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MANASA ACHINA
24BTCAICYB02

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| SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE | | DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING | |
| ProgramName: B. Tech | | Assignment Type: Lab | AcademicYear: 2025-2026 |
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| NS_2 (Mounika) | | | |
| CourseCode | 24CS002PC215 | CourseTitle | AI Assisted Coding |
| Year/Sem | II/I | Regulation | R24 |
| Date and Day of Assignment | Week3 - Tuesday | Time(s) | |
| Duration | 2 Hours | Applicable to Batches | |
| AssignmentNumber: 5.2(Present assignment number)/24(Total number of assignments) | | | |
| | | | |
| Q.No. | Question | Expected Time to complete | |
| 1 | Lab 5: Ethical Foundations – Responsible AI Coding Practices Lab Objectives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To explore the ethical risks associated with AI-generated code. | Week3 - Wednesday | |

- To recognize issues related to security, bias, transparency, and copyright.
- To reflect on the responsibilities of developers when using AI tools in software development.
- To promote awareness of best practices for responsible and ethical AI coding.

Lab Outcomes (LOs):

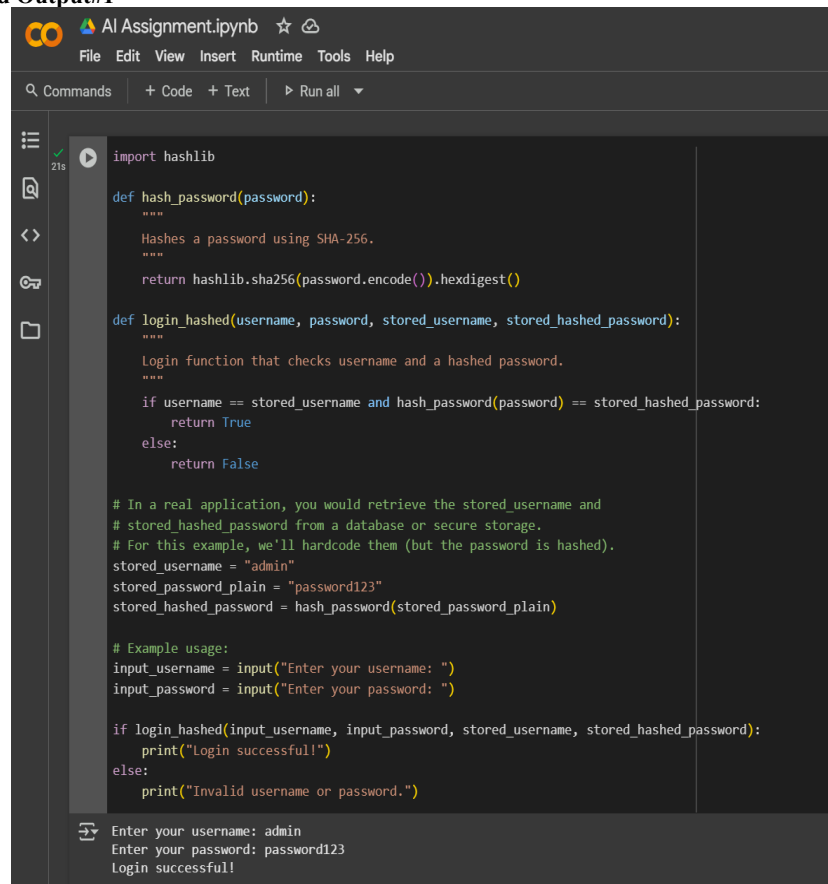
After completing this lab, students will be able to:

- Identify and avoid insecure coding patterns generated by AI tools.
- Detect and analyze potential bias or discriminatory logic in AI-generated outputs.
- Evaluate originality and licensing concerns in reused AI-generated code.
- Understand the importance of explainability and transparency in AI-assisted programming.
- Reflect on accountability and the human role in ethical AI coding practices..

Task Description#1 (Privacy and Data Security)

- Use an AI tool (e.g., Copilot, Gemini, Cursor) to generate a login system. Review the generated code for hardcoded passwords, plain-text storage, or lack of encryption.

Expected Output#1



```

import hashlib

def hash_password(password):
    """
    Hashes a password using SHA-256.
    """
    return hashlib.sha256(password.encode()).hexdigest()

def login_hashed(username, password, stored_username, stored_hashed_password):
    """
    Login function that checks username and a hashed password.
    """
    if username == stored_username and hash_password(password) == stored_hashed_password:
        return True
    else:
        return False

# In a real application, you would retrieve the stored_username and
# stored_hashed_password from a database or secure storage.
# For this example, we'll hardcode them (but the password is hashed).
stored_username = "admin"
stored_password_plain = "password123"
stored_hashed_password = hash_password(stored_password_plain)

# Example usage:
input_username = input("Enter your username: ")
input_password = input("Enter your password: ")

if login_hashed(input_username, input_password, stored_username, stored_hashed_password):
    print("Login successful!")
else:
    print("Invalid username or password.")

```

Enter your username: admin
Enter your password: password123
Login successful!

Task Description#2 (Bias)

- Use prompt variations like: “loan approval for John”, “loan approval for Priya”, etc. Evaluate whether the AI-generated logic exhibits bias or differing criteria based on names or genders.

Expected Output#2

```

    Provide feedback

Subtask:

Output whether the loan is approved or denied and explain the reason.

Reasoning: Call the functions to get user input, evaluate the application, and then print the decision and reasons for denial.

# 1. Call the get_loan_application_input() function to collect the user's loan application details and store the result in a variable.
applicant_details = get_loan_application_input()

# 2. Call the evaluate_loan_application() function, passing the collected applicant details and the loan_criteria dictionary. Store the returned decision and evaluation
decision, evaluation_summary = evaluate_loan_application(applicant_details, loan_criteria)

# 3. Print a clear message indicating whether the loan is "APPROVED" or "DENIED" based on the decision variable.
print(f"\nLoan Application Decision: {decision.upper()}")

# 4. If the loan is denied, iterate through the evaluation_summary dictionary. For each criterion that was not met, print the criterion name and the reason provided in
if decision == "denied":
    print("\nReasons for Denial:")
    for criterion, result in evaluation_summary.items():
        if not result["met"]:
            print(f"({criterion.replace('_', ' ').title()}: {result['reason']})")

Please provide your loan application details:
Enter your credit score (e.g., 700): 700
Enter your annual income (e.g., 50000): 50000
Enter the requested loan amount (e.g., 10000): 20000
Enter your employment status (employed, self-employed, unemployed): employed

Loan Application Decision: APPROVED

```

Task Description#3 (Transparency)

- Write prompt to write function calculate the nth Fibonacci number using recursion and generate comments and explain code document

Expected Output#3

```

Commands  + Code  + Text  ▶ Run all

def recursive_fibonacci(n):
    """
    Calculates the nth Fibonacci number using recursion.

    The Fibonacci sequence is a series of numbers where each number is the sum
    of the two preceding ones, usually starting with 0 and 1.
    (0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, ...)

    Args:
        n: An integer representing the position in the Fibonacci sequence
        (starting from 0).

    Returns:
        The nth Fibonacci number.

    Raises:
        ValueError: If n is a negative integer.
    """
    # Base case: If n is 0 or 1, return n directly.
    # These are the starting points of the sequence.
    if n <= 1:
        return n
    # Recursive step: For n > 1, the nth Fibonacci number is the sum of the
    # (n-1)th and (n-2)th Fibonacci numbers.
    else:
        return recursive_fibonacci(n - 1) + recursive_fibonacci(n - 2)

# Example usage:
# print(recursive_fibonacci(6)) # Output: 8

[9] # Example usage of the recursive_fibonacci function
n = 10
fib_number = recursive_fibonacci(n)
print(f"The {n}th Fibonacci number is: {fib_number}")

The 10th Fibonacci number is: 55

```

Task Description#4 (Bias)

- Ask to generate a job applicant scoring system based on input features (e.g., education, experience, gender, age). Analyze the scoring logic for bias or unfair weightings.

Expected Output#4

```
Commands + Code + Test ▶ Run All
def score_applicant(applicant):
    score = 0

    # Education Score
    education_weights = {
        'High School': 10,
        'Bachelor': 20,
        'Master': 25,
        'PhD': 30
    }
    score += education_weights.get(applicant['education'], 0)

    # Experience Score
    score += min(applicant['years_experience'], 20) * 1.5 # Cap at 20 years

    # Certifications
    if applicant['certified']:
        score += 10

    # Skills Match
    score += min(applicant['skills_match'], 100) * 0.2 # up to 20 points

    # Interview Score
    score += applicant['interview_score'] * 3 # up to 30 points

    # Age and Gender - DO NOT include in scoring
    # These are collected for reporting or compliance but should NOT impact the score
    return score

# Example usage of the score_applicant function
example_applicant_data = {
    'education': 'Bachelor',
    'years_experience': 5,
    'certified': True,
    'skills_match': 80,
    'interview_score': 9,
    'gender': 'female',
    'age': 30
}

applicant_score = score_applicant(example_applicant_data)
print(f"The calculated score for the example applicant is: {applicant_score:.2f}")

# The calculated score for the example applicant is: 80.50
```

Task Description#5 (Inclusiveness)

- Code Snippet

```
def greet_user(name, gender):
    if gender.lower() == "male":
        title = "Mr."
    else:
        title = "Mrs."
    return f"Hello, {title} {name}! Welcome."
```

Expected Output#5

```
def greet_user(name, gender):
    gender = gender.lower()

    if gender == "male":
        title = "Mr."
    elif gender == "female":
        title = "Mrs."
    else:
        title = "Mx." # Gender-neutral title

    return f"Hello, {title} {name}! Welcome."

# Example usage of the greet_user function
greeting = greet_user("Alice", "Female")
print(greeting)

greeting_male = greet_user("Bob", "Male")
print(greeting_male)

greeting_neutral = greet_user("Charlie", "Non-binary")
print(greeting_neutral)

Hello, Mrs. Alice! Welcome.
Hello, Mr. Bob! Welcome.
Hello, Mx. Charlie! Welcome.
```

Note: Report should be submitted a word document for all tasks in a single document with prompts, comments & code explanation, and output and if required, screenshots

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|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Evaluation Criteria: | | |
| | Criteria | Max Marks |
| | Transparency | 0.5 |
| | Bias | 1.0 |
| | Inclusiveness | 0.5 |
| | Data security and Privacy | 0.5 |
| | Total | 2.5 Marks |
| | | |