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Total Number of Pages: 02

Course: B.Tech  
Sub\_Code: RCS5C003

5<sup>th</sup> Semester Regular/Back Examination: 2023-24

SUBJECT: Operating Systems

BRANCH(S): CSE,CSEAI,CSEAIME,CSIT,CST,ELECTRICAL & C.E,ELECTRONICS & C.E,IT

Time: 3 Hour

Max Marks: 100

Q.Code: N244

Answer Question No.1 (Part-1) which is compulsory, any eight from Part-II and any two from Part-III.

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.

**Part-I**

**Q1 Answer the following questions: (2 x 10)**

- a) What is the function of system calls in operating systems?
- b) Define a Virtual Machine in the context of an OS.
- c) What are threads in operating systems?
- d) Explain the concept of Process Coordination.
- e) Describe the role of Semaphores in synchronization.
- f) What is a deadlock, and how can it affect a system?
- g) Define contiguous memory allocation.
- h) What is demand paging?
- i) Explain the concept of Disk Scheduling.
- j) What is the significance of system protection in an OS?

**Part-II**

**Q2 Only Focused-Short Answer Type Questions- (Answer Any Eight out of Twelve) (6 x 8)**

- a) Discuss the various types of operating systems and their functions.
- b) Describe the process scheduling mechanisms in OS.
- c) Elaborate on the different synchronization techniques used in OS.
- d) Explain the methods for handling deadlocks in an OS.
- e) Describe the memory management strategies in OS.
- f) Discuss the page placement and replacement policies in virtual memory.
- g) Explain the basic concepts of file system design and implementation.
- h) Discuss the case study of Linux file systems as mentioned in the syllabus.
- i) Describe the structure of Mass Storage in an OS.
- j) Explain I/O systems in the context of operating systems.
- k) Detail the concepts of Distributed Systems in an OS.
- l) Explain the synchronization mechanisms in distributed operating systems.

### Part-III

#### Only Long Answer Type Questions (Answer Any Two out of Four)

- Q3** Consider the following set of processes with the length of the CPU burst given in milliseconds: **(16)**

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time	Priority
P1	0 ms	10 ms	3
P2	1 ms	1 ms	1
P3	2 ms	2 ms	3
P4	3 ms	1 ms	4
P5	4 ms	5 ms	2

- Draw four Gantt charts that illustrate the execution of these processes using the following scheduling algorithms: FCFS, Preemptive SJF, Preemptive priority (a smaller priority number implies a higher priority), and RR (quantum = 2 ms).
- What is the turnaround time of each process for each of the scheduling algorithms in part (a)?
- What is the waiting time of each process for each of these scheduling algorithms?

Which of the algorithms results in the minimum average waiting time (over all processes)?

- Q4** Explain the design, implementation, and security concerns in file systems, with a case study on Linux file systems. **(16)**

- Q5** Discuss in detail the memory management strategies, including contiguous and non-contiguous allocation, and virtual memory management. **(16)**

- Q6** Consider the following snapshot of a system: **(16)**

Process	Allocation				Max				Available			
	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
P0	0	0	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	4	3	0
P1	1	1	0	0	1	7	5	0				
P2	1	3	4	4	2	3	5	6				
P3	0	6	3	2	0	6	5	2				
P4	0	0	1	4	0	6	5	6				

Answer the following questions using the banker's algorithm:

- What is the content of the maximum Need?

- Is the system in a safe state?

If a request from process P1 arrives for (0, 4, 2, 0), can the request be granted immediately?