

**LAB NAME : AI ASSISTED CODING**

**LAB NUMBER :02**

**ROLL NO :2503A51L16**

**BRANCH : CSE**

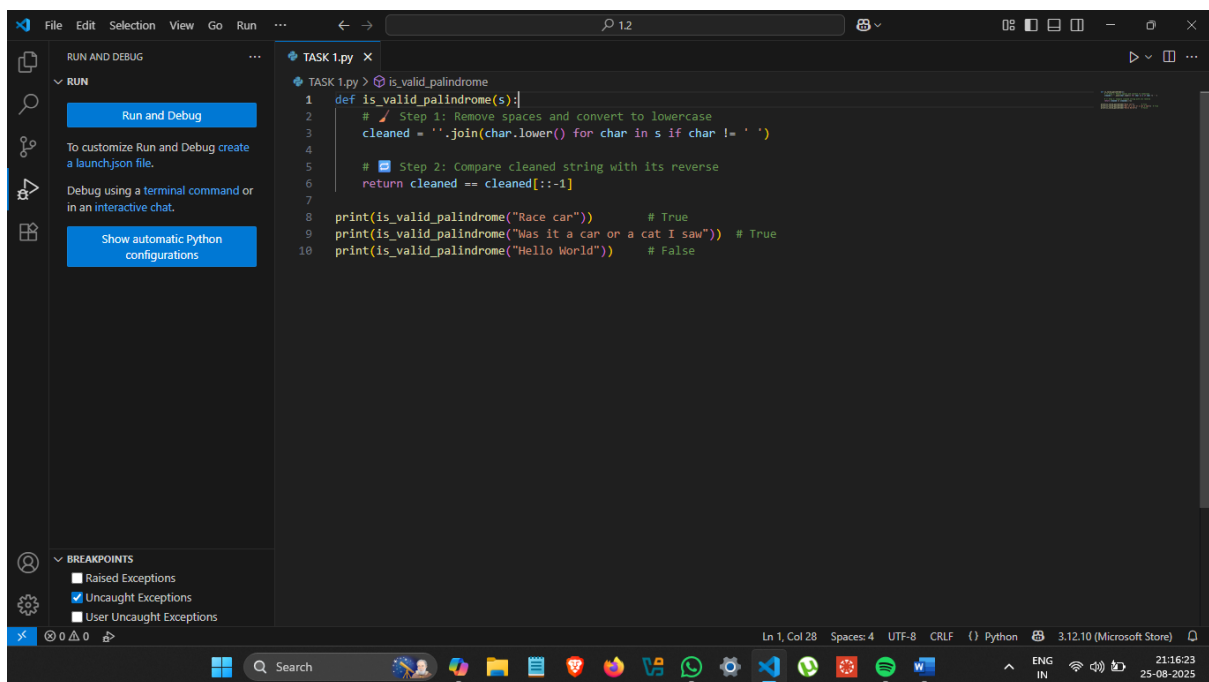
**NAME : K.JASHUVA**

## TASK 1

- **TASK DESCRIPTION:** Write a comment: # Function to check if a string is a valid palindrome (ignoring spaces and case) and allow Copilot to complete it.

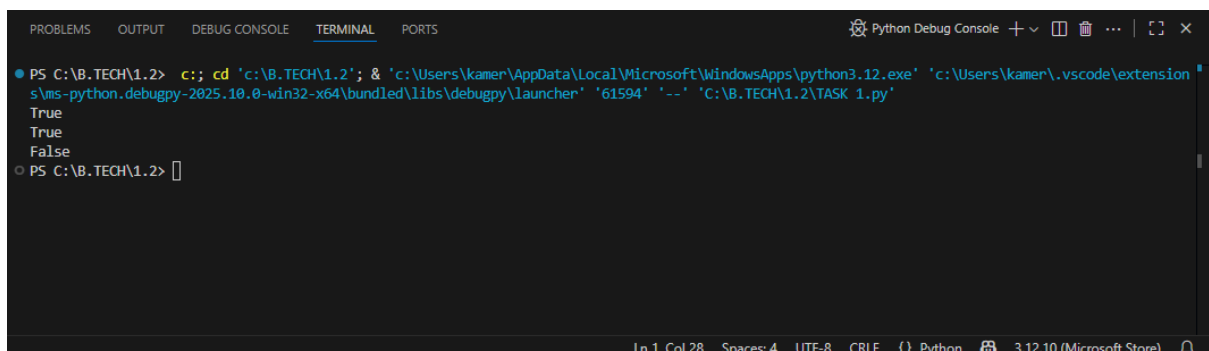
**PROMPT:** Generate a Python function to check if a string is a valid palindrome, ignoring spaces and case.

**CODE:**



```
1 def is_valid_palindrome(s):  
2     # Step 1: Remove spaces and convert to lowercase  
3     cleaned = ''.join(char.lower() for char in s if char != ' ')  
4  
5     # Step 2: Compare cleaned string with its reverse  
6     return cleaned == cleaned[::-1]  
7  
8 print(is_valid_palindrome("Race car")) # True  
9 print(is_valid_palindrome("Was it a car or a cat I saw")) # True  
10 print(is_valid_palindrome("Hello World")) # False
```

**OUTPUT:**



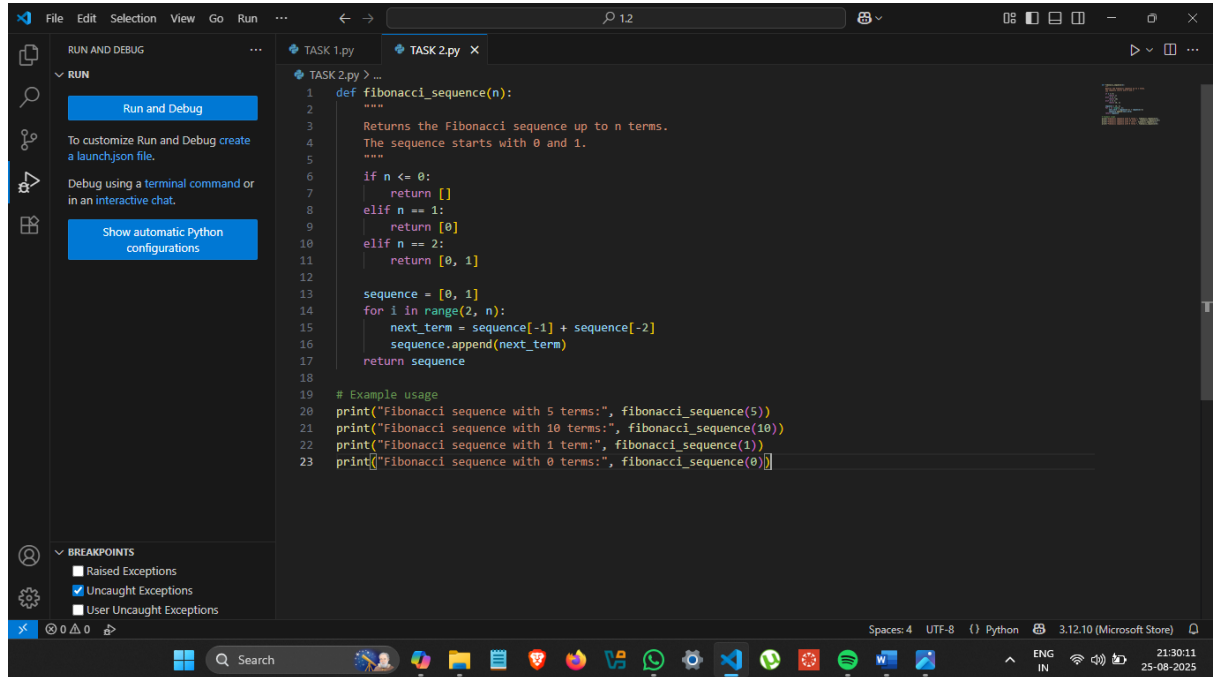
```
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2> c:: cd 'c:\B.TECH\1.2'; & 'c:\Users\kamer\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.12.exe' 'c:\Users\kamer\.vscode\extension s\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundle\libs\debugpy\launcher' '61594' '--' 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 1.py'  
True  
True  
False  
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2> |
```

## TASK 2

- **TASK DESCRIPTION:** Generate a Python function that returns the Fibonacci sequence up to n terms. Prompt with only a function header and docstring.

**PROMPT:** Write a Python function that returns the Fibonacci sequence up to n terms. Include only the function header and a descriptive docstring.

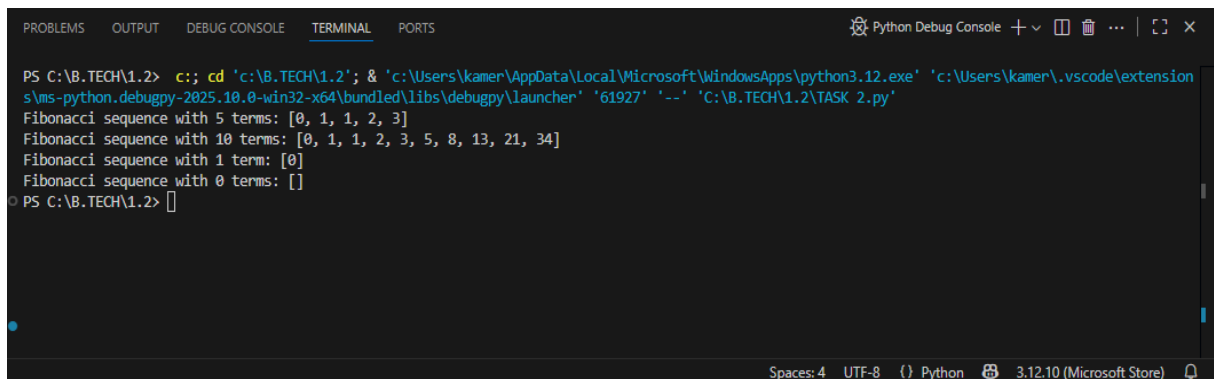
**CODE:**



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code editor with a Python file named TASK2.py. The code defines a function `fibonacci_sequence(n)` that returns the Fibonacci sequence up to n terms. The function includes a docstring, a base case for `n <= 0`, and a loop to generate the sequence. Example usage is provided at the bottom of the file.

```
1 def fibonacci_sequence(n):
2     """
3     Returns the Fibonacci sequence up to n terms.
4     The sequence starts with 0 and 1.
5     """
6     if n <= 0:
7         return []
8     elif n == 1:
9         return [0]
10    elif n == 2:
11        return [0, 1]
12
13    sequence = [0, 1]
14    for i in range(2, n):
15        next_term = sequence[-1] + sequence[-2]
16        sequence.append(next_term)
17    return sequence
18
19 # Example usage
20 print("Fibonacci sequence with 5 terms:", fibonacci_sequence(5))
21 print("Fibonacci sequence with 10 terms:", fibonacci_sequence(10))
22 print("Fibonacci sequence with 1 term:", fibonacci_sequence(1))
23 print("Fibonacci sequence with 0 terms:", fibonacci_sequence(0))
```

**OUTPUT:**



The screenshot shows the terminal output of the Python code. The command executed is `python 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 2.py'`. The output displays the Fibonacci sequence for 5, 10, 1, and 0 terms.

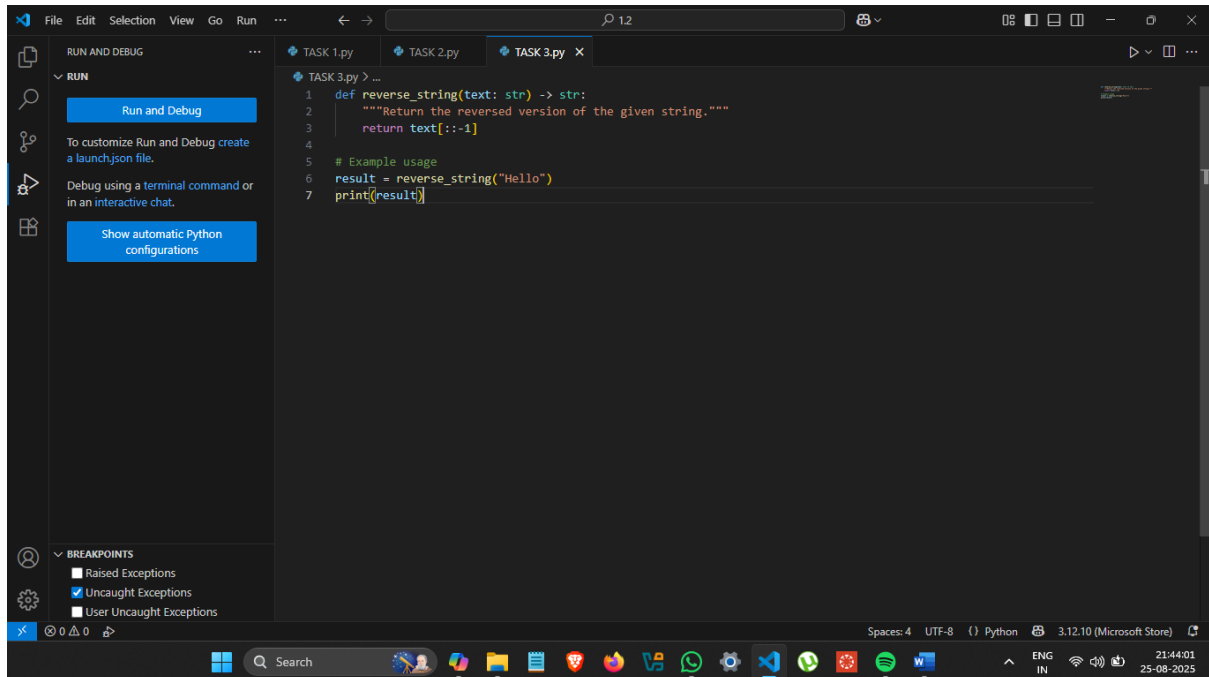
```
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2> c:; cd 'c:\B.TECH\1.2'; & 'c:\Users\kamer\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.12.exe' 'c:\Users\kamer\.vscode\extension
s\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher' '61927' '--' 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 2.py'
Fibonacci sequence with 5 terms: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3]
Fibonacci sequence with 10 terms: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34]
Fibonacci sequence with 1 term: [0]
Fibonacci sequence with 0 terms: []
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2>
```

## TASK 3

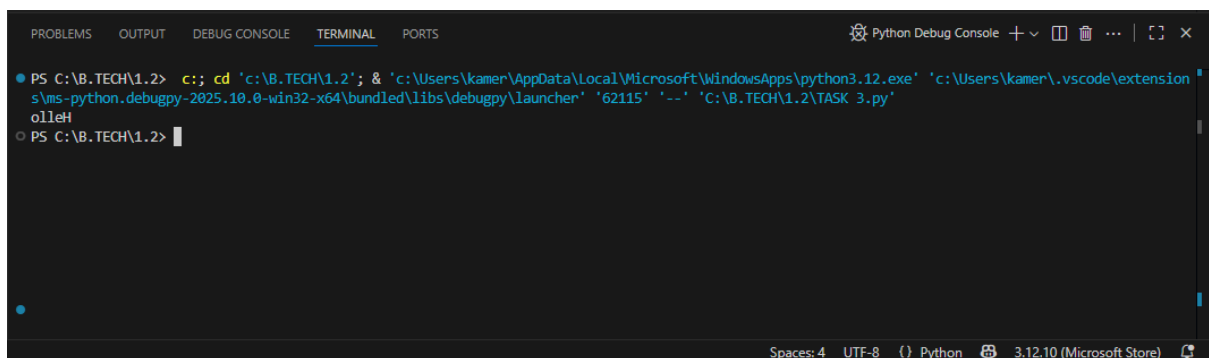
**Task Description:** Write a comment like `# Function to reverse a string` and use Copilot to generate the function.

**Prompt:** Generate a Python function with type hints that takes a string as input and returns the reversed string.

**CODE:**



**OUTPUT:**

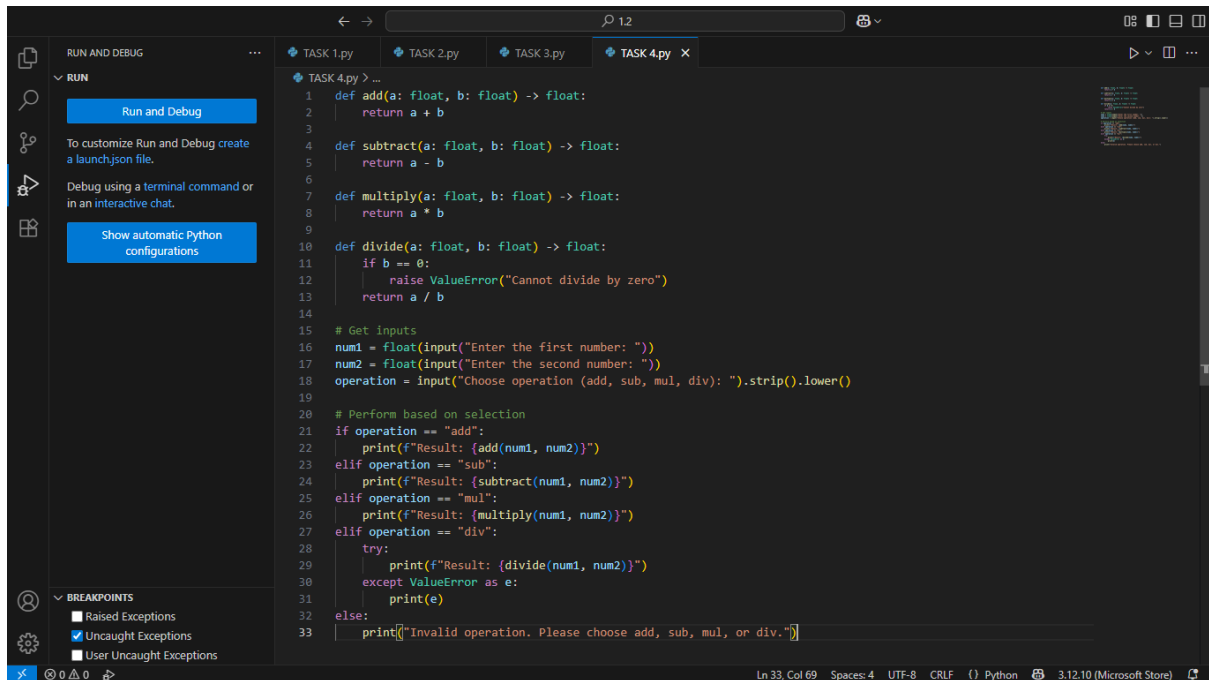


## TASK 4

**Task Description:** Generate a program that simulates a basic calculator (add, subtract, multiply, divide). Write the comment: # Simple calculator with 4 operations and let AI complete it.

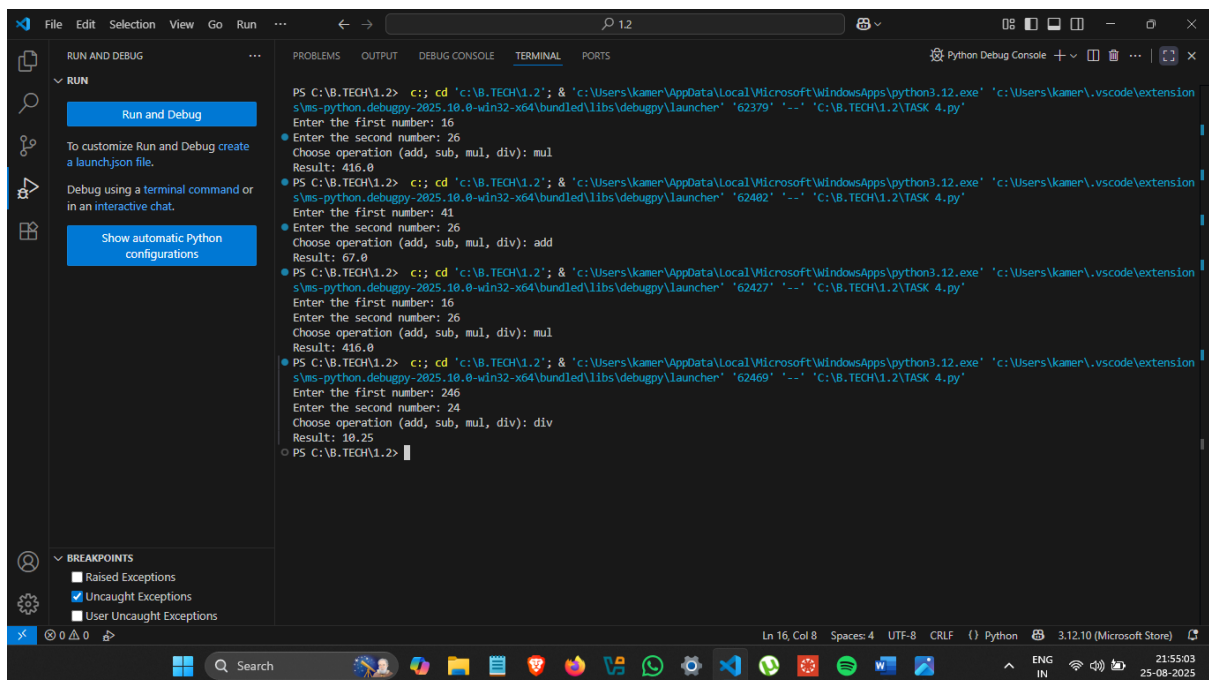
**PROMPT:** Generate a Python program that takes two numbers as input and performs addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division.

**CODE:**



```
1 def add(a: float, b: float) -> float:
2     return a + b
3
4 def subtract(a: float, b: float) -> float:
5     return a - b
6
7 def multiply(a: float, b: float) -> float:
8     return a * b
9
10 def divide(a: float, b: float) -> float:
11     if b == 0:
12         raise ValueError("Cannot divide by zero")
13     return a / b
14
15 # Get inputs
16 num1 = float(input("Enter the first number: "))
17 num2 = float(input("Enter the second number: "))
18 operation = input("Choose operation (add, sub, mul, div): ").strip().lower()
19
20 # Perform based on selection
21 if operation == "add":
22     print(f"Result: {add(num1, num2)}")
23 elif operation == "sub":
24     print(f"Result: {subtract(num1, num2)}")
25 elif operation == "mul":
26     print(f"Result: {multiply(num1, num2)}")
27 elif operation == "div":
28     try:
29         print(f"Result: {divide(num1, num2)}")
30     except ValueError as e:
31         print(e)
32 else:
33     print("Invalid operation. Please choose add, sub, mul, or div.")
```

**OUTPUT:**



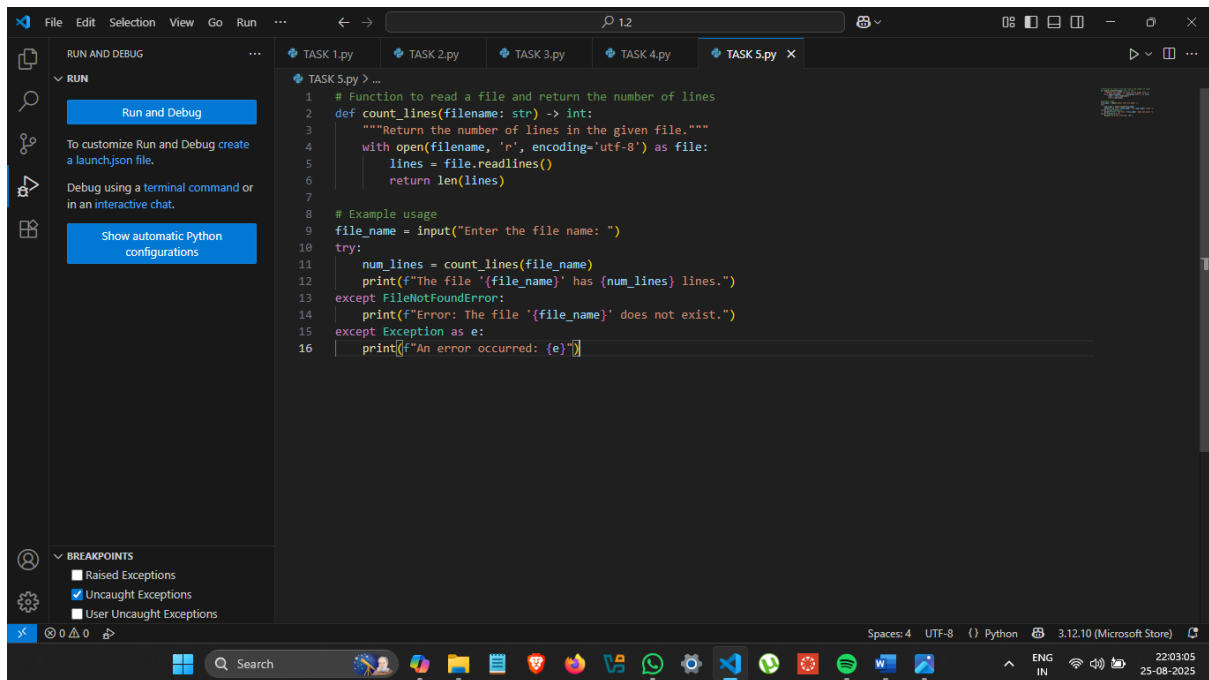
```
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2> c;; cd 'c:\B.TECH\1.2'; & 'c:\Users\kamer\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.12.exe' 'c:\Users\kamer\.vscode\extension
s\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundle\libs\debugpy\launcher' '62379' '--' 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 4.py'
Enter the first number: 16
Enter the second number: 26
Choose operation (add, sub, mul, div): mul
Result: 416.0
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2> c;; cd 'c:\B.TECH\1.2'; & 'c:\Users\kamer\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.12.exe' 'c:\Users\kamer\.vscode\extension
s\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundle\libs\debugpy\launcher' '62402' '--' 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 4.py'
Enter the first number: 41
Enter the second number: 26
Choose operation (add, sub, mul, div): add
Result: 67.0
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2> c;; cd 'c:\B.TECH\1.2'; & 'c:\Users\kamer\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.12.exe' 'c:\Users\kamer\.vscode\extension
s\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundle\libs\debugpy\launcher' '62427' '--' 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 4.py'
Enter the first number: 16
Enter the second number: 26
Choose operation (add, sub, mul, div): mul
Result: 416.0
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2> c;; cd 'c:\B.TECH\1.2'; & 'c:\Users\kamer\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.12.exe' 'c:\Users\kamer\.vscode\extension
s\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundle\libs\debugpy\launcher' '62469' '--' 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 4.py'
Enter the first number: 246
Enter the second number: 24
Choose operation (add, sub, mul, div): div
Result: 10.25
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2>
```

## TASK 5

**Task Description:** Use a comment to instruct AI to write a function that reads a file and returns the number of lines...

**PROMPT:** Generate a Python function that opens a file, counts how many lines it contains, and returns that number.

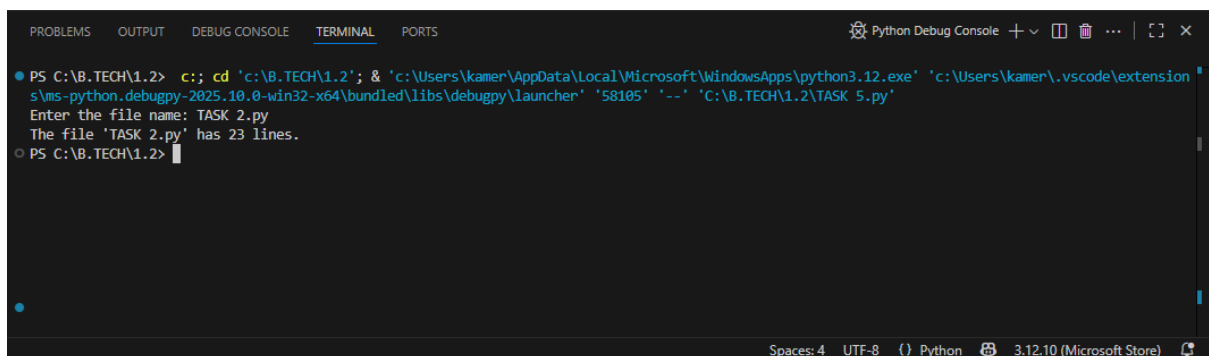
**CODE:**



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code editor interface. The main editor window displays a Python script named 'TASK 5.py'. The script defines a function 'count\_lines' that takes a filename as input and returns the number of lines in the file. It uses 'open' to read the file and 'readlines()' to get the lines. Below the function, there is an example usage section that prompts the user for a file name, calls the 'count\_lines' function, and prints the result. The script also includes error handling for 'FileNotFoundError' and a general exception handler. The left sidebar shows the 'RUN AND DEBUG' panel with options to 'Run and Debug' or 'Show automatic Python configurations'. The bottom status bar indicates the file is encoded in UTF-8 and the Python interpreter is 3.12.10 (Microsoft Store).

```
1 # Function to read a file and return the number of lines
2 def count_lines(filename: str) -> int:
3     """Return the number of lines in the given file."""
4     with open(filename, 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:
5         lines = file.readlines()
6         return len(lines)
7
8 # Example usage
9 file_name = input("Enter the file name: ")
10 try:
11     num_lines = count_lines(file_name)
12     print(f"The file '{file_name}' has {num_lines} lines.")
13 except FileNotFoundError:
14     print(f"Error: The file '{file_name}' does not exist.")
15 except Exception as e:
16     print(f"An error occurred: {e}")
```

**OUTPUT:**



The screenshot shows the VS Code terminal window. The terminal output shows the command prompt 'PS C:\B.TECH\1.2>' followed by the command 'c:; cd 'c:\B.TECH\1.2'; & 'c:\Users\kamer\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.12.exe' 'c:\Users\kamer\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher' '58105' '--' 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 5.py''. The output shows the prompt 'Enter the file name: TASK 2.py' followed by the message 'The file 'TASK 2.py' has 23 lines.' The terminal also shows the command prompt 'PS C:\B.TECH\1.2>'.

```
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2> c:; cd 'c:\B.TECH\1.2'; & 'c:\Users\kamer\AppData\Local\Microsoft\WindowsApps\python3.12.exe' 'c:\Users\kamer\.vscode\extensions\ms-python.debugpy-2025.10.0-win32-x64\bundled\libs\debugpy\launcher' '58105' '--' 'C:\B.TECH\1.2\TASK 5.py'
Enter the file name: TASK 2.py
The file 'TASK 2.py' has 23 lines.
PS C:\B.TECH\1.2>
```

**OBSERVATION:** I observed that GitHub copilot can quickly generate working code for tasks such as login systems, loan approvals, Fibonacci functions, and job applicant scoring. However, the generated code sometimes contains issues like hardcoded values, lack of encryption, or biased decision logic. This shows that AI tools are helpful for faster coding but require human review for security, fairness, and correctness. GitHub Copilot is a fascinating tool to observe—especially in how it transforms the developer experience. Here's a breakdown of key observations across its functionality, impact, and adoption