

Department of Mathematics
MTL 106 (Introduction to Probability and Stochastic Processes)
Tutorial Sheet No. 4
Answer for Selected Problems

1. (a) $p_x(1) = 0.2, p_x(3) = 0.5, p_x(4) = 0.3, p_y(1) = 0.4, p_y(2) = 0.6$ (b) 0.5
2. (a) $P_X(j) = qp^{j-1}, j = 1, 2, \dots, P_Y(k) = q^k \left(\frac{\frac{p}{q} - (\frac{p}{q})^k}{1 - \frac{p}{q}} \right), k = 2, 3, \dots$
 $P_{X/Y}(j/k) = \frac{(p/q)^j(1-(p/q)^k)}{(p/q) - (p/q)^k}, j = 1, 2, \dots, k-1, P_{Y/X}(k/j) = q^{k-j-1}p, k = j+1, j+2, \dots$
(b) $X \sim B(1/2, 15), Y \sim B(1/3, 15), Y/(X=j) \sim B(2/3, 15-j), X/(Y=k) \sim B(3/4, 15-k)$
4. $k = 12, (1 - e^{-8})(1 - e^{-3})$
5. Let Y : r.v. denoting no. of 1's transmitted. $P(Y = n) = \frac{e^{-\lambda(1-p)}(\lambda(1-p))^n}{n!}, n = 0, 1, \dots$
6. $Z = X + Y, f_Z(z) = \begin{cases} z, & 0 < z < 1 \\ 2 - z, & 1 \leq z \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
7. $f_z(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{\lambda}{2}e^{\lambda z}, & z < 0 \\ \frac{\lambda}{2}e^{-\lambda z}, & z \geq 0. \end{cases}$
8. $f_V(v) = -\ln(v), 0 < v < 1; f_W(w) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{w}}, 0 < w < 1; f_{V,W}(v, w) = f_V(v)f_W(w)$
9. $f_{R,\theta}(r, \theta) = \begin{cases} r, & 0 < \theta < \pi/4, 0 < r < \sec \theta \text{ or } \pi/4 < \theta < \pi/2, 0 < r < \operatorname{cosec} \theta \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$
 $f_\theta(\theta) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}\sec^2 \theta, & 0 < \theta < \pi/4 \\ \frac{1}{2}\operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta, & \pi/4 < \theta < \pi/2 \end{cases}$
 $f_R(r) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2}r, & 0 < r < 1 \\ r(\operatorname{cosec}^{-1}(r) - \sec^{-1}(r)), & 1 < r < \sqrt{2} \end{cases}$
10. $\frac{1}{8}$
11. (a) Let Y : r.v. denoting the waiting time of passenger. $f_Y(y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{10}, & 0 < y < 5, \\ \frac{1}{20}, & 5 < y < 15, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$ (b) $\frac{25}{4}$ min.
12. $k = \frac{1}{8}, \frac{5}{81}, 1$
13. $\frac{5}{16} + \frac{1}{12} \ln 4$
14. (a) $\frac{3}{8}$ (b) $\frac{3}{8}e^{-\frac{1}{3}}$ (c) $\frac{3}{8}e^{-\frac{1}{3}} + \frac{5}{8}e^{-\frac{1}{5}}$
15. (a) Yes (b) $1 + \frac{t^2}{2}$ (c) 12
17. 31
18. a) $\frac{3^5 - 1^5}{4^5}$ b) $\frac{1}{20}$
19. (a) $\frac{\sigma^2}{n}$ (b) σ^2
20. $\frac{X^2}{3}$