COL202 Quiz 1

Aaveg Jain

TOTAL POINTS

0/5

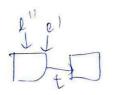
QUESTION 1

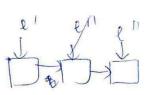
1 Loop invariant 0/5

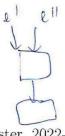
- √ + 0 pts Incorrect/Not attempted
- + **0.5 pts** The algorithm returns a linked list of length \$\$2^{(length(l))}\$\$.
 - **+ 1 pts** Invariant- for all \$\$0<=i<=len(l)\$\$:

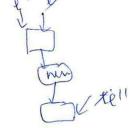
 $\$ iteration.

- + 0.5 pts Proof by induction on the outer loop.
- + 1 pts Base Case
- + 0.5 pts Induction Hypothesis
- + 1 pts Induction Step
- + 0.5 pts Conclusion- At the end of the algorithm the value of \$\$i = length(I)\$\$ and hence the length of \$\$I'\$\$ is \$\$2^{length(I)}\$\$.









COL202: Discrete Mathematical Sturctures. I semester, 2022-23. Quiz 1, 24 August 2022, Maximum Marks: 5

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Important: Answer within the box. Anything written outside the box will be treated as rough work.

Problem 1 (5 marks)

What does the algorithm on the right return? Prove that your answer is correct by defining an appropriate loop invariant and proving its correctness by induction. Assume that the last node of a linked list points to NULL.

Require: : Given a linked list \ell. 1: initialise a list ℓ' containing 1 node 2: while ℓ is not NULL do 3: while ℓ'' is not NULL do 4: $t \leftarrow \ell''$.next 5: Insert a new node after ℓ'' 6: 7: $\ell'' \leftarrow t$ end while 9: $\ell \leftarrow \ell$ next 10: end while

the inner loop adds a new terrent to list e)

which is rect to I high element. you's

loop is performed as many wines as length

of l. here an nody will be added to e;

(=n)

We use proof by indust

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