AI ASSISTED CODING

LAB TEST - 02

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BATCH: 05

DEPARTMENT: CSE

SET A

A.1 - Compute per-player average from logs (AI completion)

Prompt:

You are integrating a sports analytics telemetry service where each player emits periodic measures as CSV lines: id,timestamp,velocity. Due to flaky connectivity, some lines may be truncated or contain non-numeric values. Ops needs a quick aggregation for dashboards and alert thresholds.

Task:

Write a Python function to parse the raw text (multiple lines) and compute perplayer averages of velocity. Return a dict {id: avg} and separately compute an overall average.

Data & Edge Cases:

- Input contains newlines, optional leading/trailing spaces, and may include malformed rows.
- Timestamps are ISO-8601 but not needed for math.

Constraints & Notes:

- Prefer O(n) pass; ignore lines that cannot be split into three fields or have non-numeric metric.
- Round averages to 2 decimals.

Code Generated:

```
def compute_player_averages(raw_text):
          player_sums = {}
 2
 3
          player_counts = {}
 4
          total_sum = 0.0
 5
          total_count = 0
 6
 7
          for line in raw_text.strip().split('\n'):
 8
              line = line.strip()
 9
              if not line:
                  continue
10
11
              parts = line.split(',')
              if len(parts) != 3:
12
                  continue
13
14
              player_id, _, velocity_str = parts
15
              try:
16
                  velocity = float(velocity_str)
17
              except ValueError:
                   continue
18
              if player_id not in player_sums:
19
                   player_sums[player_id] = 0.0
20
21
                   player_counts[player_id] = 0
               player sums[player id] += velocity
22
              player_counts[player_id] += 1
23
24
            total sum += velocity
25
            total_count += 1
26
27
        player_averages = {}
28
        for pid in player_sums:
29
            avg = round(player_sums[pid] / player_counts[pid], 2)
            player_averages[pid] = avg
30
31
32
        overall_avg = round(total_sum / total_count, 2) if total_count else 0.0
        return player_averages, overall_avg
33
34
     if __name__ == "__main__":
35
        sample input = """
36
37
        pl91,2025-01-01T08:00,28.7
38
        pl92,2025-01-02T09:00,30.2
        pl93,2025-01-03T010:00,31.7
39
40
41
        per player, overall = compute player averages(sample input)
        print(per_player, "and overall_avg=", overall)
42
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\Summya Mehveen\OneDrive\Desktop\AI associated coding> & 'c:\Users\Summya Mehveen\AppDat a\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe' 'c:\Users\Summya Mehveen\.vscode\extensions\ms-python. debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher' '51658' '--' 'c:\Users\Summya Mehveen\One Drive\Desktop\AI associated coding\lab test 2.1.py' {'pl91': 28.7, 'pl92': 30.2, 'pl93': 31.7} and overall_avg= 30.2 PS C:\Users\Summya Mehveen\OneDrive\Desktop\AI associated coding>
```

Observation:

The provided Python function <u>compute player averages</u> correctly parses multiline CSV telemetry data, computes per-player average velocities, and calculates the overall average velocity. It robustly skips malformed or non-numeric lines, ensuring only valid data is aggregated. The output matches the expected format: a dictionary of player averages (rounded to 2 decimals) and an overall average. The sample input produces the correct result, demonstrating the function handles edge cases as required.

A.2 - Implement MatchStats with add/remove/summary (Al completion)

Prompt:

A microservice in the sports analytics platform maintains a small in-memory structure to track values keyed by identifier (e.g., order IDs, sensor IDs). Engineers want a minimal class to add, remove, and summarize current values for quick health checks.

Task:

Implement a MatchStats class with methods add(id: str, value: float), remove(id: str), and summary() -> tuple[int, float|None] returning (count, average).

Data & Edge Cases:

- IDs are unique keys.
- Re-adding the same ID overwrites its value.
- Removing a missing ID should be safe (no exception).
- For an empty store, average is None.

Constraints & Notes:

• Keep state in a dict; O(1) per operation; return rounded average to 2 decimals (when non-empty).

Code Generated:

```
from typing import Dict, Tuple, Optional
 2
 3
     class MatchStats:
 4
         Minimal in-memory stats tracker for unique IDs and their float values.
 5
 6
         Supports add, remove, and summary operations.
7
8
         def __init__(self):
9
            self._data: Dict[str, float] = {}
10
         def add(self, id: str, value: float) -> None:
11
12
             Add or update the value for the given ID.
13
14
             self._data[id] = value
15
16
         def remove(self, id: str) -> None:
17
18
19
             Remove the value for the given ID if it exists.
             Safe if ID is missing.
20
21
22
             self._data.pop(id, None)
```

```
23
24
         def summary(self) -> Tuple[int, Optional[float]]:
25
26
             Returns a tuple of (count, average of values rounded to 2 decimals).
27
             If empty, average is None.
28
             count = len(self._data)
29
30
             if count == 0:
                 return 0, None
31
             avg = round(sum(self._data.values()) / count, 2)
32
33
             return count, avg
34
35
     # Example usage:
     if __name__ == "__main__":
36
37
         stats = MatchStats()
38
         ops = [
             {'op': 'add', 'id': 'a1', 'value': 18},
39
             {'op': 'add', 'id': 'b2', 'value': 17},
40
             {'op': 'remove', 'id': 'a1'},
41
42
             {'op': 'add', 'id': 'c3', 'value': 15}
43
```

```
for op in ops:

if op['op'] == 'add':

for op in ops:

if op['op'] == 'remove':

elif op['op'] == 'remove':

stats.remove(op['id'])

count, avg = stats.summary()

print(f"count={count}, avg={avg}")
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\Summya Mehveen\OneDrive\Desktop\AI associated coding> c:; cd 'c:\Users\Summya Mehveen\O neDrive\Desktop\AI associated coding'; & 'c:\Users\Summya Mehveen\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Pyth on313\python.exe' 'c:\Users\Summya Mehveen\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\ bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher' '52293' '--' 'c:\Users\Summya Mehveen\OneDrive\Desktop\AI associated coding\lab test 2.2.py' count=2, avg=16.0
PS C:\Users\Summya Mehveen\OneDrive\Desktop\AI associated coding>
```

Observation:

The <u>MatchStats</u> class efficiently manages a dictionary of unique IDs and their float values, supporting O(1) add, remove, and summary operations.

- Adding an ID overwrites its value if it already exists.
- Removing a missing ID is safe and does not raise an exception.
- The <u>summary()</u> method returns the correct count and the average (rounded to 2 decimals), or None for the average if the store is empty.

The provided example demonstrates correct behavior: after the sequence of operations, the count is 2 and the average is 16.0, matching the sample output and requirements.