

FAE

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1 Discovering Frequent Patterns in Big Data Using FAE Algorithm

In this tutorial, we will discuss two approaches to find frequent patterns in big data using FAE algorithm.

1. Basic approach: Here, we present the steps to discover frequent patterns using a single minimum support value
 2. Advanced approach: Here, we generalize the basic approach by presenting the steps to discover frequent patterns using multiple minimum support values.
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1.1 Basic approach: Executing FAE on a single dataset at a particular minimum support value

Step 1: Import the FAE algorithm

```
[1]: from PAMI.frequentPattern.topk import FAE as alg
```


Step 2: Specify the following input parameters

```
[2]: inputFile = 'transactional_T10I4D100K.csv'

minimumSupportCount=100 #Users can also specify this constraint between 0 to 1.

seperator='\t'
```

Step 3: Execute the FAE algorithm

```
[3]: obj = alg.FAE(iFile=inputFile, k=minimumSupportCount, sep=seperator)  
      ↪ #initialize
      obj.startMine() #Start the mining process
```

100

FAE has successfully generated top-k frequent patterns

Step 4: Storing the generated patterns

Step 4.1: Storing the generated patterns in a file

```
[4]: obj.savePatterns(outFile='frequentPatternsMinSupCount100.txt')
```

Step 4.2. Storing the generated patterns in a data frame

```
[5]: frequentPatternsDF= obj.getPatternsAsDataFrame()
```

Step 5: Getting the statistics

Step 5.1: Total number of discovered patterns

```
[6]: print('Total No of patterns: ' + str(len(frequentPatternsDF)))
```

Total No of patterns: 100

Step 5.2: Runtime consumed by the mining algorithm

```
[7]: print('Runtime: ' + str(obj.getRuntime()))
```

Runtime: 2.242154121398926

```
[8]: ##### Step 5.3: Total Memory consumed by the mining algorithm
```

```
[9]: print('Memory (RSS): ' + str(obj.getMemoryRSS()))  
print('Memory (USS): ' + str(obj.getMemoryUSS()))
```

Memory (RSS): 214978560

Memory (USS): 176656384

1.2 Advanced approach: Executing FAE on a single dataset at multiple minimum support values

Step 1: Import the FAE algorithm

```
[10]: from PAMI.frequentPattern.topk import FAE as alg
```

Step 2: Specify the following input parameters

```
[11]: inputFile = 'transactional_T10I4D100K.csv'  
  
minimumSupportCountList = [100, 150, 200, 250, 300]  
#Users can also specify this constraint between 0 to 1. E.g., minSupList = [0.  
↪ 0.005, 0.006, 0.007, 0.008, 0.009]  
  
seperator='\t'
```

Step 3: Initialize Data Frame to save values

```
[12]: import pandas as pd
result = pd.DataFrame(columns=['algorithm', 'minSup', 'patterns', 'runtime', 'memory'])
```

Step 4: Execute the FAE algorithm using a for loop

```
[13]: algorithm = 'FAE'
for minSupCount in minimumSupportCountList:
    obj = alg.FAE('transactional_T10I4D100K.csv', k=minSupCount, sep=separator)
    obj.startMine()
    df = pd.DataFrame([algorithm, minSupCount, len(obj.getPatterns()), obj.getRuntime(), obj.getMemoryRSS()], index=result.columns).T
    result = result.append(df, ignore_index=True)
```

100

FAE has successfully generated top-k frequent patterns

/tmp/ipykernel_644158/2222870977.py:6: FutureWarning: The frame.append method is deprecated and will be removed from pandas in a future version. Use pandas.concat instead.

```
result = result.append(df, ignore_index=True)
```

150

FAE has successfully generated top-k frequent patterns

200

FAE has successfully generated top-k frequent patterns

250

FAE has successfully generated top-k frequent patterns

300

FAE has successfully generated top-k frequent patterns

Step 5: Plotting the graphs

Step 5.1 Importing the plot library

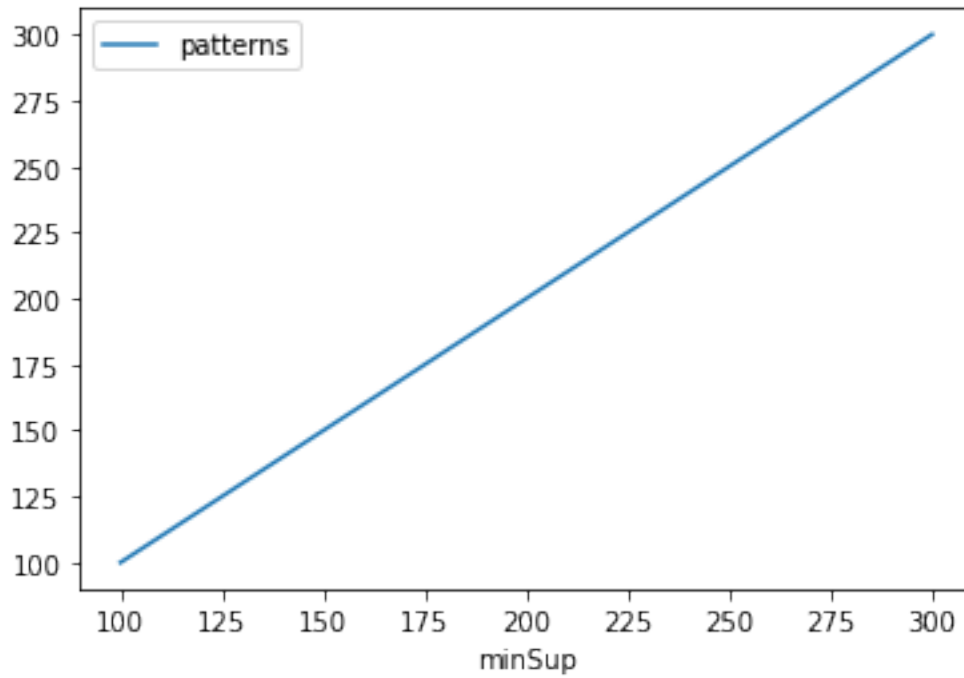
```
[14]: from PAMI.extras.graph import plotLineGraphsFromDataFrame as plt
```

Step 5.2. Plotting the number of patterns

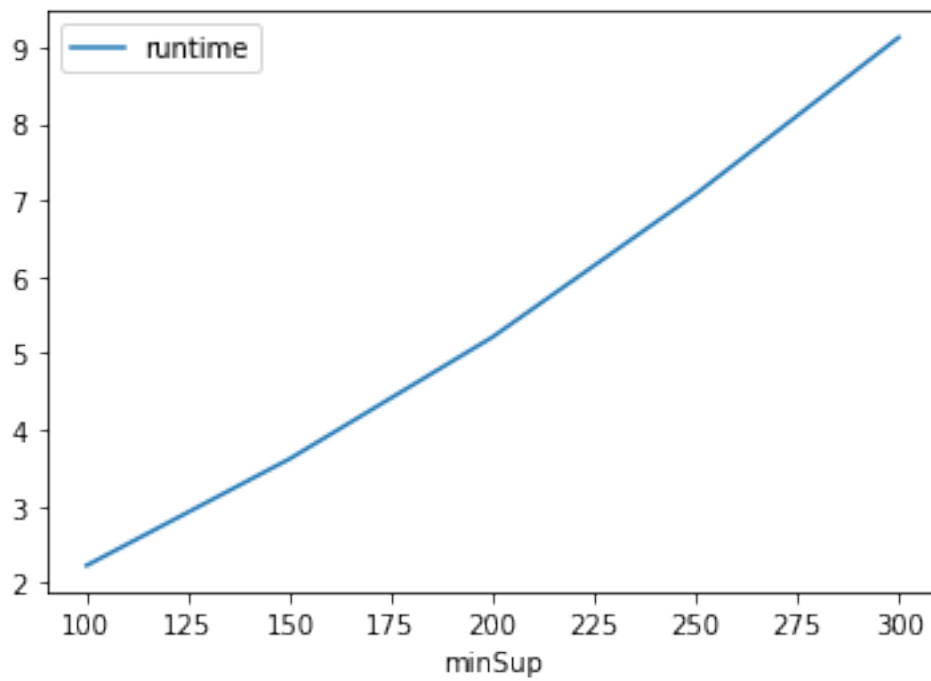
```
[15]: ab = plt.plotGraphsFromDataFrame(result)
ab.plotGraphsFromDataFrame()
```

/home/jupyterHub/anaconda3/envs/jupyterHub/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/indexes/base.py:6982: FutureWarning: In a future version, the Index constructor will not infer numeric dtypes when passed object-dtype sequences (matching Series behavior)

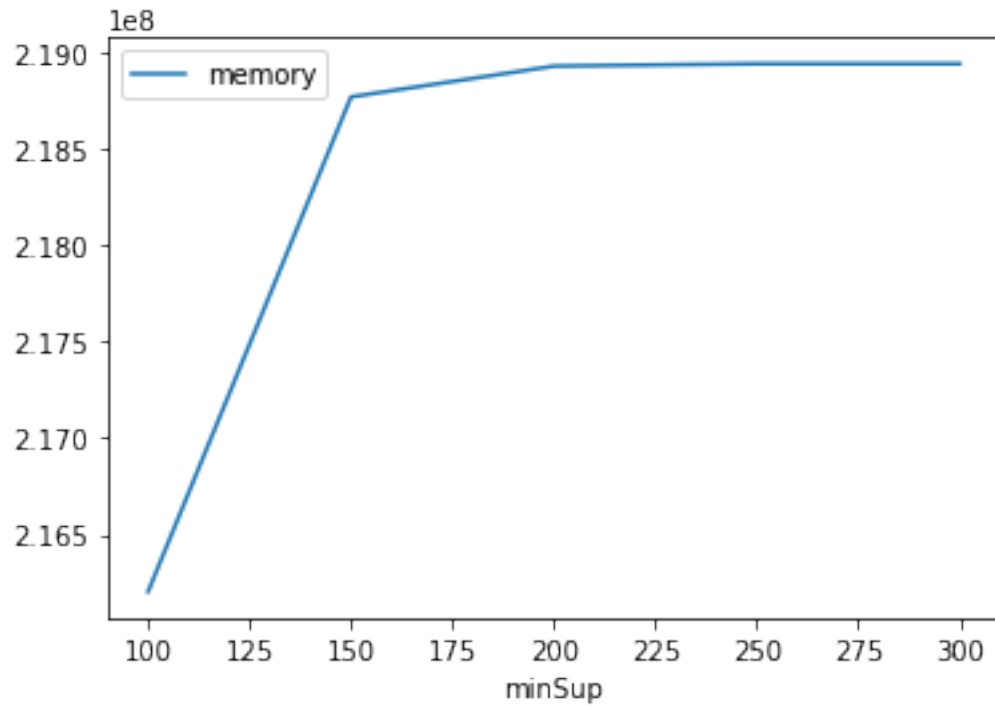
```
return Index(sequences[0], name=names)
```



Graph for No Of Patterns is successfully generated!



Graph for Runtime taken is successfully generated!



Graph for memory consumption is successfully generated!

1.2.1 Step 6: Saving the results in a latex file

```
[16]: from PAMI.extras.graph import generateLatexFileFromDataFrame as gdf
      gdf.generateLatexCode(result)
```

Latex files generated successfully