

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028  
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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 1\_MCQ

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 15  
Marks Obtained : 14

#### Section 1 : MCQ

1. The value of the expressions  $4/(3*(2-1))$  and  $4/3*(2-1)$  is the same.  
True or False?

**Answer**

True

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

2. Which of the following represents the bitwise XOR operator?

**Answer**

^

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

3. What is the return type of the function id?

**Answer**

int

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

4. What is typecasting in Python?

**Answer**

Change data type property

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

5. What is the output of the following number conversion?

```
z = complex(1.25)
print(z)
```

**Answer**

(1.25+0j)

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

6. Evaluate the expression given below if A= 16 and B = 15

A % B // A

**Answer**

0

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

7. What will be the value of the following Python expression?

4 + 3 % 5

**Answer**

4

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

8. What will be the output for the below code?

```
x=15  
y=12  
print(x&y)
```

Answer

12

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

9. What is the output of the below expression?

```
print(3*1**3)
```

Answer

3

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

10. Which of the following operators has its associativity from right to left?

Answer

\*\*

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

11. Which of the following can convert the string to a float number?

Answer

```
float(str)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

12. What is the value of x in the following program?

```
x = int(43.55+2/2)
print(x)
```

**Answer**

44

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

13. Which of the following is an example of the type casting?

**Answer**

All of the above

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

14. What is the value of the following expression?

```
float(22//3+3/3)
```

**Answer**

8.0

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

15. What will the following code output?

```
z = 3 + 4j
print(abs(z))
```

**Answer**

5.0

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 1/1**

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 1\_CY

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 40  
Marks Obtained : 40

### Section 1 : Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

John is developing a financial application to help users manage their investment portfolios. As part of the application, he needs to write a program that receives the portfolio's main value and the values of two specific investments as inputs. The program should then display these values in reverse order for clear visualization.

Help John achieve this functionality by writing the required program.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of a float, representing the first investment value.

The second line of input consists of a float, representing the second investment value.

The third line of input consists of an integer, representing the portfolio ID.

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output prints "The values in the reverse order:".

The second line prints the integer, representing the portfolio ID.

The third line prints the second float, representing the second investment value.

The fourth line prints the first float, representing the first investment value.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 35.29

9374.11

48

Output: The values in the reverse order:

48

9374.11

35.29

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
first_investment = float(input())
second_investment = float(input())
portfolio_id = int(input())
```

```
print("The values in the reverse order:")
print(portfolio_id)
print(second_investment)
print(first_investment)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## **2. Problem Statement**

Mandy is working on a mathematical research project involving complex numbers. For her calculations, she often needs to swap the real and imaginary parts of two complex numbers.

Mandy needs a Python program that takes two complex numbers as input and swaps their real and imaginary values.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of a complex number in the format  $a+bj$ , representing the first complex number.

The second line consists of a complex number in the format  $a+bj$ , representing the second complex number.

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output displays "New first complex number: " followed by the swapped complex number.

The second line of output displays "New second complex number: " followed by the swapped complex number.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input:  $10+8j$   
 $7-9j$

Output: New first complex number:  $(8+10j)$   
New second complex number:  $(-9+7j)$

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
c1 = complex(input().strip())  
c2 = complex(input().strip())
```

```
new_c1 = complex(c1.imag, c1.real)
```

```
new_c2 = complex(c2.imag, c2.real)
```

```
print(f"New first complex number: {new_c1}")  
print(f"New second complex number: {new_c2}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### 3. Problem Statement

Alex is an air traffic controller who needs to record and manage flight delays efficiently. Given a flight number, the delay in minutes (as a string), and the coordinates of the flight's current position (as a complex number),

Help Alex convert and store this information in a structured format.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the flight number.

The second line consists of a string representing the delay in minutes.

The third line consists of two floats separated by a space, representing the real and imaginary parts of the complex number for the flight's position.

#### ***Output Format***

The first line of output displays the complex number.

The second line displays a string with the flight number, delay, and the real and imaginary parts of the complex number, separated by commas.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 12345

30.5

12.3 45.6

Output: (12.3+45.6j)



12345, 30.5, 12.3, 45.6

**Answer**

# You are using Python

```
N = int(input().strip())
delay = input().strip()
real, imag = map(float, input().split())
```

```
position = complex(real, imag)
```

```
print(position)
print(f"{N}, {delay}, {real}, {imag}")
```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

#### 4. Problem Statement

Nina is working on a project involving multiple sensors. Each sensor provides a data point that needs to be processed to compute an aggregated value.

Given data points from three sensors, write a program to calculate the aggregated value using specific bitwise operations and arithmetic manipulations. The final result should be the aggregated value modulo 1000.

Example:

Input:

1 //sensor 1 data

2 //sensor 2 data

3 //sensor 3 data

Output

9

## Explanation

Calculate the bitwise AND of sensor 1 data and sensor 2 data: 0

Calculate the XOR of the result from step 1 and sensor 3 data: 3

Multiply the result from step 2 by 3: 9

Compute the final aggregated value by taking the result from step 3 modulo 1000: 9

So, the aggregated value is 9.

## ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer S1, representing sensor1 data.

The second line of input consists of an integer S2, representing sensor2 data.

The third line of input consists of an integer S3, representing sensor3 data.

## ***Output Format***

The output displays an integer representing the aggregated value.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

## ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

2

3

Output: 9

## ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
S1 = int(input().strip())
```

```
S2 = int(input().strip())
```

```
S3 = int(input().strip())
```

```
step1 = S1 & S2
```

```
step2 = step1 ^ S3
```

```
step3 = step2 * 3
```

```
result = step3 % 1000
```

```
print(result)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 1\_COD

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 5  
Marks Obtained : 5

### Section 1 : Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

A company has hired two employees, Alice and Bob. The company wants to swap the salaries of both employees. Alice's salary is an integer value and Bob's salary is a floating-point value.

Write a program to swap their salaries and print the new salary of each employee.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing Alice's salary.

The second line consists of a float value F, representing Bob's salary.

#### ***Output Format***

The first line of output displays "Initial salaries:"

The second line displays "Alice's salary = N", where N is Alice's salary.

The third line of output displays "Bob's salary = F", where F is Bob's salary.

After a new line space, the following line displays "New salaries after swapping:"

The next line displays "Alice's salary = X", where X is the swapped salary.

The last line displays "Bob's salary = Y", where Y is the swapped salary.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 10000

15400.55

Output: Initial salaries:

Alice's salary = 10000

Bob's salary = 15400.55

New salaries after swapping:

Alice's salary = 15400.55

Bob's salary = 10000

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
N = int(input())
```

```
F = float(input())
```

```
print("Initial salaries:")
```

```
print(f"Alice's salary = {N}")
```

```
print(f"Bob's salary = {F}")
```

```
N, F = F, N
```

```
print("\nNew salaries after swapping:")
print(f"Alice's salary = {N}")
print(f"Bob's salary = {F}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

## 2. Problem Statement

Bob, the owner of a popular bakery, wants to create a special offer code for his customers. To generate the code, he plans to combine the day of the month with the number of items left in stock.

Help Bob to encode these two values into a unique offer code.

Note: Use the bitwise operator to calculate the offer code.

Example

Input:

15

9

Output:

Offer code: 6

Explanation:

Given the day of the month 15th day (binary 1111) and there are 9 items left (binary 1001), the offer code is calculated as 0110 which is 6.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer D, representing the day of the month.

The second line consists of an integer S, representing the number of items left in stock.

### ***Output Format***

The output displays "Offer code: " followed by an integer representing the encoded offer code.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 15

9

Output: Offer code: 6

**Answer**

# You are using Python

```
D = int(input())
```

```
S = int(input())
```

```
offer_code = D ^ S
```

```
print(f"Offer code: {offer_code}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

### 3. Problem Statement

In a family, two children receive allowances based on the gardening tasks they complete. The older child receives an allowance rate of Rs.5 for each task, with a base allowance of Rs.50. The younger child receives an allowance rate of Rs.3 for each task, with a base allowance of Rs.30.

Your task is to calculate and display the allowances for the older and younger children based on the number of gardening tasks they complete, along with the total allowance for both children combined.

**Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer  $n$ , representing the number of chores completed by the older child.

The second line consists of an integer  $m$ , representing the number of chores completed by the youngest child.

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output displays "Older child allowance: Rs." followed by an integer representing the allowance calculated for the older sibling.

The second line displays "Younger child allowance: Rs." followed by an integer representing the allowance calculated for the youngest sibling.

The third line displays "Total allowance: Rs." followed by an integer representing the sum of both siblings' allowances.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 10

5

Output: Older child allowance: Rs.100

Younger child allowance: Rs.45

Total allowance: Rs.145

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
n = int(input())
```

```
m = int(input())
```

```
older_allowance = 50 + (5 * n)
```

```
younger_allowance = 30 + (3 * m)
```

```
total_allowance = older_allowance + younger_allowance
```

```
print(f"Older child allowance: Rs.{older_allowance}")
```

```
print(f"Younger child allowance: Rs.{younger_allowance}")
```

```
print(f"Total allowance: Rs.{total_allowance}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1



#### 4. Problem Statement

Quentin, a mathematics enthusiast, is exploring the properties of numbers. He believes that for any set of four consecutive integers, calculating the average of their fourth powers and then subtracting the product of the first and last numbers yields a constant value.

To validate his hypothesis, check if the result is indeed constant and display.

Example:

Input:

5

Output:

Constant value: 2064.5

Explanation:

Find the Average:

Average:  $(625 + 1296 + 2401 + 4096)/4 = 2104.5$

Now, we calculate the product of  $a$  and  $(a + 3)$ :

Product =  $5 \times (5 + 3) = 5 \times 8 = 40$

Final result:  $2104.5 - 40 = 2064.5$

##### ***Input Format***

The input consists of an integer  $a$ , representing the first of four consecutive integers.

##### ***Output Format***

The output displays "Constant value: " followed by the computed result based on Quentin's formula.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

**Sample Test Case**

Input: 5

Output: Constant value: 2064.5

**Answer**

```
# You are using Python
```

```
a = int(input())
```

```
powers = [ (a+i)**4 for i in range(4) ]
```

```
avg = sum(powers) / 4
```

```
product = a * (a + 3)
```

```
result = avg - product
```

```
print(f"Constant value: {result}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

## 5. Problem Statement

A science experiment produces a decimal value as the result. However, the scientist needs to convert this value into an integer so that it can be used in further calculations.

Write a Python program that takes a floating-point number as input and converts it into an integer.

**Input Format**

The input consists of a floating point number, F.

### ***Output Format***

The output prints "The integer value of F is: {result}", followed by the integer number equivalent to the floating point number.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 10.36

Output: The integer value of 10.36 is: 10

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
F = float(input())
```

```
result = int(F)
```

```
print(f"The integer value of {F} is: {result}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

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## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

### REC\_Python\_Week 1\_PAH

Attempt : 1  
Total Mark : 6  
Marks Obtained : 6

### Section 1 : Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

Mandy is debating with her friend Rachel about an interesting mathematical claim. Rachel asserts that for any positive integer  $n$ , the ratio of the sum of  $n$  and its triple to the integer itself is always 4. Mandy, intrigued by this statement, decides to validate it using logical operators and basic arithmetic.

She wants to confirm if the statement holds true for any positive integer  $n$ .

#### *Input Format*

The input consists of a positive integer  $n$ , representing the integer to be tested.

#### *Output Format*

The first line of output displays "Sum:" followed by an integer representing the

calculated sum.

The second line displays "Rachel's statement is: " followed by a Boolean value indicating whether Rachel's statement is correct.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

### **Sample Test Case**

Input: 12

Output: Sum: 48

Rachel's statement is: True

### **Answer**

```
# You are using Python
n = int(input().strip())
_sum = n + 3 * n
ratio = _sum / n
print("Sum:", _sum)
print("Rachel's statement is:", ratio == 4)
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

## **2. Problem Statement**

Shawn, a passionate baker, is planning to bake cookies for a large party. His original recipe makes 15 cookies, with the following ingredient quantities: 2.5 cups of flour, 1 cup of sugar, and 0.5 cups of butter.

Write a program to calculate the amounts of flour, sugar, and butter needed for a different number of cookies. Provide the ingredient quantities for a specified number of cookies, maintaining the original proportions of the recipe.

### **Input Format**

The input consists of an integer  $n$ , representing the number of cookies.

### **Output Format**

The first line prints "Flour: X cups" where X represents the amount of flour required for n cookies, as a double value rounded to two decimal places.

The second line prints "Sugar: Y cups" where Y represents the amount of Sugar required for n, as a double value rounded to two decimal places.

The third line prints "Butter: Z cups" where Z represents the amount of flour required for n, as a double value rounded to two decimal places.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 15

Output: Flour: 2.50 cups

Sugar: 1.00 cups

Butter: 0.50 cups

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
n = int(input())
```

```
original_cookies = 15
```

```
flour_original = 2.5
```

```
sugar_original = 1.0
```

```
butter_original = 0.5
```

```
multiplier = n / original_cookies
```

```
flour = flour_original * multiplier
```

```
sugar = sugar_original * multiplier
```

```
butter = butter_original * multiplier
```

```
print(f"Flour: {flour:.2f} cups")
```

```
print(f"Sugar: {sugar:.2f} cups")
```

```
print(f"Butter: {butter:.2f} cups")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

### 3. Problem Statement

Ella, an avid TV show enthusiast, is planning a binge-watching marathon for a new series. She has a specific routine: after watching a set number of episodes, she takes a short break.

She is provided with the following information:

Each episode of the series has a fixed duration of 45 minutes. After a certain number of episodes, there is a break of 15 minutes.

Ella wants to know the total time she will need to watch the entire series, including the breaks. Your task is to help Ella by calculating the total viewing time.

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer E, representing the total number of episodes in the series.

The second line consists of an integer B, representing the number of episodes watched before taking a break.

#### ***Output Format***

The output prints an integer representing the total viewing time required to watch the entire series, including the breaks.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

#### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 5

2

Output: 255 minutes

#### ***Answer***

```
# You are using Python
E = int(input())
B = int(input())

total_episodes_time = E * 45
total_breaks = (E - 1) // B
total_breaks_time = total_breaks * 15

total_time = total_episodes_time + total_breaks_time

print(f"{total_time} minutes")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

#### 4. Problem Statement

Liam works at a car dealership and is responsible for recording the details of cars that arrive at the showroom. To make his job easier, he wants a program that can take the car's make, model, and price, and display the information in a formatted summary.

Assist him in the program.

##### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains a string, representing the car make.

The second line contains a string, representing the car model.

The third line contains a float value, representing the car price.

##### ***Output Format***

The first line of output prints "Car Make: ", followed by the car make.

The second line prints "Car Model: ", followed by the car model.

The third line prints "Price: ", followed by the car price, formatted to two decimal places.



Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: Toyota  
Camry  
23450.75

Output: Car Make: Toyota  
Car Model: Camry  
Price: Rs.23450.75

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
car_make = input()
car_model = input()
car_price = float(input())

print(f"Car Make: {car_make}")
print(f"Car Model: {car_model}")
print(f"Price: Rs.{car_price:.2f}")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

## **5. Problem Statement**

A smart home system tracks the temperature and humidity of each room. Create a program that takes the room name (string), temperature (float), and humidity (float).

Display the room's climate details.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of a string, representing the room name.

The second line consists of a float value, representing the temperature.

The third line consists of a float value, representing the humidity.

### ***Output Format***

The first line of output prints "Room: " followed by the room name (string).

The second line prints "Temperature: " followed by the temperature (float) formatted to two decimal places.

The third line prints "Humidity: " followed by the humidity (float) formatted to two decimal places and a percentage sign (%).

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: Living Room

23.45

45.78

Output: Room: Living Room

Temperature: 23.45

Humidity: 45.78%

### ***Answer***

# You are using Python

```
room_name = input()
```

```
temperature = float(input())
```

```
humidity = float(input())
```

```
print(f"Room: {room_name}")
```

```
print(f"Temperature: {temperature:.2f}")
```

```
print(f"Humidity: {humidity:.2f}%")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1

## **6. Problem Statement**

Oliver is planning a movie night with his friends and wants to download a high-definition movie. He knows the file size of the movie in megabytes (MB) and his internet speed in megabits per second (Mbps). To ensure the movie is ready in time, Oliver needs to calculate the download time.

Your task is to write a program that calculates the download time and displays it in hours, minutes, and seconds.

Example

Input:

MB = 800

mbps = 40

Output:

Download Time: 0 hours, 2 minutes, and 40 seconds

Explanation:

Convert the file size to bits ( $800 \text{ MB} * 8 \text{ bits/byte} = 6400 \text{ megabits}$ ) and divide it by the download speed ( $6400 \text{ Mbps} / 40 \text{ Mbps} = 160 \text{ seconds}$ ). Now, convert the download time in seconds to hours, minutes, and seconds: 160 seconds is equal to 2 minutes and 40 seconds. So, the download time is 0 hours, 2 minutes and 40 seconds.

### ***Input Format***

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the file size in megabytes (MB).

The second line consists of an integer S, representing the network speed in megabits per second (mbps).

### ***Output Format***

The output prints "Download Time: X hours, Y minutes, and Z seconds", where X, Y, and Z are integers representing the hours, minutes, and seconds respectively.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 180

3

Output: Download Time: 0 hours, 8 minutes, and 0 seconds

**Answer**

# You are using Python

```
N = int(input())
```

```
S = int(input())
```

```
file_size_megabits = N * 8
```

```
download_time_seconds = file_size_megabits / S
```

```
hours = int(download_time_seconds // 3600)
```

```
minutes = int((download_time_seconds % 3600) // 60)
```

```
seconds = int(download_time_seconds % 60)
```

```
print(f"Download Time: {hours} hours, {minutes} minutes, and {seconds} seconds")
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 1/1