## Testing chemical and biochemical fide Authors: Ronan Fleming, Ines Thiele, University of Luxembourg

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Once a common specific model is generated, but before a it is used to make predictions of biological relevance, it should be subjected to a range of quantitative and qualitative chemical and biochemical fidelity tests. The stoichismetric consistency tests should not be necessary if one starts with a seneric model where the Solety, it is also very impostant to test biochemical Solety. Such tests are very specific to the particular biological domain one is modelling. Here we focus on human metabolism and use the Record Smodel or Record S model.

PROCEDURE Load a model

Load Record Smodel. You may also load your own model modelFileName = 'Record.Boodel.mat's

modelfirectory = getfistributedModelFol ider(sode)Filemose); Nisok up the falder for the distributed Models modelFileManes | BodelFireCtory filesee modelFileManes; when the file arth, secretary to be sure, that the right model is to sodel = readCtModel(sodelFileMane);

Display the size of the model

[sMwt.nRun] = size(model.5); fprintf('mec\tmacke','meets','mruns'); fprintf('mee "Mary Thomas,", news, news, " totals in ", model.model22)

Set the threshold to classify flux into non-zero and zero flux

Production of mithaal from 12pad-5

Add sink reactions for either end of the proposed pathway model = addinideactions(model,("12cod Sicl", "ethox([c]"),[-188 -1; 8 188]);

Change the objective to maximise the sink reaction for mitroutic model = changeObjective(model, "cimk\_mthgsl[c]");

Test if it is possible to attain a nonzero objective, and if it is compute a sparse flux vector col = optimizeCBModel(model,"max","zers"); Check to see if there is a non-zero flux through the objective

fpristf('squeys',solue(model.c=mt),' flux through the sink\_sthqxl[c] reaction')

Display the sparse flux solution, but only the non-zero fluxes, above a specified threshold if sol, state-si

furnula-pristRenformula/model, model, resp(n), #):

ANTICIPATED RESULTS

# FRAncistati---- then it is feasible to produce methylahousi from Gi-propage-1,2-doi: If FRAncistati--- 0, then this metabolic function is infeasible. This is not anticipated and indicates that further gap filling is required (cf Gap Filling Tutorial)

Add sink reactions for either end of the proposed pathway

model = addiskReactions(model,{'dabut[c]','succ[e]'},[-100 -1; 0 100]);

model = changedbiective(model, "cim succimi");

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# FBAscilatation from it is feasible to produce CO2 and NH4 from glycine, if FBAscilatation(), then this metabolic function is infeasible. This is not anticipated and

[Seming\_cardinally\_notine] Fleming\_RMT\_et al., Cardinally optimisation in constrain-based modeling-likeration with Record Dipubmited, 2017.

[consultated Let Thi, H.A., Phant Dirt, T., Le, H.M., and Vo, X.T. (2016). DC approximation approaches for sparse optimization. European Journal of Operational

Test Fit is possible to attain a nonzero objective, and Fit is compute a sparse flux vector:

sol = optimizeCBModel(sodel, "max", "zero");

fprintf("que(a",sol.v(model.c=e0)," flux through the sink\_mhd(c) reaction")
end

Display the space flux solution, but only the non-zero fluxes, above a specified threshold.

firmila-printRunFormula(model, model.runc(n), 0); fprintf("s18g455\*(76-68c)n", s0l.v(n), model.runc(n), formula(1));

indicates that further gap filling is required (cf Gap Filling Tutorial). REFERENCES

if sol.statesi

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end ANTICIPATED RESULTS