

AI ASSISSTED CODING

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BATCH NO:-06

COURSE NAME:- AI ASSISSTED CODING

FINAL SEM LAB EXAM

Q1: Clean attendance dataset

- Task 1: AI detects missing values.
- Task 2: Normalize data formatting.

PROMPT:-

"Write a Python script to clean an attendance CSV: detect missing values, normalize names/dates/status/times, flag rows missing critical fields, save cleaned CSV and print a short summary. Add brief comments."

CODE:-

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from datetime import datetime

# Map common status variants to canonical values
STATUS_MAP = {
    'p': 'Present', 'present': 'Present', 'yes': 'Present', 'y': 'Present',
    'a': 'Absent', 'absent': 'Absent', 'n': 'Absent', 'no': 'Absent',
    'late': 'Late', 'l': 'Late',
    'excused': 'Excused', 'e': 'Excused'
}

def detect_missing(df):
    """Return missing-count per column."""
    return df.isna().sum().to_dict()

def normalize_name(name):
    """Trim and title-case a name; preserve NaN."""
    if pd.isna(name):
        return name
    return " ".join(part.capitalize() for part in str(name).strip().split())

def parse_date(val):
    """Try common date formats, fallback to pandas parser; return pd.Timestamp or NaT."""
    if pd.isna(val):
        return pd.NaT
    for fmt in ("%Y-%m-%d", "%d-%m-%Y", "%d/%m/%Y", "%m/%d/%Y", "%Y/%m/%d"):
        try:
            return pd.to_datetime(val, format=fmt, errors='coerce')
        except Exception:
            pass
    return pd.to_datetime(val, errors='coerce')

def normalize_status(s):
    """Map status variants to canonical labels; preserve unknowns as title-cased text."""
    if pd.isna(s):
        return np.nan
    key = str(s).strip().lower()
    return STATUS_MAP.get(key, str(s).strip().capitalize())

def normalize_time(t):
    """Normalize time to HH:MM string; return NaN if not parseable."""
    if pd.isna(t):
        return np.nan
    dt = pd.to_datetime(t, errors='coerce')
    if pd.isna(dt):
        # try manual parse for H:M or H:MM with AM/PM
        try:
            txt = str(t).strip()
            dt2 = datetime.strptime(txt, "%I:%M %p")
            return dt2.strftime("%H:%M")
        except Exception:
            return np.nan

```

```

        return dt.strftime("%H:%M")

def clean_attendance(df):
    """Apply normalization and flag rows missing critical fields (name, date, status)."""
    df = df.copy()
    if 'name' in df.columns:
        df['name'] = df['name'].apply(normalize_name)
    if 'date' in df.columns:
        df['_date_parsed'] = df['date'].apply(parse_date)
        df['date'] = df['_date_parsed'].dt.strftime("%Y-%m-%d")
        df.drop(columns=['_date_parsed'], inplace=True)
    if 'status' in df.columns:
        df['status'] = df['status'].apply(normalize_status)
    if 'time_in' in df.columns:
        df['time_in'] = df['time_in'].apply(normalize_time)
    # flag rows missing any critical field
    critical = [c for c in ['name', 'date', 'status'] if c in df.columns]
    df['missing_critical'] = df[critical].isna().any(axis=1) if critical else False
    return df

def run(path="attendance.csv"):
    """Load CSV if exists, else demo data; clean, save, and print summary."""
    try:
        df = pd.read_csv(path)
        source = path

```

```

    except Exception:
        # demo data when no file present
        df = pd.DataFrame([
            {'name': 'alice smith', 'date': '01/02/2023', 'status': 'P', 'time_in': '9:05 AM'},
            {'name': 'BOB jones', 'date': '2023-02-01', 'status': 'absent', 'time_in': None},
            {'name': None, 'date': '2023/02/03', 'status': 'late', 'time_in': '13:5'},
            {'name': 'carol', 'date': 'invalid', 'status': None, 'time_in': '08:45'},
        ])
        source = 'demo'

    print(f"Source: {source} - rows: {len(df)} columns: {list(df.columns)}")
    print("Missing values before cleaning:", detect_missing(df))

    cleaned = clean_attendance(df)

    print("Missing values after cleaning:", detect_missing(cleaned))

    flagged = cleaned[cleaned['missing_critical']]
    if not flagged.empty:
        print("\nRows with missing critical fields:")
        print(flagged.to_string(index=False))

    out_path = "attendance_cleaned.csv"
    cleaned.to_csv(out_path, index=False)
    print(f"\nCleaned data written to: {out_path}")
    print("\nSample cleaned rows:")
    print(cleaned.head().to_string(index=False))

```

```

if __name__ == "__main__":
    run()
# ...existing code...

```

OUTPUT:-

```
[Running] python -u "c:\Users\admin\OneDrive\Desktop\BTECH IIYR\AI\AI_END_LABEXAM.py"
Source: demo  rows: 4 columns: ['name', 'date', 'status', 'time_in']
Missing values before cleaning: {'name': 1, 'date': 0, 'status': 1, 'time_in': 1}
Missing values after cleaning: {'name': 1, 'date': 3, 'status': 1, 'time_in': 2, 'missing_critical': 0}

Rows with missing critical fields:
|   name date  status time_in  missing_critical
Alice Smith  NaN Present  09:05             True
|   None  NaN   Late    NaN             True
|   Carol  NaN    NaN   08:45             True

Cleaned data written to: attendance_cleaned.csv

Sample cleaned rows:
|   name      date  status time_in  missing_critical
Alice Smith      NaN Present  09:05             True
|   Bob Jones 2023-02-01 Absent   NaN             False
|   None      NaN   Late    NaN             True
|   Carol      NaN    NaN   08:45             True

[Done] exited with code=0 in 0.936 seconds
```

OBSERVATION:-

Detects missing values per column and normalizes fields: name → Title Case, date → ISO YYYY-MM-DD (best-effort parsing), status → Present/Absent/Late/Excused mapping, time_in → HH:MM where parseable.

Flags rows missing any critical field (name, date, status). Writes cleaned CSV and prints a concise summary.

Q2: Preprocess grades

- Task 1: AI removes outliers.
- Task 2: Encode categorical values

PROMPT:-

"Create a Python script to preprocess a grades dataset: detect & remove numeric outliers (IQR), encode categorical columns (one-hot for course, ordinal for letter grades). Print removed rows and show encoded output."

CODE:-

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

# Remove outliers using IQR for specified numeric columns
def remove_outliers_iqr(df, cols, factor=1.5):
    removed_idx = set()
    for c in cols:
        if c not in df.columns:
            continue
        q1 = df[c].quantile(0.25)
        q3 = df[c].quantile(0.75)
        iqr = q3 - q1
        lower = q1 - factor * iqr
        upper = q3 + factor * iqr
        mask = (df[c] < lower) | (df[c] > upper)
        removed_idx.update(df.index[mask].tolist())
    cleaned = df.drop(index=removed_idx).reset_index(drop=True)
    removed = df.loc[sorted(removed_idx)].reset_index(drop=True)
    return cleaned, removed

# Encode categorical columns: one-hot for a list, ordinal for mapping dict
def encode_categoricals(df, onehot_cols=None, ordinal_maps=None):
    df = df.copy()
    if onehot_cols:
        df = pd.get_dummies(df, columns=onehot_cols, dummy_na=False)
    if ordinal_maps:
        for col, mapping in ordinal_maps.items():
            if col in df.columns:
                df[col + "_ord"] = df[col].map(mapping).astype('Int64')
    return df
```



```

if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Demo data when no file available
    df = pd.DataFrame([
        (function)def print(*values: object, sep: str = ' ', end: str = '\n', file: SupportsWrite[str] = None, flush: Literal[False] = False):
            # student: 'Alice', 'course': 'Math', 'score': 95, 'letter': 'A'},
            # student: 'Bob', 'course': 'Math', 'score': 47, 'letter': 'F'},
            # student: 'Carol', 'course': 'Eng', 'score': 88, 'letter': 'B'},
            # student: 'Dave', 'course': 'Eng', 'score': 300, 'letter': 'A'}, # high outlier
            # student: 'Eve', 'course': 'Sci', 'score': 92, 'letter': 'A'},
            # student: 'Frank', 'course': 'Math', 'score': 5, 'letter': 'F'}, # low outlier
    ]) -> None
    print(df.to_string(index=False))

    # 1) Remove outliers from 'score' using IQR
    cleaned, removed = remove_outliers_iqr(df, cols=['score'], factor=1.5)
    print("\nRemoved outlier rows (by score):")
    if removed.empty:
        print(" None")
    else:
        print(removed.to_string(index=False))

    # 2) Encode categoricals:
    # - one-hot encode 'course'
    # - ordinal encode letter grades (F<D<C<B<A)
    letter_map = {'F':0, 'D':1, 'C':2, 'B':3, 'A':4}
    encoded = encode_categoricals(cleaned, onehot_cols=['course'], ordinal_maps={'letter': 1

    print("\nEncoded data (sample):")
    print(encoded.to_string(index=False))

    # Save outputs
    cleaned.to_csv("grades_cleaned.csv", index=False)
    encoded.to_csv("grades_encoded.csv", index=False)
    print("\nSaved: grades_cleaned.csv, grades_encoded.csv")
    ...existing code...

```

OUTPUT:-

```

[Running] python -u "c:\Users\admin\OneDrive\Desktop\BTECH IIYR\AI\AI_END_LABEXAM.py"
Original data:
student course  score letter
  Alice   Math    95      A
   Bob    Math    47      F
  Carol   Eng     88      B
   Dave   Eng    300      A
   Eve    Sci     92      A
  Frank   Math     5      F

Removed outlier rows (by score):
student course  score letter
   Dave   Eng    300      A

Encoded data (sample):
student  score  letter  course_Eng  course_Math  course_Sci  letter_ord
  Alice     95      A      False      True      False         4
   Bob     47      F      False      True      False         0
  Carol     88      B       True      False      False         3
   Eve     92      A      False      False      True         4
  Frank      5      F      False      True      False         0

Saved: grades_cleaned.csv, grades_encoded.csv

[Done] exited with code=0 in 0.593 seconds

```

OBSERVATION:-

Outliers removed by IQR per numeric column; removed rows returned separately for review.

Categorical encoding: one-hot for nominal columns, ordinal mapping for ordered categories (letter grades).

Script writes cleaned and encoded CSVs and prints removed rows and final encoded table.