

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (2x-1) = 5 \quad (1)$$

\Rightarrow



Given $\epsilon > 0$, We seek $\delta > 0$ such that (2)

$$|(2x-1) - 5| < \epsilon \text{ whenever } (3)$$

$$0 < |x-3| < \delta$$

$$\text{Finding : } |(2x-1) - 5| < \epsilon \quad (4)$$

\Rightarrow Cq here

Proof : (5)

\Rightarrow Cq here

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} F(x) = L \Rightarrow \text{General Formula } (1)$$

Given $\epsilon > 0$, We seek $\delta > 0$ whenever (2)

$$|F(x) - L| < \epsilon \text{ whenever } 0 < |x - a| < \delta \quad (3)$$

$$\text{Finding } \delta : |F(x) - L| < \epsilon \quad (4)$$

\Rightarrow

Proof : (5)

\Rightarrow