

Digital Logic and System Design

2: Representation

COL215, I Semester 2024-2025

Venue: LHC 114

'E' Slot: Tue, Wed, Fri 10:00-11:00

Instructor: Preeti Ranjan Panda

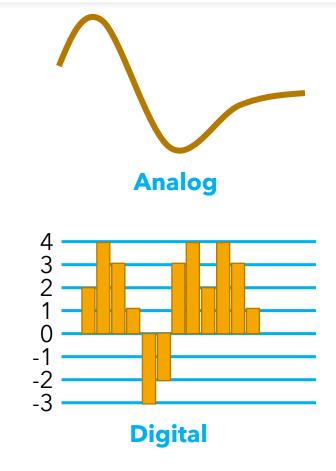
panda@cse.iitd.ac.in

www.cse.iitd.ac.in/~panda/

Dept. of Computer Science & Engg., IIT Delhi

A Digital System

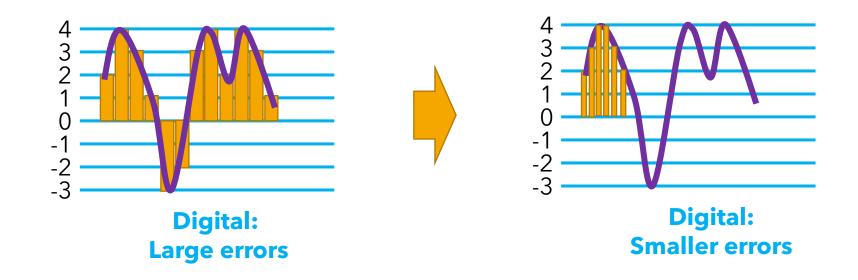
- Represent and Manipulate
 DISCRETE Values
 - Instead of **CONTINUOUS** Values (Analog System)
- FINITE set of elements



Why Digital?

- Information is lost! Why bother?
- Precise representation
- Reproducibility of results
 - E.g., fewer errors due to environmental conditions
- Ease of design
 - We'll see in this course!
- Sophisticated automation techniques
- High speed
- Low cost

Can we reduce the information loss?



Errors can be reduced by taking more data points

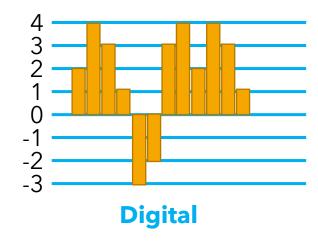
[Recall Fundamental Theorem of Integral Calculus]

Example Digital Systems

- Camera
 - Where is the digital element?
- Phone (over data connection)
 - What is digital about it?
- Computer
 - Was always digital

Representation

- Need ways to represent data
 - Store and Retrieve
 - Manipulate
- How do we represent the data on right?
- Sequence of NUMBERS

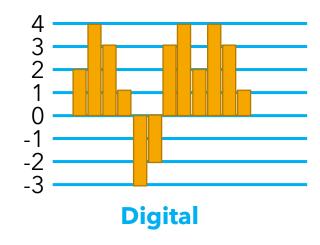


Representation:

[2, 4, 3, 1, -3, -2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 3, 1]

Representing a Number

- Can a number be represented exactly?
 - Integer?
 - Rational number?
 - Real number?
 - Complex number?
- Needs to be element of a FINITE set



Representation:

[2, 4, 3, 1, -3, -2, 3, 4, 2, 4, 3, 1]

Need to impose some restrictions

- Limited range
 - e.g., [-100, 200]
- Simple way:
 - FIXED number of digits
 - Each digit can take a **FIXED** number of values

Decimal Representation

- Number **3465** is a DECIMAL number
 - **base** is **10**
 - each **digit** of number ∈ {0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9}
- Interpretation:

$$3465 = 3 \times 10^3 + 4 \times 10^2 + 6 \times 10^1 + 5 \times 10^0$$

Other Bases

- We could represent the same number in a different BASE (also called RADIX)
 - E.g., Base **12**
 - in Base 12, each digit of number $\in \{0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11\}$
 - 3465₁₀ = 2009_{12} = $2 \times 12^3 + 0 \times 12^2 + 0 \times 12^1 + 9 \times 12^0$
- ...or base **5**
 - in this base, each digit of number ∈ {0,1,2,3,4}
 - $3465_{10} = 102330_5 = 1 \times 5^5 + 0 \times 5^4 + 2 \times 5^3 + 3 \times 5^2 + 3 \times 5^1 + 0 \times 5^0$

Representing Integers in Arbitrary Bases

- Base r
- n-digit number a_{n-1...}a₂a₁a₀
 - Digits $a_{n-1,...,}a_{2,}a_{1,}a_{0} \in \{0,1,2,...,r-1\}$
- Interpretation of number in base r:

$$\mathbf{a_{n-1}} \times r^{n-1} + \mathbf{a_{n-2}} \times r^{n-2} + ... + \mathbf{a_2} \times r^2 + \mathbf{a_1} \times r^1 + \mathbf{a_0} \times r^0$$

Binary Numbers

- Binary number: Base 2
- n-digit number $a_{n-1}...a_2a_1a_0$
 - Digits $a_{n-1,...,a_2,a_1,a_0} \in \{0,1\}$
- Interpretation of number in base 2:

$$\mathbf{a_{n-1}} \times 2^{n-1} + \mathbf{a_{n-2}} \times 2^{n-2} + \dots + \mathbf{a_2} \times 2^2 + \mathbf{a_1} \times 2^1 + \mathbf{a_0} \times 2^0$$

•
$$1101_2 = 1 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 0 \times 2^1 + 1 \times 2^0$$

= $1 \times 8 + 1 \times 4 + 0 \times 2 + 1 \times 1$
= $8 + 4 + 1 = 13_{10}$

Thus, 1101₂ is another way to represent thirteen

Which base should we use?

- Need reliable way to:
 - **Store** numbers
 - Manipulate numbers
- Decimal system:
 - need to find a way to represent 10 different entities for each digit
- Binary system:
 - find a way to represent 2 different things
- Modern digital systems: 2 voltage levels
 - 1 V (or 2V, etc.) represents '1'
 - 0 V represents '0'

13 or 15 or 1101?

Decimal System Octal System System

Octal System System

Choice based on engineering efficiency

- Should be easy/efficient to:
 - Store/Retrieve number
 - Manipulate numbers
- Charge stored on a capacitor
 - if capacitor is **charged**, a '1' is stored
 - if capacitor is discharged, a '0' is stored
 - Other physical phenomena could be used (e.g., magnetization direction)
- Since ANY number can be represented as a binary number, we have a way to store anything we want
- Binary is popular: easier to distinguish between 2 values
 - Exceptions: some memory types
 - Manipulation/computation usually in binary