

# App Development Project Report

## 1. Student Details

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**About Me:** I am a student of the IIT Madras BS Degree program, also an extra departmental employee of India Post, currently pursuing my Diploma level. I have taken the Modern Application Development 1 (MAD 1) course project, through which I am exploring the fundamentals of web application development and building practical, like this project of Hospital Management System.

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## 2. Project Details

**Project Title:** Hospital Management System

**Problem Statement:** To design and build a Hospital Management System (HMS) web application that allows Admins, Doctors, and Patients to interact with the system based on their roles.

### Approach:

The app was built using Flask as the backend framework with a modular structure

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## AI/LLM Declaration

I used **Copilot** to assist in writing models.py, creating API documentation samples, and improving variable naming consistency.

The extent of AI/LLM usage is around **22-25%**, limited to **code suggestions and documentation formatting** and also in some others like in html files at around 20-25%.

## 4. Technologies and Frameworks Used

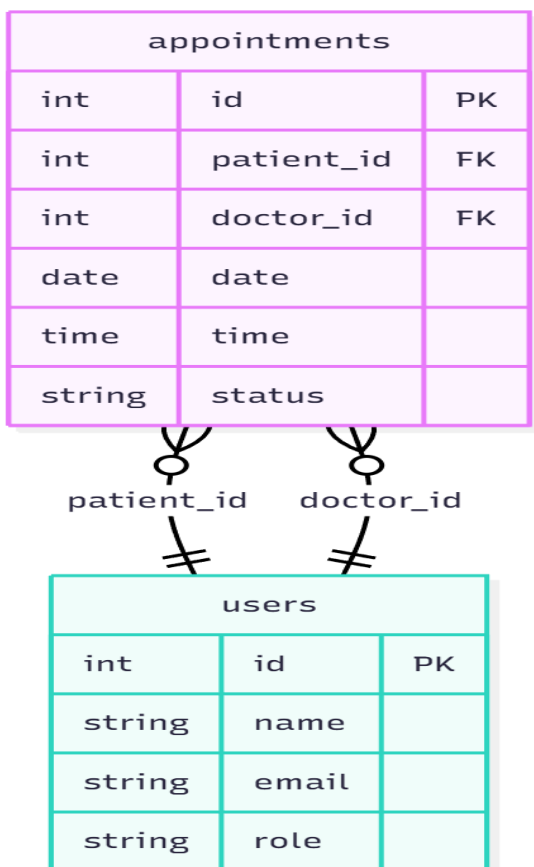
Technology / Library	Purpose
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Flask:	Web framework
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SQLAlchemy:	Database ORM
Werkzeug:	Password hashing
Flask-WTF:	Form handling and validation

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## 5. Database Schema / ER Diagram



### Table: doctors

- **id** → *INTEGER, Primary Key, Auto Increment* — Unique doctor ID.
- **user\_id** → *INTEGER, Foreign Key (users.id)* — Links each doctor to a user account.
- **specialization** → *VARCHAR(100), NOT NULL* — Doctor's field of expertise.
- **availability** → *TEXT, NULLABLE* — Available days and time slots.

### Table: patients

- **id** → *INTEGER, Primary Key, Auto Increment* — Unique patient ID.
- **user\_id** → *INTEGER, Foreign Key (users.id)* — Links each patient to a user account.

- **age** → *INTEGER, NULLABLE* — Patient's age.
- **gender** → *VARCHAR(10), NULLABLE* — Gender of the patient.
- **blood\_group** → *VARCHAR(5), NULLABLE* — Patient's blood group.
- **address** → *TEXT, NULLABLE* — Address or contact information.

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**Table: appointments**

- **id** → *INTEGER, Primary Key, Auto Increment* — Unique appointment ID.
  - **doctor\_id** → *INTEGER, Foreign Key (doctors.id)* — Associated doctor.
  - **patient\_id** → *INTEGER, Foreign Key (patients.id)* — Associated patient.
  - **date** → *DATE, NOT NULL* — Appointment date.
  - **time** → *TIME, NOT NULL* — Appointment time.
  - **status** → *ENUM('Pending', 'Approved', 'Cancelled', 'Completed'), DEFAULT 'Pending'* — Current status of the appointment.
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**Design Rationale**

- **Normalization:** Each entity (User, Doctor, Patient, Appointment) has its own table to avoid redundancy.
  - **Reusability:** The users table serves as a base for all user types, simplifying authentication and session management.
  - **Scalability:** This design allows easy addition of new roles (like “Nurse” or “Pharmacist”) without structural changes.
  - **Data Integrity:** Foreign keys ensure relationships between users, doctors, and patients remain consistent.
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## 6. API Resource Endpoints

API Endpoint	Method	Description
/api/login	POST	Authenticates user credentials
/api/register	POST	Registers a new patient
/api/doctors	GET	Retrieves list of all doctors
/api/appointments	GET	Retrieves appointments for logged-in user
/api/appointments	POST	Creates a new appointment
/api/appointments/<id>	PUT	Updates appointment status
/api/appointments/<id>	DELETE	Cancels an appointment

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## 7. Architecture and Features (optional)

**Project Organization:-**

The project follows the **MVC (Model–View–Controller)** pattern for modularity and clarity.

Folder/File	Description
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app.py	Entry point of the Flask application
models/	Contains ORM models for Users, Doctors, Patients, Appointments
routes/	Holds controller files (admin, doctor, patient routes)
templates/	HTML files for different pages using Jinja2 templating
static/	CSS, JS, and image assets
database/	SQLite or MySQL database initialization script
api/	REST API endpoints and logic

Each controller handles user-specific operations (like admin dashboard, doctor appointments, patient bookings).

Templates inherit from a common base.html to maintain a consistent UI across pages.

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## Implemented Features

### Default Features

- User authentication (login/register/logout)
- Role-based access control (Admin, Doctor, Patient)
- Appointment scheduling and management
- Bootstrap 5 responsive UI
- Flash messages for user feedback

### Additional / Advanced Features

- Doctor availability tracking
  - Profile management for doctors and patients
  - Status-based appointment updates (Pending/Approved/Cancelled)
  - Admin dashboard for managing all data centrally
  - API endpoints for data access and integration
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## 8. Video Presentation

### Drive Link:

Please [click](#) here

Also the link is here -

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1b1ODsoOXNTCCzG3dv6zCsz4MJYL8EY8B/view?usp=sharing>

*(Accessible to all with "View" permission.)*

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