Overview

- Objectives
- Relevance

Module 5

Directories

UNIX® System Interface Programming

March 2001

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Directory Format

```
1  #include <sys/stat.h>
2
3  main (int argc, char *argv[]) {
4    struct stat buf;
5    if (stat(argv[1], &buf) != -1) {
6       if (S_ISDIR(buf.st_mode)) {
7         printf("%s is a directory.\n", argv[1]);
8       }
9    }
10 }
```



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Accessing a Directory

- opendir() Opens directory
- readdir() Reads directory
- closedir() Closes directory
- telldir() Obtains current location associated with directory stream
- seekdir() Sets pointer to next readdr operation
- rewinddir() Resets position of directory stream

Accessing a Directory

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #include <sys/stat.h>
    #include <dirent.h>
    int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
      struct stat buf;
      DIR *dirp;
      struct dirent *dent;
9
10
11
      if (argc < 2) {
12
        fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s directoryname\n", argv[0]);
13
        exit(1);
14
15
16
      if (stat(argv[1], &buf) == -1) {
17
       perror("stat");
18
        exit(1);
19
```

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```
20
21
      if (S ISDIR(buf.st mode)) {
22
        printf("%s is a directory.\n", argv[1]);
23
        fprintf(stderr, "%s is not a directory.\n", argv[1]);
24
25
        exit(1):
26
27
      if ((dirp = opendir(argv[1])) == NULL) {
29
        perror("opendir");
30
    exit(1);
31
32
      printf("Contents\n======\n");
33
34
      while (dent = readdir(dirp))
35
        printf("%s\n", dent->d name);
36
37
      (void) closedir (dirp);
38
```

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Using Hard and Symbolic Links

- link() Creates a link
- symlink() Creates a symbolic link
- readlink() Reads value of a symbolic link



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mylinks.c

```
#include <unistd.h>
    main() {
      /* Create a hard link */
      if link("path1", "path2");
        perror("link")
8
9
10
      /* Create a symbolic link */
      if link("path1", "path2");
11
12
        perror("symlink")
13
14
```



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myreadlink.c

```
#include <unistd.h>
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <sys/stat.h>
    #include <sys/types.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
9
      char *buf;
10
      struct stat statbuf;
11
      int n;
12
13
      if (argc < 2) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s linkname\n", argv[0]);
14
15
        exit(1);
16
17
18
   if (lstat(argv[1], &statbuf) == -1) {
19
        perror("lstat");
20
        exit(1);
```

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```
21
22
23
      if (!S ISLNK(statbuf.st mode)) {
        fprintf(stderr, "%s is not a symbolic link.\n",
24
25
            argv[1]);
26
    exit(1);
27
28
29
      buf = (char *)malloc(statbuf.st size + 1);
30
      if (buf == NULL) {
31
        fprintf(stderr, "Out of memory.\n");
32
        exit(1);
33
34
```

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```
n = readlink(argv[1], buf, statbuf.st size + 1);
35
     if (n == -1) {
36
37
       perror("readlink");
38
        exit(1);
39
40
     buf [n] = ' \ 0';
     printf("%s\n", buf);
41
     exit(0);
43
```



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Exercise: Directories

- Objectives
- Tasks
- Discussion
- Solutions