# **Asg 19.4**

# Working with Pandas DataFrames -- The Essentials (Part Two)

(Coding)



# Files needed for this assignment:

marketing\_campaign.csv (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Lx2V9-9j\_t\_9hTSdFpLmmP\_5M\_1sE4Wf/view?usp=share\_link) houses train.txt (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1E1SzyR0dhlOrMloKs3UBL8pibFpVwLis/view?usp=share\_link)

The notebook is set up to display multiple output in one cell.

# **PART ONE**

For Questions 1-7: We will be using the 'marketing\_campaign.csv' dataset and the customers DataFrame.

#### **Question 1:**

Read in the dataset 'marketing\_campaign.csv' and store the results in a DataFrame named customers.

<u>marketing\_campaign.csv (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Lx2V9-9j\_t\_9hTSdFpLmmP\_5M\_1sE4Wf/view?usp=share\_link)</u>

#### Question 2:

a. Read in the dataset 'marketing\_campaign.csv' and store the results in a DataFrame named customers.

**Note:** This is the same as Question 1.

b. Use the appropriate attributes or methods to inspect the **customers** DataFrame.

```
In [6]:
          1 customers = pd.read csv('marketing campaign.csv',sep=';')
          2 print(customers.index)
          3 print(customers.columns)
          4 print(customers.shape)
            print(customers.dtypes)
         RangeIndex(start=0, stop=2240, step=1)
         Index(['ID', 'Year_Birth', 'Education', 'Marital_Status', 'Income', 'Kidhom
         е',
                'Teenhome', 'Dt_Customer', 'Recency', 'MntWines', 'MntFruits',
                'MntMeatProducts', 'MntFishProducts', 'MntSweetProducts', 'MntGoldProds', 'NumDealsPurchases', 'NumWebPurchases',
                'NumCatalogPurchases', 'NumStorePurchases', 'NumWebVisitsMonth',
                'AcceptedCmp3', 'AcceptedCmp4', 'AcceptedCmp5', 'AcceptedCmp1',
                'AcceptedCmp2', 'Complain', 'Z_CostContact', 'Z_Revenue', 'Respons
         e'],
               dtype='object')
         (2240, 29)
         ΙD
                                   int64
         Year Birth
                                   int64
                                  object
         Education
         Marital_Status
                                  object
         Income
                                 float64
         Kidhome
                                   int64
         Teenhome
                                   int64
                                  object
         Dt Customer
         Recency
                                   int64
         MntWines
                                   int64
                                   int64
         MntFruits
         MntMeatProducts
                                   int64
         MntFishProducts
                                   int64
         MntSweetProducts
                                   int64
         MntGoldProds
                                   int64
         NumDealsPurchases
                                   int64
         NumWebPurchases
                                   int64
         NumCatalogPurchases
                                   int64
         NumStorePurchases
                                   int64
         NumWebVisitsMonth
                                   int64
         AcceptedCmp3
                                   int64
         AcceptedCmp4
                                   int64
         AcceptedCmp5
                                   int64
         AcceptedCmp1
                                   int64
         AcceptedCmp2
                                   int64
         Complain
                                   int64
         Z_CostContact
                                   int64
         Z Revenue
                                   int64
         Response
                                   int64
```

#### Question 3:

dtype: object

a. Sort the **'Year\_Birth'** Series of the **customers** DataFrame in ascending order ... (this should return a Series).

b. Use an appropriate method to check that the Series was sorted properly.

```
In [11]:
              customers['Year_Birth'].sort_values()
Out[11]: 239
                  1893
          339
                  1899
          192
                  1900
          1950
                  1940
          424
                  1941
                  . . .
          747
                  1995
          1850
                  1995
          696
                  1995
          1170
                  1996
          46
                  1996
          Name: Year_Birth, Length: 2240, dtype: int64
```

#### Question 4:

- a. Sort the **'Income'** Series of the **customers** DataFrame in descending order ... (this should return a Series).
- b. Use an appropriate method to check that the Series was sorted properly.

```
In [12]:
              customers['Income'].sort_values(ascending=False)
Out[12]: 2233
                  666666.0
          617
                  162397.0
          687
                  160803.0
          1300
                  157733.0
         164
                  157243.0
          2078
                       NaN
          2079
                       NaN
          2081
                       NaN
         2084
                       NaN
          2228
                       NaN
          Name: Income, Length: 2240, dtype: float64
```

#### Question 5:

- a. Sort the entire **customers** DataFrame by the **'Year\_Birth'** Series in ascending order ... (this should return a DataFrame).
- b. Use an appropriate method to check that the DataFrame was sorted properly.

- 11 1 1 V

In [13]:

1 customers.sort\_values(by=['Year\_Birth'])

Out[13]:

	ID	Year_Birth	Education	Marital_Status	Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Dt_Customer	R
239	11004	1893	2n Cycle	Single	60182.0	0	1	2014-05-17	
339	1150	1899	PhD	Together	83532.0	0	0	2013-09-26	
192	7829	1900	2n Cycle	Divorced	36640.0	1	0	2013-09-26	
1950	6663	1940	PhD	Single	51141.0	0	0	2013-07-08	
424	6932	1941	PhD	Married	93027.0	0	0	2013-04-13	
747	10548	1995	Graduation	Single	71163.0	0	0	2014-03-09	
1850	4427	1995	2n Cycle	Single	83257.0	0	0	2012-09-18	
696	8315	1995	Graduation	Single	34824.0	0	0	2014-03-26	
1170	193	1996	Basic	Married	14421.0	0	0	2014-02-17	
46	9909	1996	2n Cycle	Married	7500.0	0	0	2012-11-09	

2240 rows × 29 columns

 $\blacktriangleleft$ 

## **Question 6:**

- a. Sort the entire **customers** DataFrame by the **'Income'** Series in descending order ... (this should return a DataFrame).
- b. Use an appropriate method to check that the DataFrame was sorted properly.

In [14]:

1 customers.sort\_values(by=['Income'])

# Out[14]:

	ID Year_Birth	ID Year_Birth Education Marital_State	s Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Dt_Customer	R€
1245	6862 1971	6862 1971 Graduation Divorce	d 1730.0	0	0	2014-05-18	
21	5376 1979	5376 1979 Graduation Marrie	d 2447.0	1	0	2013-01-06	
1524	11110 1973	11110 1973 Graduation Sing	e 3502.0	1	0	2013-04-13	
1846	9931 1963	9931 1963 PhD Marrie	d 4023.0	1	1	2014-06-23	
1975	0311 1969	0311 1969 Graduation Marrie	d 4428.0	0	1	2013-10-05	
2078	5079 1971	5079 1971 Graduation Marrie	d NaN	1	1	2013-03-03	
2079	0339 1954	0339 1954 Master Togeth	er NaN	0	1	2013-06-23	
2081	3117 1955	3117 1955 Graduation Sing	e NaN	0	1	2013-10-18	
2084	5250 1943	5250 1943 Master Wido	w NaN	0	0	2013-10-30	
2228	8720 1978	8720 1978 2n Cycle Togeth	er NaN	0	0	2012-08-12	
2081 2084	3117 1955 5250 1943	3117 1955 Graduation Sing 5250 1943 Master Wide	e NaN w NaN	0	1 0	2013-10-1 2013-10-3	8

2240 rows × 29 columns

# Question 7:

- a. Sort the entire customers DataFrame first by 'Income', then by 'Year\_Birth'.
- b. Use an appropriate method to check that the DataFrame was sorted properly.

```
In [15]: 1 customers = customers.sort_values(by=['Income'])
2 customers.sort_values(by=['Year_Birth'])
```

### Out[15]:

		ID	Year_Birth	Education	Marital_Status	Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Dt_Customer	R
	239	11004	1893	2n Cycle	Single	60182.0	0	1	2014-05-17	
;	339	1150	1899	PhD	Together	83532.0	0	0	2013-09-26	
,	192	7829	1900	2n Cycle	Divorced	36640.0	1	0	2013-09-26	
19	950	6663	1940	PhD	Single	51141.0	0	0	2013-07-08	
	424	6932	1941	PhD	Married	93027.0	0	0	2013-04-13	
18	850	4427	1995	2n Cycle	Single	83257.0	0	0	2012-09-18	
	747	10548	1995	Graduation	Single	71163.0	0	0	2014-03-09	
2	213	3661	1995	2n Cycle	Single	80617.0	0	0	2012-10-12	
1	170	193	1996	Basic	Married	14421.0	0	0	2014-02-17	
	46	9909	1996	2n Cycle	Married	7500.0	0	0	2012-11-09	

2240 rows × 29 columns



- a. Use the sort\_index() method to sort the entire **customers** DataFrame in reverse order.
- b. Use an appropriate method to check that the DataFrame was sorted properly.

In [16]:

1 customers.sort\_index(ascending=False)

# Out[16]:

	ID	Year_Birth	Education	Marital_Status	Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Dt_Customer	R
2239	9405	1954	PhD	Married	52869.0	1	1	2012-10-15	
2238	8235	1956	Master	Together	69245.0	0	1	2014-01-24	
2237	7270	1981	Graduation	Divorced	56981.0	0	0	2014-01-25	
2236	4001	1946	PhD	Together	64014.0	2	1	2014-06-10	
2235	10870	1967	Graduation	Married	61223.0	0	1	2013-06-13	
4	5324	1981	PhD	Married	58293.0	1	0	2014-01-19	
3	6182	1984	Graduation	Together	26646.0	1	0	2014-02-10	
2	4141	1965	Graduation	Together	71613.0	0	0	2013-08-21	
1	2174	1954	Graduation	Single	46344.0	1	1	2014-03-08	
0	5524	1957	Graduation	Single	58138.0	0	0	2012-09-04	

2240 rows × 29 columns

# Question 9:

- a. Use the sort\_index() method to sort the columns of the entire **customers** DataFrame in reverse order.
- b. Use an appropriate method to check that the DataFrame was sorted properly.

In [17]:

1 customers.sort\_index(axis=1, ascending=False)

# Out[17]:

	Z_Revenue	Z_CostContact	Year_Birth	Teenhome	Response	Recency	NumWebVisitsMonth
1245	11	3	1971	0	0	65	20
21	11	3	1979	0	0	42	1
1524	11	3	1973	0	0	56	14
1846	11	3	1963	1	0	29	19
1975	11	3	1969	1	0	0	1
2078	11	3	1971	1	0	82	8
2079	11	3	1954	1	0	83	6
2081	11	3	1955	1	0	95	7
2084	11	3	1943	0	1	75	1
2228	11	3	1978	0	0	53	0

2240 rows × 29 columns

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## Question 10:

- a. Use the set\_index() method to set the ID column as the row index.
- b. Use an appropriate method to check that the DataFrame was sorted properly.

In [18]:

1 customers.set\_index(['ID'])

Out[18]:

	Year_Birth	Education	Marital_Status	Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Dt_Customer	Recency
ID								
6862	1971	Graduation	Divorced	1730.0	0	0	2014-05-18	65
5376	1979	Graduation	Married	2447.0	1	0	2013-01-06	42
11110	1973	Graduation	Single	3502.0	1	0	2013-04-13	56
9931	1963	PhD	Married	4023.0	1	1	2014-06-23	29
10311	1969	Graduation	Married	4428.0	0	1	2013-10-05	0
5079	1971	Graduation	Married	NaN	1	1	2013-03-03	82
10339	1954	Master	Together	NaN	0	1	2013-06-23	83
3117	1955	Graduation	Single	NaN	0	1	2013-10-18	95
5250	1943	Master	Widow	NaN	0	0	2013-10-30	75
8720	1978	2n Cycle	Together	NaN	0	0	2012-08-12	53

2240 rows × 28 columns

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#### Question 11:

Read in the dataset 'marketing\_campaign.csv', but this time set the ID column as the row index in your read\_csv statement. Store the results in a DataFrame named customers.

marketing\_campaign.csv (https://drive.google.com/file/d/1Lx2V9-9j\_t\_9hTSdFpLmmP\_5M\_1sE4Wf/view?usp=share\_link)

## Out[19]:

	Year_Birth	Education	Marital_Status	Income	Kidhome	Teenhome	Dt_Customer	Recency
ID								
5524	1957	Graduation	Single	58138.0	0	0	2012-09-04	58
2174	1954	Graduation	Single	46344.0	1	1	2014-03-08	38
4141	1965	Graduation	Together	71613.0	0	0	2013-08-21	26
6182	1984	Graduation	Together	26646.0	1	0	2014-02-10	26
5324	1981	PhD	Married	58293.0	1	0	2014-01-19	94
10870	1967	Graduation	Married	61223.0	0	1	2013-06-13	46
4001	1946	PhD	Together	64014.0	2	1	2014-06-10	56
7270	1981	Graduation	Divorced	56981.0	0	0	2014-01-25	91
8235	1956	Master	Together	69245.0	0	1	2014-01-24	8
9405	1954	PhD	Married	52869.0	1	1	2012-10-15	40

2240 rows × 28 columns

