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Ai lab exam :4

Set:14

Lab test:4

Q1. Training dataset contains categorical, numeric, and timestamp columns.

a) Create AI-assisted mixed-type preprocessing script.

b) Explain feature validation rules.

PROMPT:- Write a Python preprocessing script that automatically handles mixed-type data (categorical, numeric, timestamp). The script should:

- 1. Detect column types**
- 2. Clean missing values**
- 3. Encode categorical columns**
- 4. Scale numeric columns**
- 5. Convert timestamp columns and extract year, month, day**
- 6. Use pipelines for preprocessing.****

CODE:-

```

num_pipe = Pipeline([
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='median')),
    ('scaler', StandardScaler())
])

# handle OneHotEncoder parameter compatibility across sklearn versions
try:
    ohe = OneHotEncoder(sparse=False, handle_unknown='ignore')
except TypeError:
    # newer sklearn versions use sparse_output
    ohe = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False, handle_unknown='ignore')

cat_pipe = Pipeline([
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='constant', fill_value='missing')),
    ('onehot', ohe)
])

col_transform = ColumnTransformer([
    ('num', num_pipe, numeric_cols),
    ('cat', cat_pipe, categorical_cols)
], remainder='drop')

processed = pd.DataFrame(index=df.index)
if numeric_cols or categorical_cols:
    arr = col_transform.fit_transform(df)

    num_names = numeric_cols.copy() if numeric_cols else []
    cat_names = []
    if categorical_cols:
        fitted_ohe = col_transform.named_transformers_['cat'].named_step
        cat_names = list(fitted_ohe.get_feature_names_out(categorical_co

```

```

LABEXAM_4.py > ...
# ...existing code...
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
import traceback

def validate_features(df, numeric_cols, categorical_cols, timestamp_cols, ma
    issues = []
    # numeric checks
    for c in numeric_cols:
        if c not in df.columns:
            issues.append(f"Missing numeric column: {c}")
            continue
        if not pd.api.types.is_numeric_dtype(df[c]):
            issues.append(f"Numeric column not numeric type: {c}")
        if df[c].isnull().all():
            issues.append(f"Numeric column all-missing: {c}")
        if (df[c].dropna() < -1e6).any():
            issues.append(f"Numeric column has extreme negative values: {c}")

    # categorical checks
    for c in categorical_cols:
        if c not in df.columns:
            issues.append(f"Missing categorical column: {c}")
            continue
        if df[c].nunique(dropna=True) > max_cardinality:
            issues.append(f"High cardinality in {c}: {df[c].nunique()} > {ma

```

```

col_names = num_names + cat_names
processed = pd.DataFrame(arr, columns=col_names, index=df.index)

result = pd.concat([processed.reset_index(drop=True), ts_features.reset_index(drop=True)], axis=1)
return result, issues

if __name__ == "__main__":
    try:
        # Demo dataset
        df = pd.DataFrame({
            "product": ["A", "B", None, "C", "A", "D"],
            "price": [10.5, 20.0, None, -9999999999, 15.0, 30.0],
            "sold_at": ["2021-01-01", "invalid date", "2020-06-15", None, "2021-01-01", "2021-01-01"]
        })

        numeric = ["price"]
        categorical = ["product"]
        timestamps = ["sold_at"]

        processed, issues = preprocess(df, numeric, categorical, timestamps)

        print("Validation issues:")
        for it in issues:
            print("-", it)
        print("\nProcessed features (head):")
        print(processed.head().to_string(index=False))
    except Exception as e:
        print("Script raised an exception:")
        traceback.print_exc()

```

```

# timestamp checks
for c in timestamp_cols:
    if c not in df.columns:
        issues.append(f"Missing timestamp column: {c}")
        continue
    parsed = pd.to_datetime(df[c], errors='coerce')
    if parsed.isna().all():
        issues.append(f"Timestamp column not parseable: {c}")

return issues

def timestamp_features(series):
    s = pd.to_datetime(series, errors='coerce')
    return pd.DataFrame({
        series.name + "_year": s.dt.year.fillna(0).astype(int),
        series.name + "_month": s.dt.month.fillna(0).astype(int),
        series.name + "_day": s.dt.day.fillna(0).astype(int),
        series.name + "_dow": s.dt.dayofweek.fillna(-1).astype(int),
        series.name + "_is_null": s.isna().astype(int)
    })

def preprocess(df, numeric_cols, categorical_cols, timestamp_cols):
    issues = validate_features(df, numeric_cols, categorical_cols, timestamp_cols)
    ts_dfs = []
    for c in timestamp_cols:
        ts_dfs.append(timestamp_features(df[c]))
    ts_features = pd.concat(ts_dfs, axis=1) if ts_dfs else pd.DataFrame(index=df.index)

```

OUTPUT:-

```

[Running] python -u "c:\Users\admin\OneDrive\Desktop\BTECH IIYR\AI\LABEXAM_4.py"
Validation issues:
- Numeric column has extreme negative values: price

Processed features (head):
   price  product_A  product_B  product_C  product_D  product_None  sold_at_year
sold_at_month sold_at_day sold_at_dow sold_at_is_null
0.447214      1.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0
2021
0.447214      0.0      1.0      0.0      0.0      0.0
0      0      0      -1      1
0.447214      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      1.0
2020      6      15      0      0
-2.236068      0.0      0.0      1.0      0.0      0.0
0      0      0      -1      1
0.447214      1.0      0.0      0.0      0.0      0.0
2022      12      31      5      0

```

OBSERVATION:-

The preprocessing script correctly finds categorical, numeric, and timestamp columns and applies the right cleaning steps. It encodes categorical data, scales numeric values, and

extracts useful parts from timestamps. This makes the dataset clean, consistent, and ready for modeling, helping to improve accuracy and reduce errors.

b) Explain feature validation rules.

? IDs must be present and unique; wrong IDs show data errors.

? Numeric values should be in valid ranges (like age 0–120, income ≥ 0).

? Check how much data is missing; too much missing needs imputation or removal.

? Categorical values must be valid; “UNK/Unknown” should be treated as missing.

? Timestamps must be valid dates; bad dates become NA, and we extract year/month/day for modelin

Q2. AI suggests using AutoML transformation pipeline.

a) Define integration steps.

b) State when custom logic is required.

PROMPT:-

"Show AutoML pipeline steps for mixed data, explain when custom logic is needed, and give a small Python script using ColumnTransformer with an AutoML model."

CODE:-

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from collections import OrderedDict

# Optional AutoML import - safe fallback if not installed
try:
    import autosklearn_classification as automl_pkg
    HAS_AUTOSKLEARN = True
except Exception:
    HAS_AUTOSKLEARN = False

def build_transformer(numeric_cols, categorical_cols):
    """
    Build a sklearn ColumnTransformer for mixed data.
    Returns (transformer, feature_names)
    """
    # numeric pipeline: median impute + scale
    num_pipe = Pipeline([
        ('impute', SimpleImputer(strategy='median')),
        ('scale', StandardScaler())
    ])

```

```

# categorical pipeline: fill and one-hot
# handle sklearn versions for sparse output
ohe_kwargs = {'handle_unknown': 'ignore'}
try:
    ohe = OneHotEncoder(sparse=False, **ohe_kwargs)
except TypeError:
    ohe = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False, **ohe_kwargs)

cat_pipe = Pipeline([
    ('impute', SimpleImputer(strategy='constant', fill_value='missing')),
    ('ohe', ohe)
])

transformers = []
if numeric_cols:
    transformers.append(('num', num_pipe, numeric_cols))
if categorical_cols:
    transformers.append(('cat', cat_pipe, categorical_cols))

ct = ColumnTransformer(transformers, remainder='drop')
# feature names resolved after fit; return transformer for fit/transform
return ct

```



```

def integrate_automl_pipeline(df, numeric_cols, categorical_cols, timestamp_cols):
    notes = []
    # 1) timestamp expansion
    def expand_timestamps(df, cols):
        out = OrderedDict()
        for c in cols:
            s = pd.to_datetime(df[c], errors='coerce')
            out[f'{c}_year'] = s.dt.year.fillna(0).astype(int)
            out[f'{c}_month'] = s.dt.month.fillna(0).astype(int)
            out[f'{c}_day'] = s.dt.day.fillna(0).astype(int)
            out[f'{c}_is_null'] = s.isna().astype(int)
        return pd.DataFrame(out, index=df.index) if cols else pd.DataFrame()

    ts_df = expand_timestamps(df, timestamp_cols)
    notes.append("timestamps expanded -> year/month/day/is_null")

    # 2) build transformer
    transformer = build_transformer(numeric_cols, categorical_cols)
    notes.append("column transformer built for numeric/categorical")

    # 3) Combine original df features for fitting transformer
    base_df = pd.concat([df[numeric_cols + categorical_cols].reset_index(drop=True), ts_df]).reset_index(drop=True)
    # Note: ColumnTransformer only transforms specified numeric/categorical;
    # Fit transformer to produce feature names (if needed)
    if numeric_cols or categorical_cols:
        transformer.fit(base_df)
        notes.append("transformer fitted on data")
        transformed = transformer.transform(base_df)
        # attempt to collect feature names for inspection

```

```

        feature_names = []
        if numeric_cols:
            feature_names.extend(numeric_cols)
        if categorical_cols:
            ohe = transformer.named_transformers_.get('cat')
            if ohe is not None:
                # get feature names if available
                try:
                    onehot = ohe.named_steps['one']
                    ohe_names = list(onehot.get_feature_names_out(categorical_cols))
                except Exception:
                    ohe_names = [f'{c}__ohe_{i}' for c in categorical_cols for i in range(2, 10)]
                feature_names.extend(ohe_names)
            else:
                transformed = np.empty((len(df), 0))
                feature_names = []

    # append timestamp features to transformed (for inspection only)
    final_feature_count = transformed.shape[1] + ts_df.shape[1]
    notes.append(f"final feature count (transformed + timestamps): {final_feature_count}")

    pipeline = None
    if use_automl:
        if not HAS_AUTOSKLEARN:
            notes.append("AutoML requested but autosklearn not installed - skip")
        else:
            # Example: attach AutoSklearnClassifier in a sklearn Pipeline
            automl = automl_pkg.AutoSklearnClassifier(time_left_for_this_task=time_left_for_this_task)
            pipeline = Pipeline([
                ('transform', transformer),
                ('automl', automl)
            ])

```

```

        notes.append("AutoML estimator attached to pipeline (not fitted)")

    # return small summary and objects
    return {
        'pipeline': pipeline,
        'transformer': transformer,
        'transformed_shape': transformed.shape,
        'timestamp_shape': ts_df.shape,
        'feature_names_sample': feature_names[:10],
        'notes': notes
    }

if __name__ == "__main__":
    # demo dataset
    df = pd.DataFrame({
        "product": ["A", "B", None, "C", "A"],
        "price": [10.5, 20.0, None, 15.0, 30.0],
        "sold_at": ["2021-01-01", "invalid", "2020-06-15", None, "2023-03-05"]
    })
    numeric = ["price"]
    categorical = ["product"]
    timestamps = ["sold_at"]

    result = integrate_automl_pipeline(df, numeric, categorical, timestamps,

    print("Integration notes:")
    for n in result['notes']:
        print(" -", n)
    print("Transformed shape:", result['transformed_shape'])
    print("Timestamp features shape:", result['timestamp_shape'])
    print("Sample feature names:", result['feature_names_sample'])

```

OUTPUT:-

```

[Running] python -u C:\Users\admin\OneDrive\Desktop\BTECH ITR\AI\LABEXAM_4.py
Integration notes:
- timestamps expanded -> year/month/day/is_null
- column transformer built for numeric/categorical
- transformer fitted on data
- final feature count (transformed + timestamps): 9
Transformed shape: (5, 5)
Timestamp features shape: (5, 4)
Sample feature names: ['price', 'product_A', 'product_B', 'product_C', 'product_None']

[Done] exited with code=0 in 1.569 seconds

```

OBSERVATON:-

Expand timestamps, build and fit a ColumnTransformer, optionally add AutoML, and export the pipeline.

Use AutoML for automatic model search; add custom logic for special categories, timestamps, imputation, or business rules..

a) Integration Steps

1. **Data Ingestion:** Load data from CSV/DB/API.
 2. **Validation & Profiling:** Check missing values, data types, anomalies.
 3. **AutoML Pipeline:**
 - Numeric → impute + scale
 - Categorical → encode (OneHot/Frequency)
 - Timestamp → extract year/month/day/hour/dayofweek
 - Boolean → impute 0/1
 4. **Feature Engineering:** AutoML handles interactions/polynomials.
 5. **Model Integration:** Feed preprocessed data into candidate models.
 6. **Monitoring & Logging:** Track applied transformations.
 7. **Deployment:** Apply same pipeline to new/real-time data.
-

b) When Custom Logic Is Required

- **Domain rules:** e.g., $\text{Age} \leq 120$, $\text{Income} \geq 0$.
- **Complex features:** Ratios, flags, aggregates.
- **Data cleaning exceptions:** Invalid timestamps, malformed IDs.

- **Special encoding/imputation:** Rare categories, group-based imputation.
- **Compliance/audit:** Explainable transformations beyond AutoML defaults.