
           Thread.sleep(1000/60);
```

```
} catch (InterruptedException e) {
    }
}
}
```

Main

```
package day0804;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import javax.imageio.ImageIO;
import javax.swing.JFrame;
public class Main {
   static BufferedImage bq;
   static BufferedImage bullet;
   static BufferedImage start;
   static BufferedImage over;
   static BufferedImage pause;
   static BufferedImage[] airplane;
   static BufferedImage[] bigPlane;
   static BufferedImage[] bee;
   static BufferedImage[] hero;
   static {
      try {
                                                                   bq
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/background.png"));
                                                                bullet
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/bullet.png"));
                                                                 start
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/start.png"));
                                                                 over
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/gameover.png"));
                                                                 pause
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/pause.png"));
         airplane = new BufferedImage[5];
         for (int i = 0; i < airplane.length; i++) {</pre>
                                                             airplane[i]
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/airplane"+i+".png"));
         }
         bigPlane = new BufferedImage[5];
         for (int i = 0; i < bigPlane.length; i++) {</pre>
                                                            bigPlane[i]
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/bigplane"+i+".png"));
         bee = new BufferedImage[5];
         for (int i = 0; i < bee.length; i++) {
                                                                 bee[i]
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/bee"+i+".png"));
```

```
hero = new BufferedImage[6];
         for (int i = 0; i < hero.length; i++) {</pre>
                                                             hero[i]
ImageIO.read(Main.class.getResource("/imgs/hero"+i+".png"));
      } catch (Exception e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
      }
   }
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     JFrame f = new JFrame();
     f.setTitle("飞机大战");
     f.setDefaultCloseOperation(
       JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
     f.setResizable(false);
     //新建 GamePanel 对象,添加到窗口中
     GamePanel game = new GamePanel();
     f.add(game);
     //让窗口,恰好包裹内部的面板
     f.pack();
     //显示
     f.setVisible(true);
      //动起来
      game.action();
   }
}
```

飞机大战

```
day0805_飞机大战
复制
day0806_飞机大战
Enemy
|- Airplane
|- BigPlane
|- Bee
Enemy
属性:
imgs 一组图片
img 当前使用的图片
×
```

```
方法:
    paint(g)
    step() 抽象方法
    rndX() 随机定位水平的出现位置
```

Enemy

```
package day0804;
import java.awt.Graphics;
import java.awt.image.BufferedImage;
import java.util.Random;
public abstract class Enemy {
   //初始值,要在子类构造方法中赋值
   BufferedImage[] imgs;
   BufferedImage img;
   int x;
   int y;
   public void paint(Graphics g) {
     g.drawImage(img,x,y,null);
   }
   public abstract void step();
   public int rndX() {
     // [0, 400-图片宽度)
     return new Random().nextInt(400-img.getWidth());
   }
}
```

Airplane

```
package day0804;

public class Airplane extends Enemy {

   public Airplane() {
      imgs = Main.airplane;
      img = imgs[0];
      x = rndX();
      y = -img.getHeight();
   }

   @Override
   public void step() {
      y += 4;
   }
}
```

}

BigPlane

```
package day0804;

public class BigPlane extends Enemy {

   public BigPlane() {
      imgs = Main.bigPlane;
      img = imgs[0];
      x = rndX();
      y = -img.getHeight();
   }

   @Override
   public void step() {
      y += 2;
   }
}
```

Bee

```
package day0804;
public class Bee extends Enemy {
   int dx;
   public Bee() {
      imgs = Main.bee;
      img = imgs[0];
      x = rndX();
      y = -img.getHeight();
      dx = (Math.random()<0.5 ? -2 : 2);
   }
   @Override
   public void step() {
      y += 3;
      x += dx;
   }
}
```

GamePanel

```
package day0804;
import java.awt.Dimension;
```

```
import java.awt.Graphics;
import javax.swing.JPanel;
public class GamePanel extends JPanel {
  Background bg = new Background();
  Enemy[] ememys = {
         new Airplane(),
         new BigPlane(),
         new Bee()
   };
  public GamePanel() {
     //设置面板的期望大小
     setPreferredSize(new Dimension(400, 654));
  }
   * 固定的绘图方法
    * 由系统自动调用
    */
  @Override
  public void paint(Graphics g) {
     bg.paint(g);
      for (int i = 0; i < ememys.length; i++) {</pre>
         Enemy e = ememys[i];
         e.paint(g);
      }
  }
  //动起来方法
  public void action() {
     //画面一帧一帧的循环播放
     while(true) {
        bg.step();//背景移动
         for (int i = 0; i < ememys.length; i++) {</pre>
            Enemy e = ememys[i];
            e.step();
         }
        //通知底层系统, 重绘画面
        //系统受到通知后, 会自动调用 paint() 方法
        repaint();
        //暂停 1/60 秒 (60 fps)
        try {
           Thread.sleep(1000/60);
        } catch (InterruptedException e) {
     }
  }
}
```

6 作业

- 重写
 - 0804不用再写
 - day0805_飞机大战
 - ◆ 背景
 - **♦** Background
 - ◆ GamePanel 显示背景, 移动
 - ◆ Main 调用动起来方法
 - day0806_飞机大战
 - ◆ 敌人
 - ◆ Enemy, Airplane, BigPlane, Bee
 - ◆ GamePanel 添加敌人,绘制、移动
- 复习面向对象概念