

ASSIGNMENT-8

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BATCH: AIB03

Task-1

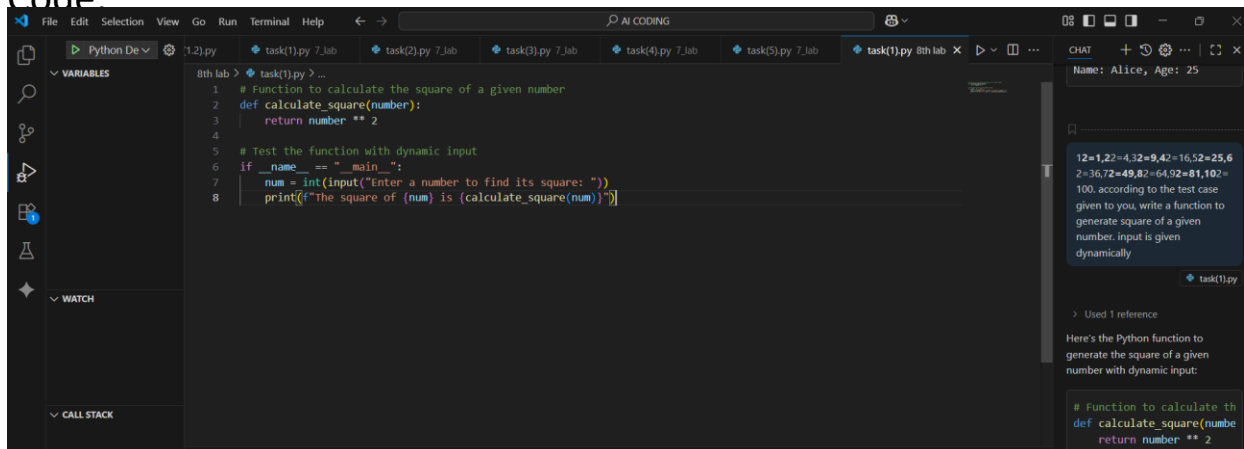
Write a test case to check if a function returns the square of a number.

Then write the function with help from GitHub Copilot or Cursor AI.

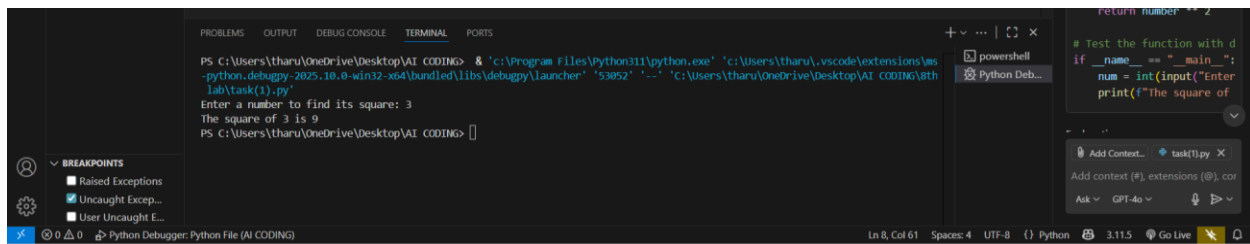
Prompt:

1**2=1,2**2=4,3**2=9,4**2=16,5**2=25,6**2=36,7**2=49,8**2=64,9**2=81,10**2=100. according to the test case given to you, write a function to generate square of a given number. input is given dynamically

Code:

The screenshot shows a code editor with a dark theme. The main editor window displays a Python script. The script defines a function 'calculate_square' that takes a 'number' as an argument and returns 'number ** 2'. Below the function definition, there is a test case using 'if __name__ == "__main__":' which prompts the user to 'Enter a number to find its square:' and prints the result of 'calculate_square(num)'. The left sidebar shows a 'VARIABLES' panel and a 'WATCH' panel. The right sidebar shows a 'CHAT' panel with a message from 'Alice, Age: 25' and a response from the AI assistant. The response includes a list of squares from 1 to 10, a prompt to write a function, and the Python function code. The AI assistant's response is: '12=1,22=4,32=9,42=16,52=25,62=36,72=49,82=64,92=81,102=100. according to the test case given to you, write a function to generate square of a given number. input is given dynamically'. Below this, it says 'Used 1 reference' and 'Here's the Python function to generate the square of a given number with dynamic input:'. The function code is: '# Function to calculate the square of a given number\ndef calculate_square(number):\n return number ** 2'.

OP:



Observation:

The `calculate_square` function takes a number as input and returns its square using the `**` operator. I have prompted to input a number dynamically. The program calculates the square of the input number and prints the result.

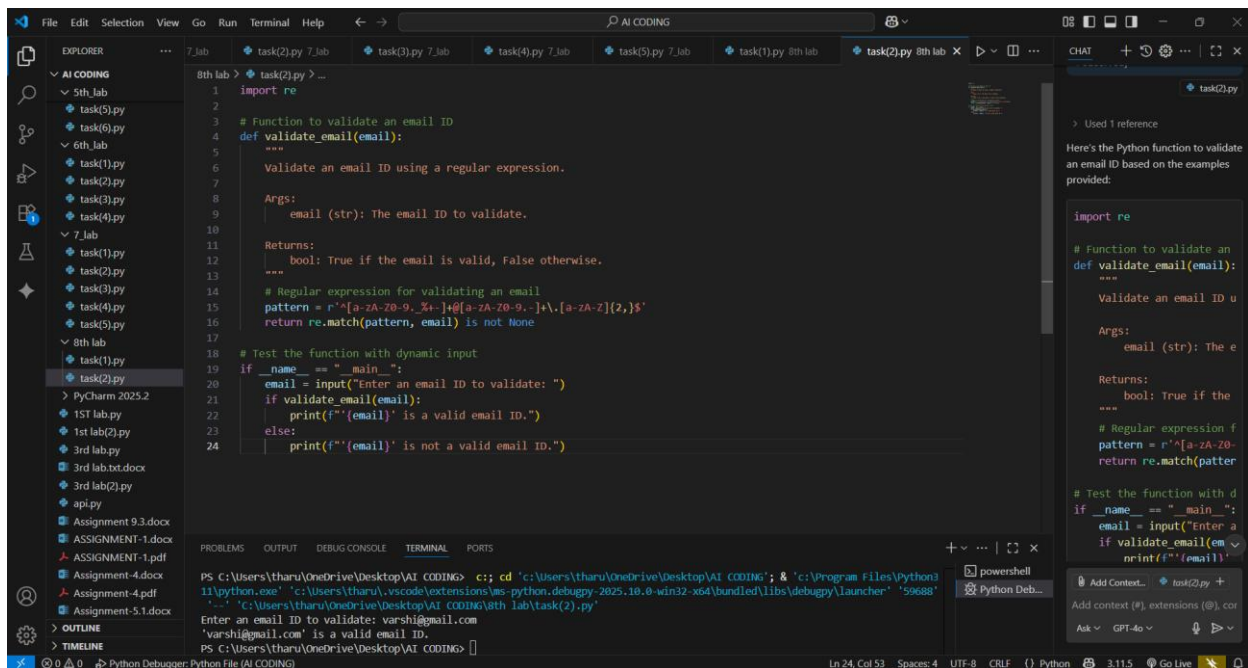
Task-2:

Create test cases to validate an email address (e.g., contains `@` and `.com`). Use AI assistance to implement the `validate_email()` function

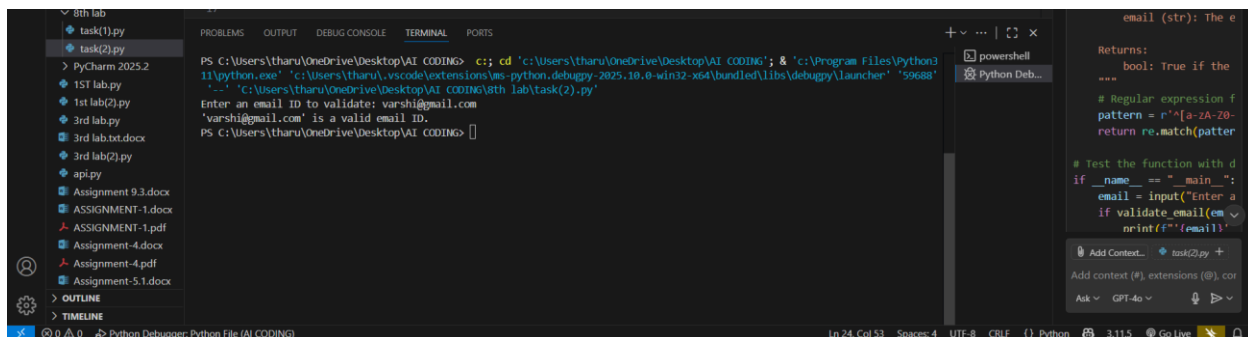
Prompt:

write a function which validates a email id. examples of a mail id is `containt@gmail.com`, `madam@gmail.com`, `anyone@gmail.com`. according to the test case/examples given generate code.

Code:



OP:



Observation:

Examples like `containt@gmail.com`, `madam@gmail.com`, and `anyone@gmail.com` are valid because, They contain alphanumeric characters before the `@`. They have a domain name after the `@` (e.g., `gmail.com`). The domain name ends with a valid top-level domain (e.g., `.com`). Emails without an `@` symbol or domain name are invalid. Emails with special characters in invalid positions (e.g., `@example.com` or `name@.com`) are invalid.

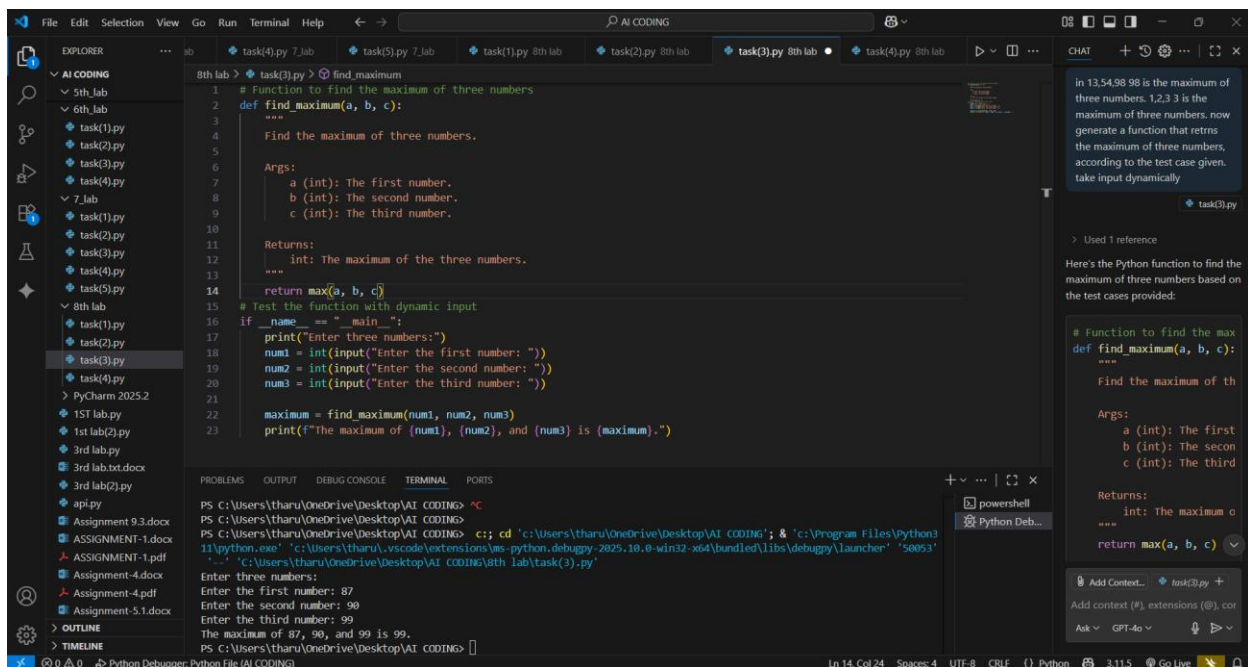
Task-3:

Write test cases for a function that returns the maximum of three numbers. Prompt Copilot/Cursor to write the logic based on tests

Prompt:

in 13,54,98 98 is the maximum of three numbers. 1,2,3 3 is the maximum of three numbers. now generate a function that returns the maximum of three numbers, according to the test case given. take input dynamically

Code:



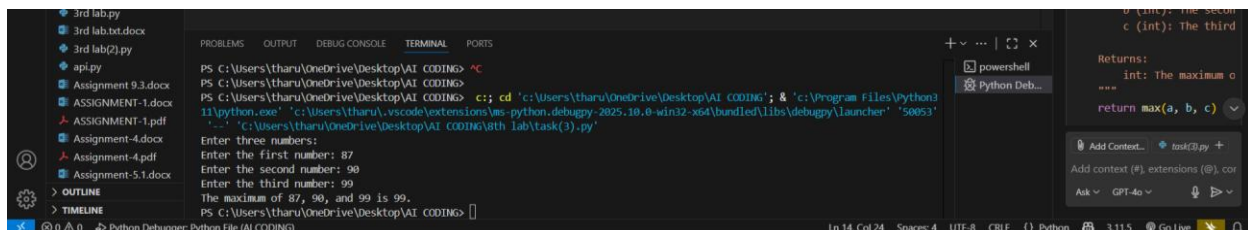
The screenshot shows the VS Code editor with a file named `task(3).py` open. The code defines a function `find_maximum(a, b, c)` that returns the maximum of three numbers. It also includes a `main` function that takes user input for three numbers and prints the result. The terminal shows the execution of the script, where the user enters 87, 90, and 99, and the output is "The maximum of 87, 90, and 99 is 99." The right sidebar shows the AI Copilot chat window with a prompt and a response.

```
1 # Function to find the maximum of three numbers
2 def find_maximum(a, b, c):
3     """
4     Find the maximum of three numbers.
5
6     Args:
7         a (int): The first number.
8         b (int): The second number.
9         c (int): The third number.
10
11     Returns:
12         int: The maximum of the three numbers.
13     """
14     return max(a, b, c)
15
16 # Test the function with dynamic input
17 if __name__ == "__main__":
18     print("Enter three numbers:")
19     num1 = int(input("Enter the first number: "))
20     num2 = int(input("Enter the second number: "))
21     num3 = int(input("Enter the third number: "))
22
23     maximum = find_maximum(num1, num2, num3)
24     print(f"The maximum of {num1}, {num2}, and {num3} is {maximum}.")
```

Terminal Output:

```
PS C:\Users\tharu\OneDrive\Desktop\AI CODING> cd .\8th lab\
PS C:\Users\tharu\OneDrive\Desktop\AI CODING> python task(3).py
Enter three numbers:
Enter the first number: 87
Enter the second number: 90
Enter the third number: 99
The maximum of 87, 90, and 99 is 99.
```

OP:



This screenshot shows the same VS Code editor setup as the previous one, but with a different terminal output. The user has entered 87, 90, and 99, and the output is "The maximum of 87, 90, and 99 is 99." The right sidebar shows the AI Copilot chat window with a prompt and a response.

```
1 # Function to find the maximum of three numbers
2 def find_maximum(a, b, c):
3     """
4     Find the maximum of three numbers.
5
6     Args:
7         a (int): The first number.
8         b (int): The second number.
9         c (int): The third number.
10
11     Returns:
12         int: The maximum of the three numbers.
13     """
14     return max(a, b, c)
15
16 # Test the function with dynamic input
17 if __name__ == "__main__":
18     print("Enter three numbers:")
19     num1 = int(input("Enter the first number: "))
20     num2 = int(input("Enter the second number: "))
21     num3 = int(input("Enter the third number: "))
22
23     maximum = find_maximum(num1, num2, num3)
24     print(f"The maximum of {num1}, {num2}, and {num3} is {maximum}.")
```

Terminal Output:

```
PS C:\Users\tharu\OneDrive\Desktop\AI CODING> cd .\8th lab\
PS C:\Users\tharu\OneDrive\Desktop\AI CODING> python task(3).py
Enter three numbers:
Enter the first number: 87
Enter the second number: 90
Enter the third number: 99
The maximum of 87, 90, and 99 is 99.
```

Observation:

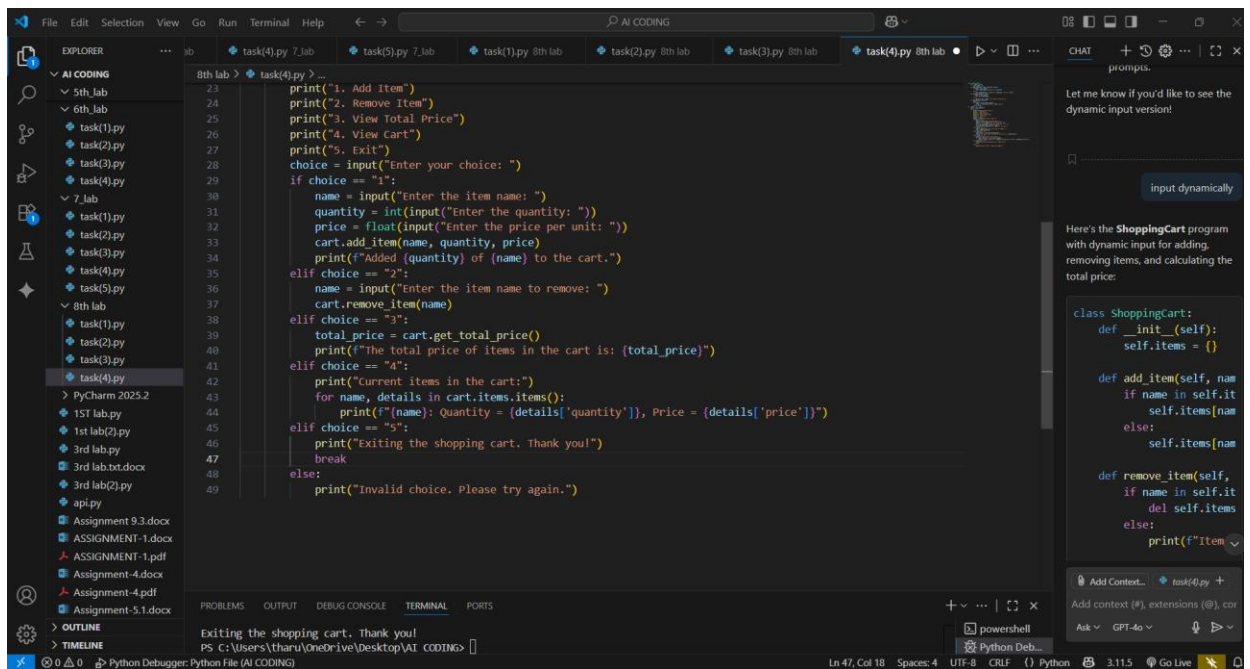
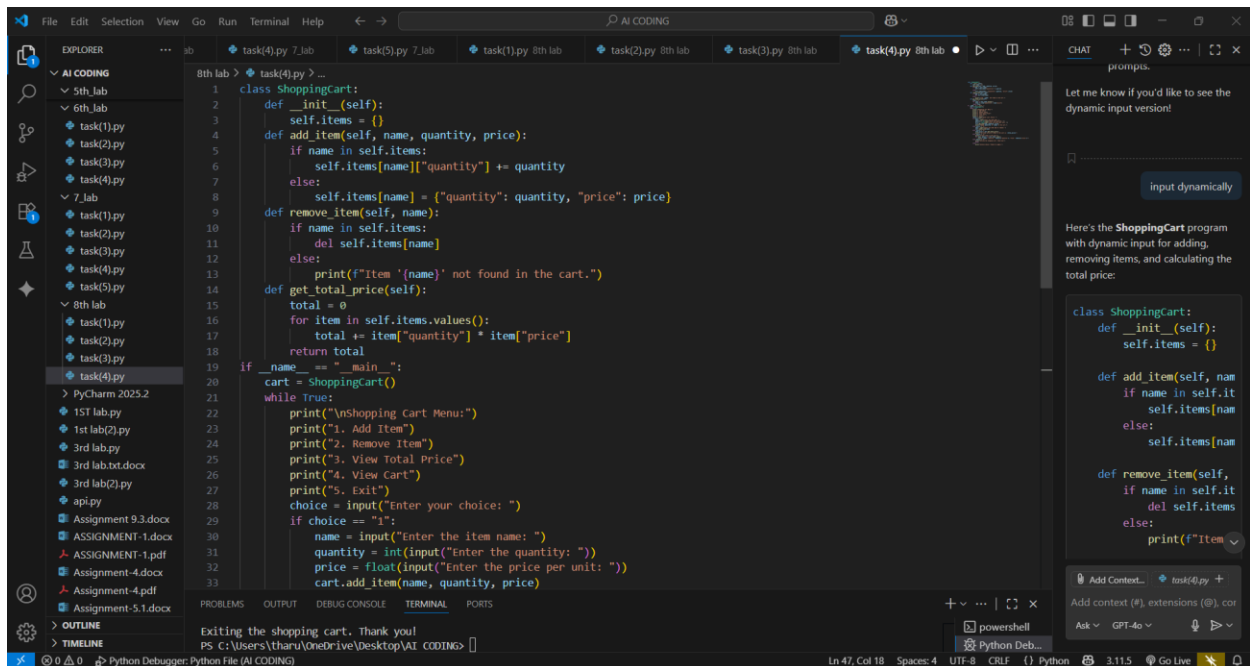
The `find_maximum` function takes three numbers as arguments and returns the maximum using Python's built-in `max()` function. I have prompted to input three numbers dynamically. The program calculates the maximum of the three numbers and prints the result.

Task-4:

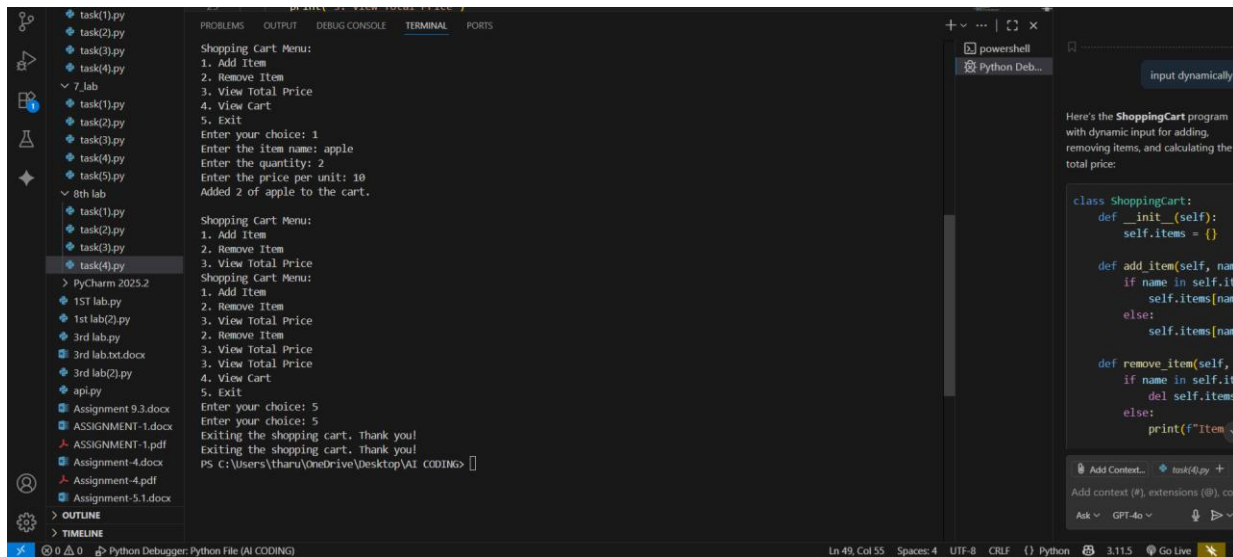
Use TDD to write a shopping cart class with methods to add, remove, and get total price. First write tests for each method, then generate code using AI.

Prompt: Now generate a Python class `ShoppingCart` that can add items, remove items, and calculate the total price according to the given test cases. Take input dynamically from the user. Input: Add Apple with quantity 2 and price 3.0 → Output: `{"Apple": {"quantity": 2, "price": 3.0}}`. Input: Remove Apple from the cart → Output: `{}`. Input: Add Apple (quantity 2, price 3.0) and Banana (quantity 1, price 1.5) → Output: Total price is 7.5.

Code:



OP:



Observation: The program uses input() to allow the user to interact with the shopping cart dynamically. Users can add items, remove items, view the total price, and see the cart's contents.

- **Option 1:** Add an item to the cart.
- **Option 2:** Remove an item from the cart.
- **Option 3:** Calculate and display the total price of items in the cart.
- **Option 4:** Display all items in the cart.
- **Option 5:** Exit the program.

If the user tries to remove an item that doesn't exist, the program displays an appropriate message

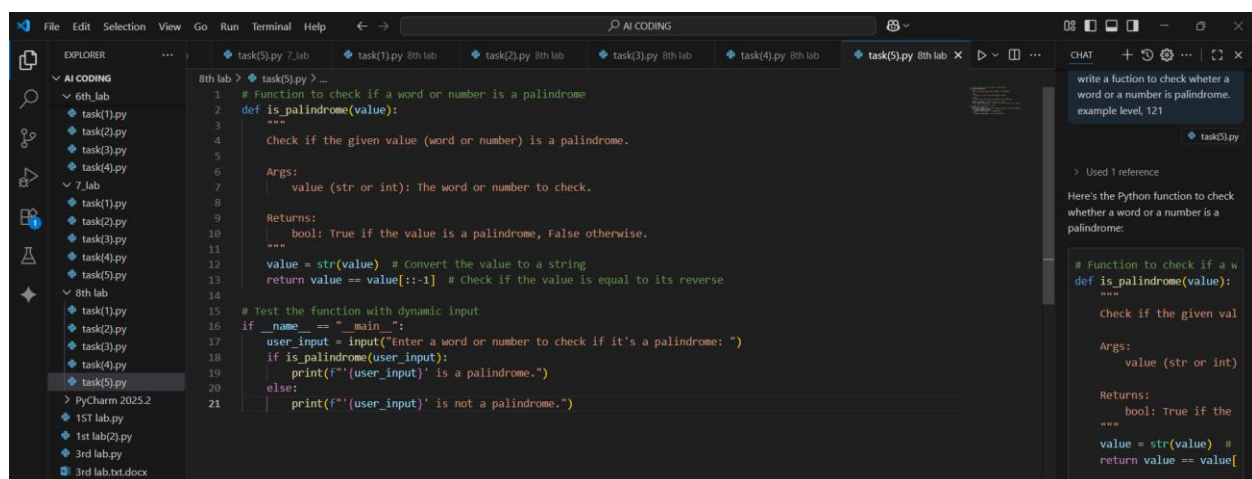
Task-5:

Write tests for a palindrome checker (e.g., `is_palindrome("level")` → `True`). Let Copilot suggest the function based on test case expectations.

Prompt:

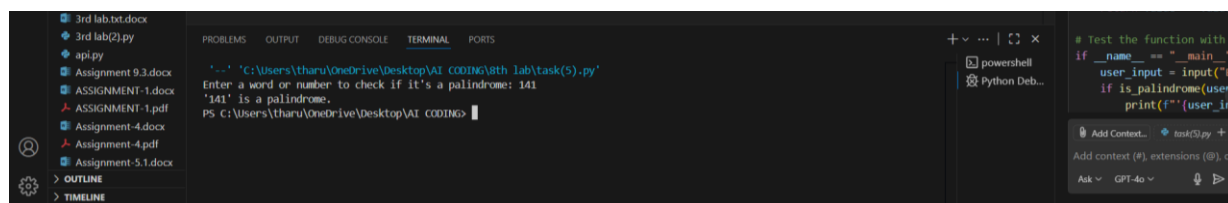
write a function to check whether a word or a number is palindrome or not. Example: level, 121

Code:



```
1 # Function to check if a word or number is a palindrome
2 def is_palindrome(value):
3     """
4     Check if the given value (word or number) is a palindrome.
5
6     Args:
7         value (str or int): The word or number to check.
8
9     Returns:
10         bool: True if the value is a palindrome, False otherwise.
11     """
12     value = str(value) # Convert the value to a string
13     return value == value[::-1] # Check if the value is equal to its reverse
14
15 # Test the function with dynamic input
16 if __name__ == "__main__":
17     user_input = input("Enter a word or number to check if it's a palindrome: ")
18     if is_palindrome(user_input):
19         print(f"{user_input} is a palindrome.")
20     else:
21         print(f"{user_input} is not a palindrome.")
```

OP:



```
PS C:\Users\tharu\OneDrive\Desktop\VAI CODING\8th lab> python task(5).py
Enter a word or number to check if it's a palindrome: 141
'141' is a palindrome.
```

Observation:

The input value is converted to a string using `str(value)` to handle both words and numbers. The function checks if the string is equal to its reverse using slicing (`value[::-1]`). I have prompted to enter a word or number dynamically. The program prints whether the input is a palindrome

