# **PFDS**

# TERM 1 FINAL EXAM -- PART TWO

# **SHORT ANSWERS (CODING)**

In [20]: import math

## Problem #1:

Given a list of numbers, write a program to turn every item of the list into the difference of the item cubed minus the square root of the item.

**Given:** [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]

**Expected Output:** [0, 62, 726, 4092, 15620

```
In [8]: given = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25]
  [int((num**3)-(math.sqrt(num)) )for num in given]
```

Out[8]: [0, 62, 726, 4092, 15620]

Problem #2: Write a program to add item "west" after "east" in the following Python list.

["cat", "dog", ["red", "white", "blue" ["north", "south", "east"], "football". "basketball"], "apple", "orange"]

## **Expected Output:**

["cat", "dog", ["red", "white", "blue" ["north", "south", "east", "west"], "football". "basketball"], "apple", "orange"]

```
In [22]: lists = ["cat", "dog", ["red", "white", "blue", ["north", "south", "east"], "football",
    lists[2][3].append('west')
    print(lists)

['cat', 'dog', ['red', 'white', 'blue', ['north', 'south', 'east', 'west'], 'football',
    'basketball'], 'apple', 'orange']
```

Problem #3: Information about a fictitious college student ... Sally Jones, Female, 19,

#### Harvard, Computer Science

- 1. Create a tuple of values and assign that tuple to a variable named student. Write code to print out student, the data type that student is is, and the number of items in student. Use f-string formatting to enhance your output. 2. Create a tuple of variables to represent the tuple of values from Part 1 and assign the variable student to that tuple. Use f-string formatting to print out the following statement: *Sally Jones is a 19 year old Computer Science major at Harvard*.
- 3. Sally just had a birthday and she also decided to change her major to Data Science and transfer to Stanford. Use the original tuple to create a new tuple with the same name that includes this updated information. Print out the new tuple.
- 4. Use f-string formatting to print out the following statement: Sally Jones is now 20 years old and has transferred to Stanford where she will major in Data Science.

```
student = ("Sally Jones", "Female", 19, "Harvard", "Computer Science")
In [2]:
                             print(f"Student is {student}. The data type of student is a {type(student)}. The length
                             print("\n")
                             (name, gender, age, college, major) = student
                             print(f"{name} is {age} year old {major} major at {college}.")
                             print("\n")
                             studentAsList = list(student)
                             studentAsList[2] = 20
                             studentAsList[3] = "Stanford"
                             studentAsList[len(studentAsList)-1] = "Data Science"
                             student = tuple(studentAsList)
                             print(student)
                             print("\n")
                             print(f"{name} is now {age} and has transferred to {college} where she will major in {major in {
                            Student is ('Sally Jones', 'Female', 19, 'Harvard', 'Computer Science'). The data type
                            of student is a <class 'tuple'>. The length of student is 5.
                            Sally Jones is 19 year old Computer Science major at Harvard.
                            ('Sally Jones', 'Female', 20, 'Stanford', 'Data Science')
```

Sally Jones is now 19 and has transferred to Harvard where she will major in Computer S cience.

#### Problem #4:

Write code to copy elements "soccer" and "tennis" from the tuple\_1 into a new tuple named tuple\_2.

```
tuple_1 = ("red", "white", "blue", "soccer", "green", "yellow", "tennis", "pink". "orange")
```

```
In [5]: tuple_1 = ("red", "white", "blue", "soccer", "green", "yellow", "tennis", "pink", "orange tuple_2 = tuple_1[3:7:3]
    print(tuple_2)
    ('soccer', 'tennis')
```

# Problem #5:

Create a dictionary named school\_dict from the table below. Use school as the key. Print out school\_dict. ![a1.jpg](attachment:a1.jpg)

```
In [6]:
    school_dict = {
        'bchs':['Lancers',1244],
        'behs':['Spartans',1298],
        'tosa_east':['Red Raiders', 1191]
    }
    print(school_dict)

{'bchs': ['Lancers', 1244], 'behs': ['Spartans', 1298], 'tosa_east': ['Red Raiders', 11 91]}
```

# Problem #6:

Change Johns's salary to 90000, Kate's job to doctor, and Bill's name to William in the given Python dictionary.

```
employee_dict = { 'emp1': {'name': 'John', 'salary': 75000, 'job': 'Accountant}, 'emp2': {'name': 'Kate', 'salary': 100000, 'job': 'engineer'}, 'emp3': {'name': 'Bill', 'salary': 80000, 'job': 'lawyer'} }
```

```
In [8]:
         employee dict = {
             'emp1': {
                 'name': 'John',
                  'salary': 75000,
                 'job': 'Accountant'
             },
             'emp2': {
                 'name': 'Kate',
                 'salary': 100000,
                 'job': 'engineer'
             },
              'emp3': {
                 'name': 'Bill',
                 'salary': 80000,
                 'job': 'lawyer'
             }
         }
         employee_dict['emp1']['salary'] = 90000
         employee_dict['emp2']['job']='doctor'
         employee_dict['emp3']['name']='William'
         print(employee dict)
```

```
{'emp1': {'name': 'John', 'salary': 90000, 'job': 'Accountant'}, 'emp2': {'name': 'Kat
e', 'salary': 100000, 'job': 'doctor'}, 'emp3': {'name': 'William', 'salary': 80000, 'j
ob': 'lawyer'}}
```

## Problem #7:

Use a for loop, the range function, and a continue statement to print out the following output:

7 8 9 10 11 13 14 15 16 18

```
In [18]: for x in range(7,19):
    if x != 12 and x != 17:
        print(x, end=" ")
```

7 8 9 10 11 13 14 15 16 18

**Problem #8:** Use a while loop to create the list [7, 10, 13, 16, 19, 22].

```
In [15]: list = []
    for x in range(7,23,3):
        list.append(x)
    print(list)
```

[7, 10, 13, 16, 19, 22]

**Problem #9:** Write code that uses a <u>list comprehension</u> that takes the given list input\_list and creates a new list that consists of the square root values values of only the even number in numbers in input\_list.

input\_list = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 100, 400, 729, 900]

**Desired Output** 

[2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 20, 30]

```
In [22]: input_list = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 100, 400, 729, 900]
  [int(math.sqrt(i)) for i in input_list if i%2==0]
```

Out[22]: [2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 20, 30]

## Problem #10:

a. Write a program that uses a lambda function with filter() to filter out only the multiples of 7 from the given list.

```
list1 = [5, 12, 21, 28, 32, 40, 49, 63, 72, 84, 93, 98, 100]
```

b. Write a program that uses a lambda function with map() to square each item in the given list and then subtract 4.

```
list2 = [5, 8, 11, 14, 19, 24]
```

```
In [4]: list1 = [5, 12, 21, 28, 32, 40, 49, 63, 72, 84, 93, 98, 100]

result = list(filter(lambda x: (x % 7 == 0), list1))
print(result)

list2 = [5, 8, 11, 14, 19, 24]
result2 = list(map(lambda x:((x**2)-4), list2))
print(result2)

[21, 28, 49, 63, 84, 98]
[21, 60, 117, 192, 357, 572]
```

In [ ]: