

SASE, SSE, and Zero Trust

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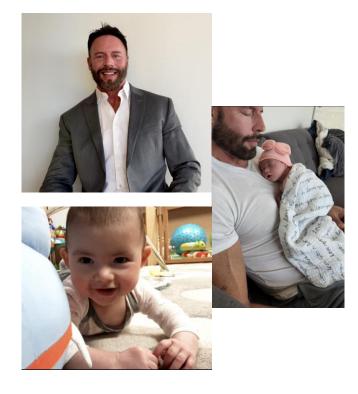


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About the Presenter

- Principal Architect for Cisco Systems -Enterprise Office of the CTO
- Specialize in IT transformation strategies (global security & networking)
- Authored several white papers & Cisco/Pearson press "Orchestrating and Automating Security for the Internet of Things"
- Married with 10-month-old daughter



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Agenda

- SSE solution, capabilities, use cases
- SASE solution, capabilities, use cases
- What is Zero Trust and how it applies to SSE and SASE
- Side by side comparison and when to use/choose each

- Technologies included: FW/IPS, SWG, CASB, DLP, ZTA, ZTNA, SD-WAN, underlay transport technologies, middle-mile optimization, and direct-peering techniques.
- Will not cover: Cisco product roadmap timelines, licensing, pricing
- Housekeeping: Kept 10-15 minutes open at the end for dedicated in-person Q/A

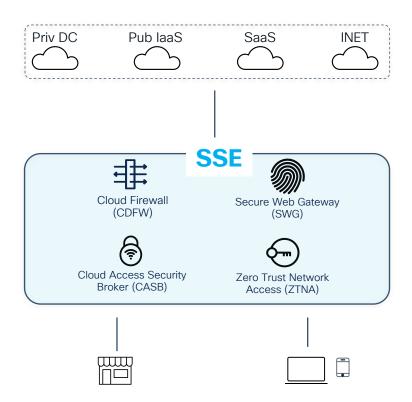


SSE Gartner

Security service edge (SSE) secures access to the web, cloud services and private applications.

SSE is primarily delivered as a cloud-based service, and may include on-premises or agent-based components.

Typically comprised of firewall, web gateway, cloud access security broker, and ZTNA technologies.





By 2025, 80% of organizations seeking to procure SSE-related security services will purchase a consolidated SSE solution, rather than stand-alone cloud access security broker, secure web gateway and ZTNA offerings, up from 15% in 2021.

Gartner

Critical Capabilities for Security Services Edge

Introducing Cisco Secure Access

SSE Solution (Converged cloud-native security)

Protection for on/off network

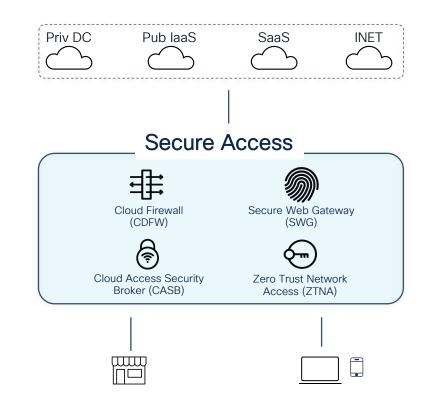
Protect users, applications and resources on or off the network, including contractors/vendors

Simplify Operations

Simplify operations by consolidating security capabilities into one cloud-based tool

Zero Trust

Ensuring zero trust principles with granular controls based on user, device, location, and application



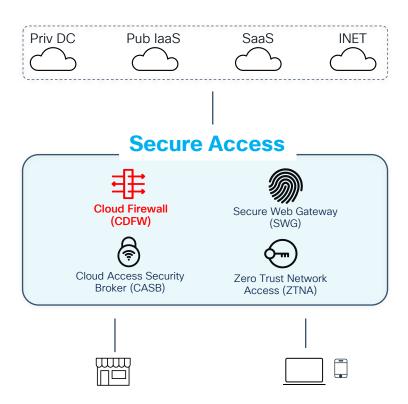


Cisco Secure Access Capabilities (SSE)



Secure Access (SSE)

- Port / Protocol Blocking
- Layer 7 Application Control
- IDS / IPS (Snort)
- All tunneled traffic hits CDFW first
- Identities: Tunnel, AD group, AD user (supports AD integration with SAML)





Cloud Firewall L7 App Discovery

Provides insight into all apps being used



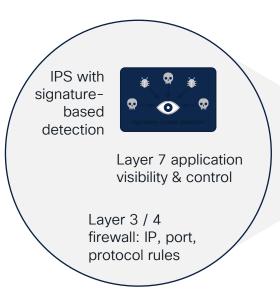


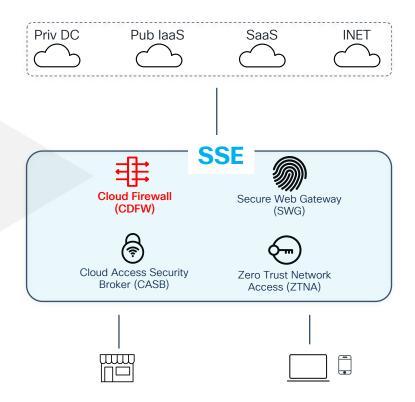
Umbrella Intrusion Prevention System (IPS)

Compliance

Detecting vulnerabilities

Snort 3 Signatures From Talos

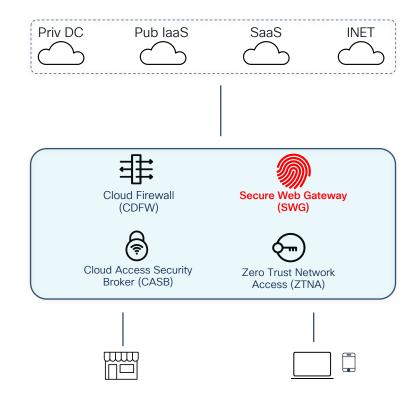






Secure Access (SSE) Secure Web Gateway

- SSL Decrypt
- Category / Content Control
- Application Control
- File type Controls
- Remote Browser Isolation
- AMP / TG / AV





Selective decryption

Except – based on categories, specific apps, domains, etc

To get full logging - Decrypt, apply policy, log, re-encrypt

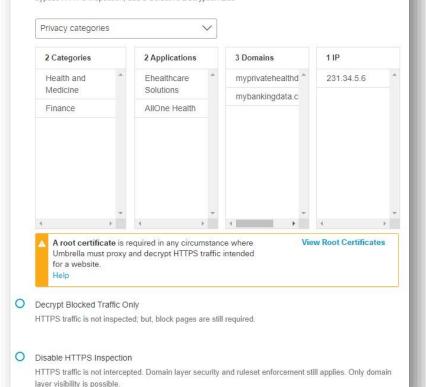
HTTPS Inspection

Select how Umbrella handles HTTPS traffic for this ruleset. For more information, see Umbrella's Help.

Enable HTTPS Inspection

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HTTPS traffic is intercepted and decrypted to provide security and ruleset enforcement at the URL layer, and visibility into the URL path. By default, HTTPS inspection attempts to decrypt all HTTPS traffic. To bypass HTTPS inspection, add a Selective Decryption List.

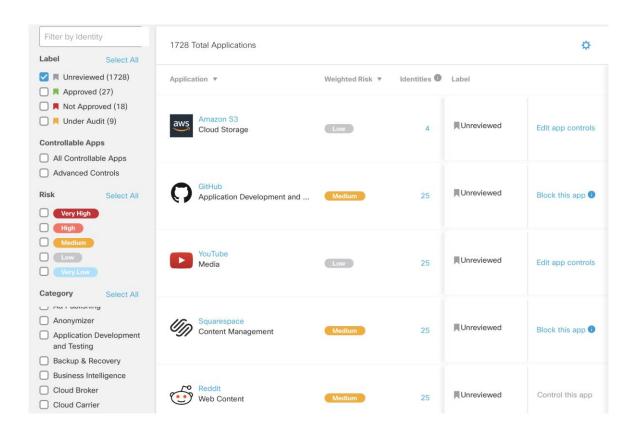




App discovery and controls

Visibility into shadow IT and control of cloud apps

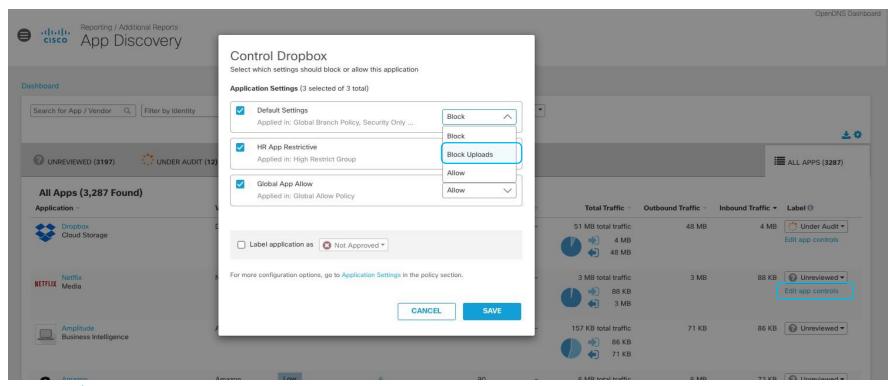
- Full list of cloud apps in use (great for Shadow IT)
- Workflow to block/control
- Number of users and amount of incoming and outgoing traffic





Granular app controls

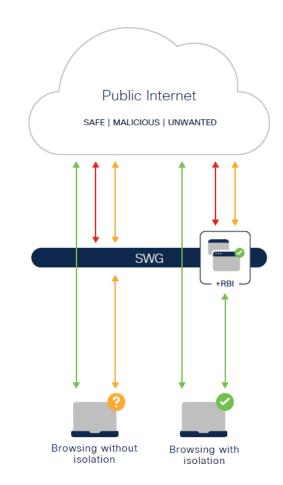
Block uploads (i.e. Dropbox/Box) Block attachments (i.e. webmail)





Remote Browser Isolation (RBI)

- Provide air gap between user, device and browserbased threats
- Deployed rapidly without changing existing configuration
- We deploy virtual browsers in our cloud to deliver a secure browsing experience
 with protection from zero-day threats
- Offload risk, threats won't be included in restructured browser session
- Fully integrated in policy and reporting

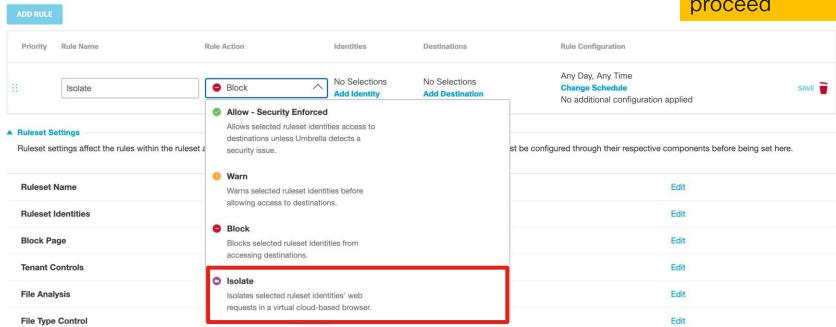




RBI integrated in a very simple way

Block = user can't proceed

Isolate = can still proceed

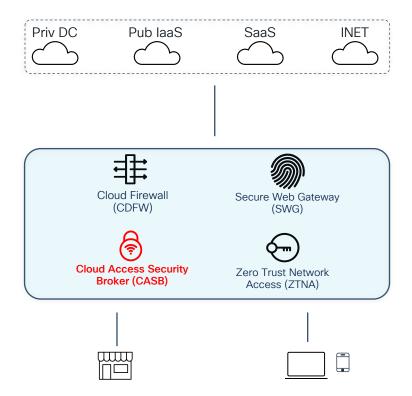




Ruleset Rules

Secure Access (SSE) CASB / DLP

- Tenant Controls
- Application Control
- Data Loss Prevention
- Cloud Malware





Tenant controls

Select the instance(s) of Core SaaS applications that can be accessed by all users or by specific groups/individuals



Key Use Cases

Productivity
Only provide access to corporate instances of core SaaS apps

Security
Ensure, sensitive data is created and stored

in approved instances of cloud apps



Multimode Cloud Data Loss Prevention (DLP)

Unified policies and reporting for a simplified experience

Real-time (inline) DLP

- Analyze data in transit via SWG
- Monitor & block file uploads
- All application coverage: Sanctioned and unsanctioned



SaaS API (out-of-band) DLP

- Analyze data-at-rest via public APIs
- Policy enforcement via continuous scans
- Sanctioned app coverage

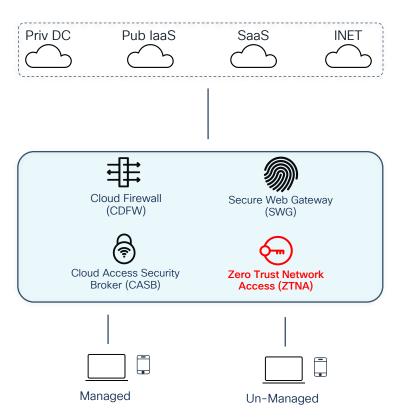


Same management interface



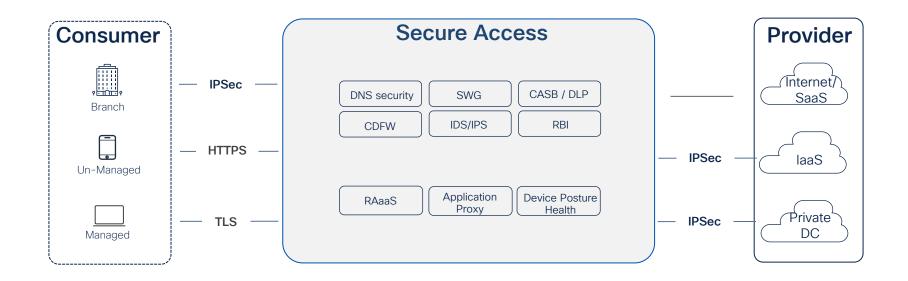
Secure Access (SSE) Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA)

- Verify user and device before granting access to resources
- Secure internet access, secure private access
- Managed and unmanaged devices





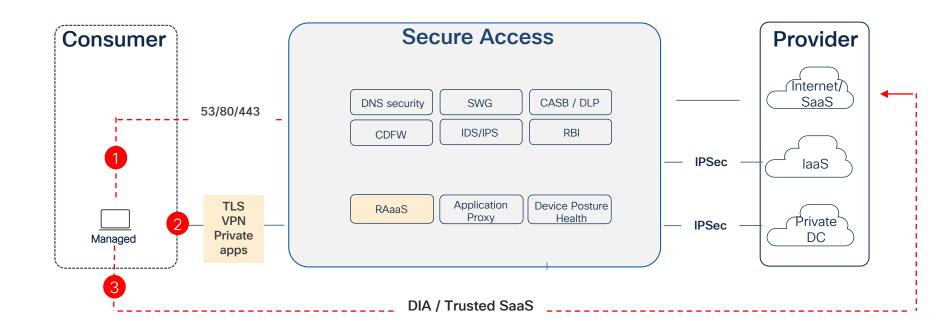
Cisco Secure Access (SSE) - Use cases





Cisco Secure Access (SSE)

Managed endpoint detail





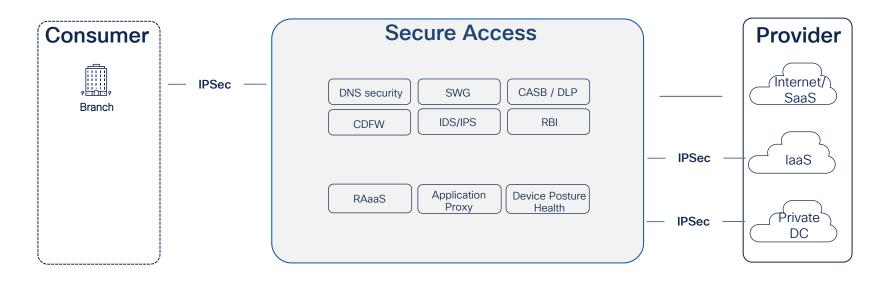
Cisco Secure Access (SSE) Unmanaged endpoint detail

Secure Access Provider Consumer (Internet) CASB / DLP DNS security **SWG** SaaS IDS/IPS **RBI CDFW HTTPS Private IPSec** laaS Apps Un-Managed Application **Device Posture** RAaaS Proxv Health Private **IPSec** DC -----



Cisco Secure Access (SSE)

Branch access detail



- Supports Cisco and 3rd party devices via IPSec
- Cisco = config templates with ZTP (drop ship routers), smart licensing "get keys"



SASE



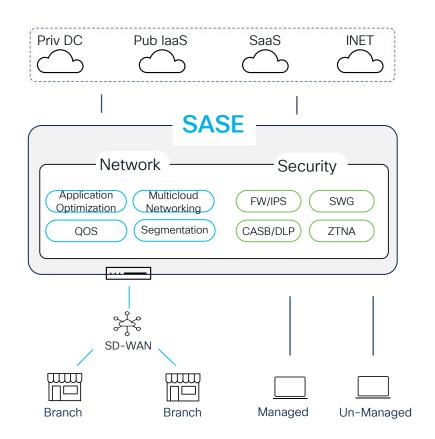


SASE Gartner

"Secure access service edge (SASE) delivers converged network and security as a service capabilities, including SD-WAN, SWG, CASB, NGFW and zero trust network access (ZTNA).

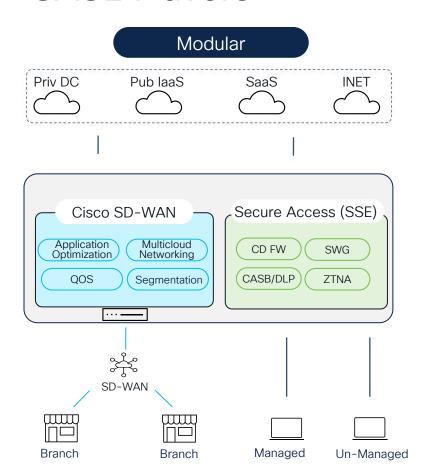
SASE supports branch office, remote worker and on-premises secure access use cases.

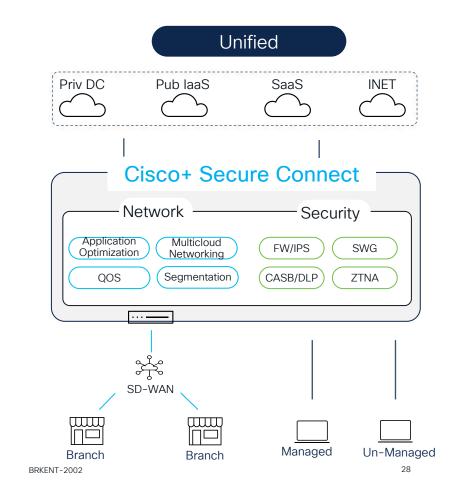
SASE is primarily delivered as a service and enables zero trust access based on the identity of the device or entity, combined with real-time context and security and compliance policies"





SASE Flavors





Cisco[†] Secure Connect

Unified SASE Solution

Unified Dashboard

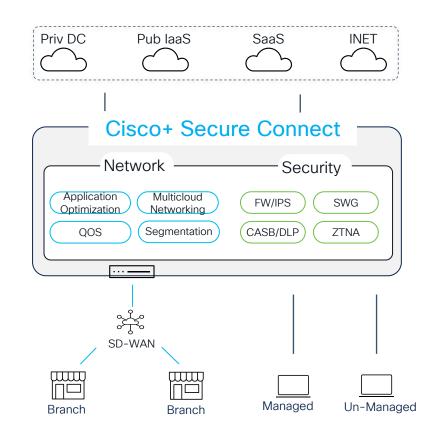
Provides a unified IT experience that is easy to deploy and operate, without complex engineering

Unified Support

The Unified Support for Secure Connect has its own team working 24/7 via email or phone.

Turnkey Operations

Solution comes pre-integrated with minimal work needed from the customer





Why use SD-WAN? Why can't we just use our ZTNA solution?

Customer

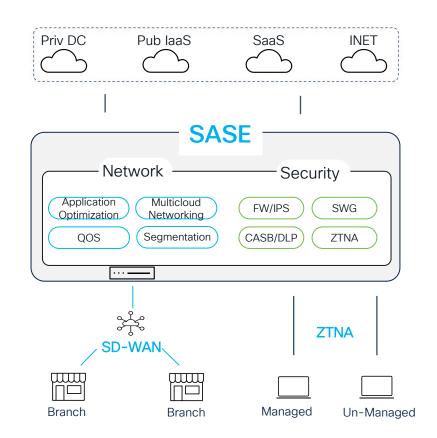


ZTNA / SD-WAN

ZTNA solutions provide secure remote access to applications

SD-WAN provides traffic optimization, application performance monitoring, path selection

Different networking technologies – not either/or but BOTH

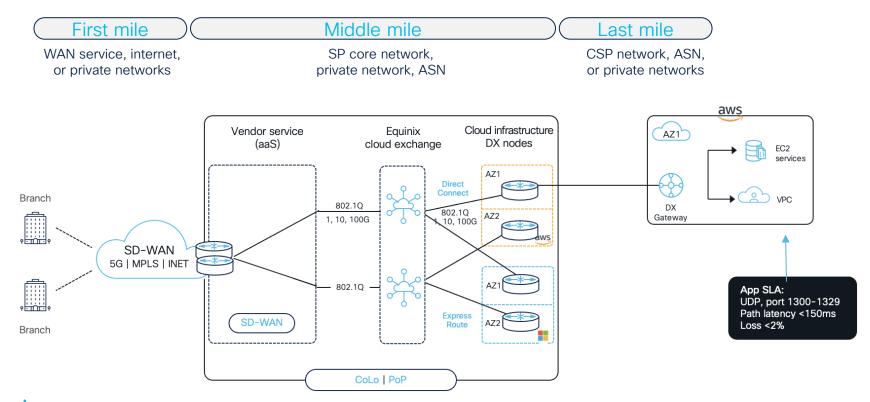




Benefits of Network / SD-WAN for SASE

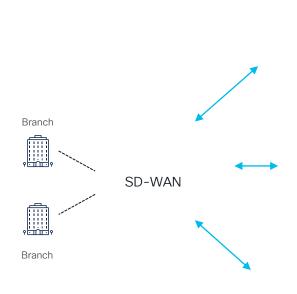


Using SD-WAN to help meet strict application SLAs Use Case = branch employee to AWS application





First mile – underlay options



MPLS

- Was gold standard for private connections
- Packet prioritization, guarantee on availability/performance
- It's a VPN so segmented from public Internet

Shared Internet

- Broadband, 5G, etc
- Infra is shared, availability & performance not guaranteed by SLA (no CoS), asynchronous comms

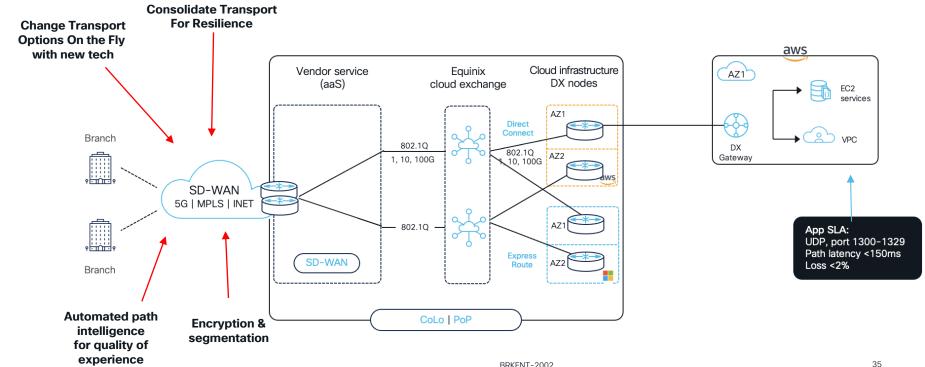
Dedicated Internet

- T1, Ethernet over Copper, Ethernet over Fiber, etc
- CoS options, synchronous comms



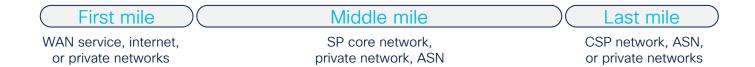
Using SD-WAN to help meet strict application SLAs First mile benefits



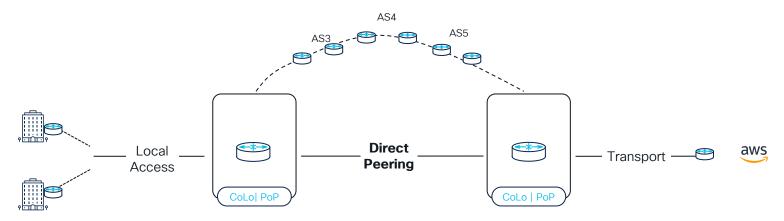


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Middle Mile Optimization



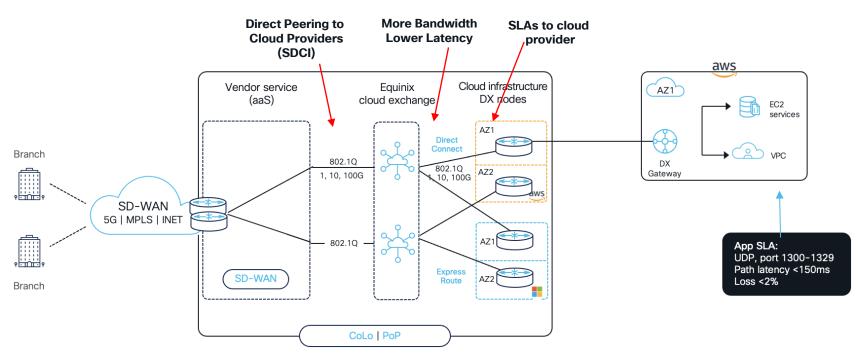
Internet Route





Using SD-WAN to help meet strict application SLAs Middle & Last mile benefits





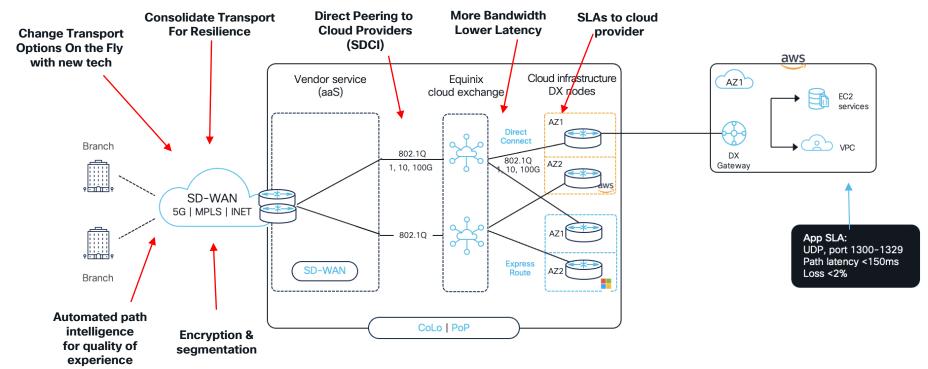
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Using SD-WAN to help meet strict application SLAs

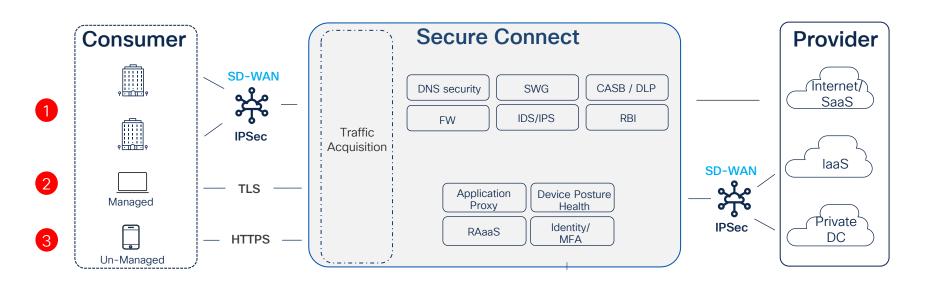
Use Case = branch employee to AWS application





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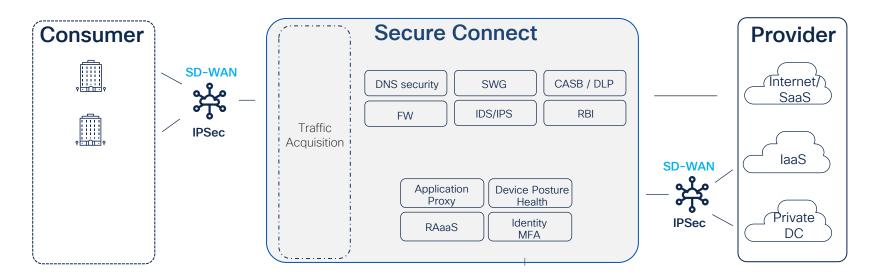
Cisco Secure Connect (SASE) - Use cases





Cisco Secure Connect (SASE)

Branch access detail

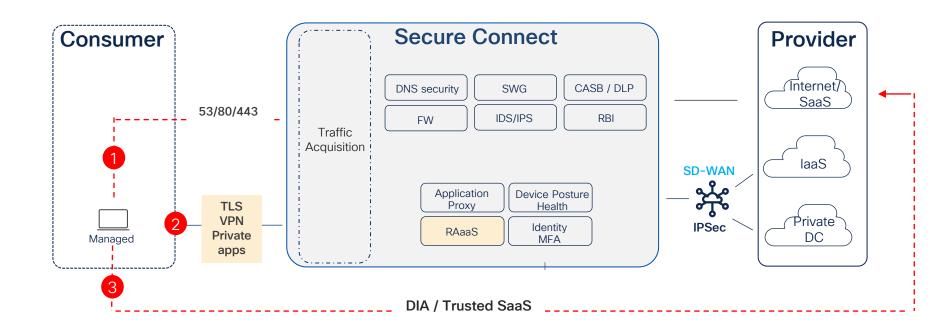


- 1. Managing and interconnecting on-premesis sites (branches)
- 2. Currently supports Meraki SD-WAN (auto-VPN) or 3rd party devices via IPSec
- 3. Meraki creates 2 auto-VPN tunnels to corresponding DCs (primary/secondary)



Cisco Secure Connect (SASE)

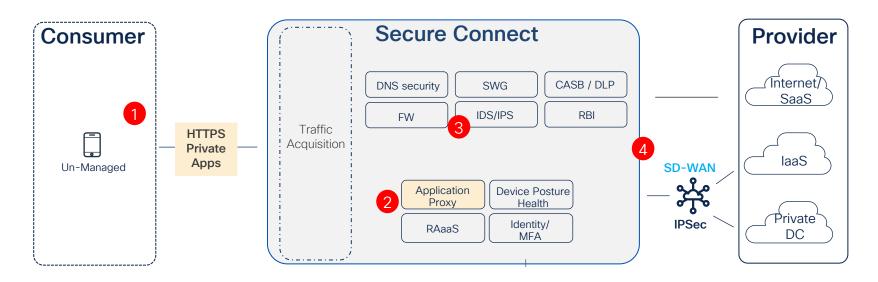
Managed endpoint detail





Cisco Secure Connect (SASE)

Unmanaged endpoint detail

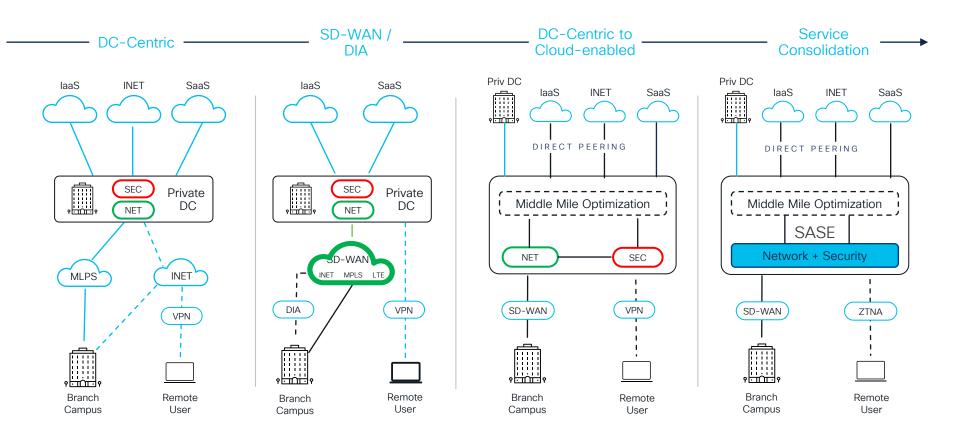


- 1. Browser connection to specific URL, DNS resolved, and redirected to nearest DC (Anycast DNS)
- 2. Svc edge proxies traffic from browser, and rqst sent for auth'c & posture
- 3. Once completed sent to policy engine
- 4. Ultimately route to application

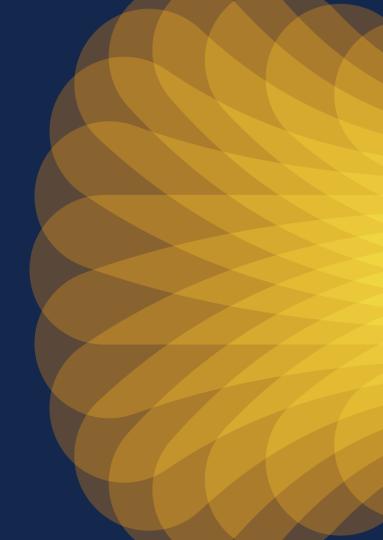


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Example: From DC-centric Topology to SASE



Zero Trust

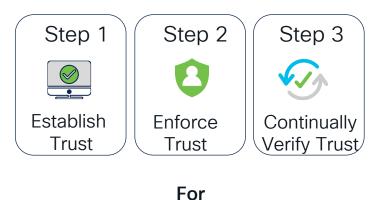


Zero Trust Principles

Never assume trust

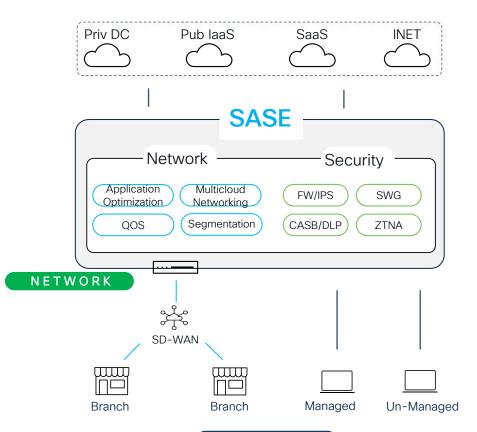
- Always verify
- Enforce least privilege

Cisco Zero Trust



User/Device, Network, App/Data







Zero Trust for **User/Device**

ESTABLISH TRUST

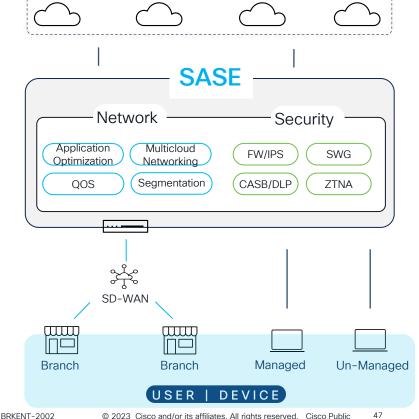
- Only authorized users are attempting to access I.E. MFA.
- Endpoint managed or unmanaged, corporate owned or BYOD, and device posture
- Combine context to establish trust.

ENFORCE TRUST-BASED ACCESS

- Visibility of endpoint current security state of each access request
- Access policy based on use case risk level
- Report on device health via agent, agent-less, or MDM integration techniques.

CONTINUOUSLY VERIFY TRUST

 Continuous monitoring of endpoint health, management status, and anomalous behavior, so actionable responses can be tied to deviations (self-managing/healing)



SaaS



Priv DC

Pub laaS

INFT

Zero Trust for the **Network**

ESTABLISH TRUST

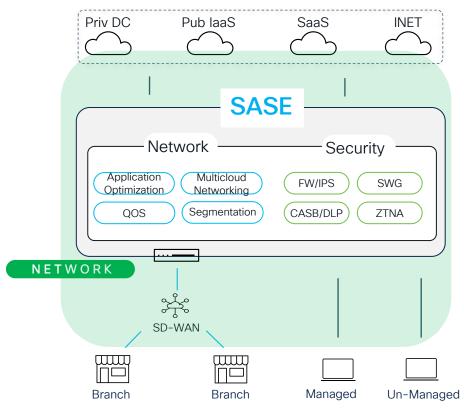
- Discover/classify users and devices (computer/mobile)
- Discover/Classify IoT devices
- · Device Posture of managed and BYOD
- Combine attributes for role-based Authentication / Authorization

ENFORCE TRUST-BASED ACCESS

- Define policy using "least privilege" approach.
- Prevent "untrusted" entities from connecting to inscope network
- Restrict network access and contain infected endpoints using segmentation

CONTINUOUSLY VERIFY TRUST

- Continuous monitoring w/vulnerability assessments and indicators of compromise.
- Tying actionable responses to behavior for selfmanaging/healing



Zero Trust for App/Data

ESTABLISH TRUST

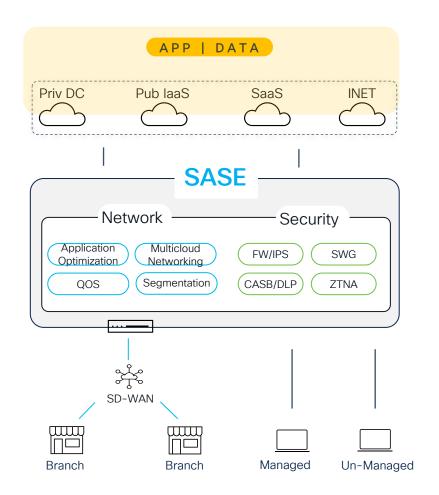
- Visibility into the devices, processes, packets, network flows within the application environments
- Analyze the network communications and data flows to model applications

ENFORCE TRUST-BASED ACCESS

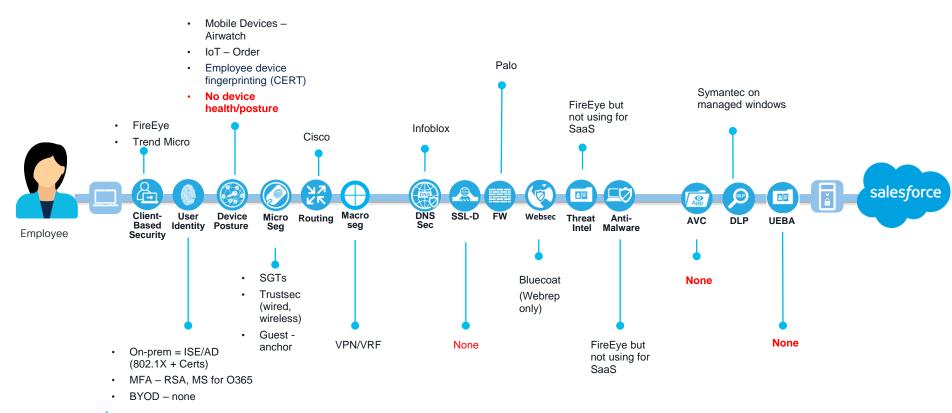
- Implement policy to minimize trust within the entire application ecosystem, simulate, validate, deploy the policy consistently across all environments
- Contain breaches & minimize lateral movement with application micro-segmentation using a whitelist approach

CONTINUOUSLY VERIFY TRUST

 Alert or block communications by continuously monitoring & responding to indicators of compromise



Customer Example - Document Capabilities per Use Case Branch Employee to SaaS



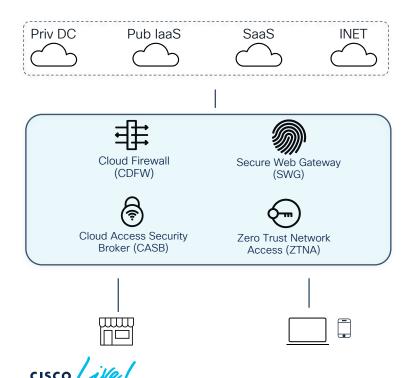
Summary



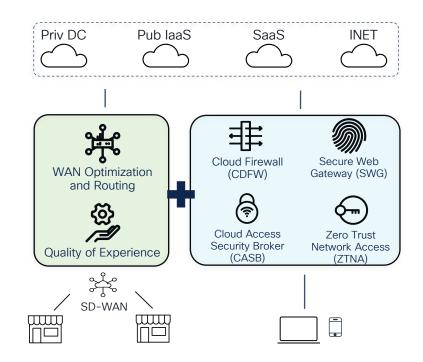


SSE vs SASE

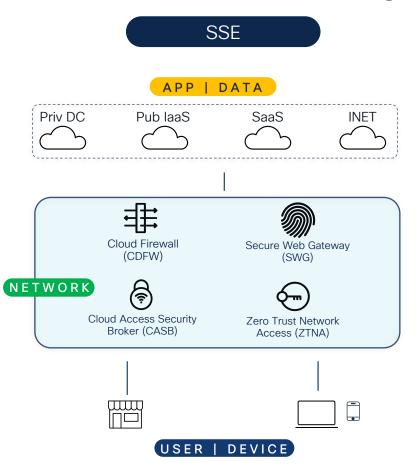
SSE



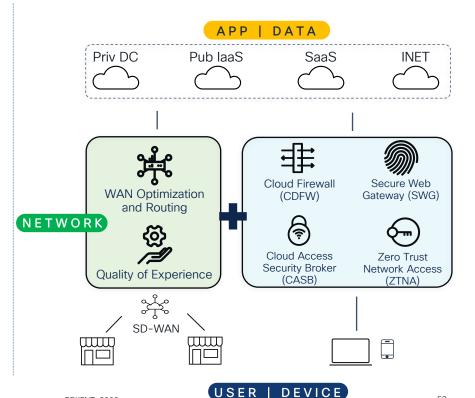
SASE



SSE / SASE adhering to Zero Trust Framework







SSE or SASE - which one?

I want a remote workforce solution that secures managed and unmanaged access to public and private applications, and consume it aaS



I want to consolidate my security capabilities (FW, SWG, CASB, DLP, etc), and unify the UI/operations/support, and consume it aaS.



I want to consolidate my SD-WAN, security, and remote access capabilities, and unify the UI/operations/support, and consume it aaS.



Secure Connect (SASE)



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Thank you



Cisco Live Challenge

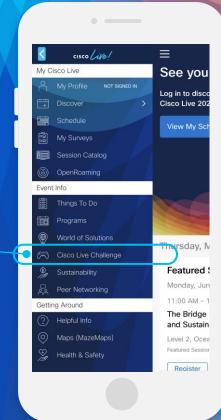
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