

Subset 8 – Data Structures with AI for Student Records

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END EXAM:AI-ASSISTED-CODING

BATCH:06

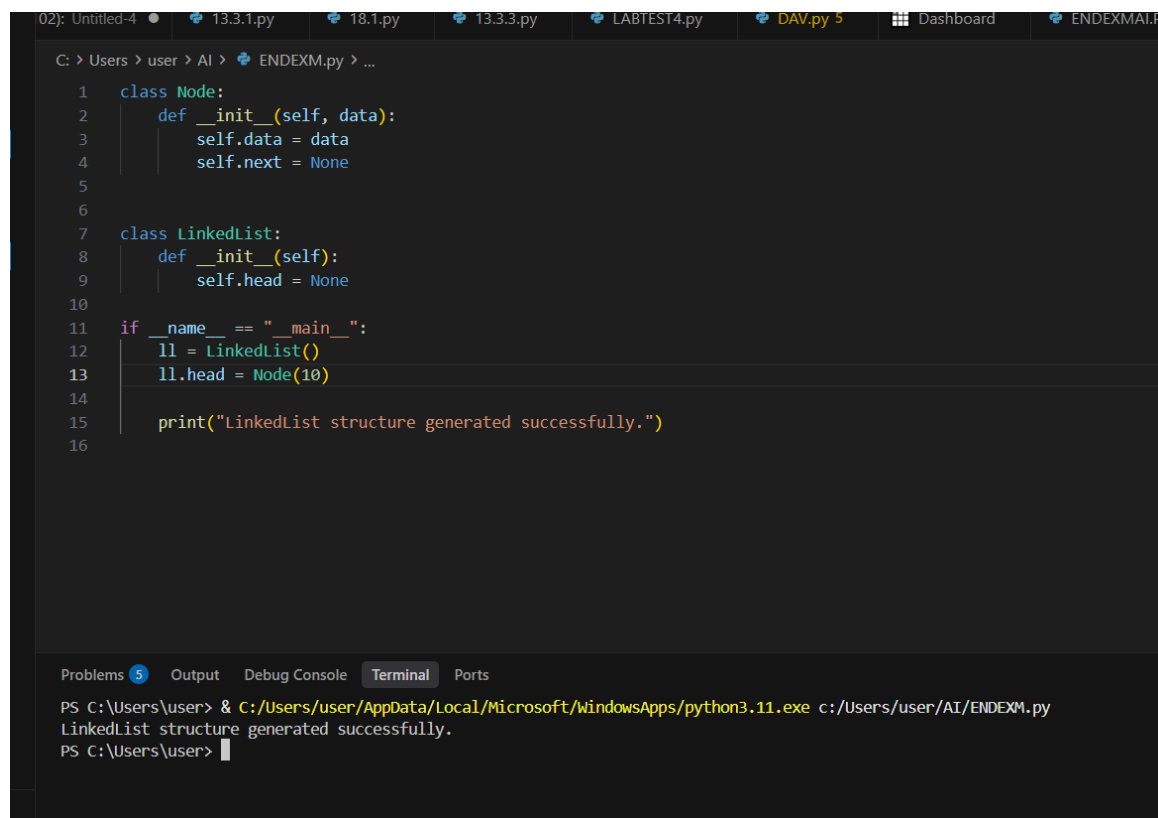
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Q1 – Task 1: Linked List Class Structure

Prompt Used:

- Generate Python class for Node and LinkedList.
- Include head initialization.
- Provide extendable DS foundation.

Code and Output:



```
02: Untitled-4 • 13.3.1.py 18.1.py 13.3.3.py LABTEST4.py DAV.py 5 Dashboard ENDEXM.AI.P
C: > Users > user > AI > ENDEXM.py > ...
1 class Node:
2     def __init__(self, data):
3         self.data = data
4         self.next = None
5
6
7 class LinkedList:
8     def __init__(self):
9         self.head = None
10
11 if __name__ == "__main__":
12     ll = LinkedList()
13     ll.head = Node(10)
14
15     print("LinkedList structure generated successfully.")
16
Problems 5 Output Debug Console Terminal Ports
PS C:\Users\user> & C:/Users/user/AppData/Local/Microsoft/WindowsApps/python3.11.exe c:/Users/user/AI/ENDEXM.py
LinkedList structure generated successfully.
PS C:\Users\user>
```

Observation:

- Node and LinkedList classes initialized.
- Ready for adding operations.
- Memory-efficient for dynamic records.

Q1 – Task 2: Insert, Delete, Search Methods**Prompt Used:**

- Add insert(), delete(), search() methods.
- Traverse list and handle edge cases.
- Maintain readability.

Code and Output:

```
C: > Users > user > AI > ENDEXM.py > ...  
1  class Node:  
2      def __init__(self, data):  
3          self.data = data  
4          self.next = None  
5  
6  
7  class LinkedList:  
8      def __init__(self):  
9          self.head = None  
10  
11      def insert(self, data):  
12          new_node = Node(data)  
13          if not self.head:  
14              self.head = new_node  
15              return  
16  
17          curr = self.head  
18          while curr.next:  
19              curr = curr.next  
20          curr.next = new_node  
21  
22      def delete(self, key):  
23          curr = self.head  
24  
25          if curr and curr.data == key:  
26              self.head = curr.next  
27              return  
28  
29          prev = None  
30          while curr and curr.data != key:  
31              prev = curr  
32              curr = curr.next  
33
```

```

31         prev = curr
32         curr = curr.next
33
34         if curr:
35             prev.next = curr.next
36
37     def search(self, key):
38         curr = self.head
39         while curr:
40             if curr.data == key:
41                 return True
42             curr = curr.next
43         return False
44
45     def display(self):
46         curr = self.head
47         result = []
48         while curr:
49             result.append(curr.data)
50             curr = curr.next
51         return result
52
53
54 # Test the LinkedList
55 ll = LinkedList()
56 ll.insert(10)
57 ll.insert(20)
58 ll.insert(30)
59
60 print("List:", ll.display())
61
62 ll.delete(20)
63 print("After Delete:", ll.display())
64
65 print("Search 30:", ll.search(30))
66 print("Search 50:", ll.search(50))

```

```

List: [10, 20, 30]
After Delete: [10, 30]
Search 30: True
Search 50: False
PS C:\Users\user>

```

Observation:

- Insert adds values correctly.
- Delete works for head and middle nodes.
- Search performs linear lookup.
- Linked list operations validated.

Q2 –Student Priority Queue Logic

Prompt Used:

- Use heapq for priority queue.
- Highest CGPA = highest priority.
- Override `__lt__` for max-heap behavior.

Code and output:

```
C:\Users\user> AI > ENDEXM.py > ...

1  import heapq
2
3  class Student:
4      def __init__(self, name, cgpa):
5          self.name = name
6          self.cgpa = cgpa
7
8      def __lt__(self, other):
9          return self.cgpa > other.cgpa
10
11     def __repr__(self):
12         return f"{self.name} (CGPA: {self.cgpa})"
13
14     class StudentPriorityQueue:
15         def __init__(self):
16             self.heap = []
17
18         def insert(self, student):
19             heapq.heappush(self.heap, student)
20
21         def pop_highest(self):
22             if self.heap:
23                 return heapq.heappop(self.heap)
24             return None
25
26         def display(self):
27             return list[Any](self.heap)
28     pq = StudentPriorityQueue()
29
30     pq.insert(Student("Abhi", 9.1))
31     pq.insert(Student("Rahul", 8.6))
32     pq.insert(Student("Meera", 9.4))
33
34     print("Queue:", pq.display())
35     print("Top Priority Student:", pq.pop_highest())
36     print("Queue After Pop:", pq.display())

Problems 5 Output Debug Console Terminal Ports
Queue: [Meera (CGPA: 9.4), Rahul (CGPA: 8.6), Abhi (CGPA: 9.1)]
Top Priority Student: Meera (CGPA: 9.4)
Queue After Pop: [Abhi (CGPA: 9.1), Rahul (CGPA: 8.6)]
PS C:\Users\user>
```

Observation:

- Highest CGPA student popped first.
- Queue updates automatically.
- Demonstrates correct heap-based priority behavior.