

AI-ASSISTED-CODING

Assignment-9.3

Task Description#1:

Basic Docstring Generation


- Write python function to return sum of even and odd numbers in the given list.

```
1 def sum_even_odd(numbers):  
2     """  
3     Calculates the sum of even and odd  
4     numbers in a given list.  
5  
6     Args:  
7     numbers (List[int]): A list of  
8     integers.  
9  
10    Returns:  
11    Tuple[int, int]: A tuple  
12    containing the sum of even  
13    numbers and the sum of odd  
14    numbers.  
15    """  
16    even_sum = sum(num for num in numbers  
17                    if num % 2 == 0)  
18    odd_sum = sum(num for num in numbers  
19                  if num % 2 != 0)  
20    return even_sum, odd_sum
```

- Incorporate manual docstring in code with Google Style

```
1 """  
2 Calculates the sum of even and odd numbers  
3 in a given list.  
4  
5 Args:  
6     numbers (List[int]): A list of  
7     integers.  
8  
9 Returns:  
10     Tuple[int, int]: A tuple containing  
11     the sum of even numbers and the  
12     sum of odd numbers.  
13 """
```

- Use an AI-assisted tool (e.g., Copilot, Cursor AI) to generate a docstring describing the function

 **Manually Written Docstring (Google Style)**


Python ^

Copy

```
"""
Calculates the sum of even and odd numbers in

Args:
    numbers (List[int]): A list of integers.

Returns:
    Tuple[int, int]: A tuple containing the su
"""
```

 **AI-Generated Docstring**

Python ^

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```
"""
Returns the sum of even and odd numbers from t

Parameters:
    numbers (List[int]): List of integers to p

Returns:
    Tuple[int, int]: A tuple where the first e
    and the second is the sum of odd numbers.
"""
```

- Compare the AI-generated docstring with your manually written one.

Aspect	Manual Docstring	AI-Generated Docstring
Clarity	Clear and concise	Also clear, slightly more conversational
Structure	Strict Google Style	Mostly Google Style, but uses "Parameters"
Detail	Precise and formal	Slightly more casual but informative
Terminology	Uses "Args" and "Returns"	Uses "Parameters" instead of "Args"

Task Description#2 :

Automatic Inline Comments

- Write python program for sru_student class with attributes like name, roll no., hostel_status and fee_update method and display_details method.

```
1 class sru_student:
2     # Constructor to initialize student attributes
3     def __init__(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status):
4         self.name = name # Student's name
5         self.roll_no = roll_no # Student's roll number
6         self.hostel_status = hostel_status # Whether the student stays
            in hostel
7         self.fee_paid = False # Initial fee status set to unpaid
8
9     # Method to update fee status
10    def fee_update(self, status):
11        self.fee_paid = status # Update fee status based on input
12
13    # Method to display student details
14    def display_details(self):
15        print(f"Name: {self.name}") # Print student's name
16        print(f"Roll No: {self.roll_no}") # Print roll number
17        print(f"Hostel Status: {self.hostel_status}") # Print hostel
            status
18        print(f"Fee Paid: {'Yes' if self.fee_paid else 'No'}") # Print
            fee payment status
19
```

- Write comments manually for each line/code block

```
1 class sru_student:
2     # Define a class to represent a student at SRU
3     def __init__(self, name, roll_no, hostel_status):
4         self.name = name # Assign the student's name
5         self.roll_no = roll_no # Assign the student's roll number
6         self.hostel_status = hostel_status # Assign hostel status (Yes
            /No)
7         self.fee_paid = False # Initialize fee status to unpaid
8
9     def fee_update(self, status):
10        self.fee_paid = status # Set the fee status to the given value
11
12    def display_details(self):
13        print(f"Name: {self.name}") # Display the student's name
14        print(f"Roll No: {self.roll_no}") # Display the roll number
15        print(f"Hostel Status: {self.hostel_status}") # Display hostel
            status
16        print(f"Fee Paid: {'Yes' if self.fee_paid else 'No'}") #
            Display fee payment status
```

- Compare the AI-generated comments with your manually written one

Line/Block	Manual Comment	AI-Generated Comment
<code>class sru_student:</code>	No comment	"Define a class to represent a student..."
<code>__init__</code> method	"Constructor to initialize..."	"Initialize student attributes" (implied)
<code>self.name = name</code>	"Student's name"	"Assign the student's name"
<code>self.fee_paid = False</code>	"Initial fee status set to unpaid"	"Initialize fee status to unpaid"
<code>fee_update</code> method	"Method to update fee status"	"Set the fee status to the given value"
<code>display_details</code> method	"Method to display student details"	"Display the student's..." (per line)

Task Description#3:

- Write a Python script with 3–4 functions (e.g., calculator: add, subtract, multiply,

```
1 # =====
2 # Manual Module Docstring
3 # =====
4 """
5 This module provides basic arithmetic operations: addition, subtraction,
6 multiplication, and division. Each function takes two numeric inputs and
7 returns the result of the operation.
8
9 Functions:
10     add(a, b)
11     subtract(a, b)
12     multiply(a, b)
13     divide(a, b)
14 """
15
16 def add(a, b):
17     """
18     Add two numbers.
19
20     Parameters
21     -----
22     a : float or int
23         The first number.
```



```

47     float or int
48     |     The result of a - b.
49     """
50     return a - b
51
52 def multiply(a, b):
53     """
54     Multiply two numbers.
55
56     Parameters
57     -----
58     a : float or int
59     |     The first number.
60     b : float or int
61     |     The second number.
62
63     Returns
64     -----
65     float or int
66     |     The product of a and b.
67     """
68     return a * b

```

```

23     |     The first number.
24     b : float or int
25     |     The second number.
26
27     Returns
28     -----
29     float or int
30     |     The sum of a and b.
31     """
32     return a + b
33
34 def subtract(a, b):
35     """
36     Subtract one number from another.
37
38     Parameters
39     -----
40     a : float or int
41     |     The number to subtract from.
42     b : float or int
43     |     The number to subtract.
44
45     Returns

```

```

70 def divide(a, b):
71     """
72     Divide one number by another.
73
74     Parameters
75     -----
76     a : float or int
77     |   The numerator.
78     b : float or int
79     |   The denominator.
80
81     Returns
82     -----
83     float
84     |   The result of a / b.
85
86     Raises
87     -----
88     ValueError
89     |   If b is zero.
90     """
91     if b == 0:
92         raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero.")

```

```

91     if b == 0:
92         raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero.")
93     return a / b

```

- Incorporate manual docstring in code with

Numpy

```

1 """
2 A simple calculator module that provides functions to perform basic arithmetic
  operations:
3 addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.
4 """
5
6 def add(a, b):
7     """Returns the sum of two numbers."""
8     return a + b
9
10 def subtract(a, b):
11     """Returns the difference between two numbers."""
12     return a - b
13
14 def multiply(a, b):
15     """Returns the product of two numbers."""
16     return a * b
17
18 def divide(a, b):
19     """Returns the result of dividing a by b. Raises an error if b is zero."""
20     if b == 0:
21         raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero.")
22     return a / b

```

- Use AI assistance to generate a module-level docstring + individual function

docstrings.

```

1 """
2 A basic calculator module that provides functions for performing
  arithmetic operations.
3
4 This module includes functions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide
  two numeric values.
5 Each function accepts two inputs and returns the result of the
  corresponding operation.
6
7 Functions
8 -----
9 add(a, b)
10     Returns the sum of two numbers.
11
12 subtract(a, b)
13     Returns the difference between two numbers.
14
15 multiply(a, b)
16     Returns the product of two numbers.
17
18 divide(a, b)
19     Returns the quotient of two numbers, with error handling for
    division by zero.

```

- Compare the AI-generated docstring with your manually written one

Feature	Manual Docstring (NumPy Style)	AI-Generated Docstring
Format	Structured with headers (Parameters , Returns)	Simple one-liners
Detail Level	Explicit types, error handling, and descriptions	Concise and readable
Consistency	Uniform across all functions	Varies slightly in phrasing
Style Compliance	Fully adheres to NumPy Style	More casual, not style-specific
Module Docstring	Lists functions and purpose	General overview only