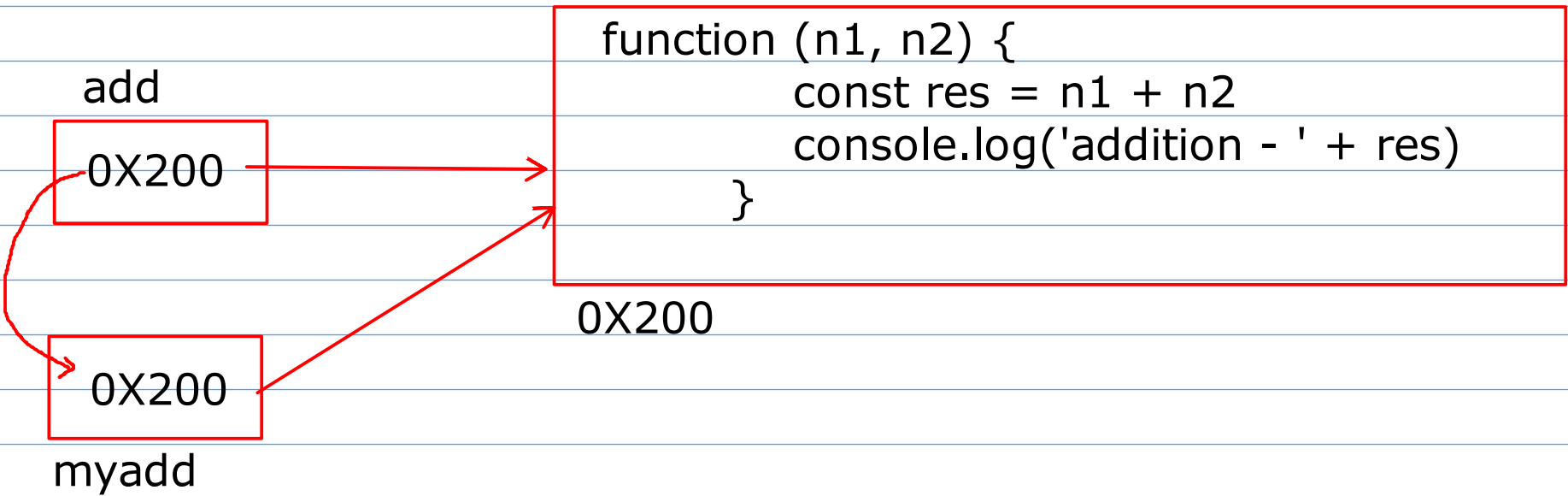


JavaScript

```
<script>
  console.log("Hello")
  function f1(n1,n2){
    let n1
    const
    return
  }
  f1()
</script>
```

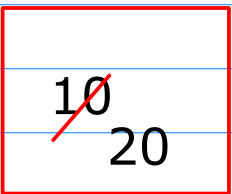
function add



- Object in JS
- 1. using {}
 - 2. using Object()
 - 3. using Constructor function

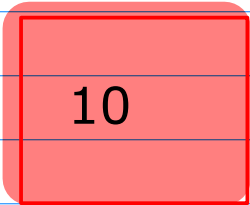
IN CPP

```
int n1 = 10
n1 = 20
```



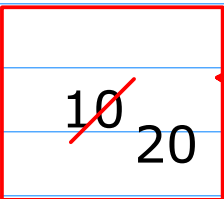
n1

```
const int n1 = 10
//n1 = 20// error
```

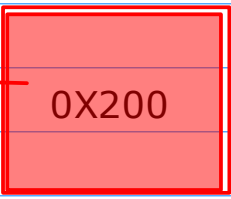


n1

```
int n1 = 10;      int n2 = 20
int *const ptr = &n1;  //ptr = &n2;//error
```



n 0X200



ptr

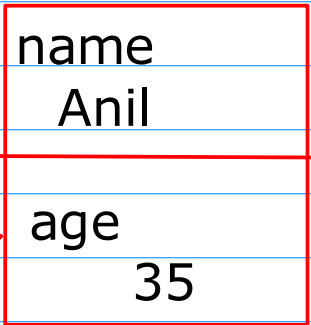
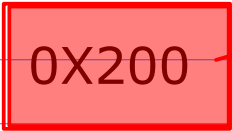
```
*ptr = 20;
```

IN JS

```
const p1 = {}
```

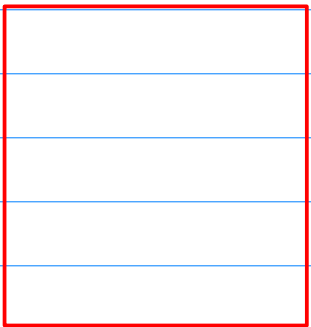
```
p1.name
p1.age
```

p1



0X200

```
//p1 = {} // error
```



0X300

It has its own Rules
It has its own Syntax

```
class Person{
public:
string name;
int age;

public:
Person(string name = "", int age = 0){
    this->name = name;
    this-> age = age;
}

void displayPerson() // this
{

}

}

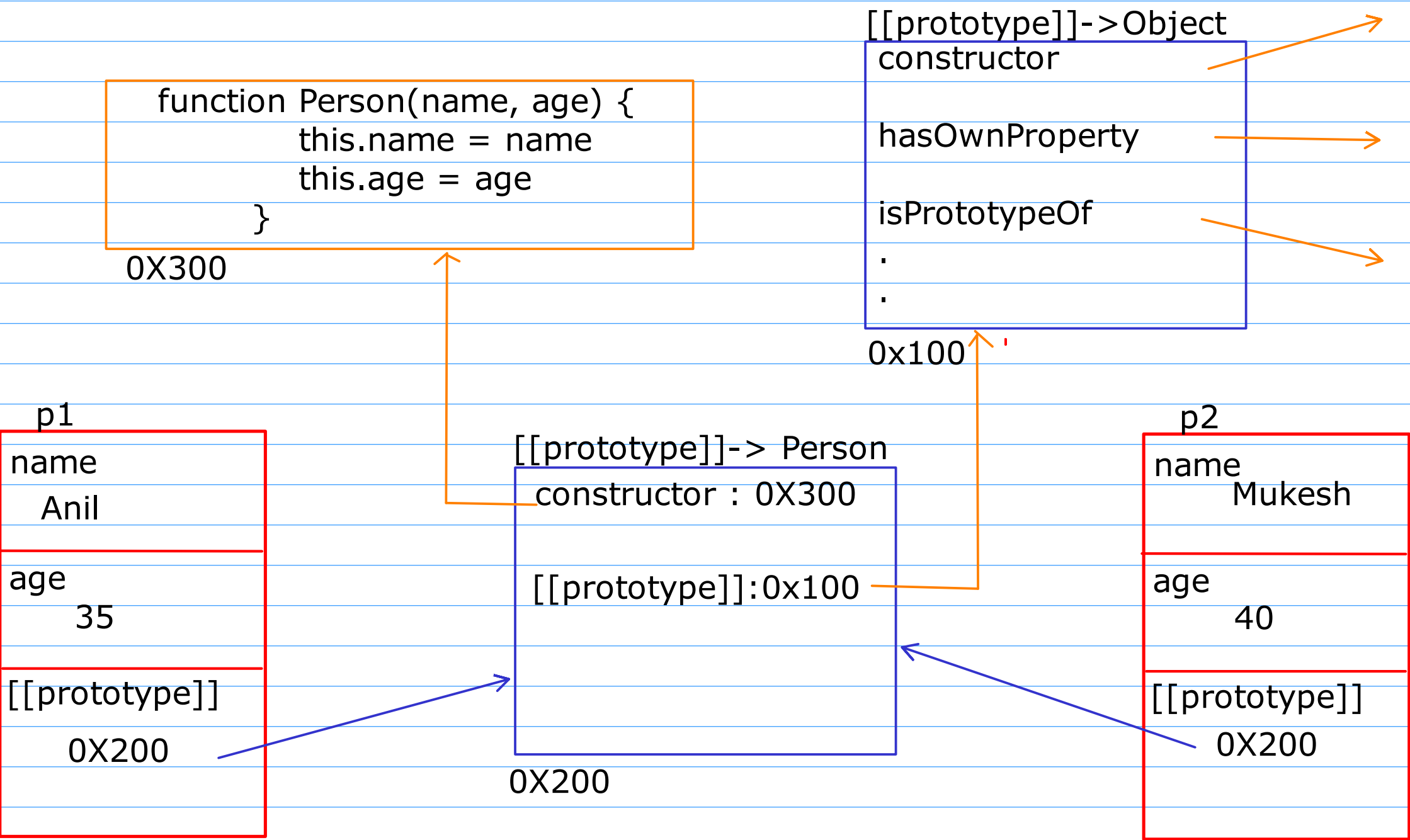
// Global function
void displayPerson(Person *p){
cout<<"Name - " <<p->getName()<<endl;
cout<<"Age - " <<p->age<<endl;
}
```

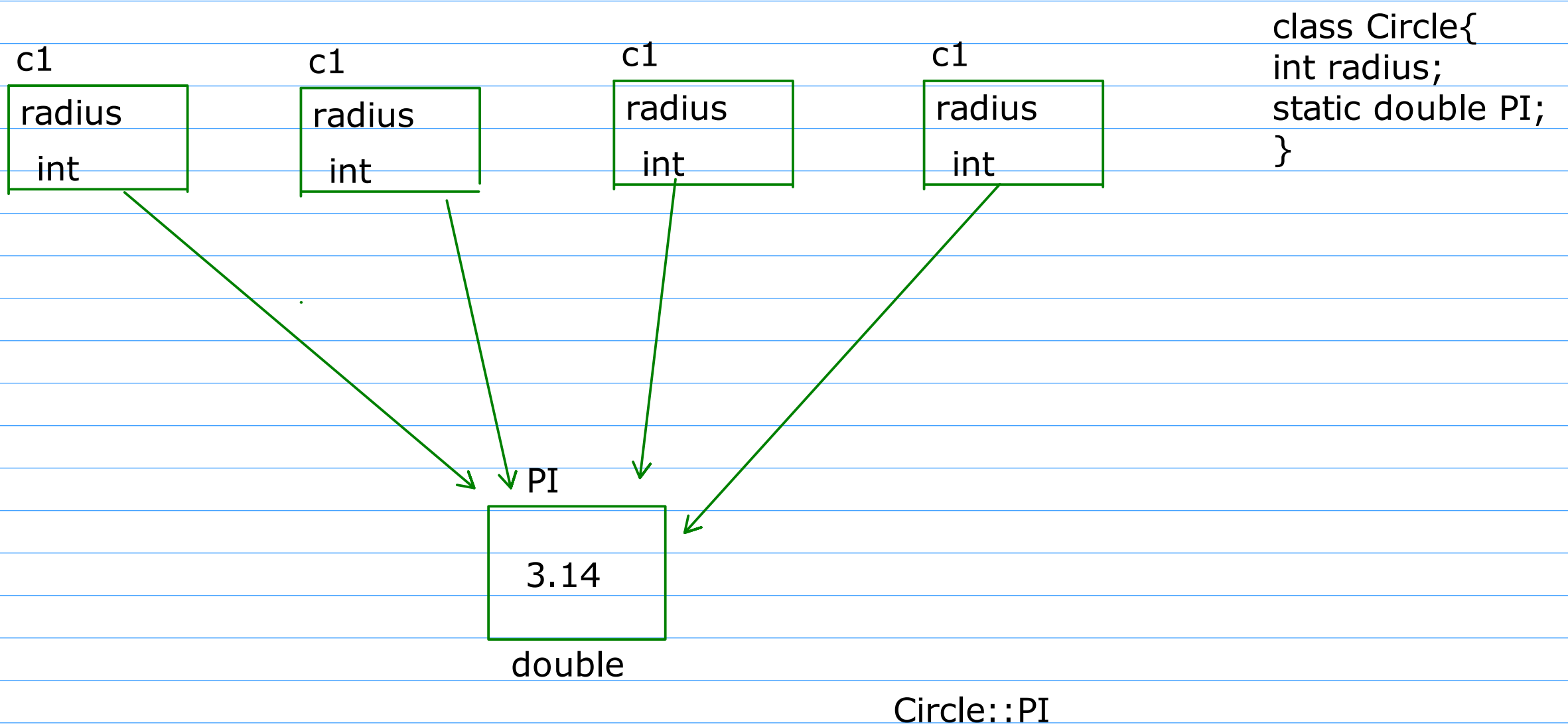
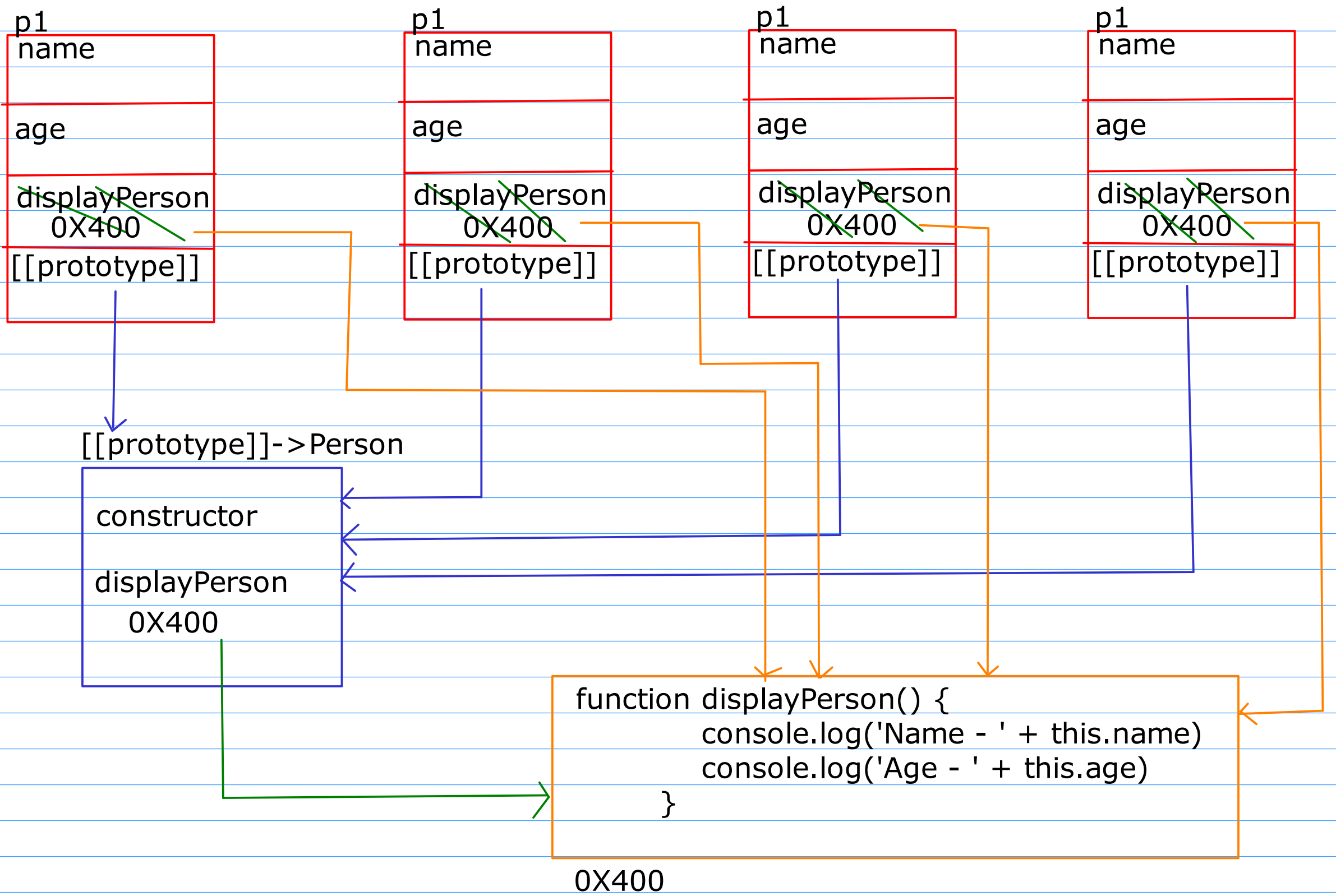
```
Person *p1 = new Person();

Person *p2 = new Person("Anil",35);

displayPerson(p1)
displayPerson(p2)

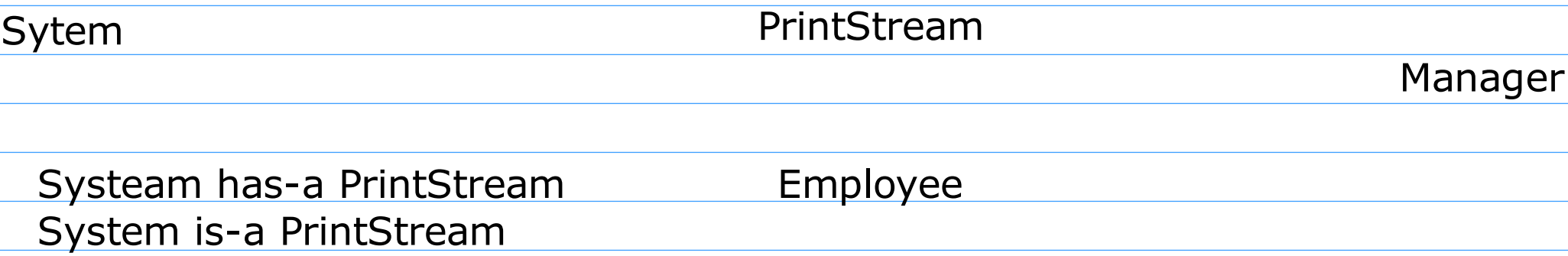
p1->displayPerson()
p1->displayPerson()
```





Hirerachy
- Reusability

1. Association
2. Inheritance
- has-a
- is-a

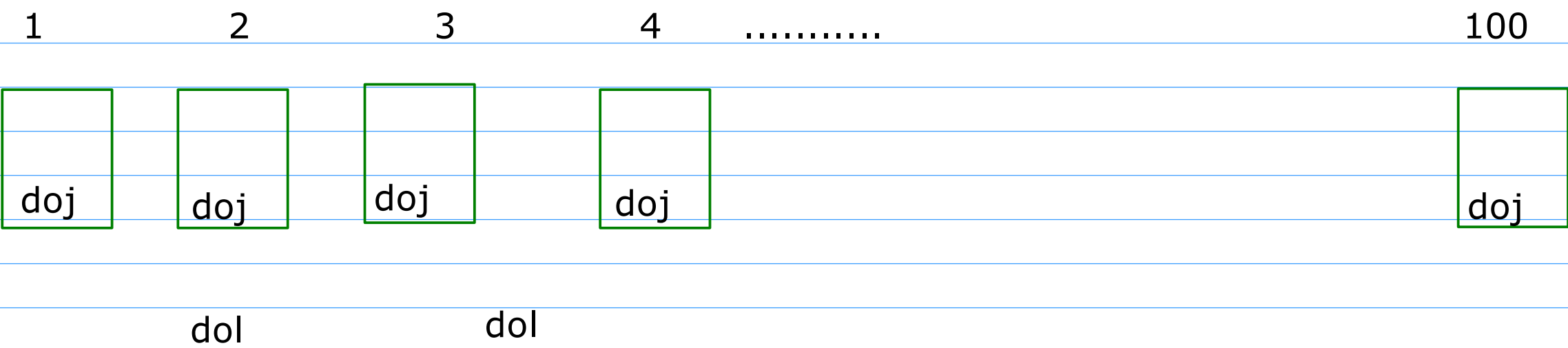


class Date{
day,month,year
}

class Person{
name,mobile
}

class Employee:Person{
id,salary,
Date doj;
Date dot;

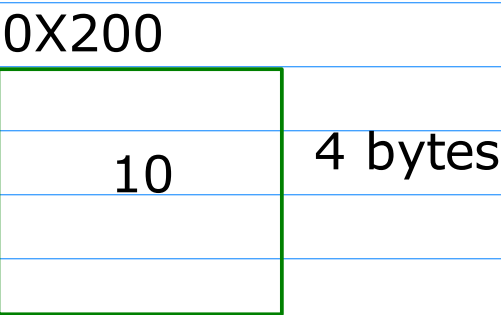
}



class Employee{
// Datamembers
int id;
string name;
Date doj;
}

void myfunc(){
int n;
datatype identifier;
Employee e1; // variable-> Object

int *p
Employee *e
}



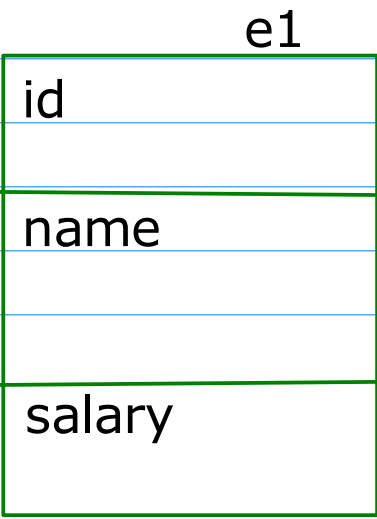
references

int &ref;// 8 bytes

int &ref = num1;
ref = 20;

int num1;

int *const ptr = &num1;
*ptr = 10



0X300