U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

Chassahowitzka and Crystal River

National Wildlife Refuges Bird List



Crystal River National Wildlife
Refuge was established on August
17, 1983. The refuge is comprised
of several islands, totaling 46
acres. They are surrounded by the
crystal clear, spring fed waters of
Kings Bay. The refuge was
established for the protection of
the endangered West Indian
manatees. Crystal River National
Wildlife Refuge provides critical
winter habitat for approximately
twenty percent of the nation's
manatee population.

Chassahowitzka National
Wildlife Refuge was established
in 1943. The refuge is comprised
of 31,000 acres of saltwater bays,
estuaries and brackish marshes
with a fringe of hardwood
swamps along the eastern
boundary. This unspoiled
estuarine habitat along Florida's
west coast serves as important
breeding and feeding ground for
marine life. The refuge provides
habitat for over 200 species of
birds

Chassahowitzka and Crystal River National Wildife Refuges



The Blue Goose is the symbol of the National Wildlife Refuge System.



How to use your checklist

Seasonal appearance

Seasonal abundance



photo: USFWS

cover photo: Mike Haramis

This checklist includes 207 species of birds and is based on observations by refuge personnel and visiting ornithologists. If you should find an unlisted species, please let us know at Refuge Headquarters. We appreciate your help in updating our records.

Note: This list contains only coastal birds expected or seen on the refuge and does not include a lot of endemic land birds.

The refuges are accessible only by boat. Public boat ramps in the areas of the refuges are limited, so visitors are advised to consult general refuge leaflets for the boat ramp access. Commercial guides are available in the towns of Crystal River, Homosassa and Chassahowitzka for boat tours on the refuges.

The bird checklist was designed to be informative and simple to use. The list is arranged in the order established by the American Ornithological Union. Symbols which appear in this checklist represent the following:

Sp Spring, March - May

S Summer, June - August

F Fall, September - November

W Winter, December - February

- a. abundant (a common species which is very numerous)
- c. common (certain to be seen in suitable habitat)
- u. uncommon (present but not certain to be seen)
- o. occasional (seen only a few times during a season)
- r. rare (seen at intervals of 2 to 5 years)
- known or suspected to have nested on refuge or known to nest locally.

	SP	S	F	W
Loons				
Common Loon	u	r	u	u
Grebes				
Pied-billed Grebe*	a	u	a	a
Horned Grebe	u		u	u
Eared Grebe	r		r	r
Pelicans				
American White Pelican	c	r	c	c
Brown Pelican*	a	a	a	a
Cormorants				
Double-crested Cormorant*	a	a	a	a
Darters				
Anhinga*	c	c	c	c
Frigatebirds				
Magnificent Frigatebird	u	u	u	u
Herons and Bitterns				
American Bittern	0	О	0	u
Least Bittern*	u	u	u	
Great Blue Heron*	a	a	a	a
Great Egret*	a	a	a	a
Snowy Egret* Little Blue Heron*	a	a	a	a
Tricolored Heron*	a a	a a	a a	a a
Reddish Egret*	0	0	0	0
Cattle Egret*	u	c	c	c
Green Heron*	c	c	c	c
Black-crowned Night Heron *	c	c	c	c
Yellow-crowned Night Heron*	u	u	u	
Ibicas and Spannbills				
Ibises and Spoonbills White Ibis*	a	a	a	a
Glossy Ibis	r	\mathbf{r}	r	r
Roseate Spoonbill	r	r	r	r
Storks		_		_
Wood Stork*	c	c	c	c
Swans, Geese, and Ducks				
Snow Goose	r			r
Wood Duck*	c	c	c	c
Green-winged Teal	0		u	u
American Black Duck	0		0	0
Mottled Duck*	c	c	c	c
Mallard Northern Pintail	u u		o u	c u
Blue-winged Teal	c	0	c	u C

	SP	S	F	W
Northern Shoveler	0	r	0	0
Gadwall	0	$\dot{\mathbf{r}}$	0	0
American Wigeon	c	0	c	c
— Canvasback	0	\mathbf{r}	0	0
Redhead	u	0	u	u
Ring-necked Duck	u	0	0	u
Greater Scaup (Coastal)	u		0	u
Lesser Scaup	0		c	c
Bufflehead	u	_	0	u
Hooded Merganser	u	0	0	u
Red-breasted Merganser Ruddy Duck	$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{r} \end{array}$	u r	c	c
Nuddy Duck	ľ	ľ	r	r
Vultures				
Black Vulture*	a	a	a	a
Turkey Vulture*	a	a	a	a
Handra				
Hawks Osprey*	0		0	
American Swallow-tailed Kite*	c c	c c	c	c
Bald Eagle*	u	0	u	u
Northern Harrier	c	0	c	c
Sharp-shinned Hawk	c	O	c	c
Cooper's Hawk	u	u	u	u
Red-shouldered Hawk*	a	a	a	a
Broad-winged Hawk	u	u	c	
Short-tailed Hawk	r	\mathbf{r}		
Red-tailed Hawk*	u	u	u	u
Falcons				
American Kestrel*	c	u	c	c
Peregrine Falcon	0	r	0	0
reregrine reason		•		
Turkey and Quail				
Wild Turkey*	u	u	u	u
Northern Bobwhite*	c	c	c	c
Rails, Gallinules, Coots, and Cranes				
Yellow Rail	r		r	r
Black Rail*	0	O	0	0
Clapper Rail*	c	c	c	c
King Rail*	u	u	u	u
Virginia Rail	u		u	u
Sora	c		c	c
Common Moorhen*	a	a	a	a
American Coot*	u	u	u	u
Limpkin*	r	\mathbf{r}	r	r
Sandhill Crane*	u	u	u	u
Whooping Crane	u :	u 200	u ov	u
(introduced to Chassahowitzka	a III ye	ear 200	4)	

	SP	S	F	W
Plovers				
Black-bellied Plover	c	u	c	c
Snowy Plover	u	u	u	u
Wilson's Plover*	u	u	u	u
Semipalmated Plover	u	r	u	u
Killdeer*	a	С	a	a
Oystercatchers				
American Oystercatcher*	О	0	0	0
Stilts and Avocets				
Black-necked Stilt*	r		r	r
American Avocet	r	r	r	r
Sandpipers				
Greater Yellowlegs	\mathbf{r}		c	r
Lesser Yellowlegs	c	0	a	c
Solitary Sandpiper	\mathbf{r}	u	r	r
Willet*	u	u	u	u
Spotted Sandpiper	\mathbf{r}		u	r
Whimbrel	u	\mathbf{r}	r	u
Long-billed Curlew	r		r	r
Marbled Godwit	O	0	0	0
Ruddy Turnstone	u	0	u	u
Red Knot	u	u	u	u
Sanderling	c	u	u	c
Semipalmated Sandpiper	u	u	u	
Western Sandpiper	c	u	0	c
Least Sandpiper	c	u	c	c
Pectoral Sandpiper	u	u	u	0
Dunlin	u		u	u
Stilt Sandpiper	u	u		
Short-billed Dowitcher	u	u	u	c
Common Snipe	u	r	r	u
Gulls, Terns, Skimmers				
Laughing Gull*	a	a	a	a
Bonaparte's Gull	u		u	c
Ring-billed Gull	a	u	c	a
Herring Gull	c	c	u	c
Caspian Tern*	u	\mathbf{r}	u	u
Royal Tern*	c	0	c	c
Sandwich Tern*	O	\mathbf{r}	r	0
Common Tern	\mathbf{r}	u	u	r
Forster's Tern	u	\mathbf{r}	u	u
Least Tern		u	u	
Black Tern	О	u	u	r
Black Skimmer	u	u	u	u

	SP	S	F	W
Pigeons and Doves	~_	~	-	, ,
White-winged Dove	r			r
Mourning Dove	a	a	a	a
Common Ground-dove	c	c	c	c
0wls				
Barn Owl*	u	u	u	u
Eastern Screech Owl*	c	c	c	c
Great Horned Owl*	u	u	u	u
Barred Owl*	С	С	С	С
Goatsuckers				
Common Nighthawk*		a	a	
Chuck-will's-widow*	r	С	С	r
Swifts				
Chimney Swift*	u	c	u	
Hummingbirds				
Ruby-throated Hummingbird*	u	u	u	r
Kingfishers				
Belted Kingfisher*	c	u	u	c
Woodpeckers				
Red-headed Woodpecker*	u	u	u	u
Red-bellied Woodpecker*	a	a	a	a
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	u		u	u
Downy Woodpecker	c	c	c	c
Hairy Woodpecker*	u	u	u	u
Northern Flicker*	c	c	c	c
Pileated Woodpecker*	С	С	С	С
Flycatchers				
Eastern Phoebe*	c		c	c
Great-crested Flycatcher*	c	c	c	
Eastern Kingbird*	u	c	c	
Gray Kingbird*	С	С	u	r
Swallows				
Purple Martin	a	a	c	u
Tree Swallow	u	u	a	a
Northern Rough-winged Swallow*				
Bank Swallow	u	c	u	r
Barn Swallow*	r u	r c	u c	r r
	u			•
Jays and Crows Blue Jay*	a	a	a	a
American Crow*	a a	a a	a	a
Fish Crow*	a	a	a	a

	SP	S	F	W
Chickadees and Titmice				
Carolina Chickadee*	a	a	a	a
Tufted Titmouse*	a	a	a	a
Wrens				
Carolina Wren*	a	a	a	a
House Wren	u	0	c	c
Marsh Wren*	c	c	c	c
Kinglets and Gnatcatchers				
Golden-crowned Kinglet	u			u
Ruby-crowned Kinglet	c			c
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher*	c	u	c	c
Blue gray dilateatener	C	u		C
Thrushes				
Eastern Bluebird*	c	c	c	c
Veery	u		u	
Gray-cheeked Thrush	r		r	
Swainson's Thrush	r		r	
Hermit Thrush	С		c	
Wood Thrush*		c	c	
American Robin	u	u	С	a
Mockingbirds and Thrashers				
Gray Catbird*	u	0	a	a
Northern Mockingbird*	a	a	a	a
Brown Thrasher*	c	c	c	c
Waxwings				
Cedar Waxwing	c		u	c
Shrikes				
Loggerhead Shrike*	С	С	С	С
Vireos				
White-eyed Vireo*	a	a	a	a
Solitary Vireo	u			u
Yellow-throated Vireo*	u	c	u	r
Red-eyed Vireo*		c	c	
Warblers				
Blue-winged Warbler	r		0	0
Northern Parula	c	c	c	0
Yellow Warbler	r	r	c	r
Black-throated Blue Warbler	c	_	c	r
Yellow-rumped Warbler	a		a	a
Yellow-throated Warbler*	c	c	c	u
Pine Warbler*	a	a	a	a
Prairie Warbler*	c	c	c	c
Palm Warbler	u		a	a
Black and White Warbler	c		c	u

	DI.	B	I'	VV
American Redstart	c		c	u
Prothonotary Warbler*	c	c	u	r
Ovenbird	c		c	r
Common Yellowthroat	c	c	c	c
Common Tenowimoat	C		C	C
Tanagers, Grosbeaks, Buntings				
Summer Tanager	0	c	u	0
Scarlet Tanager	0		\mathbf{r}	
Cardinal	a	a	a	a
Blue Grosbeak*	c	c	u	r
Bade Grossean Indigo Bunting*	c	c	u	r
Eastern Towhee*	a	a	a	a
Bastern Townee	а	a	а	а
Sparrows				
Chipping Sparrow	u	r	a	a
Seaside Sparrow	c	c	c	c
Song Sparrow*	r		c	c
Swamp Sparrow	_		c	c
White-throated Sparrow			c	c
Dark-eyed Junco			c	c
Dark eyed suites			C	
Blackbirds				
Red-winged Blackbird*	a	a	a	a
Eastern Meadowlark*	a	a	a	a
Boat-tailed Grackle*	a	a	a	a
Common Grackle*	a	a	a	a
Brown-headed Cowbird*	u	u	c	c
Baltimore Oriole	u	-	u	u
Finches				
American Goldfinch	c			С
Introduced Non-native Species				
Muscovy Duck	u	u	u	u
Monk Parakeet	u	u	u	u
Rock Dove*	a	a	a	
Eurasian Collared-dove*				a
	u	u	u	u
European Starling	c	c	c	c
House Sparrow	С	c	С	С
For fruith or information contact				
For further information contact: Refuge Manager				
Chassahowitzka National Wildlife l	Dofue	0		
1509 SE Kings Pay Drive	verug	e		

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1502 SE Kings Bay Drive Crystal River, Florida 34429 352/563 2088

Birding Ethics

The membership of the American Birding Association believe that all birders have an obligation at all times to protect wildlife, the natural environment, and the rights of others and ask that all birders adhere to the following general guidelines of good birding behavior.

I. Birders must always act in ways that do not endanger the welfare of birds or other wildlife.

In keeping with this principle, we will:

Observe and photograph birds without knowingly disturbing them in any significant way.

Avoid chasing or repeatedly flushing birds.

Keep an appropriate distance from nests and nesting colonies so as not to disturb the birds or expose them to danger.

Disturb wintering wildlife as little as possible, particularly during critical feeding and resting periods. They need all of their energy reserves to withstand the stresses of harsh weather and migration.

II Birders must always act in ways that do not harm the natural environment.

In keeping with this principle, we will:

Stay on existing roads, trails, and pathways whenever possible to avoid trampling.

Leave all habitat as it was found. Many birds die when they become entangled in discarded fishing lines, 6 pack rings and other trash, or when they mistake garbage for food.

III Birders must always respect the rights of others.

In keeping with this principle, we will:

Respect the privacy and property of others by observing "No Trespassing" signs.

Observe all laws and the rules and regulations that govern public use of birding areas.

Always behave in a manner that will enhance the image of the birding community in the eyes of the public.

IV Birders in groups should assume special responsibilities.

As group members, we shall:

Take special care to alleviate the problems and disturbances that are multiplied when more people are present.

Act in consideration of the group's interest, as well as our own.

Support by our actions the responsibility of the group leader(s) for the conduct of the group.

As group leaders, we will:

Assume responsibility for the conduct of the group.

Learn and inform the group of any special rules, regulations, or conduct applicable to the area, or habitat being visited.

Limit groups to a size that does not threaten the environment or the peace and tranquility of others.

Teach others birding ethics by our words and example.

Sighting Notes	
Date	
Time	 _
Weather	
No. of species	
Route or area	
Observers	
Remarks	
200	

Chassahowitzka
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1502 SE Kings Bay Drive
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www.gorp.com/gorp/resource/us_nwr/fl_chass.htm
www.gorp.com/gorp/resource/us_nwr/fl_cryst.htm

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