# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23221\_Python Programming

REC\_Python\_Week 3\_CY

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 30 Marks Obtained : 30

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

A company is creating email accounts for its new employees. They want to use a naming convention for email addresses that consists of the first letter of the employee's first name, followed by their last name, followed by @company.com.

The company also has a separate email domain for administrative employees.

Write a program that prompts the user for their first name, last name, role, and company and then generates their email address using the appropriate naming convention based on their role. This is demonstrated in the below examples.

Note:

The generated email address should consist of the first letter of the first name, the last name in lowercase, and a suffix based on the role and company, all in lowercase.

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of the first name of an employee as a string.

The second line consists of the last name of an employee as a string.

The third line consists of the role of the employee as a string.

The last line consists of the company name as a string.

#### **Output Format**

The output consists of a single line containing the generated email address for the employee, following the specified naming convention.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

#### Sample Test Case

Input: John Smith admin iamNeo

Output: jsmith@admin.iamneo.com

#### Answer

```
# You are using Python
# Read input
first_name = input().strip()
last_name = input().strip()
role = input().strip()
company = input().strip()

# Get the first letter of the first name
initial = first_name[0].lower()
```

# Convert last name, role, and company to lowercase

```
last_name = last_name.lower()
role = role.lower()
company = company.lower()

# Check role and build email accordingly
if role == "admin":
    email = f"{initial}{last_name}@admin.{company}.com"
else:
    email = f"{initial}{last_name}@{company}.com"

# Output the email address
print(email)
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

Raj wants to write a program that takes a list of strings as input and returns the longest word in the list. If there are multiple words with the same length, the program should return the first one encountered.

Help Raj in his task.

#### **Input Format**

The input consists of a single line of space-separated strings.

# **Output Format**

The output prints a string representing the longest word in the given list.

240701291

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

# Sample Test Case

Input: cat dog elephant lion tiger giraffe

Output: elephant

#### Answer

# You are using Python

```
# Read the input line and split it into words
words = input().strip().split()

# Initialize the longest word with the first word
longest_word = words[0]

# Iterate through the list to find the longest word
for word in words[1:]:
    if len(word) > len(longest_word):
        longest_word = word

# Print the longest word
print(longest_word)

**Status: Correct
```

#### 3. Problem Statement

Gina is working on a data analysis task where she needs to extract sublists from a given list of integers and find the median of each sublist. For each median found, she also needs to determine its negative index in the original list.

Help Gina by writing a program that performs these tasks.

Note: The median is the middle value in the sorted list of numbers, or the first value of the two middle values if the list has an even number of elements.

#### Example

Input

10

123457891011

3

1.5

26

240701291

24010129,

Marks: 10/10

# Output

3:-8

4:-7

7:-5

# Explanation

For the first range (1 to 5), the sublist is [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]. The median is 3, and its negative index in the original list is -8.

For the second range (2 to 6), the sublist is [2, 3, 4, 5, 7]. The median is 4, and its negative index in the original list is -7.

For the third range (3 to 10), the sublist is [3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11]. The median is 7, and its negative index in the original list is -5.

### **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of elements in the list.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers representing the elements of the list.

The third line consists of an integer R, representing the number of ranges.

The next R lines each consist of two integers separated by space representing the start and end indices (1-based) of the ranges.

# **Output Format**

The output consists of n lines, displaying "X: Y" where X is the median of the sublist and Y is the negative index in the original list.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

# Sample Test Case

```
Input: 10
   123457891011
   15
    26
    3 10
    Output: 3:-8
    4:-7
    7:-5
    Answer
   # You are using Python
    # Read input
                                # Number of elements
    n = int(input())
   lst = list(map(int, input().split())) # List of integers
q = int(input())
                          # Number of ranges
    # Process each range
   for _ in range(q):
      start, end = map(int, input().split())
      # Convert to 0-based indexing
      sublist = lst[start - 1:end]
      sublist_sorted = sorted(sublist)
      # Find the median
      length = len(sublist_sorted)
    median = sublist_sorted[length // 2] if length % 2 != 0 else
sublist_sorted[(length // 2) - 1]
      # Find the negative index of the median's first occurrence in the original list
      first_occurrence = Ist.index(median)
      neg_index = first_occurrence - len(lst)
      # Output
      print(f"{median} : {neq_index}")
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 10/10
```