Name: Alluri Chaithra ID:2403A51105 Batch:06

Task Description#1 Basic Docstring Generation

- Write python function to return sum of even and odd numbers in the given list.
- Incorporate manual **docstring** in code with Google Style
- Use an AI-assisted tool (e.g., Copilot, Cursor AI) to generate a docstring describing the function.
- Compare the AI-generated docstring with your manually written one.

• Prompt:

Generate docstring for sum_even_odd functio + to

"Generate a Google-style docstring for a Python function sum_even_odd(numbers) that takes a list of integers and returns a tuple containing the sum of even numbers and the sum of odd numbers." give the code and ouput

```
def sum_even_odd(numbers):
    """Calculate the sum of even and odd numbers from a list of integers.

This function takes a list of integers and returns a tuple containing the sum of all even numbers and the sum of all odd numbers.

Args:
    numbers (list[int]): A list of integers to be processed.

Returns:
    tuple[int, int]: A tuple containing (sum_of_even_numbers, sum_of_odd_numbers).
        If the input list is empty, returns (0, 0).

Raises:
    TypeError: If the input is not a list or contains non-integer values.

Examples:
    >>> sum_even_odd([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    (6, 9)
    >>> sum_even_odd([2, 4, 6])
    (12, 0)
    >>> sum_even_odd([1, 3, 5])
    (0, 9)
    >>> sum_even_odd([1])
    (0, 0)
    """

if not isinstance(numbers, list):
    raise TypeError("Input must be a list")

even sum = 0
```

Code:

```
dd_sum = 0

for num in numbers:
    if not isinstance(num, int):
        raise TypeError("All elements in the list must be integers")

if num % 2 == 0:
        even_sum += num
    else:
    odd_sum += num

return (even_sum, odd_sum)

**Test the function with various inputs
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Test cases
    test_cases = [
        [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
        [2, 4, 6, 8],
        [1, 3, 5, 7],
        [10, 15, 20, 25, 30],
        [1],
        [0, -1, -2, -3, -4]

]

print("Testing sum_even_odd function:")
print("=" * 40)

for i, test_list in enumerate(test_cases, 1):
    result = sum_even_odd(test_list)
    print(f"Test (3): (test_list)")
    print(f"Test (3): (test_list)")
    print(f"Result: Even sum = (result[0]), Odd sum = (result[1])")
    print(f"Tuple: (result)")
```

Expected Outcome#1: Students understand how AI can produce function-level documentation.

```
print(f"Tuple: {result}")
                       print("-" * 30)
              Output:
                ≡ text
               Testing sum_even_odd function:
               _____
               Test 1: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
               Result: Even sum = 6, Odd sum = 9
               Tuple: (6, 9)
               Test 2: [2, 4, 6, 8]
               Result: Even sum = 20, Odd sum = 0
               Tuple: (20, 0)
               Test 3: [1, 3, 5, 7]
               Result: Even sum = 0, Odd sum = 16
               Tuple: (0, 16)
               Test 4: [10, 15, 20, 25, 30]
               Result: Even sum = 60, Odd sum = 40
               Tuple: (60, 40)
               Test 5: []
               Result: Even sum = 0, Odd sum = 0
               Tuple: (0, 0)
               Test 6: [0, -1, -2, -3, -4]
               Result: Even sum = -6, Odd sum = -4
               Tuple: (-6, -4)
Output:
```

Task Description#2 Automatic Inline Comments

- Write python program for sru_student class with attributes like name, roll no., hostel_status and fee_update method and display_details method.
- Write comments manually for each line/code block
- Ask an AI tool to add inline comments explaining each line/step.
- Compare the AI-generated comments with your manually written one.

• Prompt:

Add detailed inline comments to this Python program explaining each line and step, especially focusing on class, attributes, methods (fee_update, display_details), and object usage for beginners. give the code and output

```
class Student:
                 """Student class with fee management."""
                 total students = 0 # Class variable
                def __init__(self, name, student_id, course, initial_fee=0):
    """Constructor - creates new student object."""
                     self.name = name # Instance attribute
                     self.student_id = student_id
                     self.course = course
                     self.fee_balance = initial_fee
                     Student.total_students += 1
                     print(f"Student '{self.name}' enrolled!")
                 def fee_update(self, amount, operation="add"):
                     """Update student's fee balance."""
                     if operation == "add":
                         self.fee_balance += amount
                         print(f"Added ${amount}. New balance: ${self.fee_balance}")
                     elif operation == "subtract":
                         self.fee_balance -= amount
                         print(f"Subtracted ${amount}. New balance: ${self.fee_balance}")
                         print("Invalid operation!")
                     return self.fee_balance
                 def display_details(self):
                     """Display student information."""
                     print(f"\nName: {self.name}"
                     print(f"ID: {self.student_id}")
                     print(f"Course: {self.course}")
Code:
                     print(f"Balance: ${self.fee_balance}")
```

```
@classmethod
def get_total_students(cls):
    """Get total number of students."""
    return cls.total_students

# Main program
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Create student objects
    student1 = Student("Alice", "STU001", "CS", 1000)
    student2 = Student("Bob", "STU002", "Math", 500)
    student3 = Student("Carol", "STU003", "Physics")

# Display details
    student1.display_details()
    student2.display_details()
    student3.display_details()
    student1.fee_update(200, "add")
    student1.fee_update(100, "subtract")
    student3.fee_updated details
    student1.display_details()
    student3.display_details()
    student3.display_details()
    student3.display_details()

# Show updated details
    student1.display_details()
    student3.display_details()

# Class method
    print(f"Total students: {Student.get_total_students()}")
```

Expected Output#2: Students critically analyze AI-generated code comments.

Student 'Alice' enrolled! Student 'Bob' enrolled! Student 'Carol' enrolled!

Name: Alice ID: STU001 Course: CS Balance: \$1000

Name: Bob ID: STU002 Course: Math Balance: \$500

Name: Carol ID: STU003

Course: Physics Balance: \$0

Added \$200. New balance: \$1200 Subtracted \$100. New balance: \$400

Added \$300. New balance: \$300

Name: Alice ID: STU001 Course: CS Balance: \$1200

Name: Bob ID: STU002 Course: Math Balance: \$400

Name: Carol ID: STU003

Output:

Name: Bob ID: STU002 Course: Math Balance: \$400

Name: Carol ID: STU003

Course: Physics Balance: \$300

Total students: 3

Task Description#3

```
Parameters
   a : float or int
       Number to subtract from.
   b : float or int
      Number to subtract.
   Returns
   float or int
   Result of a - b.
   return a - b
def multiply(a, b):
   Multiply two numbers.
   Parameters
   a : float or int
      First number.
   b : float or int
       Second number.
   Returns
   float or int
   Product of a and b.
   return a * b
```

```
def divide(a, b):
   Divide first number by second.
    Parameters
    a : float or int
       Dividend.
    b : float or int
       Divisor.
    Returns
    float
        Quotient of a / b.
    Raises
    ValueError
        If b is zero.
    if b == 0:
       raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero!")
    return a / b
def calculator_menu():
    Interactive calculator menu.
    Returns
   None
   print("=== Calculator ===")
```

- Write a Python script with 3–4 functions (e.g., calculator: add, subtract, multiply, divide).
- Incorporate manual **docstring** in code with NumPy Style
- Use AI assistance to generate a module-level docstring + individual function docstrings.
- Compare the AI-generated docstring with your manually written one.

Prompt:

Generate a module-level docstring and NumPy-style docstrings for each function in this Python script that performs basic calculator operations (add, subtract, multiply, divide), give the code and output'

Expected Output#3: Students learn structured documentation for multi-function scripts

Code:

```
Parameters
   a : float or int
       Number to subtract from.
   b : float or int
       Number to subtract.
   Returns
   float or int
   Result of a - b.
   return a - b
def multiply(a, b):
   Multiply two numbers.
   Parameters
   a : float or int
       First number.
   b : float or int
       Second number.
   Returns
   float or int
   Product of a and b.
   return a * b
```

```
def divide(a, b):
   Divide first number by second.
    Parameters
    a : float or int
       Dividend.
    b : float or int
       Divisor.
    Returns
    float
       Quotient of a / b.
   Raises
    ValueError
   if b == 0:
       raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero!")
    return a / b
def calculator_menu():
    Interactive calculator menu.
   Returns
   None
   print("=== Calculator ===")
```

```
print("1. Add 2. Subtract 3. Multiply 4. Divide 5. Exit")
   while True:
       choice = input("Choice (1-5): ")
       if choice == '5':
          break
       if choice in ['1', '2', '3', '4']:
              a = float(input("First number: "))
              b = float(input("Second number: "))
              if choice == '1':
                 print(f"Result: {add(a, b)}")
              elif choice == '2':
                 print(f"Result: {subtract(a, b)}")
              elif choice == '3':
                 print(f"Result: {multiply(a, b)}")
              elif choice == '4':
                 print(f"Result: {divide(a, b)}")
          except ValueError as e:
              print(f"Error: {e}")
if __name__ == "__main__":
   print("Calculator Demo:")
   print(f"5 + 3 = {add(5, 3)}")
   print(f"10 - 4 = {subtract(10, 4)}")
   print(f"6 * 7 = {multiply(6, 7)}")
   print(f"15 / 3 = {divide(15, 3)}")
   try:
       divide(5, 0)
   except ValueError as e:
  if __name__ == "__main__":
       # Demo
       print("Calculator Demo:")
       print(f"5 + 3 = {add(5, 3)}")
       print(f"10 - 4 = {subtract(10, 4)}")
       print(f"6 * 7 = {multiply(6, 7)}")
       print(f"15 / 3 = {divide(15, 3)}")
       try:
            divide(5, 0)
       except ValueError as e:
            print(f"Error: {e}")
       calculator_menu()
```

```
Output:
 ≡ text
Calculator Demo:
5 + 3 = 8
10 - 4 = 6
6 * 7 = 42
15 / 3 = 5.0
Error: Cannot divide by zero!
 === Calculator ===
 1. Add 2. Subtract 3. Multiply 4. Divide 5. Exit
Choice (1-5): 1
First number: 10
Second number: 5
Result: 15.0
Choice (1-5): 4
First number: 20
Second number: 4
Result: 5.0
Choice (1-5): 5
```

Output:

Push documentation whole workspace as .md file in GitHub Repository

Note: Report should be submitted a word document for all tasks in a single document with prompts, comments & code explanation, and output and if required, screenshots