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Discovering Frequent Patterns in Big Data Using FGPFPMiner Algorithm

In this tutorial, we will discuss two approaches to find frequent patterns in big data using FGPFPMiner algorithm.

- 1. **Basic approach:** Here, we present the steps to discover frequent patterns using a single minimum support value
- 2. **Advanced approach:** Here, we generalize the basic approach by presenting the steps to discover frequent patterns using multiple minimum support values.

Basic approach: Executing FGPFPMiner on a single dataset at a particular minimum support value

Step 1: Import the FGPFPMiner algorithm

```
In [1]: from PAMI.fuzzySpatialPeriodicFrequentPattern import FGPFPMiner as alg
```

Step 2: Specify the following input parameters

```
inputFile = 'T10_utility.txt'
maxmunPeriodCount=50000
minimumSupportCount=300 #Users can also specify this constraint between 0 to 1.
neighbourFile='T10_utility_neighbour.txt'
fuzzyFile='Fuz.txt'
seperator="""
```

Step 3: Execute the FGPFPMiner algorithm

```
obj = alg. FGPFPMiner(iFile=inputFile, nFile=neighbourFile, FuzFile=fuzzyFile, minSup=obj. startMine() #Start the mining process
```

Step 4: Storing the generated patterns

Step 4.1: Storing the generated patterns in a file

```
In [4]: obj. savePatterns(outFile='frequentPatternsMinSupCount1000.txt')
```

Step 4.2. Storing the generated patterns in a data frame

```
In [5]: frequentPatternsDF= obj.getPatternsAsDataFrame()
```

Step 5: Getting the statistics

Step 5.1: Total number of discovered patterns

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print('Memory (RSS): ' + str(obj.getMemoryRSS()))

print('Memory (USS): ' + str(obj.getMemoryUSS()))

```
In [6]: print('Total No of patterns: ' + str(len(frequentPatternsDF)))

Total No of patterns: 0

Step 5.2: Runtime consumed by the mining algorithm

In [7]: print('Runtime: ' + str(obj.getRuntime()))

Runtime: 1. 2236711978912354

In [8]: #### Step 5.3: Total Memory consumed by the mining algorithm
```

Memory (RSS): 301191168 Memory (USS): 260964352

In [9]: