

RANJANI S 2024-AIDS**R2****Started on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:33 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:37 PM**Time taken** 3 mins 21 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void function (int n)
{
    int i = 1;
```

```
    int s = 1;
```

```
    while(s <= n)
    {
        i++;
        s += i;
    }
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

**For example:**

Input	Result
9	12

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d", &n);
6
7     int i = 1, s = 1;
8     int counter = 0;
9
10    while (s <= n) {
11        counter++;
12        i++;
13        counter++;
14        s += i;
15        counter++;
16    }
17    counter++;
18    counter++;
19    counter++;
20
21    printf("%d\n", counter);
22    return 0;
23}
24
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9	12	12	✓
✓	4	9	9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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RANJANI S 2024-AIDS ▾**R2****Started on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:37 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:48 PM**Time taken** 11 mins 27 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void func(int n) {
3     int counter = 0;
4     counter++;
5     if (n == 1) {
6         printf("*");
7     } else {
8         for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
9             counter++;
10            for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
11                counter++;
12                counter++;
13                counter++;
14                counter++;
15                break;
16            }
17        }
18        counter++;
19    }
20    printf("%d\n", counter);
21 }
22 int main() {
23     int n;
24     scanf("%d", &n);
25     func(n);
26     return 0;
27 }
28 }
```

	<b>Input</b>	<b>Expected</b>	<b>Got</b>	
✓	2	12	12	✓
✓	1000	5002	5002	✓
✓	143	717	717	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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RANJANI S 2024-AIDS**R2****Started on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:52 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:55 PM**Time taken** 3 mins 21 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
Factor(num) {
{
    for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
    {
        if (num % i == 0)
        {
            printf("%d ", i);
        }
    }
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

**Answer:**

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 void Factor(int num) {
3     int counter = 0;
4     for (int i = 1; i <= num; ++i) {
5         counter++;
6         counter++;
7         if (num % i == 0) {
8             counter++;
9         }
10    }
11    counter++;
12    printf("%d\n", counter);
13 }
14 int main() {
15     int n;
16     scanf("%d", &n);
17     Factor(n);
18     return 0;
19 }
20
21
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	31	31	✓
✓	25	54	54	✓
✓	4	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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RANJANI S 2024-AIDS**R2****Started on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:56 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:58 PM**Time taken** 2 mins 10 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void function(int n)
{
    int c = 0;
    for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
                c++;
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

**Answer:**

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d", &n);
6
7     int counter = 0;
8
9     for (int i = n/2; i < n; i++) {
10         counter++;
11
12         for (int j = 1; j < n; j = 2 * j) {
13             counter++;
14
15             for (int k = 1; k < n; k = k * 2) {
16                 counter++;
17                 counter++;
18             }
19             counter++;
20         }
21         counter++;
22     }
23     counter++;
24     counter++;
25
26     printf("%d\n", counter);
27     return 0;
28 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	30	30	✓

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	10	212	212	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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RANJANI S 2024-AIDS**R2****Started on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:55 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 10:56 PM**Time taken** 29 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (**100%**)

**Question 1** | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n/= 10;

    }
    print(rev);
}
```

**Note:** No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

**Input:**

A positive Integer n

**Output:**

Print the value of the counter variable

**Answer:**

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 void reverse(int n)
3 {
4     int counter =0;
5     int rev =0,remainder;
6     counter++;
7     while(n!= 0)
8     {
9         counter++;
10        remainder = n % 10;
11        counter++;
12        rev = rev*10 + remainder;
13        counter++;
14        n/= 10;
15        counter++;
16
17    }
18    counter++;
19    counter++;
20    printf("%d",counter);|
21
22 }
23 int main(){
24     int n;
25     scanf("%d",&n);
26     reverse (n);
27     return 0;
28 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	11	11	✓
✓	1234	19	19	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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