

# Centre for Development of Advanced Computing (C-DAC)

## Patna

### Artificial Intelligence and Data Science using Python

#### Module 2: Basics of Python

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## OOP in Python

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- To map with real world scenarios, we started using objects in code.
- This is called object oriented programming.

## Class & Object in Python

- Class is a blueprint for creating objects.
- #creating class

class Student:

    name = "karan kumar"

```
#creating object (instance)
s1 = Student()
print( s1.name )
```

## Class & Instance Attributes

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- Class.attr – use dir() function
- obj.attr

## \_\_init\_\_ Function

### Constructor

All classes have a function called `_init_()`, which is always executed when the object is being initiated.

```
#creating class  
  
class Student:  
    def __init__( self, fullname ):  
        self.name = fullname
```

The `self` parameter is a reference to the current instance of the class, and is used to access variables that belongs to the class.

## Methods

```
#creating class

class Student:
    def __init__(self, fullname):
        self.name = fullname
```

```
#creating object

s1 = Student( "karan" )
s1.hello()
```

## Let's Practice

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- Create student class that takes name & marks of 3 subjects as arguments in constructor. Then create a method to print the average.

## Important

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- Abstraction

Hiding the implementation details of a class and only showing the essential features to the user.

- Encapsulation

Wrapping data and functions into a single unit (object).

## Let's Practice

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- Create Account class with 2 attributes - balance & account no.
- Create methods for debit, credit & printing the balance.

## Inheritance

```
class Animal:  
    def __init__(self, name):  
        self.name = name  
  
    def info(self):  
        print("Animal name:", self.name)  
  
class Dog(Animal):  
    def sound(self):  
        print(self.name, "barks")  
  
d = Dog("Buddy")  
d.info()      # Inherited method  
d.sound()
```

## Initialise Parent Class

```
class Animal:  
    def __init__(self, name):  
        self.name = name  
  
    def info(self):  
        print("Animal name:", self.name)  
  
# Child Class: Dog  
class Dog(Animal):  
    def __init__(self, name, breed):  
        super().__init__(name)    # Call parent constructor  
        self.breed = breed  
  
    def details(self):  
        print(self.name, "is a", self.breed)  
  
d = Dog("Buddy", "Golden Retriever")  
d.info()      # Parent method  
d.details()   # Child method
```

## Single Inheritance

```
class Person:  
    def __init__(self, name):  
        self.name = name  
  
class Employee(Person): # Employee inherits from Person  
    def show_role(self):  
        print(self.name, "is an employee")  
  
emp = Employee("Sarah")  
print("Name:", emp.name)  
emp.show_role()
```

## Multiple Inheritance

```
class Person:  
    def __init__(self, name):  
        self.name = name  
  
class Job:  
    def __init__(self, salary):  
        self.salary = salary  
  
class Employee(Person, Job): # Inherits from both Person and Job  
    def __init__(self, name, salary):  
        Person.__init__(self, name)  
        Job.__init__(self, salary)  
  
    def details(self):  
        print(self.name, "earns", self.salary)  
  
emp = Employee("Jennifer", 50000)  
emp.details()
```

## Multi-Level Inheritance

```
class Person:  
    def __init__(self, name):  
        self.name = name  
  
class Employee(Person):  
    def show_role(self):  
        print(self.name, "is an employee")  
  
class Manager(Employee): # Manager inherits from Employee  
    def department(self, dept):  
        print(self.name, "manages", dept, "department")  
  
mgr = Manager("Joy")  
mgr.show_role()  
mgr.department("HR")
```

## Hierarchical Inheritance

```
class Person:  
    def __init__(self, name):  
        self.name = name  
  
class Employee(Person):  
    def role(self):  
        print(self.name, "works as an employee")  
  
class Intern(Person):  
    def role(self):  
        print(self.name, "is an intern")  
  
emp = Employee("David")  
emp.role()  
  
intern = Intern("Eva")  
intern.role()
```

# Hybrid Inheritance

```

class Person:
    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name = name

class Employee(Person):
    def role(self):
        print(self.name, "is an employee")

class Project:
    def __init__(self, project_name):
        self.project_name = project_name

class TeamLead(Employee, Project): # Hybrid Inheritance
    def __init__(self, name, project_name):
        Employee.__init__(self, name)
        Project.__init__(self, project_name)

    def details(self):
        print(self.name, "leads project:", self.project_name)

lead = TeamLead("Sophia", "AI Development")
lead.role()
lead.details()
  
```



*Thank You !*