

# parallelApriori-st

September 5, 2022

## 1 Discovering Frequent Patterns in Big Data Using parallelApriori Algorithm

In this tutorial, we will discuss two approaches to find frequent patterns in big data using parallelApriori algorithm.

1. Basic approach: Here, we present the steps to discover frequent patterns using a single minimum support value
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### 1.1 Basic approach: Executing parallelApriori on a single dataset at a particular minimum support value

**Step 1: Import the parallelApriori algorithm**

```
[1]: from PAMI.frequentPattern.pyspark import parallelApriori as alg
```

**Step 2: Specify the following input parameters**

```
[2]: inputFile = 'transactional_T10I4D100K.csv'

minimumSupportCount=1000 #Users can also specify this constraint between 0 to 1.
numberWorkersCount=4
seperator='\t'
```

**Step 3: Execute the parallelApriori algorithm**

```
[3]: obj = alg.parallelApriori(iFile=inputFile,
    ↪minSup=minimumSupportCount,numWorkers=numberWorkersCount, sep=seperator)
    ↪#initialize
obj.startMine() #Start the mining process
```

Setting default log level to "WARN".

To adjust logging level use `sc.setLogLevel(newLevel)`. For SparkR, use `setLogLevel(newLevel)`.

22/08/22 15:46:00 WARN NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classes where applicable

Frequent patterns were generated successfully using Parallel Apriori algorithm

#### Step 4: Storing the generated patterns

##### Step 4.1: Storing the generated patterns in a file

```
[4]: obj.savePatterns(outFile='frequentPatternsMinSupCount1000.txt')
```

##### Step 4.2. Storing the generated patterns in a data frame

```
[5]: frequentPatternsDF= obj.getPatternsAsDataFrame()
```

#### Step 5: Getting the statistics

##### Step 5.1: Total number of discovered patterns

```
[6]: print('Total No of patterns: ' + str(len(frequentPatternsDF)))
```

Total No of patterns: 385

##### Step 5.2: Runtime consumed by the mining algorithm

```
[7]: print('Runtime: ' + str(obj.getRuntime()))
```

Runtime: 255.3880455493927

```
[8]: ##### Step 5.3: Total Memory consumed by the mining algorithm
```

```
[9]: print('Memory (RSS): ' + str(obj.getMemoryRSS()))  
      print('Memory (USS): ' + str(obj.getMemoryUSS()))
```

Memory (RSS): 128401408

Memory (USS): 89616384