Northern Long-Eared Bat (NLEB) Conservation Recommendations

Provided in the Programmatic Biological Opinion on Final 4(d) Rule for NLEB and Activities Excepted from Take Prohibitions dated January 5, 2016

- 1. Perform NLEB surveys according to the most recent Range-wide Indiana Bat/NLEB Summer Survey Guidelines.
- 2. Apply additional voluntary conservation measures, where appropriate, to reduce the impacts of activities on NLEBs. Conservation measures include:
 - a. Conduct tree removal activities outside of the NLEB pup season (June 1 to July 31) and/or the active season (April 1 to October 31). This will minimize impacts to pups at roosts not yet identified.
 - b. Avoid clearing suitable spring staging and fall swarming habitat within a 5-mile radius of known or assumed NLEB hibernacula during the staging and swarming seasons (April 1 to May 15 and August 15 to November 14, respectively).
 - c. Manage forests to ensure a continual supply of snags and other suitable maternity roost trees.
 - d. Conduct prescribed burns outside of the pup season (June 1 to July 31) and/or the active season (April 1 to October 31). Avoid high-intensity burns (causing tree scorch higher than NLEB roosting heights) during the summer maternity season to minimize direct impacts to NLEB.
 - e. Perform any bridge repair, retrofit, maintenance, and/or rehabilitation work outside of the NLEB active season (April 1 to October 31) in areas where NLEB are known to roost on bridges or where such use is likely.
 - f. Do not use military smoke and obscurants within forested suitable NLEB habitat during the pup season (June 1 to July 31) and/or the active season (April 1 to October 31).
 - g. Minimize use of herbicides and pesticides. If necessary, spot treatment is preferred over aerial application.
 - h. Evaluate the use of outdoor lighting during the active season and seek to minimize light pollution by angling lights downward or via other light minimization measures.
 - i. Participate in actions to manage and reduce the impacts of white-nose syndrome on NLEB. Actions needed to investigate and manage white-nose syndrome are described in a national plan the Service developed in coordination with other state and federal agencies (Service 2011). That plan can be found at <www.whitenosesyndrome.org>.
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. 2011. A National Plan for Assisting States, Federal Agencies, and Tribes in Managing White-Nose Syndrome in Bats. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Hadley, MA. 18pp.