

# ParallelApriori-ad (1)

September 5, 2022

## 1 Advanced Tutorial on Implementing parallel Apriori Algorithm

In this tutorial, we will discuss two approaches to find frequent patterns in big data using parallelApriori algorithm. 1. Advanced approach: Here, we generalize the basic approach by presenting the steps to discover frequent patterns using multiple minimum support values.

---

In this tutorial, we explain how the parallelApriori algorithm can be implemented by varying the minimum support values

**Step 1: Import the parallelApriori algorithm and pandas data frame**

```
[1]: from PAMI.frequentPattern.pyspark import parallelApriori as alg
import pandas as pd
```

**Step 2: Specify the following input parameters**

```
[2]: inputFile = 'transactional_T10I4D100K.csv'
separator='\t'
numberWorkersCount=4
minimumSupportCountList = [1000, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000]
#minimumSupport can also specified between 0 to 1. E.g., minSupList = [0.005, 0.006, 0.007, 0.008, 0.009]

result = pd.DataFrame(columns=['algorithm', 'minSup', 'patterns', 'runtime', 'memory'])
#initialize a data frame to store the results of parallelApriori algorithm
```

**Step 3: Execute the parallelApriori algorithm using a for loop**

```
[3]: algorithm = 'parallelApriori' #specify the algorithm name
for minSupCount in minimumSupportCountList:
    obj = alg.parallelApriori('transactional_T10I4D100K.csv',
    ↪minSup=minSupCount, numWorkers=numberWorkersCount, sep=separator)
    obj.startMine()
    #store the results in the data frame
    result.loc[result.shape[0]] = [algorithm, minSupCount, len(obj.
    ↪getPatterns()), obj.getRuntime(), obj.getMemoryRSS()]
```

Setting default log level to "WARN".

To adjust logging level use `sc.setLogLevel(newLevel)`. For SparkR, use `setLogLevel(newLevel)`.

22/08/22 15:10:45 WARN NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable

Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Parallel Apriori algorithm

Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Parallel Apriori algorithm

Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Parallel Apriori algorithm

Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Parallel Apriori algorithm

Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Parallel Apriori algorithm

```
[4]: print(result)
```

	algorithm	minSup	patterns	runtime	memory
0	parallelApriori	1000	385	252.870949	128946176
1	parallelApriori	1500	237	102.269674	132366336
2	parallelApriori	2000	155	44.003009	132882432
3	parallelApriori	2500	107	21.927009	133136384
4	parallelApriori	3000	60	8.072261	133136384

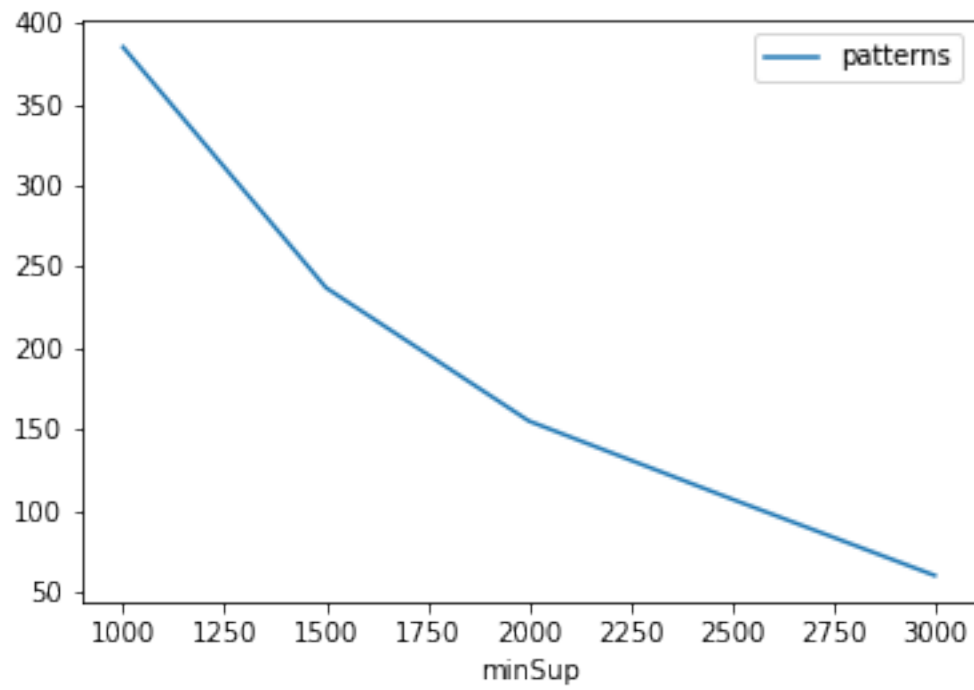
## Step 5: Visualizing the results

### Step 5.1 Importing the plot library

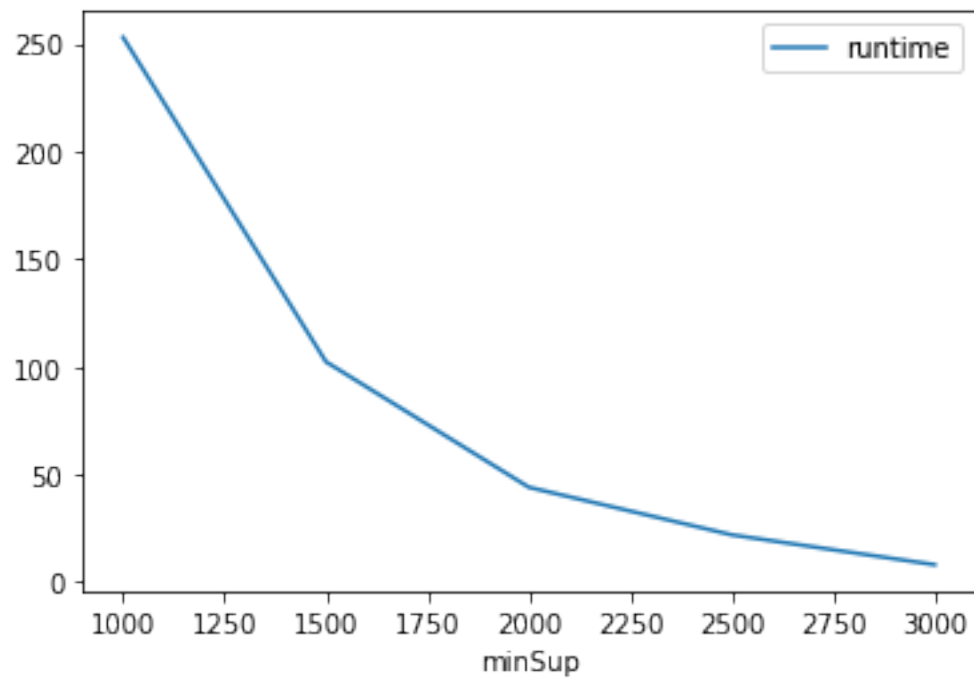
```
[5]: from PAMI.extras.graph import plotLineGraphsFromDataFrame as plt
```

### Step 5.2. Plotting the number of patterns

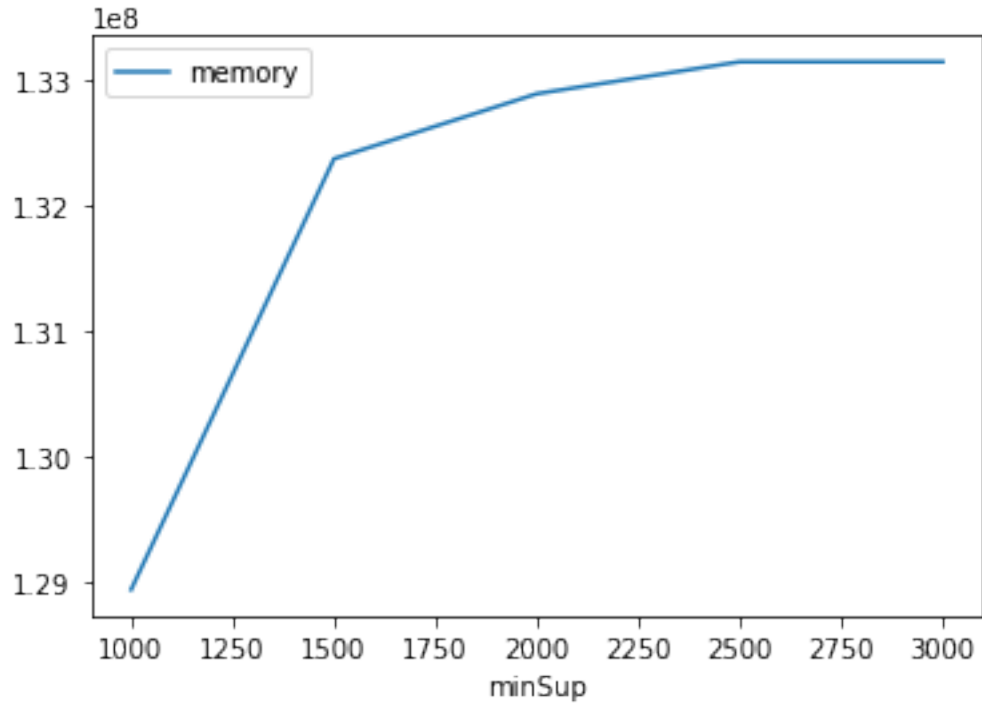
```
[6]: ab = plt.plotGraphsFromDataFrame(result)
      ab.plotGraphsFromDataFrame() #drawPlots()
```



Graph for No Of Patterns is successfully generated!



Graph for Runtime taken is successfully generated!



Graph for memory consumption is successfully generated!

### 1.0.1 Step 6: Saving the results as latex files

```
[7]: from PAMI.extras.graph import generateLatexFileFromDataFrame as gdf
     gdf.generateLatexCode(result)
```

Latex files generated successfully