

# AI ASSISTED CODING

## ASSIGNMENT-8.1

**Name:MD ZIAUDDIN**

**Rollno:2403A51271**

### Task-1:

**Prompt:**

generate at least 3 assert test cases for `is_strong_password(password)` and implement the validator

function and Password must have at least 8 characters also include uppercase, lowercase, digit, and special character, must not contain spaces. assert test cases examples like assert

```
is_strong_password("Abcd@123") == True
assert is_strong_password("abcd123") == False
assert is_strong_password("ABCD@1234") == True
```

finally, must be like Password validation logic passing all generated test cases

### Code with output:

```
import re

def is_strong_password(password: str) -> bool:
    # Rule 1: At least 8 characters
    if len(password) < 8:
        return False
    # Rule 2: Must not contain spaces
    if " " in password:
        return False
    # Rule 3: Must contain uppercase
    if not re.search(r"[A-Z]", password):
        return False
    # Rule 4: Must contain lowercase
    if not re.search(r"[a-z]", password):
        return False
    # Rule 5: Must contain digit
    if not re.search(r"[0-9]", password):
        return False
    # Rule 6: Must contain special character
    if not re.search(r"[!@#$%^&*~.-]", password):
        return False
    return True

# --- Test Cases ---
assert is_strong_password("Abcd@123") == True      # valid
assert is_strong_password("abcd123") == False     # missing uppercase + special char
assert is_strong_password("ABCD@1234") == False   # missing lowercase
assert is_strong_password("Short1!") == False     # too short
assert is_strong_password("NoSpecial123") == False # missing special char
assert is_strong_password("Valid@Pass9") == True  # valid
assert is_strong_password("A1b@567@") == True     # exactly 8 chars, valid

print("✅ Password validation logic passing all test cases")
```

### Task-2:

### Prompt:

generate at least 3 assert test cases for a `classify_number(n)` function. Implement using loops.

The requirements are Classify numbers as Positive, Negative, or Zero., Handle invalid inputs like strings and None., Include boundary conditions (-1, 0, 1).

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert classify_number(10) == "Positive"
```

```
assert classify_number(-5) == "Negative"
```

```
assert classify_number(0) == "Zero"
```

output should be like Classification logic passing all assert tests

### Code with output:

```
def classify_number(n):
    # Loop used to validate input (simple simulation)
    for _ in range(1): # single iteration just to demonstrate loop usage
        if n is None:
            return "Invalid Input"
        if isinstance(n, (int, float)):
            if n > 0:
                return "Positive"
            elif n < 0:
                return "Negative"
            else:
                return "Zero"
        else:
            return "Invalid Input"

# --- Test Cases ---
assert classify_number(10) == "Positive" # normal positive
assert classify_number(-5) == "Negative" # normal negative
assert classify_number(0) == "Zero" # boundary zero
assert classify_number(-1) == "Negative" # boundary condition
assert classify_number(1) == "Positive" # boundary condition
assert classify_number("abc") == "Invalid Input" # invalid string
assert classify_number(None) == "Invalid Input" # invalid None

print("✅ Classification logic passing all assert tests")
```

[3] ✓ 0.0s Python

... ✅ Classification logic passing all assert tests

### Task-3:

#### Prompt:

generate at least 3 assert test cases for `is_anagram(str1, str2)` and implement the function.

the Requirements are like Ignore case, spaces, and punctuation, Handle edge cases (empty strings, identical words), Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert is_anagram("listen", "silent") == True
```

```
assert is_anagram("hello", "world") == False
```

```
assert is_anagram("Dormitory", "Dirty Room") == True
```

Output should like a Function correctly identifying anagrams and passing all generated tests

Code with output:

```
import re

def is_anagram(str1: str, str2: str) -> bool:
    # Remove all non-alphanumeric characters and spaces, convert to lowercase
    clean1 = re.sub(r'[^\w-0-9]', '', str1).lower()
    clean2 = re.sub(r'[^\w-0-9]', '', str2).lower()

    # Edge case: if both are empty, treat as True (they match)
    if not clean1 and not clean2:
        return True

    # Compare sorted characters
    return sorted(clean1) == sorted(clean2)

# --- Test Cases ---
assert is_anagram("listen", "silent") == True      # classic anagram
assert is_anagram("hello", "world") == False      # not anagrams
assert is_anagram("Dormitory", "Dirty Room") == True  # ignore spaces & case
assert is_anagram("", "") == True                  # both empty
assert is_anagram("Test", "tEst") == True           # identical words, diff case
assert is_anagram("A gentleman", "Elegant man!!") == True # punctuation ignored

print("✅ Function correctly identifying anagrams and passing all generated tests")
```

[4] ✓ 0.0s

✅ Function correctly identifying anagrams and passing all generated tests

Snipping Tool

Screenshot copied to clipboard  
Automatically saved to screenshots folder.

Task-4:

Prompt:

generate at least 3 assert-based tests for an Inventory class with stock management.

Methods:

- o add\_item(name, quantity)
- o remove\_item(name, quantity)
- o get\_stock(name)

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
inv = Inventory()
inv.add_item("Pen", 10)
assert inv.get_stock("Pen") == 10
inv.remove_item("Pen", 5)
assert inv.get_stock("Pen") == 5
inv.add_item("Book", 3)
assert inv.get_stock("Book") == 3
```

Output like Fully functional class passing all assertions

Code with output:

```
class Inventory:
    def __init__(self):
        self.stock = {}

    def add_item(self, name, quantity):
        if quantity < 0:
            raise ValueError("Quantity cannot be negative")
        self.stock[name] = self.stock.get(name, 0) + quantity

    def remove_item(self, name, quantity):
        if name not in self.stock:
            raise ValueError(f"{name} not found in inventory")
        if quantity < 0:
            raise ValueError("Quantity cannot be negative")
        if self.stock[name] < quantity:
            raise ValueError(f"Not enough {name} in stock to remove")
        self.stock[name] -= quantity
        if self.stock[name] == 0:
            del self.stock[name]

    def get_stock(self, name):
        return self.stock.get(name, 0)

# --- Test Cases ---
inv = Inventory()

# Add and check stock
inv.add_item("Pen", 10)
assert inv.get_stock("Pen") == 10

# Remove and check stock
inv.remove_item("Pen", 5)
assert inv.get_stock("Pen") == 5
```

```
# Add another item
inv.add_item("Book", 3)
assert inv.get_stock("Book") == 3

# Edge cases
inv.add_item("Notebook", 0)
assert inv.get_stock("Notebook") == 0

inv.remove_item("Book", 3)
assert inv.get_stock("Book") == 0 # removed completely

print("✅ Fully functional class passing all assertions")
```

✓ 0.0s Python

✅ Fully functional class passing all assertions

## Task-5:

### Prompt:

generate at least 3 assert test cases for  
validate\_and\_format\_date(date\_str) to check and convert dates. The  
Requirements:

- o Validate "MM/DD/YYYY" format.
- o Handle invalid dates.
- o Convert valid dates to "YYYY-MM-DD".

Example Assert Test Cases:

```
assert validate_and_format_date("10/15/2023") == "2023-10-15"
assert validate_and_format_date("02/30/2023") == "Invalid Date"
assert validate_and_format_date("01/01/2024") == "2024-01-01"
```

Output like a Function passes all generated assertions and handles  
edge  
cases

### Code with output:

```

from datetime import datetime

def validate_and_format_date(date_str: str) -> str:
    try:
        # Parse with expected MM/DD/YYYY format
        dt = datetime.strptime(date_str, "%m/%d/%Y")
        (function) def validate_and_format_date(date_str: str) -> str
        return dt.strftime("%Y-%m-%d")
    except ValueError:
        return "Invalid Date"

# --- Test Cases ---
assert validate_and_format_date("10/15/2023") == "2023-10-15" # valid
assert validate_and_format_date("02/30/2023") == "Invalid Date" # invalid day
assert validate_and_format_date("01/01/2024") == "2024-01-01" # valid
assert validate_and_format_date("13/01/2023") == "Invalid Date" # invalid month
assert validate_and_format_date("00/10/2023") == "Invalid Date" # invalid month
assert validate_and_format_date("12/31/1999") == "1999-12-31" # valid edge case

print("✅ Function passes all generated assertions and handles edge cases")

```

6]

✓ 0.0s

Py

..

✅ Function passes all generated assertions and handles edge cases