# AIAC LAB ASSIGNMENT 6.3

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Batch: AIAI 02

**Subject:** Al Assisted Coding

#### Task - 1

#### **Task Description:**

Use AI to complete a Student class with attributes and a method. Check output and analyze the code generated by AI tool.

# **Prompt:**

generate a Student class with attributes and a method .input should be taken by the user.

# Code:

```
class Student:
        def __init__(self, name, age, student_id):
            self.name = name
            self.age = age
            self.student id = student id
        def display_info(self):
            print(f"Name: {self.name}")
            print(f"Age: {self.age}")
            print(f"Student ID: {self.student_id}")
    name = input("Enter student name: ")
    age = int(input("Enter student age: "))
    student id = input("Enter student ID: ")
    student1 = Student(name, age, student_id)

→ Enter student name: rakshith

    Enter student age: 18
    Enter student ID: 2403a52007
```

## Task - 2

## **Task Description:**

Prompt AI to complete a function that prints the first 10 multiples of a number using a loop. Analyze the generated code and ask AI to generate code using other controlled looping.

### **Prompt:**

Generate a Python function that takes a number as input and prints its first 10 multiples using a for loop. After generating the code, analyze it, and then ask me to generate the same functionality using a while loop. Input should be taken from the user **Code:** 

TEXT-2

```
def print multiples for(number):
      """Prints the first 10 multiples of a given number using a for loop."""
      print(f"First 10 multiples of {number}:")
      for i in range(1, 11):
        print(number * i)
    # Get input from the user
    num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
    # Call the function
    print_multiples_for(num)
→ Enter a number: 2
    First 10 multiples of 2:
    4
    6
    8
    10
    12
    14
    16
    18
    20
```

# **Task Description:**

Ask AI to write nested if-elif-else conditionals to classify age groups. Analyze the generated code and ask AI to generate code using other conditional statements.

# **Prompt:**

generate a python code of nested if-elif-else conditionals to classify age groups using other conditional statements.

#### Code:

TEXT-3

```
    age = int(input("Enter age: "))

if age < 0:
    print("Invalid age.")

elif age <= 12:
    print("Child")

elif age <= 19:
    print("Teenager")

else:
    if age <= 59:
        print("Adult")
    else:
        print("Senior")

    Enter age: 18
Teenager
</pre>
```

# **Explanation:**

This Python program classifies a person's age into groups such as Child, Teenager, Adult, or Senior using nested if-elif-else conditions. The function classify\_age(age) checks the given age and returns the appropriate category. For example, ages 0–12 are classified as *Child*, 13–19 as *Teenager*, 20–59 as *Adult*, and 60+ as *Senior*. If an invalid or negative value is entered, it returns *Invalid age*. The program also includes error handling with try-except to ensure that only valid integers are accepted as input, and it displays the user's age group accordingly.

# Task - 4

# **Task Description:**

Generate a sum\_to\_n() function to calculate sum of first n numbers. Analyze the generated code and get suggestions from AI with other controlled looping.

# **Prompt:**

Generate a python function of sum\_to\_n() function to calculate sum of first n numbers and generate the code with other controlled looping.input should be taken from the user

#### Code:

TEXT-4

```
def sum_to_n(n):
    """Calculates the sum of the first n numbers using a for loop."""
    total_sum = 0
    for i in range(1, n + 1):
        total_sum += i
        return total_sum

# Get input from the user
    num = int(input("Enter a number (n): "))

# Calculate and print the sum
    result = sum_to_n(num)
    print(f"The sum of the first {num} numbers is: {result}")

Enter a number (n): 6
    The sum of the first 6 numbers is: 21
```

# **Explaination:**

This Python program calculates the sum of the first n positive integers using a for loop. The user enters a number, and if it's valid and positive, the program

displays the sum; otherwise, it shows an error message.

### Task - 5

## **Task Description:**

Use AI to build a BankAccount class with deposit, withdraw, and balance methods. Analyze the generated code and add comments and explain code.

### **Prompt:**

Generate a Python BankAccount class with methods: deposit, withdraw, and get\_balance. After generating the code, add comments and explain how it works. Take input from the user.

#### Code:

```
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class BankAccount:
         """Represents a simple bank account."""
        def __init__(self, initial_balance=0):
    """Initializes the bank account with a starting balance."""
            self.balance = initial_balance
            print(f"Account created with initial balance: ${self.balance:.2f}")
        def deposit(self, amount):
             """Deposits a positive amount into the account."""
            if amount > 0:
                self.balance += amount
                print(f"Deposited: ${amount:.2f}")
                print(f"Current balance: ${self.balance:.2f}")
            else:
                print("Deposit amount must be positive.")
        def withdraw(self, amount):
             ""Withdraws a positive amount from the account if sufficient funds are available."""
            if amount > 0:
                if self.balance >= amount:
                     self.balance -= amount
                    print(f"Withdrew: ${amount:.2f}")
                    print(f"Current balance: ${self.balance:.2f}")
                else:
                    print("Insufficient funds.")
                print("Withdrawal amount must be positive.")
        def get_balance(self):
```

```
def get_balance(self):
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0
             ""Returns the current account balance."""
            return self.balance
    # --- User Interaction ---
    # Create a bank account
    account = BankAccount()
    # Deposit funds
        deposit_amount = float(input("Enter amount to deposit: "))
        account.deposit(deposit_amount)
    except ValueError:
        print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number for deposit.")
    try:
        withdraw amount = float(input("Enter amount to withdraw: "))
        account.withdraw(withdraw_amount)
    except ValueError:
        print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number for withdrawal.")
    # Display final balance
    print(f"Final balance: ${account.get_balance():.2f}")
Account created with initial balance: $0.00
    Enter amount to deposit: 500
    Deposited: $500.00
    Current balance: $500.00
    Enter amount to withdraw: 120
                                                                         # --- User Interaction ---
    # Create a bank account
    account = BankAccount()
    # Deposit funds
        deposit amount = float(input("Enter amount to deposit: "))
        account.deposit(deposit_amount)
    except ValueError:
        print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number for deposit.")
        withdraw amount = float(input("Enter amount to withdraw: "))
        account.withdraw(withdraw amount)
    except ValueError:
        print("Invalid input. Please enter a valid number for withdrawal.")
    # Display final balance
    print(f"Final balance: ${account.get_balance():.2f}")
Account created with initial balance: $0.00
    Enter amount to deposit: 500
```

Account created with initial balance: \$0.00
Enter amount to deposit: 500
Deposited: \$500.00
Current balance: \$500.00
Enter amount to withdraw: 120
Withdrew: \$120.00
Current balance: \$380.00
Final balance: \$380.00

# **Explanation:**

#### **Code Explanation:**

- BankAccount class: This class defines the structure and behavior of a bank account.
- \_\_init\_\_(self, initial\_balance=0): This is the constructor method. It's called when you create a new BankAccount object. It initializes the balance attribute to the initial\_balance provided (or 0 if none is given).
- deposit(self, amount): This method handles deposits. It checks if the deposit amount is positive and, if so, adds it to the balance.
- withdraw(self, amount): This method handles withdrawals. It checks if the withdrawal amount is positive and if there are enough balance funds. If both conditions are met, it subtracts the amount from the balance. Otherwise, it prints an error message.
- get\_balance(self): This method simply returns the current value of the balance attribute.
- User Interaction Section:
  - o An instance of the BankAccount class is created.
  - The code then prompts the user to enter amounts for deposit and withdrawal using input().
  - try-except blocks are used to handle potential ValueError if the user enters non-numeric input.
  - The deposit and withdraw methods are called with the user-provided amounts.
  - Finally, the get\_balance method is called to get the final balance, which is then printed.