

ASSIGNMENT 10.2

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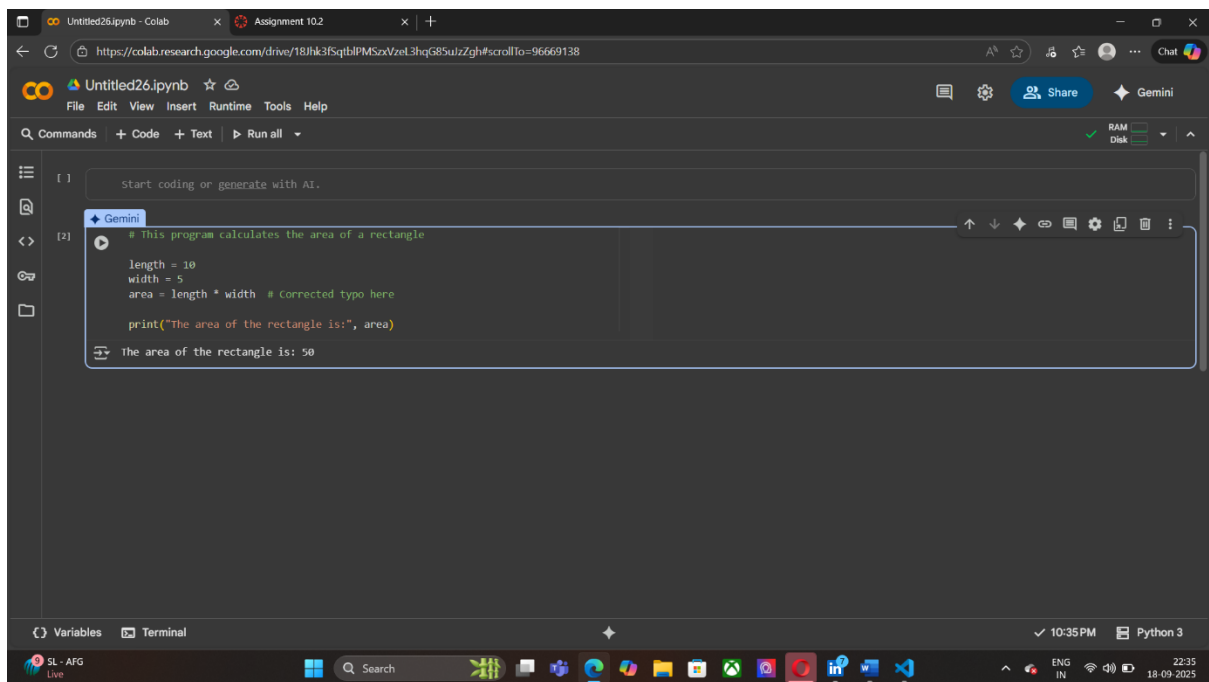
BATCH : 12

Task Description 1 :

AI-Assisted Code Review (Basic Errors)

- Write python program as shown below.
- Use an AI assistant to review and suggest corrections.

Expected Outcome#1: Students need to submit corrected code with comments.



```
[1] start coding or generate with AI.

[2] # This program calculates the area of a rectangle
length = 10
width = 5
area = length * width # Corrected typo here
print("The area of the rectangle is:", area)

The area of the rectangle is: 50
```

Prompt:

Write a Python program as instructed.

- Use an AI assistant to review your code and suggest corrections for any errors or improvements.
- Submit the corrected code with comments explaining the changes.

Task Description 2:

Automatic Inline Comments

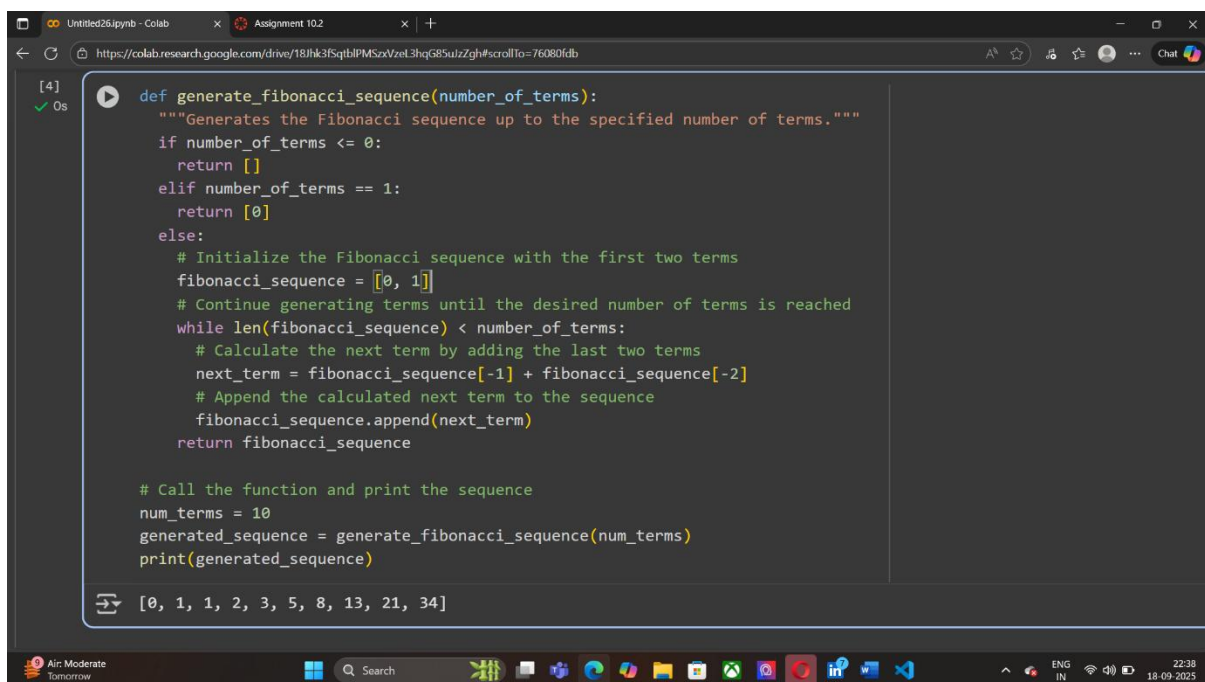
- Write the Python code for Fibonacci as shown below and execute.
- Ask AI to improve variable names, add comments, and apply PEP8 formatting (cleaned up).
- Students evaluate which suggestions improve readability most. one.

Expected Output#2: Clean format python code with much readability.

Prompt:

Write the Python code for generating Fibonacci numbers as shown below and execute it.

- Ask an AI assistant to improve variable names, add meaningful inline comments, and apply PEP8 formatting for better readability.
- Evaluate which AI suggestions most improve the code's clarity and maintainability



```
[4] def generate_fibonacci_sequence(number_of_terms):  
    """Generates the Fibonacci sequence up to the specified number of terms."""  
    if number_of_terms <= 0:  
        return []  
    elif number_of_terms == 1:  
        return [0]  
    else:  
        # Initialize the Fibonacci sequence with the first two terms  
        fibonacci_sequence = [0, 1]  
        # Continue generating terms until the desired number of terms is reached  
        while len(fibonacci_sequence) < number_of_terms:  
            # Calculate the next term by adding the last two terms  
            next_term = fibonacci_sequence[-1] + fibonacci_sequence[-2]  
            # Append the calculated next term to the sequence  
            fibonacci_sequence.append(next_term)  
        return fibonacci_sequence  
  
    # Call the function and print the sequence  
    num_terms = 10  
    generated_sequence = generate_fibonacci_sequence(num_terms)  
    print(generated_sequence)
```

[0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34]

Task Description 3:

- Write a Python script with 3–4 functions (e.g., calculator: add, subtract, multiply, divide).
- Incorporate manual docstring in code with NumPy Style
- Use AI assistance to generate a module-level docstring + individual function docstrings.
- Compare the AI-generated docstring with your manually written one.

Common Examples of Code Smells

- Long Function – A single function tries to do too many things.
- Duplicate Code – Copy-pasted logic in multiple places.
- Poor Naming – Variables or functions with confusing names (x1, foo, data123).
- Unused Variables – Declaring variables but never using them.
- Magic Numbers – Using unexplained constants (3.14159 instead of PI).
- Deep Nesting – Too many if/else levels, making code hard to read.
- Large Class – A single class handling too many responsibilities.

Why Detecting Code Smells is Important

- Makes code easier to read and maintain.
- Reduces chance of bugs in future updates.
- Helps in refactoring (improving structure without changing behavior).
- Encourages clean coding practices

Dead Code – Code that is never executed.

Expected Output#3: Students learn structured documentation for multi-function scripts
Push documentation whole workspace as .md file in GitHub Repository

Note: Report should be submitted a word document for all tasks in a single document with prompts, comments & code explanation, and output and if required, screenshots

Prompt:

Write a Python script with 3–4 functions (e.g., calculator: add, subtract, multiply, divide).

- Manually add NumPy-style docstrings to each function.
- Use AI assistance to generate a module-level docstring and individual function docstrings.
- Compare the AI-generated docstrings with your manually written ones, noting differences in structure, clarity, and completeness.

```
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Assignment 10.2
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[16] ✓ Os
# You can access the docstrings using the __doc__ attribute
print("Module Docstring:")
print(__doc__)

print("\nAdd Function Docstring:")
print(add_numbers.__doc__)

print("\nSubtract Function Docstring:")
print(subtract_numbers.__doc__)

print("\nMultiply Function Docstring:")
print(multiply_numbers.__doc__)

print("\nDivide Function Docstring:")
print(divide_numbers.__doc__)

Module Docstring:
This module provides basic arithmetic operations.

It includes functions for addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.
Each function is designed to handle numerical inputs.

Add Function Docstring:

Adds two numbers.

Parameters
-----
num1 : float
    The first number.
num2 : float
```

```
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[16] ✓ Os

Adds two numbers.

Parameters
-----
num1 : float
    The first number.
num2 : float
    The second number.

Returns
-----
float
    The sum of the two numbers.

Subtract Function Docstring:

Subtracts the second number from the first.

Parameters
-----
num1 : float
    The first number.
num2 : float
    The second number.

Returns
-----
float
    The difference between the two numbers.

Multiply Function Docstring:
```

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Commands + Code + Text Run all

Parameters

```
num1 : float
    The first number.
num2 : float
    The second number.
```

Returns

```
float
    The product of the two numbers.
```

Divide Function Docstring:

Divides the first number by the second.

Parameters

```
num1 : float
    The numerator.
num2 : float
    The denominator.
```

Returns

```
float
    The result of the division.
```

Raises

```
ZeroDivisionError
    If the denominator is zero.
```

Variables Terminal

10:43 PM Python 3

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