

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, StandardScaler
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix,
classification_report
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC

print("Loading dataset...")
data =
pd.read_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/karthikeyana2024aids-
del/FoMl/main/seattle-weather.csv") # Change filename if needed
print("Dataset Loaded Successfully □")
print("\nDataset Shape:", data.shape)
print("\nSample Data:\n", data.head())

Loading dataset...
Dataset Loaded Successfully □

Dataset Shape: (1461, 6)

Sample Data:
   date  precipitation  temp_max  temp_min  wind  weather
0  2012-01-01          0.0      12.8       5.0    4.7  drizzle
1  2012-01-02         10.9      10.6       2.8    4.5     rain
2  2012-01-03          0.8      11.7       7.2    2.3     rain
3  2012-01-04         20.3      12.2       5.6    4.7     rain
4  2012-01-05          1.3       8.9       2.8    6.1     rain

print("\nPreprocessing data...")

# Drop irrelevant columns (edit this as per your dataset)
drop_cols = ['Date', 'Location', 'Unnamed: 0'] # if present
for col in drop_cols:
    if col in data.columns:
        data.drop(col, axis=1, inplace=True)

Preprocessing data...

target_col = None
for col in data.columns:
    if 'Rain' in col or 'rain' in col or 'RainTomorrow' in col or
'weather' in col:
        target_col = col
        break

```

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if not target_col:
    raise ValueError("Target column (like 'RainTomorrow' or 'weather') not found. Please rename your target variable.")

print(f"Target Variable Detected: {target_col}")

Target Variable Detected: weather

for col in data.columns:
    if data[col].dtype == 'object':
        data[col] = data[col].fillna(data[col].mode()[0])
    else:
        data[col] = data[col].fillna(data[col].mean())

le = LabelEncoder()
for col in data.columns:
    if data[col].dtype == 'object':
        data[col] = le.fit_transform(data[col])

X = data.drop(target_col, axis=1)
y = data[target_col]

# Normalize features
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)

# Train-test split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

print("Data Preprocessing Completed □")

Data Preprocessing Completed □

models = {
    "Logistic Regression": LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000),
    "Decision Tree": DecisionTreeClassifier(),
    "Random Forest": RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42),
    "Support Vector Machine": SVC(kernel='rbf')
}

results = {}

for name, model in models.items():
    model.fit(X_train, y_train)
    y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
    acc = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
    results[name] = acc

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print(f"\n{name} Accuracy: {acc:.4f}")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

Logistic Regression Accuracy: 0.7952

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	9
1	1.00	0.04	0.08	25
2	0.87	0.88	0.88	120
3	1.00	0.12	0.22	8
4	0.74	0.95	0.83	131
accuracy			0.80	293
macro avg	0.72	0.40	0.40	293
weighted avg	0.80	0.80	0.74	293

Decision Tree Accuracy: 0.8089

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.42	0.56	0.48	9
1	0.43	0.40	0.42	25
2	0.91	0.93	0.92	120
3	0.57	0.50	0.53	8
4	0.83	0.82	0.82	131
accuracy			0.81	293
macro avg	0.63	0.64	0.63	293
weighted avg	0.81	0.81	0.81	293

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/
_classification.py:1565: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is ill-
defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))
/usr/local/lib/python3.12/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classificatio
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    _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))
```

```

Random Forest Accuracy: 0.8532
      precision    recall   f1-score   support
          0       0.33     0.11     0.17      9
          1       0.90     0.36     0.51     25
          2       0.92     0.94     0.93    120
          3       0.67     0.25     0.36      8
          4       0.81     0.95     0.88    131

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.33	0.11	0.17	9
1	0.90	0.36	0.51	25
2	0.92	0.94	0.93	120
3	0.67	0.25	0.36	8
4	0.81	0.95	0.88	131
accuracy			0.85	293
macro avg	0.73	0.52	0.57	293
weighted avg	0.84	0.85	0.83	293

```

Support Vector Machine Accuracy: 0.7611
      precision    recall   f1-score   support
          0       0.00     0.00     0.00      9
          1       0.00     0.00     0.00     25
          2       0.84     0.83     0.84    120
          3       0.00     0.00     0.00      8
          4       0.71     0.94     0.81    131

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.00	0.00	0.00	9
1	0.00	0.00	0.00	25
2	0.84	0.83	0.84	120
3	0.00	0.00	0.00	8
4	0.71	0.94	0.81	131
accuracy			0.76	293
macro avg	0.31	0.35	0.33	293
weighted avg	0.66	0.76	0.70	293

```

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parameter to control this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, f"{metric.capitalize()} is",
len(result))

print("\nModel Performance Comparison:")
for name, acc in results.items():

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```
print(f"\{name}\: {acc*100:.2f}%")  
  
# Visualization  
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))  
sns.barplot(x=list(results.keys()), y=list(results.values()),  
palette='viridis')  
plt.title("Model Accuracy Comparison")  
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")  
plt.ylim(0, 1)  
plt.xticks(rotation=20)  
plt.show()
```

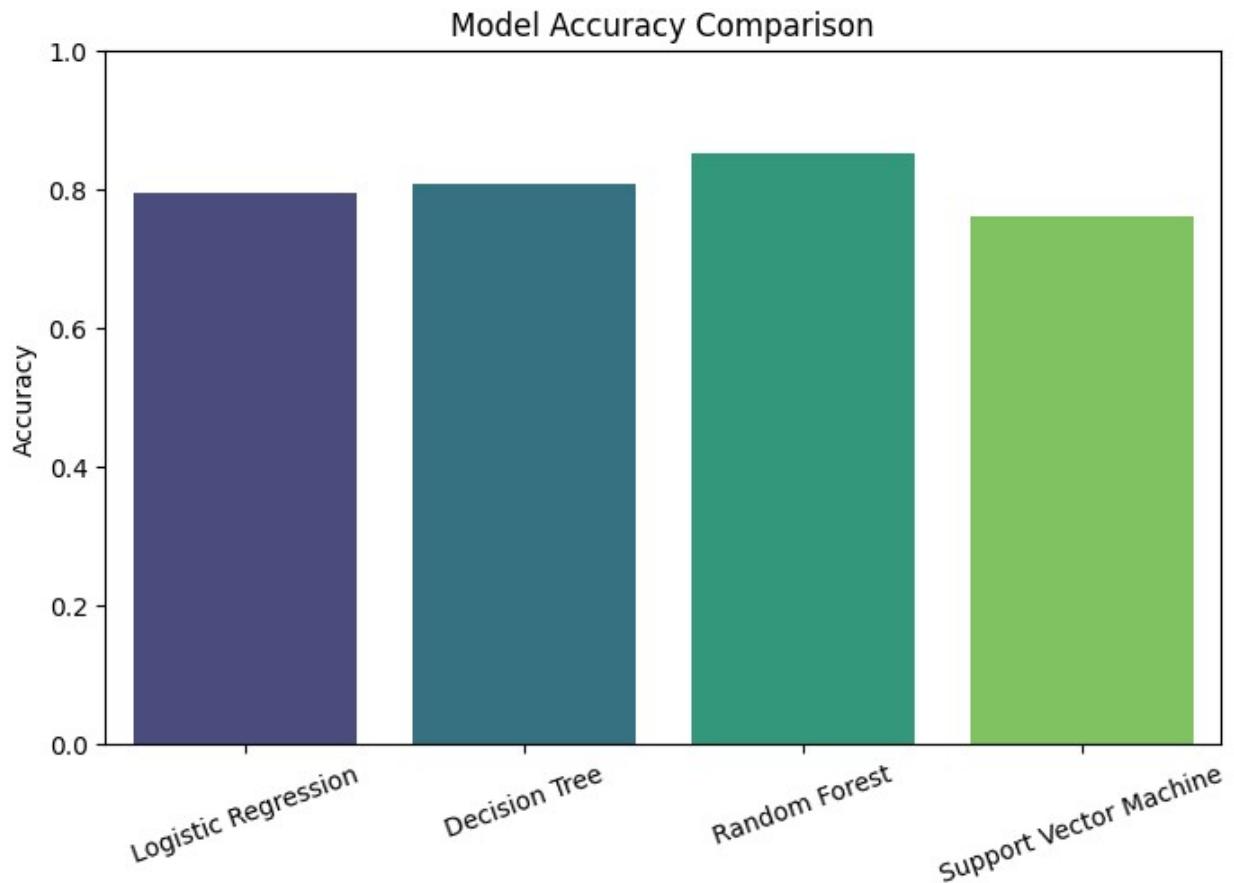
Model Performance Comparison:

Logistic Regression: 79.52%

```
/tmp/ipython-input-912887234.py:7: FutureWarning:
```

```
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be  
removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set  
`legend=False` for the same effect.
```

```
sns.barplot(x=list(results.keys()), y=list(results.values()),  
palette='viridis')
```

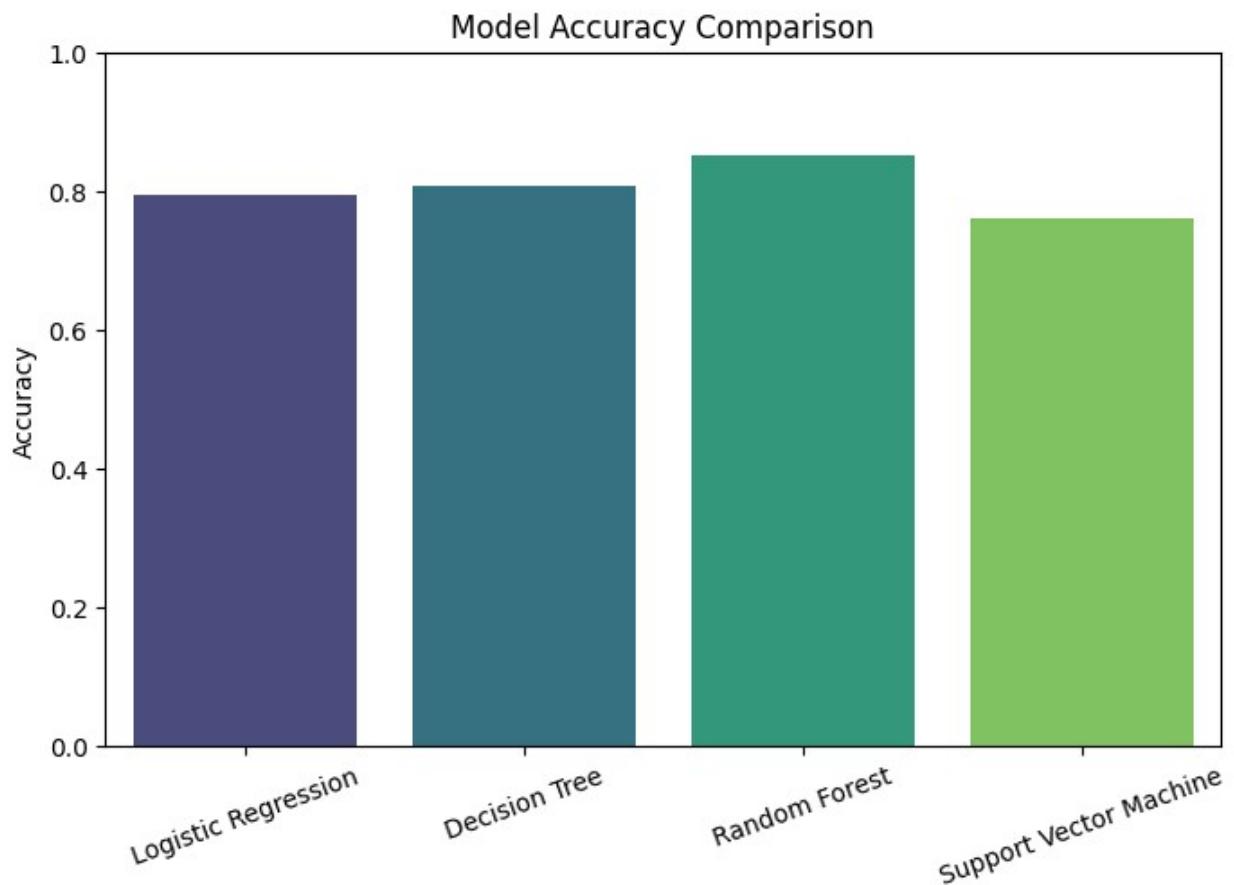


```
Decision Tree: 80.89%
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-912887234.py:7: FutureWarning:
```

```
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removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set
`legend=False` for the same effect.
```

```
    sns.barplot(x=list(results.keys()), y=list(results.values()),
    palette='viridis')
```

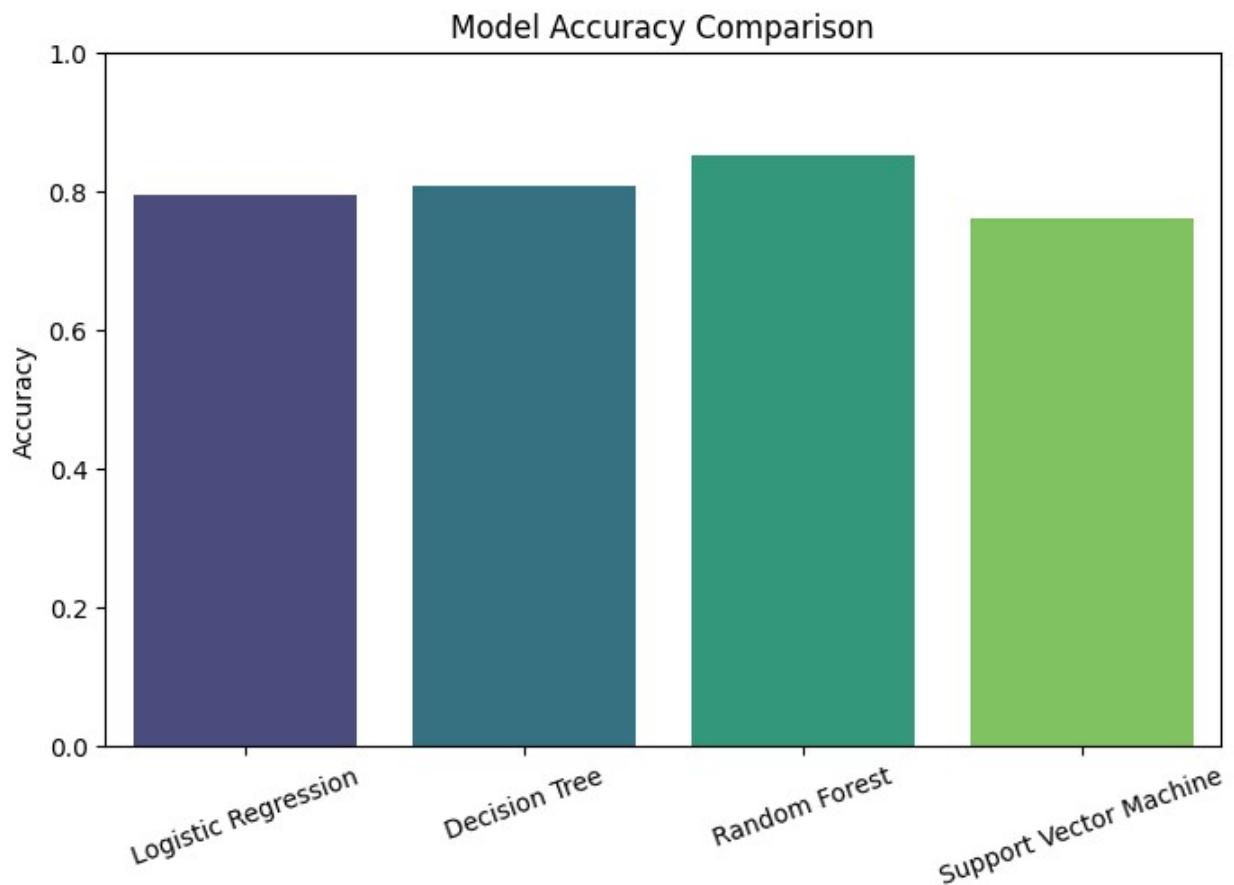


```
Random Forest: 85.32%
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-912887234.py:7: FutureWarning:
```

```
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be
removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set
`legend=False` for the same effect.
```

```
    sns.barplot(x=list(results.keys()), y=list(results.values()),
    palette='viridis')
```

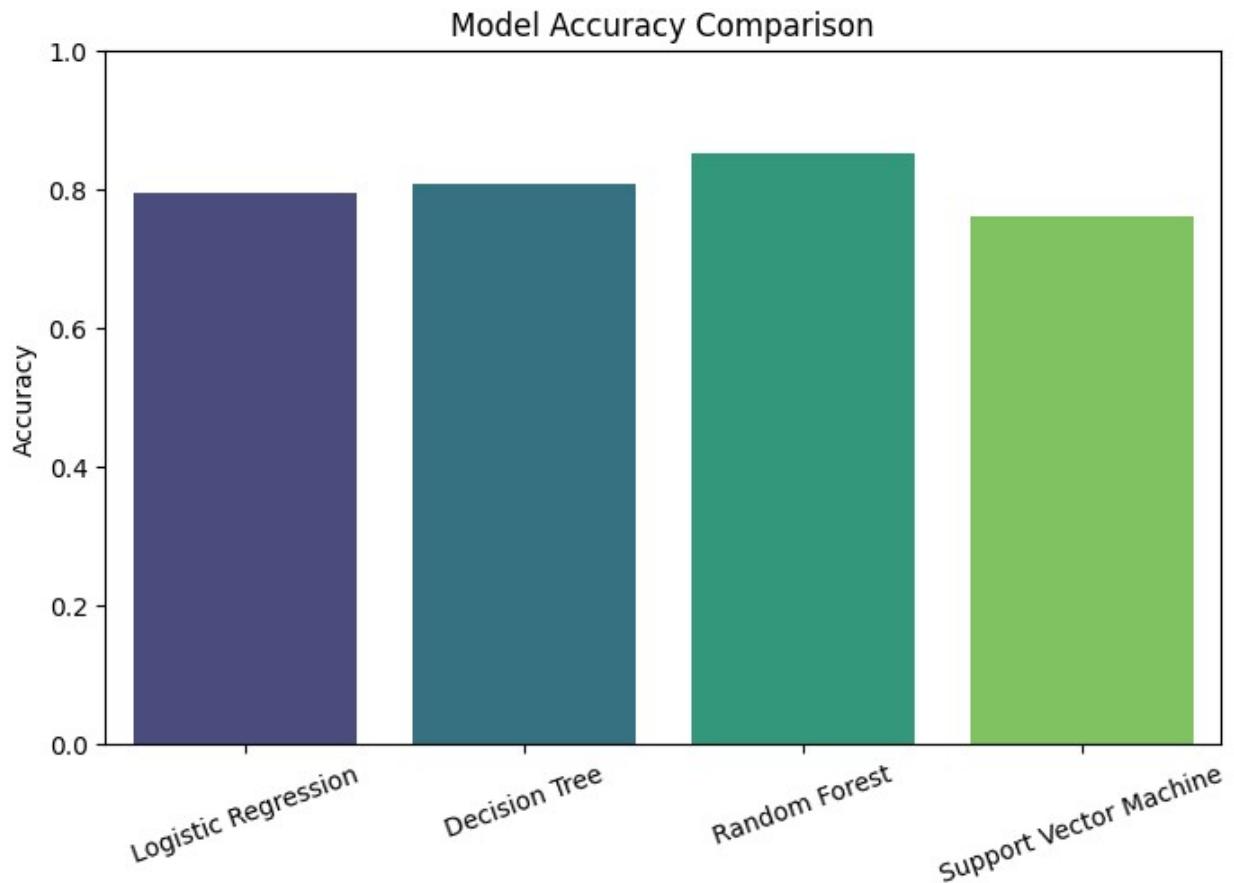


```
Support Vector Machine: 76.11%
```

```
/tmp/ipython-input-912887234.py:7: FutureWarning:
```

```
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be
removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set
`legend=False` for the same effect.
```

```
sns.barplot(x=list(results.keys()), y=list(results.values()),
palette='viridis')
```



```
best_model_name = max(results, key=results.get)
best_model = models[best_model_name]
print(f"\nBest Model: {best_model_name}")

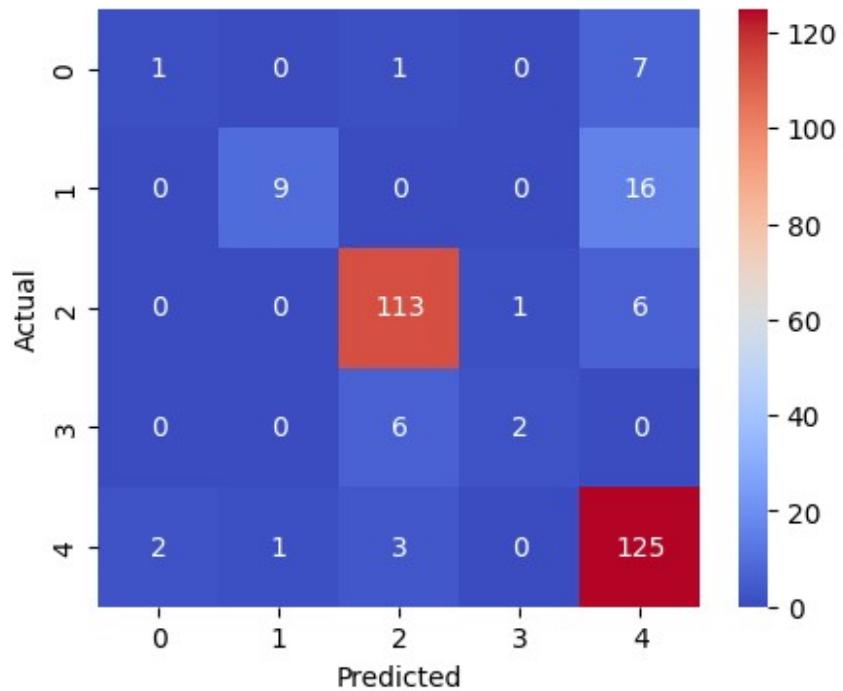
y_pred_best = best_model.predict(X_test)
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_best)

plt.figure(figsize=(5,4))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='coolwarm')
plt.title(f"Confusion Matrix - {best_model_name}")
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("Actual")
plt.show()

print("\nProject Completed Successfully ☺")
```

Best Model: Random Forest

Confusion Matrix - Random Forest



Project Completed Successfully ☐