

Week 5 Homework: Archiving and Logging Data

Lab Environment

To set up your lab environment with the necessary files, complete the following steps.

- Log into your local virtual machine. Use the following credentials:
 - Username: sysadmin
 - Password: cybersecurity
- Open the terminal within your Ubuntu VM by pressing Ctrl+Alt+T for Windows users or Ctrl+Options+T for Mac users.
 - Alternatively, press Windows+A (Command+A for Mac users), type "Terminal" in the search bar, and select the terminal icon (not the Xfce Terminal icon).
- Create a directory called Projects in your /home/sysadmin/ directory.
- Download the following file (you can either slack it to yourself or use the Firefox browser in your Ubuntu machine), and move it to your ~/Projects directory before you get started:
 - [TarDocs.tar](#)

```
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~$ cd Downloads/
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Downloads$ ls
google-chrome-stable_current_amd64.deb  TarDocs.tar
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Downloads$ mv TarDocs.tar /home/sysadmin/Projects
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Downloads$ ls
google-chrome-stable_current_amd64.deb
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Downloads$
```

Step 1: Create, Extract, Compress, and Manage tar Backup Archives

```
402 tar -xvf TarDocs.tar
403 clear
404 ls
405 clear
406 tar -cvf Javaless_Docs.tar --exclude='TarDocs/Documents/Java' TarDocs
407 clear
408 ls
409 tar -tf Javaless_Docs.tar
410 tar -tf Javaless_Docs.tar | grep Java
```

1. Command to **extract** the TarDocs.tar archive to the current directory:

tar -xvf TarDocs.tar

2. Command to **create** the Javaless_Docs.tar archive from the TarDocs/ directory, while excluding the TarDocs/Documents/Java directory:

tar -cvf Javaless_Docs.tar --exclude='TarDocs/Documents/Java' TarDocs

```

sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Projects$ ls
TarDocs  TarDocs.tar
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Projects$ cd TarDocs/
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Projects/TarDocs$ ls
Documents  Financials  Movies  Pictures  Programs
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Projects/TarDocs$ cd Documents/
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Projects/TarDocs/Documents$ ls
c++interviewquestions.pdf  Google-Maps-Hacks  Java
Design-Patterns           IntelliJIDEA_ReferenceCard.pdf  Music-Sheets
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Projects/TarDocs/Documents$ cd Java
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Projects/TarDocs/Documents/Java$ ls
Java-and-SOAP  Java-Network-Programming-3e  JAVA-PROGRAMMING-BOOKS-AND-GUIDES
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/Projects/TarDocs/Documents/Java$ █

```

3. Command to ensure Java/ is not in the new Javaless Docs.tar archive:

```
tar -tf Javaless_Docs.tar | Java
```

Critical Analysis Question

- Why wouldn't you use the options -x and -c at the same with tar?

C is not utilized during the extraction command with tar because we were not ls creating an archive then with the create command with tar because we are not extracting data.

Step 2: Create, Manage, and Automate Cron Jobs

1. Cron job for backing up the /var/log/auth.log file:

```
0 6 * * */3 tar -zcf /auth_backup.tgz /var/log/auth.log █
```

Step 3: Write Basic Bash Scripts

1. Brace expansion command to create the four subdirectories:

```

434 mkdir -p backup/{freeman,diskuse,openlist,freedisk}
435 ls
436 cd backup

```

```

sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/backup$ ls
diskuse  freedisk  freeman  openlist

```

2. Paste your system.sh script edits below:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Free memory output to a free_mem.txt file
free -m > ~/backup/freeman/free_mem.txt

# Disk usage output to a disk_usage.txt file
du -h > ~/backup/diskuse/disk_usage.txt

# List open files to a open_list.txt file
lsof > ~/backup/openlist/open_list.txt

# Free disk space to a free_disk.txt file
df -h > ~/backup/freedisk/free_disk.txt
```

3. `#!/bin/bash`
[Your solution script contents here]

4. Command to ma

```
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/backup$ chmod +x system.sh
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/backup$ ls
diskuse  freedisk  freeman  openlist  system.sh
sysadmin@UbuntuDesktop:~/backup$ ls -l
total 20
drwxr-xr-x 2 sysadmin sysadmin 4096 Jan  6 14:48 diskuse
drwxr-xr-x 2 sysadmin sysadmin 4096 Jan  6 14:48 freedisk
drwxr-xr-x 2 sysadmin sysadmin 4096 Jan  6 14:48 freeman
drwxr-xr-x 2 sysadmin sysadmin 4096 Jan  6 14:48 openlist
-rwxr-xr-x 1 sysadmin sysadmin  351 Jan  6 20:09 system.sh
```

ke the system.sh script executable:

Step 4. Manage Log File Sizes

1. Run `sudo nano /etc/logrotate.conf` to edit the logrotate configuration file.

Configure a log rotation scheme that backs up authentication messages to the `/var/log/auth.log`.

- Add your config file edits below:

[Your logrotate scheme edits here]

```
# system-specific logs may be configured here
```

```
/var/log/auth.log {  
    weekly  
    rotate 7  
    notifempty  
    delay compress  
    missingok  
}
```