

# SDA: Deploying and Troubleshooting LISP Extranet (Single Site)

A Guide to Enhanced Network Segmentation

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- Overview of LISP Extranet in SDA
- Deploying LISP Extranet
   Step-by-Step
- Troubleshooting Tips
  - South-North
  - North-South
- Configuration Guidelines
- Summary and Q&A



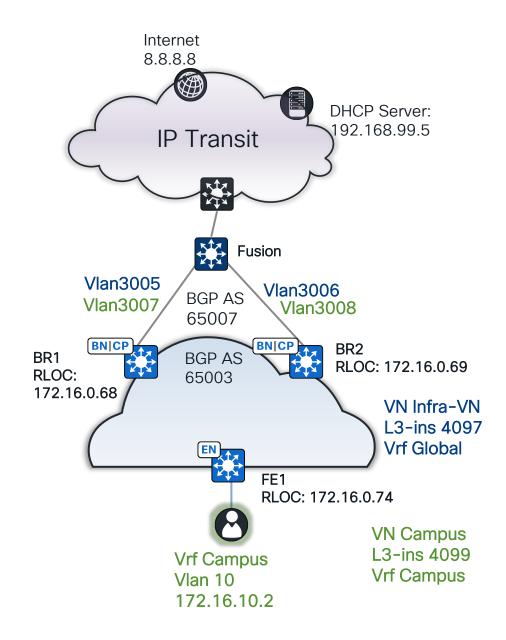
# Overview of LISP Extranet in SDA



#### Introduction to LISP Extranet

Current Deployment Challenges

- For configurations involving Route Leaking, a fusion router is required; this component can add a layer of complexity to the setup.
- Peer devices may be subject to constraints in available resources.
- Fusion router is an additionally MANUAL configuration that needs to be maintained.

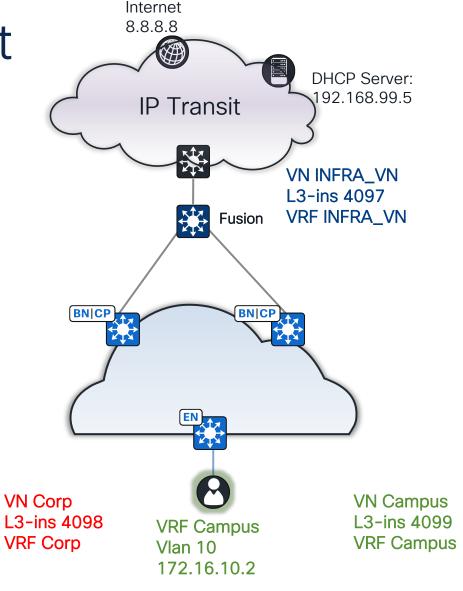




#### Introduction to LISP Extranet

How does LISP Extranet enhance SDA Fabric?

- Provider VN:
  - Target VN for Route-Leaking (INFRA\_VN)
  - Policy-driven connection of INFRA\_VN (GRT) to Fabric VNs.
- Subscriber VN:
  - VN that subscribes to the provider for shared services
  - Subscriber VN: Tenants to the Provider VN (CAMPUS\_VN, CORP\_VN)





#### Introduction to LISP Extranet

Enhanced Network Management with Policy-Based Routing in SDA Extranet

#### Traditional LISP:

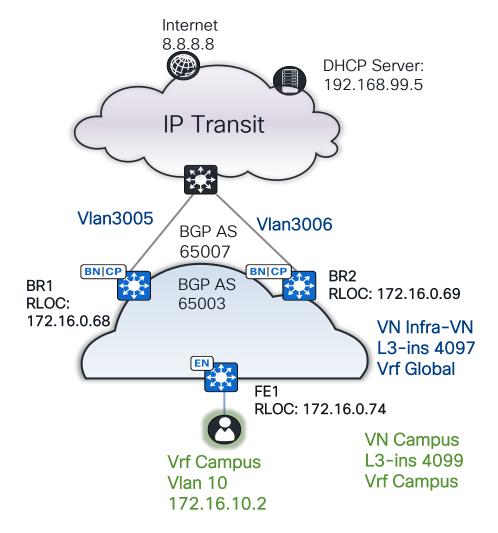
Route Leaking performed outside of the fabric (Fusion)

#### Extranet LISP:

Route Leaking Performed inside the Fabric (LISP CP)

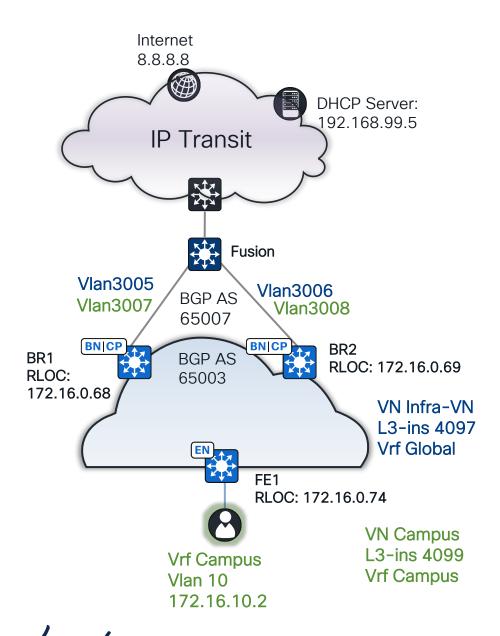
#### SDA Extranet Benefits

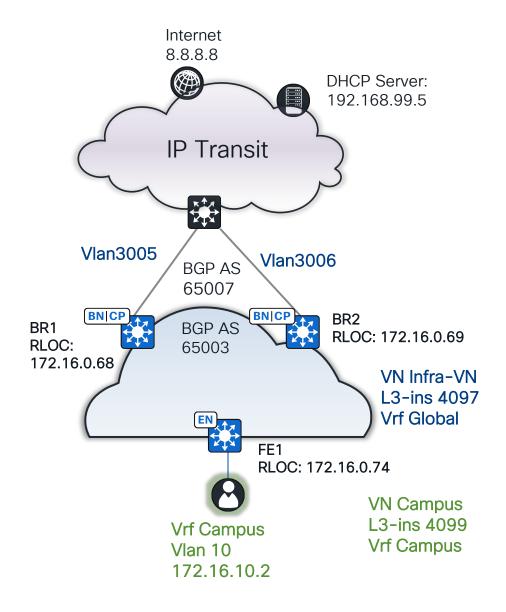
- CatC pushed configurations for Route Leaking
- Less complex configurations to maintain





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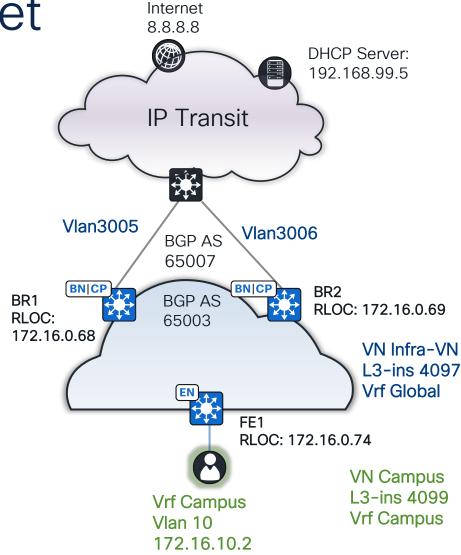
Topology:

Provider VN

Infra-VN

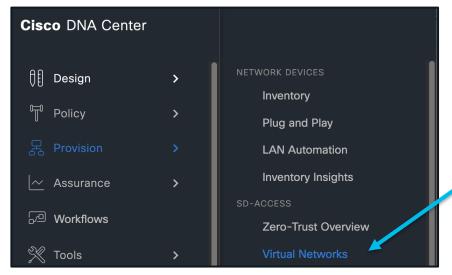
Subscriber VN

#### Campus



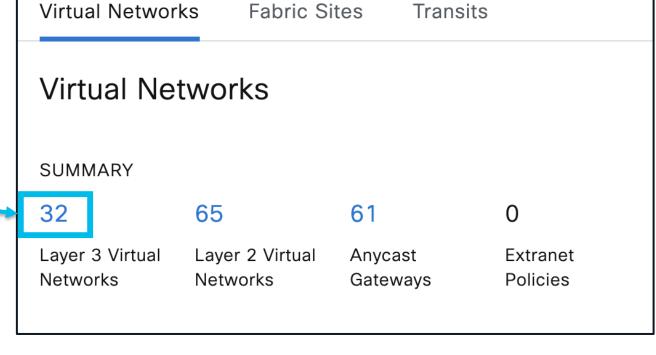


1. Start the Extranet policy flow



 After you have already created your Virtual network and prerequisites for the Fabric. In the Cisco Catalyst Center, navigate to Provision > Virtual network.

 Click on the blue number for your current Layer 3 Virtual Networks.

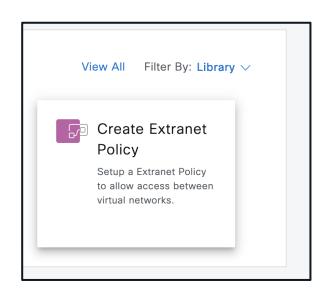


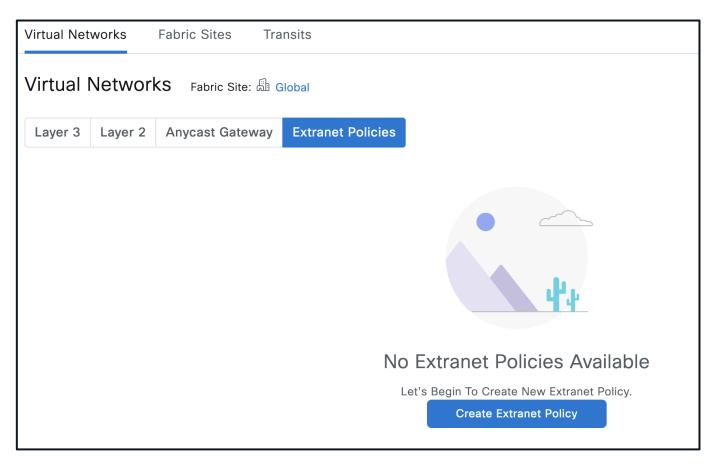


1. Start the Extranet policy flow

Go to the Extranet Policies Tab and click

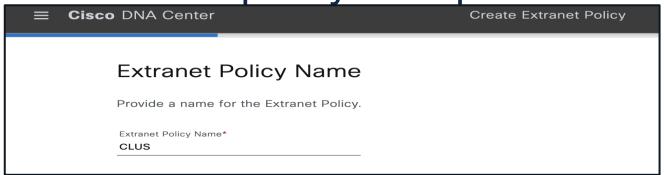
on Create Extranet Policy

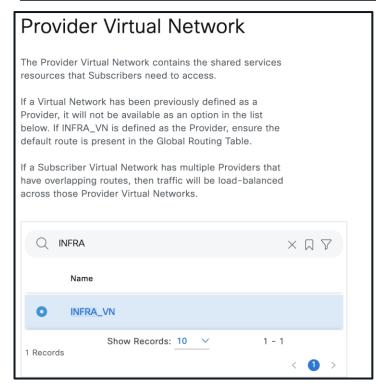




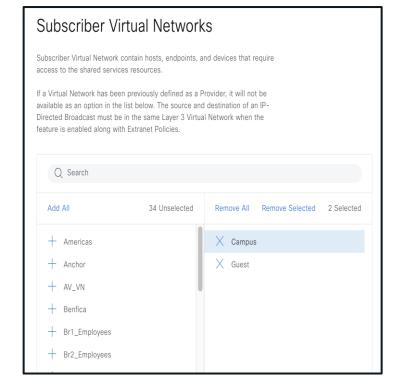


- 2. Virtual Network definition type
- Add the name to identify your policy
- Select the Provider Network, in our case we are using the global routing table as the provider VN and we select the INFRA\_VN.
- Then select the Subscriber Virtual Networks that we want to communicate with the provider Campus.



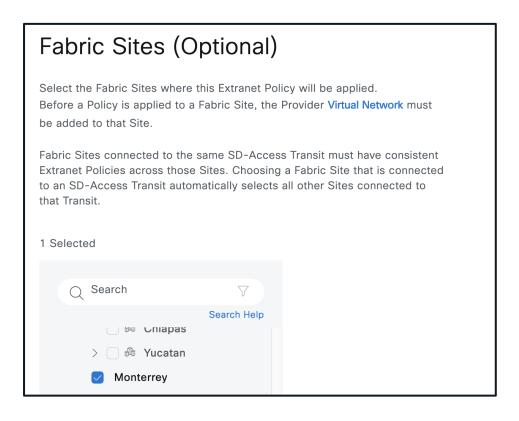


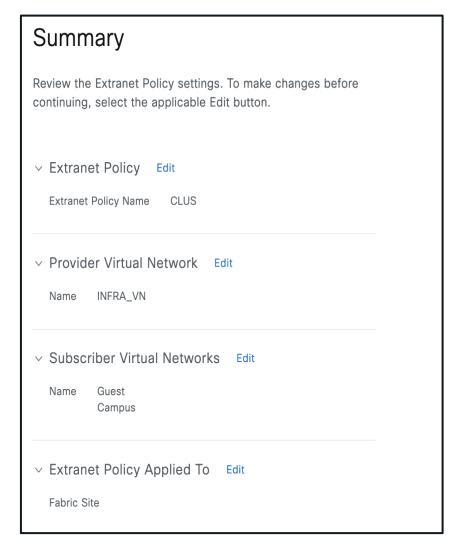
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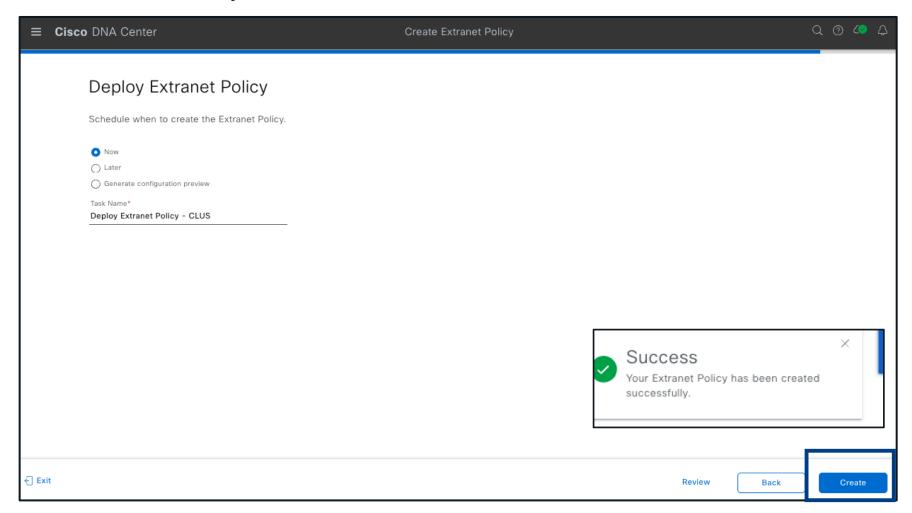
- 3. Assign the Extranet Policy and verify the summary
- 3. Select the Fabric Sites where the Extranet policy is going to be applied.







4. Create the Extranet Policy





What is configured with the previous flow in the Border nodes?

1. Policy map attached to the Provider VN L3 handoff Vlan and LISP interface:

```
interface vlan3005
  ip policy route-map EXTRANET_MATCH_SUBSCRIBER_V4
interface LISPO.4097
  ip policy route-map EXTRANET_MATCH_SUBSCRIBER_V4
```

2. Create loopbacks for the anycast gateway for the Subscriber VNs in the Provider VN.

```
interface Loopback4990
  description Loopback Border
  ip address 172.16.10.1 255.255.255.255 ← Anycast Gateway
```

3. ACL to match the Fabric subnets for the Subscriber VN.

```
ip access-list extended EXTRANET_Campus_IPV4_ACL
  10 deny ip any host 172.16.10.1   Anycast Gateway for Campus
  20 permit ip any 172.16.10.0 0.0.0.255   VN Campus subnets
exit
```



What is configured with the previous flow in the Border nodes?

4. Route-maps are used to set the proper vrf according to the routing required.

```
route-map EXTRANET_MATCH_SUBSCRIBER_V4 permit 30 description Match IPV4 ACL and set Vrf match ip address EXTRANET_Campus_IPV4_ACL set vrf Campus
```

5. Include the summarization for the Subscriber VN subnets in the provider VN BGP section.

```
router bgp 65003

address-family ipv4 ←Infra_VN vrf global

aggregate-address 172.16.10.0 255.255.255.0 summary-only ← vrf Campus subnet

<snipped>
network 172.16.10.1 mask 255.255.255.255 ← Campus anycast Gateway
```



What is configured with the previous flow in the Control Plane?

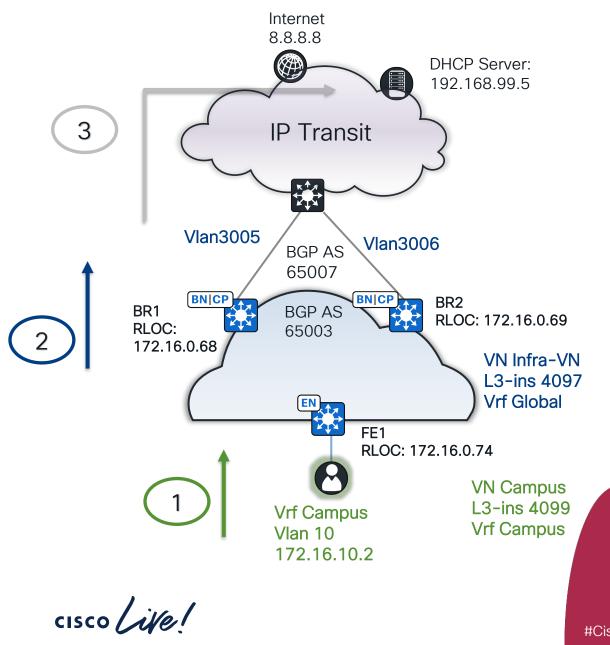
6. Include the router lisp configuration for extranet.

```
router lisp
site site uci
 [omitted]
 extranet CLUS
eid-record-provider instance-id 4097 <- INFRA VN
 172.16.4.0/24 <- Extended Node Pool
 172.16.5.0/24 <- AP Pool
 ip-any
 exit-eid-record-provider
eid-record-subscriber instance-id 4099 <- CAMPUS VN
 172.16.10.0/24
 ip-any
 exit-eid-record-subscriber
```





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# South-North flow

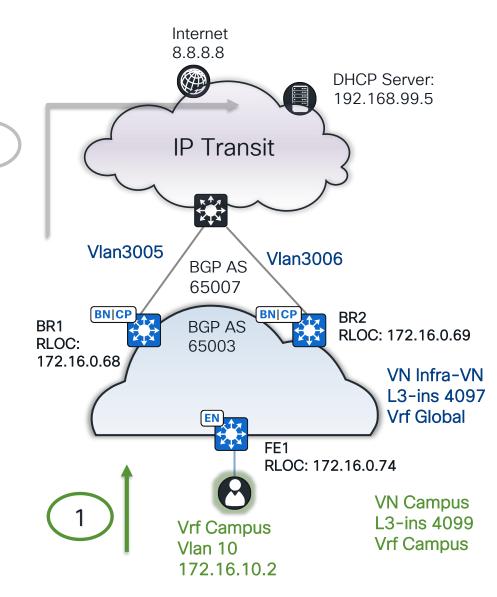


South-North 172.16.10.2 to 192.168.99.5

```
chernet 11, ore: e1300_33.77.00 (+c.30.30.33.77.00), b30. e1300_33.77.00 (+c.30.30.
02.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 3005
nternet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.16.10.2, Dst: 192.168.99.5
nternet Control Message Protocol
 Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request)
 Code: 0
```

```
ternet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.16.0.74, Dst: 172.16.0.68
rtual eXtensible Local Area Network
Flags: 0x8800, GBP Extension, VXLAN Network ID (VNI)
Group Policy ID: 0
VXLAN Network Identifier (VNI): 4097
Reserved: 0
    not TI Spec 00-00-00 00-00-12 (00-00-00-00-00-00-12) Detr ba-25-ed-f4-ad :38 (ba:25:ed:f4:ad:38)
nternet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.16.10.2, Dst: 192.168.99.5
nternet Control Message Protocol
Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request)
Code: 0
```

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.16.10.2, Dst: 192.168.99.5 Internet Control Message Protocol Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request) Code: 0





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South-North 172.16.10.2 to 192.168.99.5

#### Edge#show device-tracking database address 172.16.10.2 [snipped]

Network Layer Address Link Layer Address Interface vlan prlvl age state Time left.

DH4 172.16.10.2 7c4d.8f0c.f102 Gi1/0/3 0024 1s REACHABLE 250

s try 0(170155 s)

#### Edge#show ip vrf

Name Default RD Interfaces Campus LIO.4099 <not set> V110

#### Edge#show lisp instance-id 4099 ipv4 database 172.16.10.2/32

LISP ETR IPv4 Mapping Database for LISP 0 EID-table vrf Campus (IID 4099), <snipped>

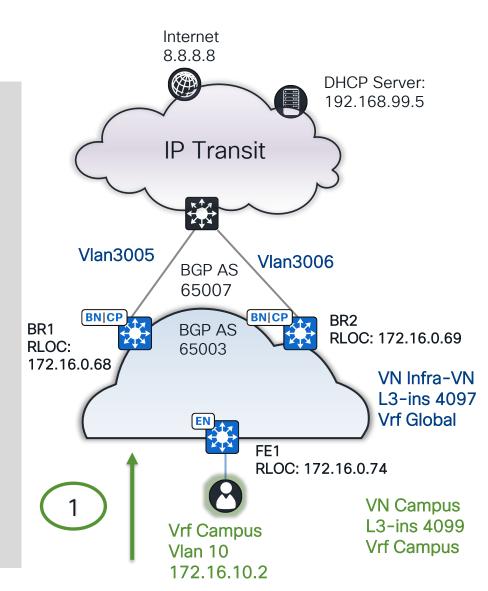
172.16.10.2/32, dynamic-eid Data-IPV4, inherited from default locator-set rloc 94ab4c50-688c-45fc-892a-cd7ca60c0dae <snipped>

Locator	Pri/Wgt	Source	State	
172.16.0.74	10/10	cfg-intf	site-self,	reachable

Domain-ID Uptime Map-server ACK

172.16.0.68 00:49:23 Yes

172.16.0.69 00:49:23 Yes

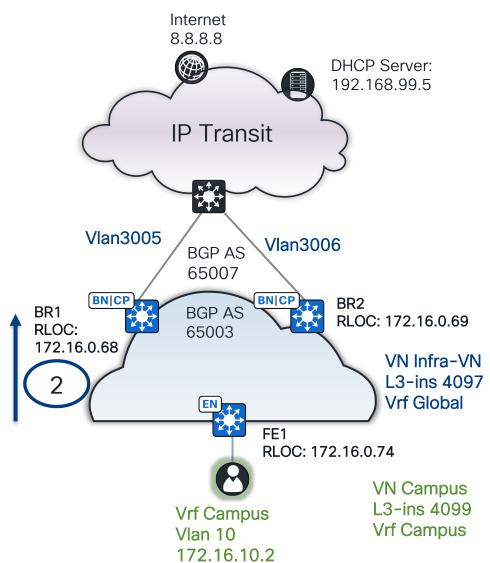




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South-North 172.16.10.2 to 192.168.99.5

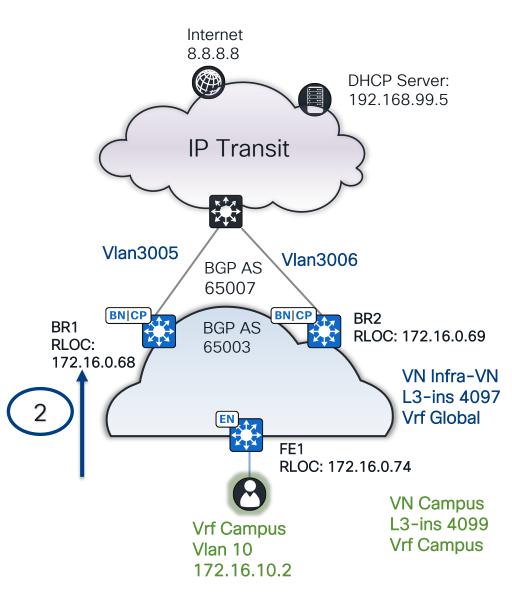
```
Edge# show ip route vrf Campus 192.168.99.5
Routing Table: Campus
% Network not in table
Edge# show ip cef vrf Campus 192.168.99.5
192.0.0.0/2
 nexthop 172.16.0.68 LISPO.4099
 nexthop 172.16.0.69 LISPO.4099
Edge# show lisp instance-id 4099 ipv4 map-cache 192.168.99.5
LISP IPv4 Mapping Cache for LISP 0 EID-table vrf Campus (IID 4099), 1 entries
192.0.0.0/2, uptime: 01:14:06, expires: 00:13:41, via map-reply, unknown-eid-
forward
 Sources: map-reply
 State: unknown-eid-forward, last modified: 01:03:17, map-source:
172.16.0.68
 Active, Packets out: 791(264398 bytes), counters are not accurate (~
00:00:06 ago)
                                    Pri/Wqt Encap-IID
  PETR
              Uptime
                                                         Domain-ID/MH-ID
                         State
Metric
 172.16.0.68 01:03:17
                        admin-down 255/10
                                                        2136580547/41411
 172.16.0.68
              01:03:17
                                     10/10
                                             4097
                                                        2136580547/41411
                        admin-down 255/10
 172.16.0.69
              01:03:17
                                                        2136580547/41411
 172.16.0.69 01:03:17 up
                                    10/10
                                           4097
                                                        2136580547/41411
```





South-North 172.16.10.2 to 192.168.99.5

```
Edge#show ip lisp instance-id 4099 forwarding eid remote 192.168.99.5
                       Fwd action Locator status bits
Prefix
                                                          encap iid
192.0.0.0/2
                                   0x0000000
                                                          4097
                       encap
ifnums:
      LISPO.4099(79): 172.16.0.68, 172.16.0.69
Edge# show ip cef vrf Campus 192.168.99.5 internal
192.0.0.0/2, epoch 1, flags [sc, lisp elig], refcnt 6, per-destination
sharing
 sources: LISP, IPL
<snipped>
    SC owned, sourced: LISP remote EID - locator status bits
0x00000000, encap iid 4097
    LISP remote EID: 948 packets 363452 bytes fwd action encap,
encap iid 4097
[ommited]
```



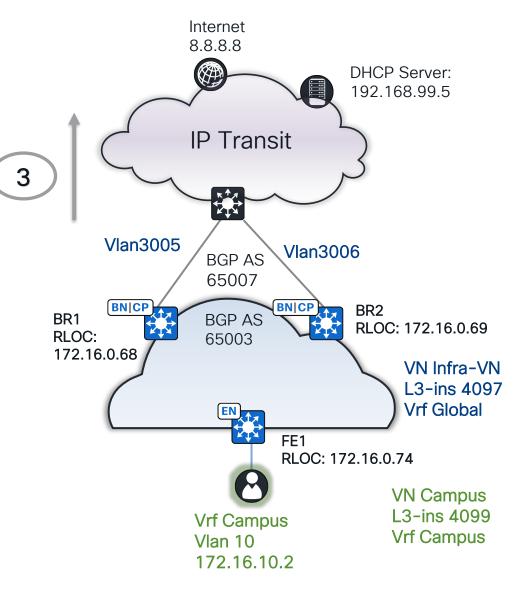
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South-North 172.16.10.2 to 192.168.99.5

TAC Tip

For a Border to advertise a default route into LISP PUBSUB; it must first have a default route in its Routing Table for each VRF; in extranet, we do not expect to have a default route in the subscriber VN.

```
Border# show ip route vrf Campus 0.0.0.0
Routing Table: Campus
% Network not in table
Border# show ip route 0.0.0.0
Routing entry for 0.0.0.0/0, supernet
  Known via "bgp 65003", distance 20, metric 0, candidate default
path
  Tag 65007, type external
  Last update from 172.16.1.18 01:24:39 ago
  Routing Descriptor Blocks:
  * 172.16.1.18, from 172.16.1.18, 01:24:39 ago
      opaque ptr 0x7F9B81F33678
      Route metric is 0, traffic share count is 1
      AS Hops 1
      Route tag 65007
      MPIS label: none
      MPLS Flags: NSF
```

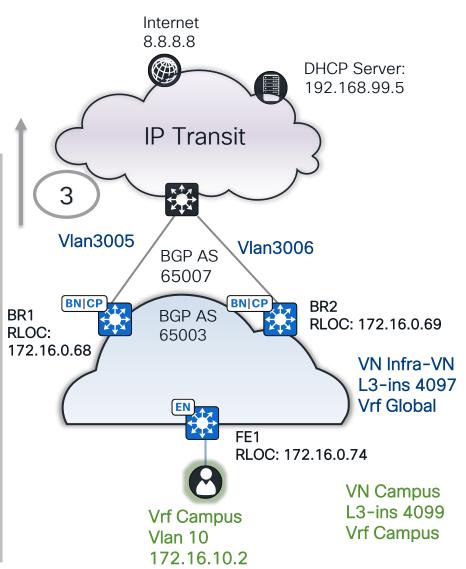




South-North 172.16.10.2 to 192.168.99.5

With a default route only in the provider VN (INFRA/GRT), we only announce a default route into LISP for that VRF alone.

```
Border#show lisp instance-id 4097 ipv4 database 0.0.0.0/0
0.0.0.0/0, locator-set DEFAULT ETR LOCATOR, default-ETR
 Uptime: 01:58:48, Last-change: 01:29:10
<snipped>
              Pri/Wat Source
  Locator
                                  State
 172.16.0.69
                       cfa-intf
              10/10
                                  site-self, reachable
 Map-server
                  Uptime
                                      Domain-ID
 172.16.0.68
              01:29:10
                                 Yes 2136580547
              01:29:10
 172.16.0.69
                                 Yes 2136580547
Border#show lisp instance-id 4099 ipv4 database 0.0.0.0/0
<snipped>
0.0.0.0/0, locator-set DEFAULT ETR LOCATOR *** NO ROUTE TO EID PREFIX ***,
default-ETR
 Uptime: 01:58:40, Last-change: 01:58:40
<snipped>
                  Uptime
 Map-server
                                      Domain-ID
 172.16.0.68
              01:58:24
                                      2136580547
                                 Yes
 172.16.0.69
              01:58:33
                                     2136580547
                                 Yes
```





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South-North 172.16.10.2 to 192.168.99.5

With the remote-locator-set command (in CP nodes) we can confirm that this External Border is being considered a default-ETR only in INFRA\_VN as intended.

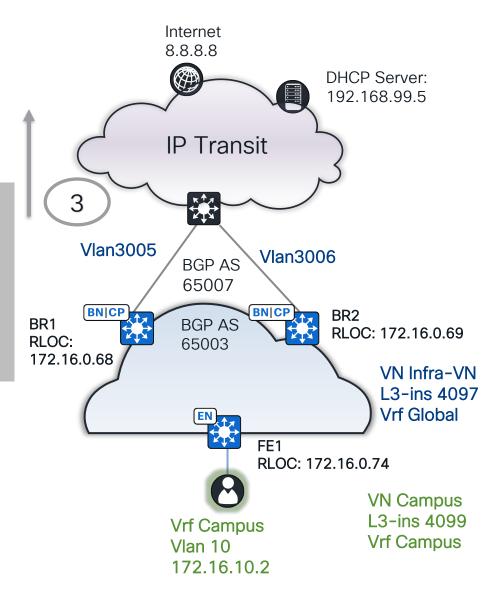
#### Border#show lisp remote-locator-set default-etrs | be LISP

LISP remote-locator-set default-etr-locator-set-ipv4 Information

RLOC	Pri/Wgt/Metric	Inst	Domain-ID/MH-ID	ETR SI/ID
172.16.0.68	10/10 /0	4097	2136580547/41411	Default PB/-
172.16.0.68	<mark>255</mark> /10 /-	4099	2136580547/41411	Default
172.16.0.69	10/10 /0	4097	2136580547/41411	Default PB/-
172.16.0.69	<mark>255</mark> /10 /-	4099	2136580547/41411	Default



The rest of the RLOCs are marked with a priority of 255 which is considered **administratively down**, any Edge will not use these.



South-North 172.16.10.2 to 192.168.99.5

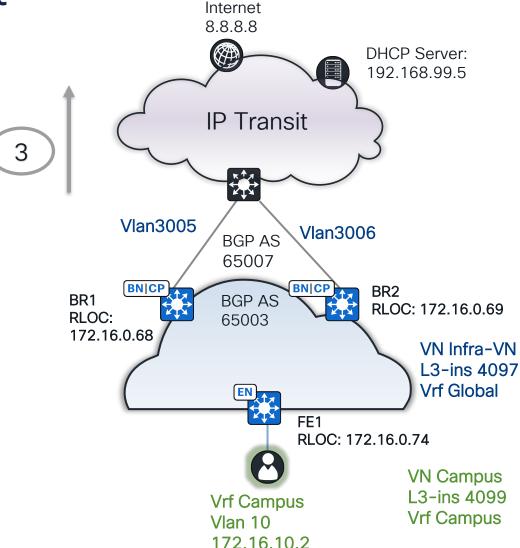
If we check the extranet prefixes for the subscriber VN, we can see the list of "leaked" routes that this CP can resolve:

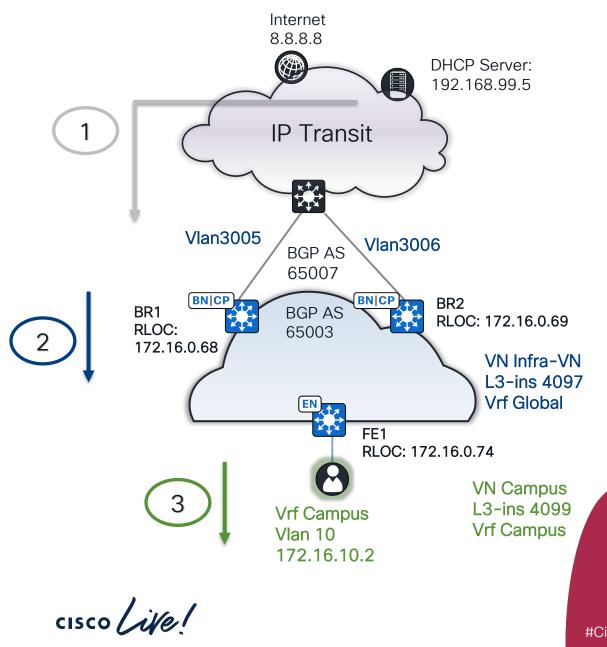
Border# show lisp instance-id 4099 extranet CLUS						
LISP Extranet policy table						
Home Instan	ce ID: 4099					
Prov/Sub	Source	InstID	EID prefix			
Provider	Default ETR Reg V4	<u>4097</u>				
Provider	Config	4097	172.16.4.0/24			
Provider	Config	4097	172.16.5.0/24			
Subscriber	Config	4099	172.16.10.0/24			
Subscriber	Config	4099	172.16.11.0/24			
Total entri	es: 4					



When using LISP Extranet, make sure that neither the default route nor any specific route exists in the Subscriber VRF, if a path from the subscriber VRF exists, it will win over the Extranet one.







# North-South flow

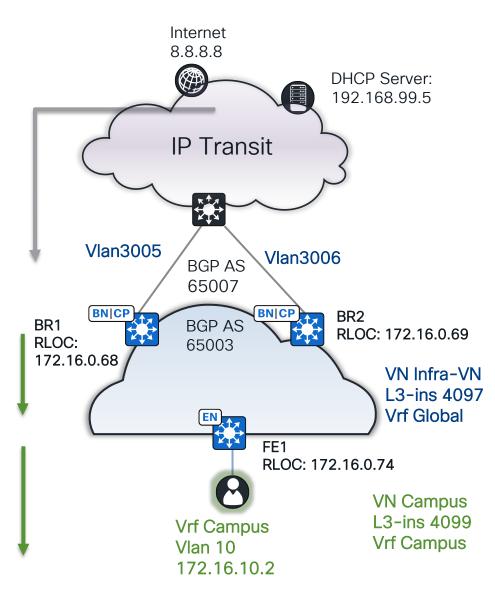


North-South 192.168.99.5 to 172.16.10.2

```
802.10 Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 3006
 Cisco MetaData
 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.99.5, Dst: 172.16.10.2
 Internet Control Message Protocol
   Type: 0 (Echo (ping) reply)
    Code: 0
   Checksum: 0x403a [correct]
ernet Protocol Version 4, Src: 172.16.0.69, Dst: 172.16.0.74
r Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 65349, Dst Port: 4789
tual eXtensible Local Area Network
Flags: 0x8800, GBP Extension, VXLAN Network ID (VNI)
Group Policy ID: 0
VXLAN Network Identifier (VNI): 4099
Reserved: 0
ernet II, Src: 00:00:00_00:80:63 (00:00:00:00:80:63), Dst: ba:25:c<mark>:</mark>::f4:ad:38 (ba:25:cd:f4:ad:38)
ernet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.99.5, Dst: 172.16.10.2
ernet Control Message Protocol
Type: 0 (Echo (ping) reply)
Code: 0
Checksum: 0x4eb7 [correct]
 > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.99.5, Dst: 172.16.10.2

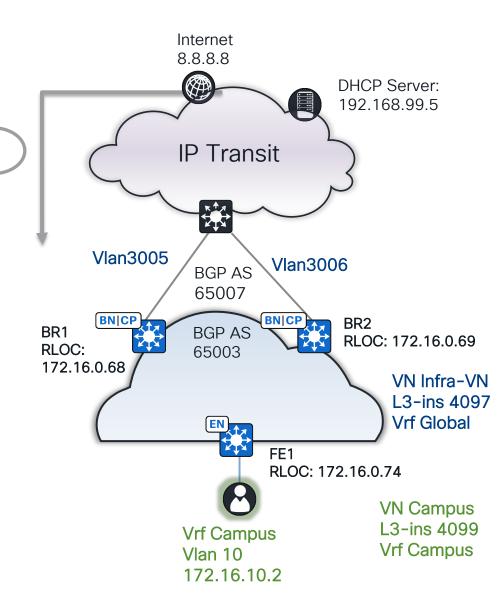
    Internet Control Message Protocol

        Type: 0 (Echo (ping) reply)
        Code: 0
        Checksum: 0x4eb7 [correct]
```



North-South 192.168.99.5 to 172.16.10.2

```
Border#show ip route 172.16.10.1
Routing entry for 172.16.10.1/32
 Known via "connected", distance 0, metric 0 (connected, via
interface)
 Advertised by bgp 65003
  Routing Descriptor Blocks:
 * directly connected, via Loopback4990
     Route metric is 0, traffic share count is 1
Border#show ip bgp neighbors 172.16.1.22 advertised-routes | inc
Network | 172.16.10.0/24
  Network
                    Next Hop
                                        Metric LocPrf Weight Path
*> 172.16.10.0/24
                    0.0.0.0
                                         10
                                                        32768
```





North-South 192.168.99.5 to 172.16.10.2

How is VRF Leaking happening in North to South flow?

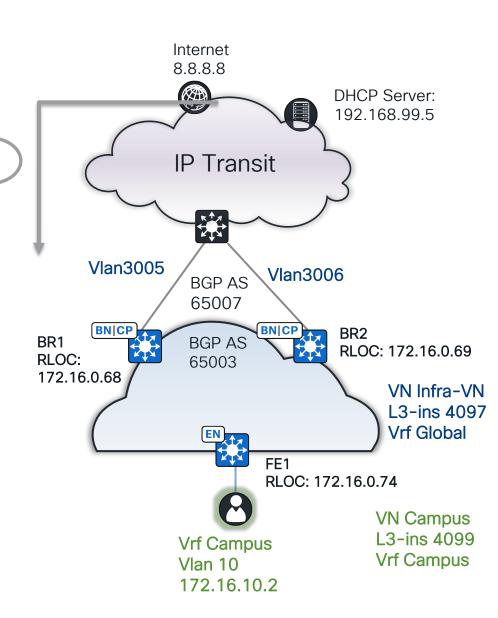
```
Ethernet II, Src: Cisco_1f:48:51 (d4:e8:80:1f:48:51), Dst: Cisco_53:7f:ff (4c:5d:3c:53:7f:ff)
802.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, DEI: 0, ID: 3006
Cisco MetaData
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.99.5, Dst: 172.16.10.2
Internet Control Message Protocol
    Type: 0 (Echo (ping) reply)
    Code: 0
    Checksum: 0x403a [correct]
```

```
Border#show ip policy
Interface Route map

Vlan3006 EXTRANET_MATCH_SUBSCRIBER_V4
LISP0.4097 EXTRANET_MATCH_SUBSCRIBER_V4
```

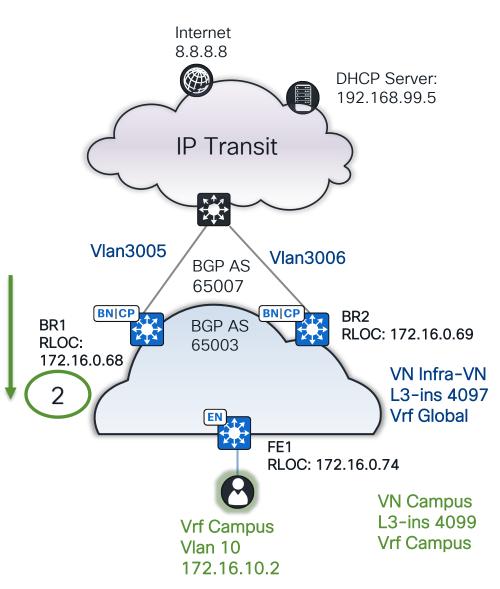
route-map EXTRANET\_MATCH\_SUBSCRIBER\_V4 permit 30 description Match IPV4 ACL and set Vrf match ip address EXTRANET\_Campus\_IPV4\_ACL set vrf Campus





North-South 192.168.99.5 to 172.16.10.2

```
Border# show lisp instance-id 4099 ipv4 map-cache 172.16.10.2
LISP IPv4 Mapping Cache for LISP 0 EID-table vrf Campus (IID 4099), 1
entries
172.16.10.2/32, uptime: 00:00:24, expires: never, via pub-sub,
complete, local-to-site
  Sources: pub-sub
  State: complete, last modified: 00:00:24, map-source: 172.16.0.69
  Exempt, Packets out: 3(1728 bytes), counters are not accurate (~
00:00:00 ago)
  Configured as EID address space
 Locator
              Uptime
                        State Pri/Wqt
                                           Encap-IID
  172.16.0.74 00:00:24 up
                                10/10
   Last up-down state change:
                                      00:00:24, state change count: 1
   Last route reachability change:
                                      03:01:40, state change count: 1
                                      never/never
   Last priority / weight change:
   RLOC-probing loc-status algorithm:
     Last RLOC-probe sent:
                                       never
```

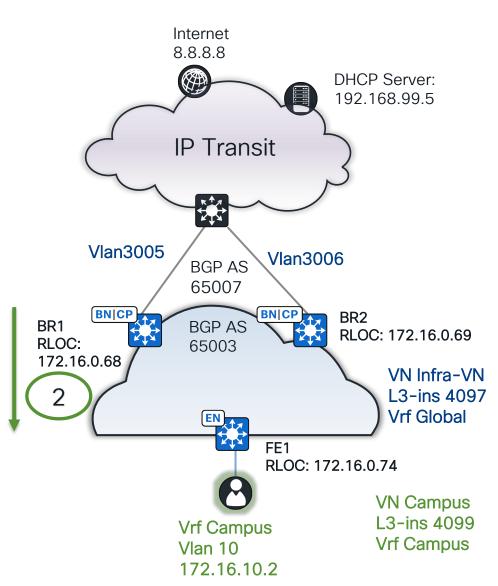




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North-South 192.168.99.5 to 172.16.10.2

```
Border#show ip cef vrf Campus 172.16.10.2
172.16.10.2/32
 nexthop 172.16.0.74 LISP0.4099
Border#show ip cef vrf Campus 172.16.10.2 internal
         172.16.10.2/32, epoch 0, flags [sc, lisp elig], RIB[1],
refcnt 6, per-destination sharing
           sources: LISP, RIB, IPL
LISP remote EID: 9 packets 2804 bytes fwd action encap, cfg as EID
space
              SC inherited: LISP generalised SMR - [disabled, not
inheriting, 0x7F491A6D6820 locks: 4] < snipped>
              LISP source path list
<snipped>
                     nexthop 172.16.0.74 LISPO.4099, IP midchain out
of LISP0.4099, addr 172.16.0.74 7F491C30EF68
                  1 output chain
                    chain[0]: IP midchain out of LISP0.4099, addr
172.16.0.74 7F491C30EF68
IP adj out of GigabitEthernet1/0/47, addr 172.16.0.73 7F491C311268
```





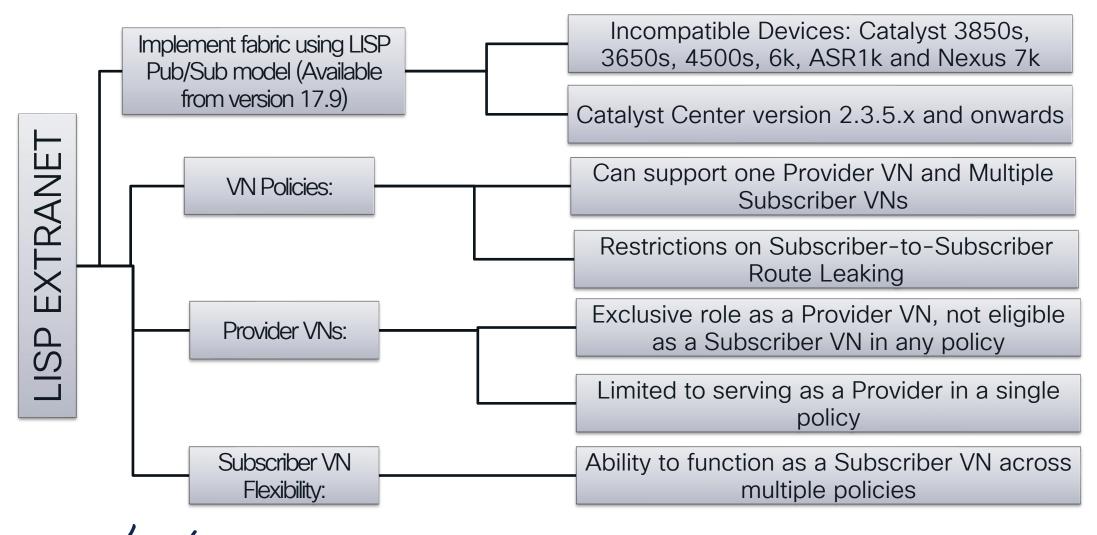
# Configuration Guidelines



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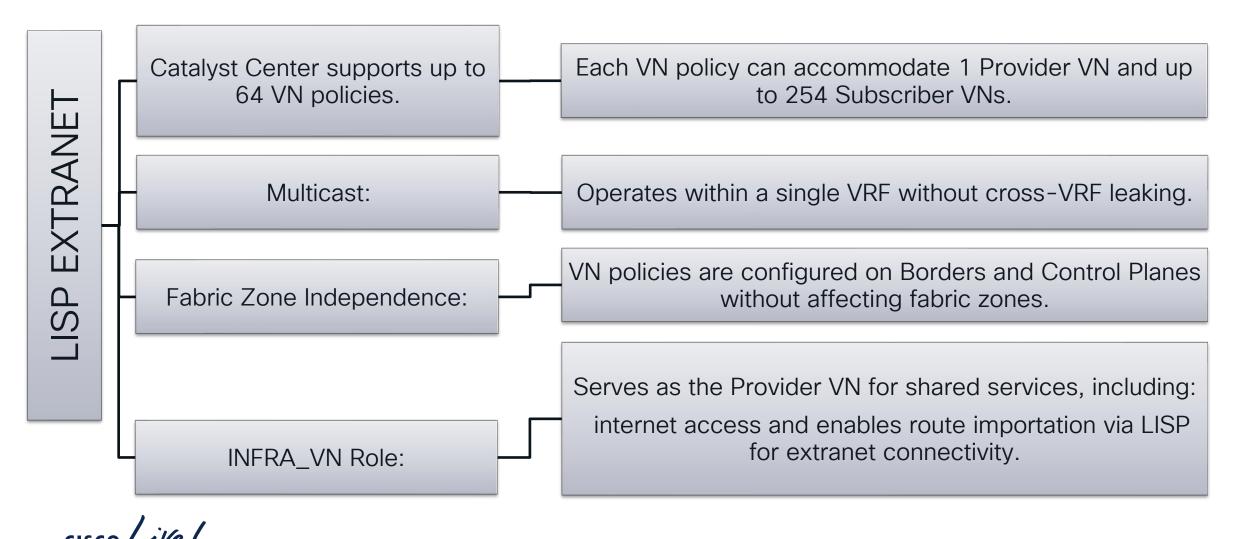
### Configuration Guidelines

Considerations and Limitations

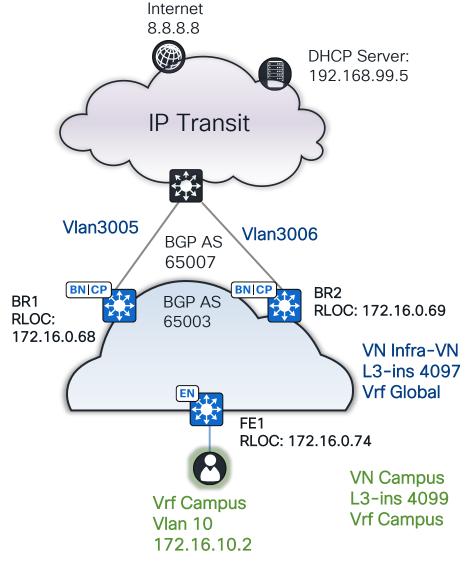


### Configuration Guidelines

Considerations and Limitations



### Summary and Q&A EXTRANET





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#### Catalyst Center

#### SDA

Learn how Cisco Catalyst Center and SDA will help you implement your Fabric Network. Start

Monday, June 3rd | 11:00 a.m.

BRKSEC-2845

Cisco Secure Firewall and SDA integration Deep

Dive

Monday, June 3rd | 12:50 p.m.

CNCCSS-2000

Catalyst Center - An SDA Customer Case Study

with TTI Consumer Power Tool Inc. and SHI

Monday, June 3rd | 2:00 p.m.

VILSEC-1045

Hit the Accelerator on Cisco ISE/SDA for Zero

Trust with Ordr

Monday, June 3rd to Thursday, June 6th | 8:00 a.m.

LABENS-2664

Building the SD-Access Fabric with Ansible

Playbooks: DIY SDA

Tuesday, June 4th | 4:00 p.m.

BRKENS-1801

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SD-Access Success Stories: Concept to Reality by

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End

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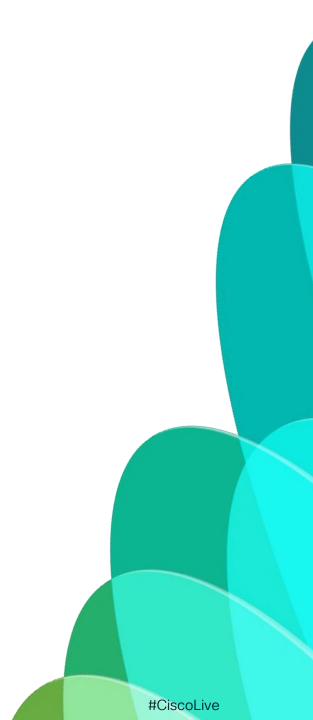
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