

Discovering Fuzzy Frequent Spatial Pattern in Big Data Using FFSPMiner Algorithm

In this tutorial, we will discuss two approaches to find Fuzzy Frequent Spatial Pattern in big data using FFSPMiner algorithm.

1. **Basic approach:** Here, we present the steps to discover Fuzzy Frequent Spatial Pattern using a single minimum support value
2. **Advanced approach:** Here, we generalize the basic approach by presenting the steps to discover Fuzzy Frequent Spatial Pattern using multiple minimum support values.

Basic approach: Executing FFSPMiner on a single dataset at a particular minimum support value

Step 1: Import the FFSPMiner algorithm

```
In [1]: from PAMI.fuzzyFrequentSpatialPattern.basic import FFSPMiner as alg
```

Step 2: Specify the following input parameters

```
In [2]: inputFile = 'T10_utility.txt'

minimumSupportCount=100 #Users can also specify this constraint between 0 to 1.
neighborFile='T10_utility_neighbour.txt'
separator=' '
```

Step 3: Execute the FFSPMiner algorithm

```
In [3]: obj = alg.FFSPMiner(iFile=inputFile, nFile=neighborFile, minSup=minimumSupportCount,
obj.startMine() #Start the mining process
```

Step 4: Storing the generated patterns

Step 4.1: Storing the generated patterns in a file

```
In [4]: obj.savePatterns(outFile='frequentPatternsMinSupCount1000.txt')
```

Step 4.2. Storing the generated patterns in a data frame

```
In [5]: frequentPatternsDF= obj.getPatternsAsDataFrame()
```

Step 5: Getting the statistics

Step 5.1: Total number of discovered patterns

```
In [6]: print('Total No of patterns: ' + str(len(frequentPatternsDF)))
```

Total No of patterns: 797

Step 5.2: Runtime consumed by the mining algorithm

```
In [7]: print('Runtime: ' + str(obj.getRuntime()))
```

Runtime: 7.619616985321045

```
In [8]: ##### Step 5.3: Total Memory consumed by the mining algorithm
```

```
In [9]: print('Memory (RSS): ' + str(obj.getMemoryRSS()))  
print('Memory (USS): ' + str(obj.getMemoryUSS()))
```

Memory (RSS): 457887744

Memory (USS): 419237888