

Professors English Academy Panchagarh

SUBJECT: ENGLISH

MODEL : 01

TOPIC : VERB

TIME : 15 MIN

MARKS : 30

1. A word indicating 'Action' is called
 - a) Noun
 - b) Article
 - c) Verb
 - d) Vowel
2. একটি sentence এর থ্রোজনীয় অংশ হচ্ছে-
The essential part of a sentence is-
 - a) Noun
 - b) Verb
 - c) Hard words
 - d) feeling
3. Which one of the following is correct?
 - a) Every English sentence must have a verb.
 - b) Every English sentence should have a verb.
 - c) Every English sentence has a verb.
 - d) Every sentence has a verb.
4. 'I did the work.' Here 'did' is a/an –
 - a) Auxiliary verb
 - b) Weak verb
 - c) Strong verb
 - d) Principal verb
5. No sentence can be formed without the-
 - a) Transitive verb
 - b) Principal verb
 - c) Factitive verb
 - d) Intransitive verb
6. I am in class twelve. Here 'am' is-
 - a) cognate verb
 - b) factitive verb
 - c) auxiliary verb
 - d) principal verb
7. We should obey the laws. Here the verb 'obey' is-
 - a) Principal
 - b) finite
 - c) non finite
 - d) auxiliary
8. Nothing lasts forever. What type of verb is 'last' in this sentence?
 - a) Auxiliary verb
 - b) Participle
 - c) Main verb
 - d) Modal auxiliary
9. Which one is used both as auxiliary and principal verb?
 - a) can
 - b) would
 - c) might
 - d) am
10. What is the number of auxiliary verbs in English?
The number of auxiliary verbs in English is-
 - a) Eleven
 - b) Twelve
 - c) Thirteen
 - d) Fifteen
11. ইংরেজি ভাষায় Primary auxiliaries কয়টি?
 - a) ১০টি
 - b) ১৪টি
 - c) ১২টি
 - d) ১১টি
12. He took shelter under a tree. Here the verb 'took' is-
 - a) Transitive
 - b) intransitive
 - c) Both 'a' and 'b'
 - d) Neither 'a' or 'b'
13. Mother loves me. Here 'loves' is an example of the-
 - a) Transitive verb
 - b) Auxiliary verb
 - c) Simple verb
 - d) Intransitive verb
14. The boy reads a book. What kind of verb 'read' in the sentence is?
 - a) principal verb
 - b) auxiliary verb
 - c) transitive verb
 - d) intransitive verb
15. He writes a letter. In this sentence 'write' is a-
 - a) Principal verb
 - b) Auxiliary verb
 - c) transitive verb
 - d) Intransitive verb
16. Mother laughs. বাক্যে Laughস কিসের উদাহরণ?
 - a) Intransitive verb
 - b) Auxiliary verb
 - c) Transitive verb
 - d) Causative verb
17. 'Huffing and puffing, we arrived at the classroom door with only seven seconds to spare.' In this sentence the verb 'arrived' is-
 - a) intransitive
 - b) transitive
 - c) causative
 - d) defective
18. Which one is intransitive verb?
 - a) raise
 - b) lay
 - c) set
 - d) rise
19. The door opened automatically. The verb in the sentence is-
 - a) Transitive
 - b) Intransitive
 - c) Linking
 - d) Non-finite
20. River flows. What kind of verb 'flows' is?
Fire burns. What kind of verb 'burns' is?
 - a) Intransitive
 - b) Transitive
 - c) Causative
 - d) Copulative
21. Which of the following is NOT a type of incomplete verb?
 - a) auxiliary verb
 - b) intransitive verb
 - c) semi-auxiliary verb
 - d) being verb
22. She sleeps. Here the verb 'sleep' is a-
 - a) Transitive verb
 - b) Linking verb
 - c) Be verb
 - d) Intransitive verb
23. Identify the underlined item in the sentence. 'Whom do you like most?
 - a) Subject
 - b) Indirect object
 - c) Direct object
 - d) Relative pronoun
24. Identify the underlined item. 'What did you tell her?
 - a) predicate
 - b) question
 - c) indirect object
 - d) direct object
25. Choose the correct sentence-
 - a) I presented her a flower.
 - b) I presented a flower for her.
 - c) She was presented a flower by me.
 - d) I presented her with a flower.
26. Mrs. Lubna has returned-
 - a) the wallet to its original owner
 - b) to its original owner the wallet
 - c) the wallet to its originally owner
 - d) a wallet back to its original owner
27. The professor gave –
He gave –/She gave –
 - a) to the class a tough assignment
 - b) a tough assignment for the class
 - c) the class a tough assignment
 - d) an assignment tough to the class
28. We gave – a meal.
 - a) for the visitors
 - b) at the visitors
 - c) the visitors
 - d) to the visitors
29. Rahat gave – a book.
 - a) at the friends
 - b) to the friends
 - c) his friend
 - d) for the friends
30. Shakespeare is a playwright. Here 'playwright' is used as –
'He became a politician.' Here 'politician' is used as –
 - a) Object
 - b) Subject
 - c) Adverb
 - d) Complement