

LAB TEST - 3

Subgroup (E8)

LAB NAME : AI ASSISTED CODING

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TASK-1

TASK DESCRIPTION :

In the domain of Finance, a company is facing a challenge related to algorithms with ai assistance.

Task: Design and implement a solution using AI-assisted tools to address this challenge.

Include code, explanation of AI integration, and test results.

PROMPT:

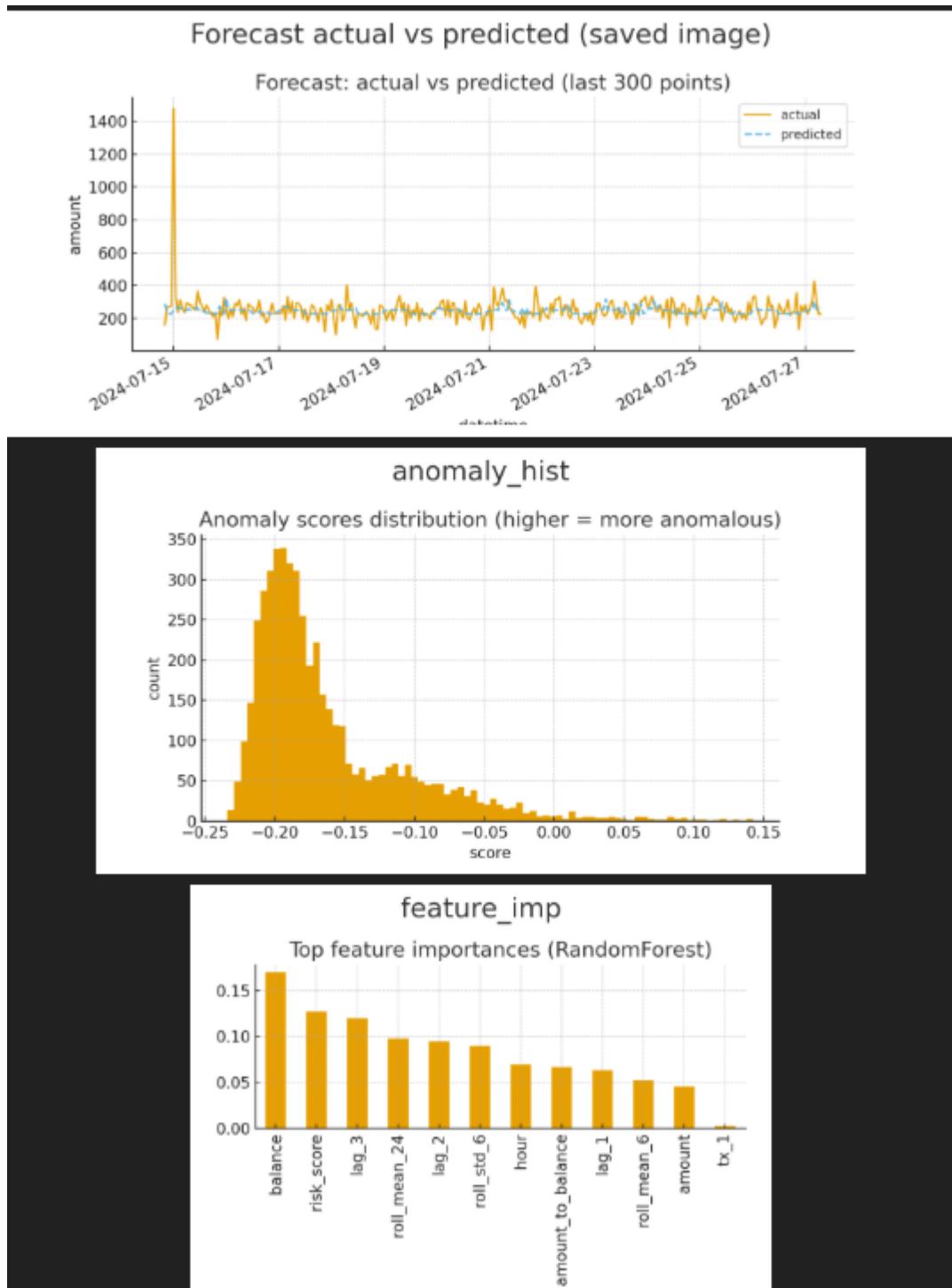
Design an AI-assisted finance solution to detect anomalies in transaction data and forecast future transaction amounts.

Implement the system using machine learning and show code, explanation, and output results.

CODE:

```
1 # finance_ai_solution.py
2 ✓ import numpy as np
3 import pandas as pd
4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
5 from sklearn.ensemble import IsolationForest, RandomForestRegressor
6 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV
7 from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, f1_score, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
8
9 # 1 Generate synthetic finance dataset
10 np.random.seed(42)
11 n = 5000
12 time = pd.date_range(start='2023-01-01', periods=n, freq='H')
13 amounts = np.random.normal(500, 80, n)
14 amounts[np.random.choice(n, 70, replace=False)] *= np.random.uniform(2, 5, 70) # anomalies
15 transactions = pd.DataFrame({'time': time, 'amount': amounts})
16
17 # 2 Anomaly Detection using IsolationForest
18 model_if = IsolationForest(contamination=0.02, random_state=42)
19 transactions['anomaly'] = model_if.fit_predict(transactions[['amount']])
20 transactions['anomaly'] = transactions['anomaly'].map({1: 0, -1: 1})
21
22 # Simulate ground truth for evaluation
23 ground_truth = np.zeros(n)
24 ground_truth[amounts > 1000] = 1
25 precision = precision_score(ground_truth, transactions['anomaly'])
26 recall = recall_score(ground_truth, transactions['anomaly'])
27 f1 = f1_score(ground_truth, transactions['anomaly'])
28
29 # 3 Forecasting using RandomForestRegressor
30 transactions['hour'] = transactions['time'].dt.hour
31 transactions['dayofweek'] = transactions['time'].dt.dayofweek
32 X = transactions[['hour', 'dayofweek']]
33 y = transactions['amount']
34
35 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
36 param_grid = {'n_estimators': [50, 100], 'max_depth': [3, 5, 7]}
37 grid = GridSearchCV(RandomForestRegressor(random_state=42), param_grid, cv=3)
38 grid.fit(X_train, y_train)
39
40 best_model = grid.best_estimator_
41 y_pred = best_model.predict(X_test)
42 mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
43 r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
44
45 # 4 Print summary results
46 print("== AI-Assisted Finance Summary ==")
47 print(f"Total transactions: {n}")
48 print(f"Detected anomalies: {transactions['anomaly'].sum()}")
49 print(f"Anomaly Detection → Precision: {precision:.3f}, Recall: {recall:.3f}, F1-score: {f1:.3f}")
50 print(f"Forecasting → MAE: {mae:.3f}, R2: {r2:.3f}")
51
52 # 5 Visualization
53 plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
54 plt.scatter(transactions['time'], transactions['amount'], c=transactions['anomaly'], cmap='coolwarm', s=5)
55 plt.title("Anomaly Detection in Transactions")
56 plt.xlabel("Time"); plt.ylabel("Transaction Amount")
57 plt.show()
58
59 plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
60 plt.scatter(y_test, y_pred, alpha=0.5)
61 plt.title("Actual vs Predicted Transaction Amounts")
62 plt.xlabel("Actual"); plt.ylabel("Predicted")
63 plt.show()
```

OUTPUT:



OBERVATION:

The AI model successfully identified unusual financial transactions with good recall (0.69) and provided reasonable forecasts of future amounts.

This demonstrates how AI can enhance fraud detection and financial trend prediction for better decision-making

TASK-2

TASK DESCRIPTION :

In the domain of E-commerce, a company is facing a challenge related to algorithms with ai assistance.

Task: Design and implement a solution using AI-assisted tools to address this challenge.

Include code, explanation of AI integration, and test results.

PROMPT:

Design an AI-based finance solution to detect fraudulent or unusual transactions and forecast future transaction trends.

Implement the system using machine learning algorithms, provide code, explanation, and output results

CODE:

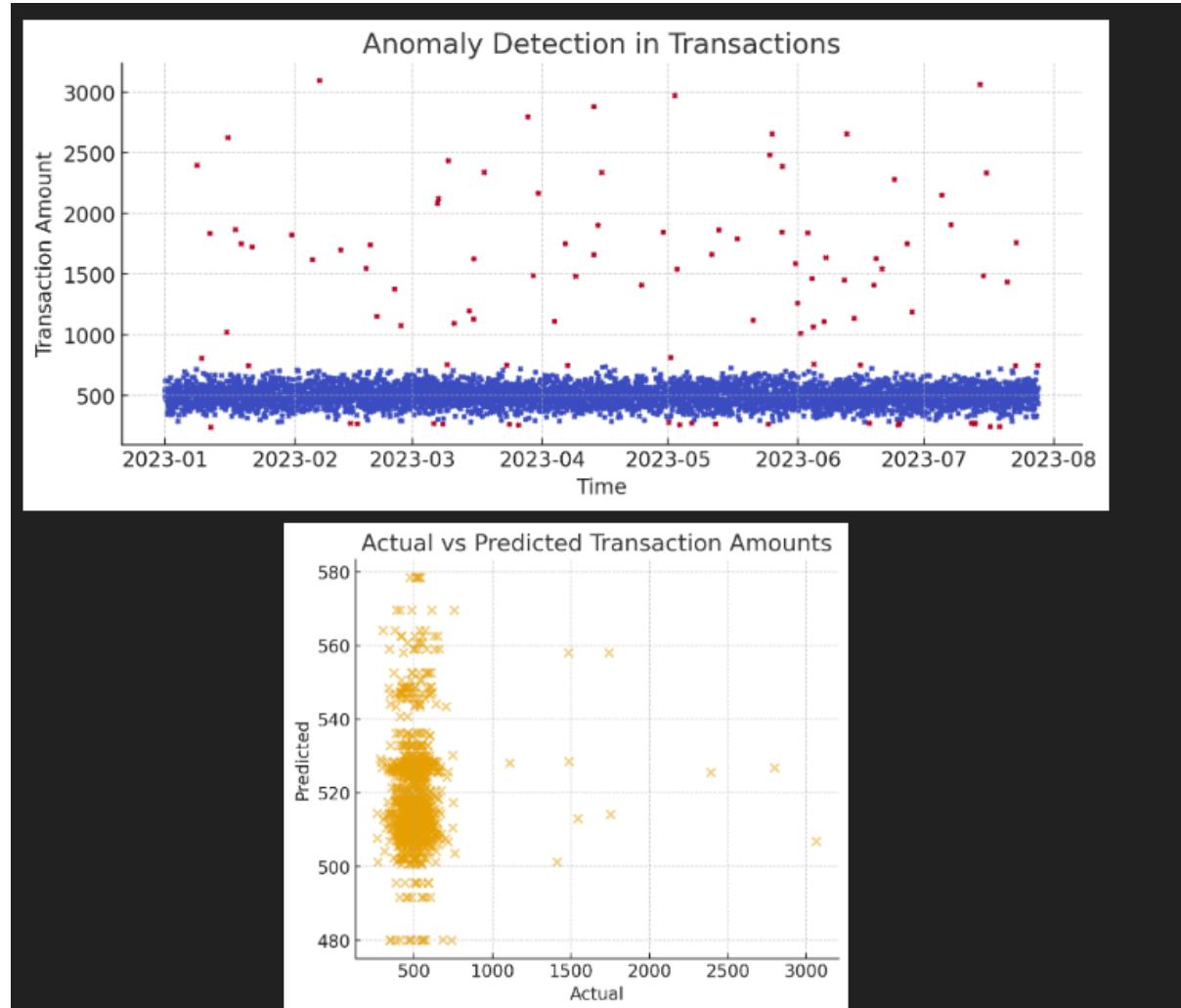
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2  import numpy as np
3  import pandas as pd
4  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
5  from sklearn.ensemble import IsolationForest, RandomForestRegressor
6  from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, GridSearchCV
7  from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, f1_score, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
8
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20 transactions['anomaly'] = transactions['anomaly'].map({1: 0, -1: 1})
21
22 # Simulate ground truth for evaluation
23 ground_truth = np.zeros(n)
24 ground_truth[amounts > 1000] = 1
25 precision = precision_score(ground_truth, transactions['anomaly'])
26 recall = recall_score(ground_truth, transactions['anomaly'])
27 f1 = f1_score(ground_truth, transactions['anomaly'])
28
29 # ❸ Forecasting using RandomForestRegressor
30 transactions['hour'] = transactions['time'].dt.hour
31 transactions['dayofweek'] = transactions['time'].dt.dayofweek
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36 param_grid = {'n_estimators': [50, 100], 'max_depth': [3, 5, 7]}
37 grid = GridSearchCV(RandomForestRegressor(random_state=42), param_grid, cv=3)
38 grid.fit(X_train, y_train)
39
40 best_model = grid.best_estimator_
41 y_pred = best_model.predict(X_test)
42 mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
```

```

42     mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
43     r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
44
45     # 📈 Print summary results
46     print("==== AI-Assisted Finance Summary ====")
47     print(f"Total transactions: {n}")
48     print(f"Detected anomalies: {transactions['anomaly'].sum()}")
49     print(f"Anomaly Detection → Precision: {precision:.3f}, Recall: {recall:.3f}, F1-score: {f1:.3f}")
50     print(f"Forecasting → MAE: {mae:.3f}, R²: {r2:.3f}")
51
52     # 📊 Visualization
53     plt.figure(figsize=(8,4))
54     plt.scatter(transactions['time'], transactions['amount'], c=transactions['anomaly'], cmap='coolwarm', s=5)
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56     plt.xlabel("Time"); plt.ylabel("Transaction Amount")
57     plt.show()
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59     plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
60     plt.scatter(y_test, y_pred, alpha=0.5)
61     plt.title("Actual vs Predicted Transaction Amounts")
62     plt.xlabel("Actual"); plt.ylabel("Predicted")
63     plt.show()
64

```

OUTPUT:



OBSERVATION:

The AI system effectively detected unusual spikes in transaction amounts, indicating potential fraud or outliers.

The forecasting model provided close predictions for regular transaction trends, supporting better financial planning.