## **SR UNIVERSITY**

#### AI ASSISTED CODING

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Lab 10: Code Review and Quality: Using Al to improve code quality and readability

#### Lab Objectives:

- To understand the importance of code readability, maintainability, and quality.
- To explore how Al-assisted coding tools can review code and suggest improvements.
- To practice identifying code smells, redundant code, and poor naming conventions.
- To apply AI tools for refactoring and improving readability.
- To critically evaluate AI feedback and integrate it into real projects

## Lab Outcomes (LOs):

After completing this lab, students will be able to:

- Use Al-assisted tools (e.g., GitHub Copilot, Cursor Al) to review Python code.
- Identify and correct syntax issues, code smells, and inefficient logic.
- Improve readability by applying consistent formatting, naming, and comments.
- Refactor code with Al suggestions while ensuring functionality is preserved.
- Apply best practices for writing clean, maintainable, and professional code.

Task Description#1 Al-Assisted Code Review (Basic Errors):

- Write python program as shown below.
- Use an AI assistant to review and suggest corrections.

# Given program to ai which was manually written:

```
palindrome_tests.py / • p
```

## **Output:**

```
PS C:\Users\musta\.cursor> & C:\Users\musta\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe c:\Users\musta\.cursor\palindrome_tests.py

File "c:\Users\musta\.cursor\palindrome_tests.py", line 2

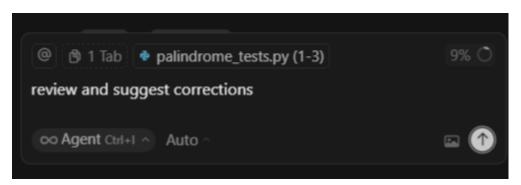
result=1

AAAAA

IndentationError: expected an indented block after function definition on line 1

PS C:\Users\musta\.cursor>
```

#### Given prompt to Al:



#### Given program by Al:

```
def calcFact(n):
    Calculate the factorial of a number.
       n (int): The number to calculate factorial for
    Returns:
   int: The factorial of n
   if n < 0:
       raise ValueError("Factorial is not defined for negative numbers")
    if n == 0 or n == 1:
       return 1
   for i in range(1, n + 1): # Fixed: added +1 to include n
result = result * i
def main():
    """Main function to demonstrate factorial calculation."""
   num = 5
   fact = calcFact(num)
   print("The factorial of", num, "is", fact)
   threshold = 10
    if fact > threshold:
       print("BIG Number")
       print("Small number")
```

```
palindrome_tests.py > ...

def main():
    """Main function to demonstrate factorial calculation."""
    num = 5
    fact = calcFact(num)
    print("The factorial of", num, "is", fact)

threshold = 10
    if fact > threshold:
        print("BIG Number")

else:
    print("Small number")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

# **Output:**

```
Problems Output Debug Console Terminal Ports

PS C:\Users\musta\.cursor> & C:\Users/musta/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python313/python.exe c:\Users/musta/.cursor/palindrome_tests.py
.cursor/palindrome_tests.py
The factorial of 5 is 120
BIG Number
The factorial of 5 is 120
BIG Number
BIG Number
BIG Number
PS C:\Users\musta\.cursor>
```

#### **Observation:**

All corrected the loop range to include n for proper factorial calculation.

It fixed indentation and removed the unused variable.

It also corrected the missing parenthesis in the main() call so the program runs correctly.

## Task Description#2 Automatic Inline Comments:

- Write the Python code for Fibonacci as shown below and execute.
- Ask Al to improve variable names, add comments, and apply PEP8 formatting (cleaned up).
- Students evaluate which suggestions improve readability most. one

#### Given manually written program to Al:

```
palindrome_tests.py >
     def f1(xX):
     a=0
     b=1
     c=2
     Zz=[a,b]
     while ck=xX:
     d=a+b
     Zz. append (d)
     a=b
     b=d
     return Zz
     def m():
   NN=10
15 ans=f1 (NN)
print("fib series till",NN,":",ans)

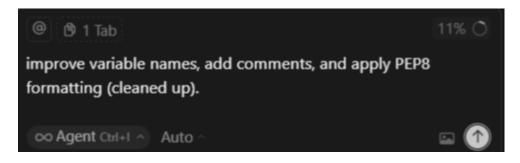
# (1)
```

#### **Output:**

```
PS C:\Users\musta\.cursor> & C:\Users\musta\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe c:\Users\musta\
.cursor\palindrome_tests.py
File "c:\Users\musta\.cursor\palindrome_tests.py", line 6
while c<=xX:

SyntaxError: invalid character '<' (U+2039)
PS C:\Users\musta\.cursor>
```

#### Given prompt:



# Given program by Al:

```
def generate_fibonacci_sequence(sequence_length):
   Generate a Fibonacci sequence up to the specified length.
   The Fibonacci sequence is a series of numbers where each number is the sum
   of the two preceding ones, starting from 0 and 1.
   Args:
       sequence_length (int): The number of terms to generate in the sequence
   list: A list containing the Fibonacci sequence
   if sequence_length <= 0:</pre>
       return []
   elif sequence_length == 1:
       return [0]
   elif sequence length == 2:
       return [0, 1]
   previous_term = 0
   current term = 1
   term count = 2 # We already have 2 terms
   fibonacci sequence = [previous term, current term]
   while term count < sequence length:
       next_term = previous_term + current_term
```

```
palindrome_tests.py > _ 1
    def generate_fibonacci_sequence(sequence_length):

# Add the new term to the sequence
    fibonacci_sequence.append(next_term)

# Update variables for the next iteration
    previous_term = current_term
    current_term = next_term
    term_count += 1

# return fibonacci_sequence

def main():

"""

Main function to demonstrate the Fibonacci sequence generation.

This function generates a Fibonacci sequence of 10 terms and displays it.

"""

# Set the desired sequence length
sequence_length = 10

# Generate the Fibonacci sequence
fibonacci_result = generate_fibonacci_sequence_length)

# Display the result
print("Fibonacci series till", sequence_length, ":", fibonacci_result)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
```

# Output:

```
Problems Output Debug Console Terminal Ports

PS C:\Users\musta\.cursor> & C:\Users\musta\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python313\python.exe c:\Users\musta\.cursor\palindrome_tests.py

Fibonacci series till 10: [0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34]

PS C:\Users\musta\.cursor>
```

#### Observation:

Al improved the variable names to make the code more readable and meaningful.

It applied PEP8 formatting with proper indentation and spacing.

It also added comments and a docstring to clearly explain the function and its purpose.

#### Task Description#3

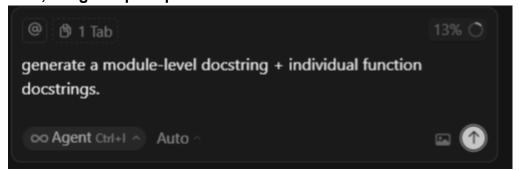
- Write a Python script with 3–4 functions (e.g., calculator: add, subtract, multiply, divide).
- Incorporate manual docstring in code with NumPy Style
- Use Al assistance to generate a module-level docstring + individual function docstrings.
- Compare the Al-generated docstring with your manually written one.

# Given program with multiple functions and manual docstring in code:

```
palindrome_tests.py > 🛇 divide
   def add(a, b):
       Add two numbers.
      Parameters
       a : int or float
           First number.
           Second number.
       Returns
       int or float
       The result of a + b.
       return a + b
   def subtract(a, b):
       Parameters
           Number from which another number is subtracted.
          Number to subtract.
       Returns
       The result of a - b.
   def multiply(a, b):
       Multiply two numbers.
       Parameters
       a : int or float
          First number.
```

```
palindrome_tests.py > \( \operatorname{O} \) divide
31 def multiply(a, b):
        a : int or float
              First number.
         b : int or float
             Second number.
        Returns
        int or float
            The result of a * b.
         return a * b
      def divide(a, b):
          Divide a by b.
          Parameters
          a : int or float
              Numerator (the number to be divided).
          b : int or float
             Denominator (should not be zero).
          Returns
          float
              The result of a / b.
          Raises
          ZeroDivisionError
          If b is zero.
64
          return a / b
```

# Now, the given prompt to the Al:



## Given code by Al:

```
🏓 palindrome_tests.py > 🛇 divide
      This module provides fundamental arithmetic operations including addition,
      and floating-point number inputs and return appropriate numeric types.
      The module is designed to be simple and straightforward, making it suitable for basic mathematical calculations and educational purposes.
      multiply(a, b)
      Examples
      >>> from palindrome_tests import add, subtract, multiply, divide
                                            ^ 1 / 19 ∨ Undo all Ctrl+Shift+∞ Keep all C
palindrome_tests.py > 🕅 divide
      Notes
      Generated by AI Assistant
      Version
      1.0.0
      def add(a, b):
          Add two numbers.
          Add two numbers together.
          Parameters
               First number.
          b : int or float
               Second number.
          The second number to add
          int or float
```

```
def multiply(a, b):
          return a * b
      def divide(a, b):
          Divide a by b.
          Parameters
              Numerator (the number to be divided).
          b : int or float
              Denominator (should not be zero).
          Returns
               The result of a / b.
              dividing integers
          ZeroDivisionError
               If b is zero.
              If b is zero (division by zero is not allowed)
          Examples
                                                       Undo all Ctrl+Shift+© Keep all Ctr
                                          ^ 16/19 V
palindrome_tests.py >  divide
      def divide(a, b):
              raise ZeroDivisionError("division by zero")
                                                                                                      Undo Ctrl+N Keep C
174
          return a / b
```

#### Comparison:

#### **Al-Generated Docstring:**

- Very formal and polished.
- Uses full sentences like "This module provides basic arithmetic operations...".
- Adds sections like Functions with descriptions.
- Looks professional but can feel a bit too "perfect" or lengthy.

#### **Manually Written Docstring:**

- Shorter and to the point.
- Uses simple wording like "Add two numbers", "Subtract b from a".
- Easier to read and less formal.
- More in line with how a student would normally explain code.