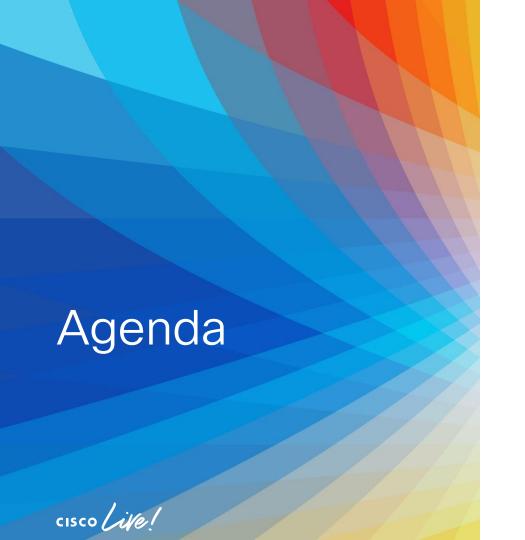
Let's go cisco live!

Reduce Resolution Time with a Service-Centric Approach to Troubleshooting

Paola Arosio, Director Product Management @arosio_paola





- Today, Operator Challenges
- The Concept of Heuristic Package
- Codify Know How
- Intent Based Networking
- The Operator Experience
- Know How Extension
- Conclusion

Today, Operator Challenges



Operational Challenges in Numbers



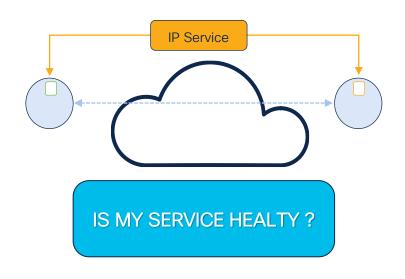






VISIBILITY/ AGILITY Challenge







CUSTOMER EXPERIENCE Challenge

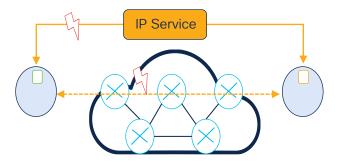






PRODUCTIVITY Challenge

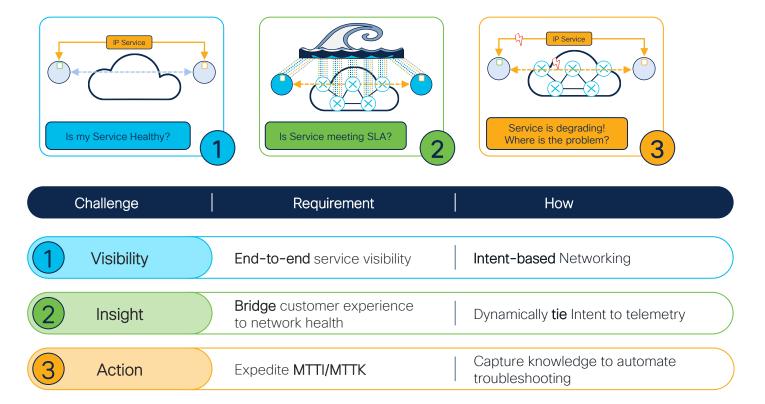




SERVICE IS DEGRADING.
WHERE IS THE PROBLEM?



A Different Approach is Needed ...





Crosswork Automated Assurance Use Cases

Know your Customer Personas: Role and Know-How its different

QUESTIONS TO ANSWER

AGILITY /

First Level Service Operation Center



Is the service degrading?

Is the service meeting SLAs?

Services & SLA Dashboard

CUSTOME

PRODUCTIVITY

Second Level Network Operation Center



Service is DEGRADING!

WHERE is the problem and WHY?

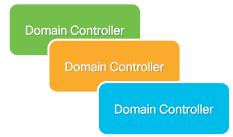
I see a congestion in the network, **WHAT** is the cause?

Hierarchical Controller

Domain SME



Is the infrastructure **OPERATING** according to planned performance objectives?





The Concept of Heuristic Package



What is the Heuristic Package?

The Heuristic Package tie intent to telemetry

Service Intent and Device Configuration Services Subservices **Expressions** Metric



Heuristic Package matches to a specific service type.



A subservice focuses on a specific feature or sub-part of the network system.



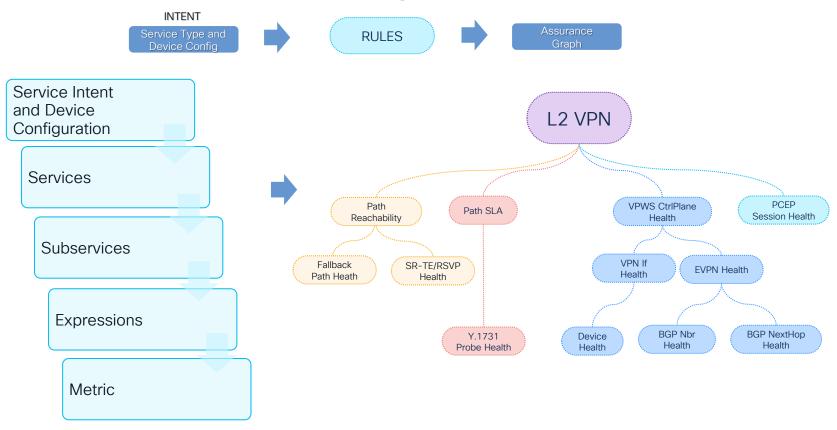
Expression encodes logic to deduce the health status of subservice from the collected metrics.



Each **device-independent metric** used in the sub-services maps to a list of **device-specific metric** implementations (YANG path, SNMP Object or CLI command) that precisely define how to fetch values for that metric.



From Heuristic Package to Assurance Graph



Service Assurance for Intent-Based Networking Architecture

SAIN: IETF RFC 9417

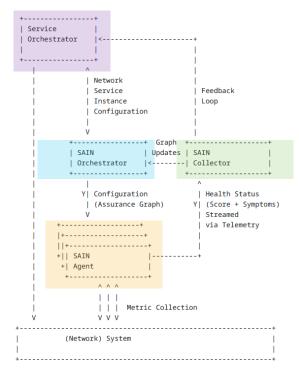


Figure 1: SAIN Architecture

Service Orchestrator is the system that implement the service, i.e. decompose the service, described by an abstract model, into specific network element configuration.

SAIN orchestrator is in charge of fetching the configuration specific to each service instance and converting it into an assurance graph.

SAIN agent communicates with a device, a set of devices, to build an expression graph from a received assurance graph and perform the corresponding computation of the health status and symptoms.

SAIN collector fetches or receives the computer-consumable output of the SAIN agent(s) and process it locally (including displaying it in a user-friendly form).

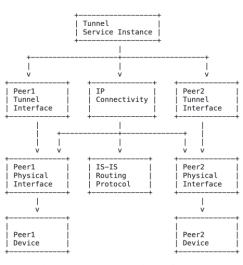


Figure 2: Assurance Graph Example

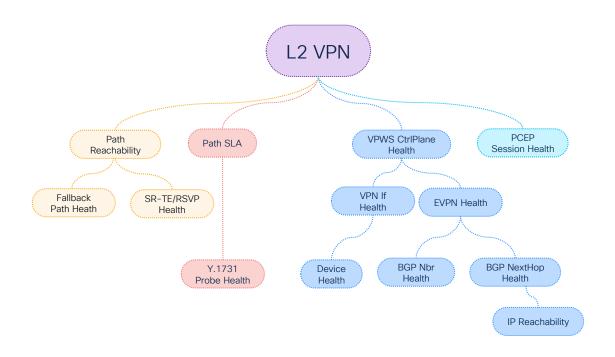


Codify Know How





Troubleshooting a L2 VPN





Check Service Status

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show 12vpn xconnect
Fri Feb 12 19:10:32.844 EST
Legend: ST = State, UP = Up, DN = Down, AD = Admin Down, UR = Unresolved,
SB = Standby, SR = Standby Ready, (PP) = Partially Programmed
XConnect Segment 1 Segment 2
Group Name ST Description ST Description ST
12vpn-xc-2601 p2p-2601 UP Te0/0/0/2.2601 UP EVPN 2601,2,10.255.255.103 UP
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#
```

*This need to be done on both PFs

If the Status is DOWN then we need to further check possible causes:

- The Attachment Circuit interface could be DOWN.
- The Control Plane info from remote PE could be DOWN
- Possible Crossconnect issues on Local-PE

BRKSPG-2474



Check Attachment Circuit Status

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show int Ten0/0/0/2.2601
Fri Feb 12 19:21:16.351 EST
TenGigE0/0/0/2.2601 is up, line protocol is
Interface state transitions: 3
Hardware is VLAN sub-interface(s), address is 008a.966e.6808
Description: L2VPN-Dynamic-02
Layer 2 Transport Mode
MTU 1518 bytes, BW 10000000 Kbit (Max: 10000000 Kbit)
reliability Unknown, txload Unknown, rxload Unknown
Encapsulation 802.10 Virtual LAN,
Outer Match: Dot1Q VLAN 2601
Ethertype Any, MAC Match src any, dest any
loopback not set,
Last link flapped 00:00:14
Last input never, output never
Last clearing of "show interface" counters never
0 packets input, 0 bytes
O input drops, O queue drops, O input errors
0 packets output, 0 bytes
O output drops, O queue drops, O output errors
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#
```

Check Attachment Circuit sub-interface, and if DOWN check also the Interface.

If Interface is DOWN possible causes are:

- Admin shut down
- Fiber or Cable issues
- Remote switch/optical shut down



Check EVPN Control Plane

Discover BGP identity

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show bgp 12vpn evpn summary
Fri Feb 12 19:24:35.296 EST
BGP router identifier 10.255.255.102, local AS number 65001
BGP generic scan interval 60 secs
Non-stop routing is enabled
BGP table state: Active
Table ID: 0x0 RD version: 0
BGP main routing table version 819
BGP NSR Initial initsync version 1 (Reached)
BGP NSR/ISSU Sync-Group versions 0/0
BGP scan interval 60 secs
BGP is operating in STANDALONE mode.
Process RcvTblVer bRIB/RIB LabelVer ImportVer SendTblVer StandbyVer
Speaker 819 819 819 819 0
Neighbor Status Codes: m - Under graceful maintenance
Neighbor Spk AS MsgRcvd MsgSent TblVer InQ OutQ Up/Down St/PfxRcd
10.255.255.143 0 65001 101083 101065 819 0 0 3d23h 1
RP/U/RPU/CPUU:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#
```

Any neighbors shown, means that there is no single active BGP session to a FVPN Route Reflector.

Possible value for St/PfxRcd:

- Not a number but something like Active or Idle, then BGP session to the Route Reflector is not UP.
- PfxRcd is 0 (from EVPN Router Reflector) then session is fine, but we did not get any EVPN route. Normally redundant RRs are deployed so we need to get nonzero routes from at-least one RR.
- PfxRcd is not 0 then we look at all routes with Route Distinguisher our BGP ID and EVI (EVPN instance ID) specified for this service instance.

Data Plane Troubleshooting

Is traffic going via SRTE or IGP path?

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show 12vpn xconnect detail
Fri Feb 12 19:32:32.803 EST
Group 12vpn-xc-2601, XC p2p-2601, state is up; Interworking none
 AC: TenGigE0/0/0/2.2601, state is up
   Type VLAN; Num Ranges: 1
   Rewrite Tags: []
   VLAN ranges: [2601, 2601]
   MTU 1504; XC ID 0x1; interworking none
    Statistics:
     packets: received 0, sent 0
     bytes: received 0, sent 0
     drops: illegal VLAN 0, illegal length 0
 EVPN: neighbor 10.255.255.103, PW ID: evi 2601, ac-id 2, state is up ( established )
    XC ID 0xc000001
    Encapsulation MPLS
   Source address 10.255.255.102
    Encap type Ethernet, control word enabled
    Sequencing not set
    Preferred path Active: SR TE srte c 2002 ep 10.255.255.103, Statically configured, fallback disabled
    Tunnel: Up
     EVPN
                   Local
                                                  Remote
     Label
                  24011
                                                 24005
     MTII
                  1504
                                                 1504
     Control word enabled
                                                 Encamp
     AC ID
     EVPN type
                  Ethernet
                                                 Encamp
    Create time: 12/02/2021 19:04:51 (00:27:41 ago)
    Last time status changed: 12/02/2021 19:21:02 (00:11:30 ago)
                                                                     The service labels are shown which
   Last time PW went down: 12/02/2021 19:14:58 (00:17:34 ago)
                                                                     should be as learned from BGP EVPN
    Statistics:
     packets: received 0, sent 0
                                                                     in previous step.
     bytes: received 0, sent 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#
```

Check Statistics

Check Packet counters on the service and service labels

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show l2vpn forwarding interface tenGigE 0/0/0/2.2601 detail location 0/0/CPU$
Fri Feb 12 19:38:54.984 EST
Local interface: TenGigE0/0/0/2.2601, Xconnect id: 0x1, Status: up
   AC, TenGigE0/0/0/2.2601, status: Bound
    Statistics:
     packets: received 0, sent 0
     bytes: received 0, sent 0
     packets dropped: PLU 0, tail 0
     bytes dropped: PLU 0, tail 0
  Segment 2
   MPLS, Tunnel interface: srte c 2002 ep 10.255.255.103, status: Bound
    Local Pseudowire label: 24011
    Remote Pseudowire label: 24005
    Control word enabled
    Statistics:
     packets: received 0, sent 0
     bytes: received 0, sent 0
                                                                              Check Packet counters
     packets dropped: PLU 0, tail 0, out of order 0
     bytes dropped: PLU 0, tail 0, out of order 0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#
```



Check SR-TE Health

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show segment-routing traffic-eng policy name srte c 2002 ep 10.255.255.103
Fri Feb 12 19:41:01.871 EST
SR-TE policy database
Color: 2002, End-point: 10.255.255.103
 Name: srte c 2002 ep 10.255.255.103
                                                                           Since the service is bound to a
  Status:
    Admin: up Operational: up for 00:40:51 (since Feb 12 19:00:10.611)
                                                                           SRTE Policy, check the SR TE
  Candidate-paths:
    Preference: 101 (configuration) (active)
                                                                           Policv
      Name: srte c 2002 ep 10.255.255.103
      Requested BSID: dynamic
      PCC info:
       Symbolic name: cfg srte c 2002 ep 10.255.255.103 discr 101
        PLSP-ID: 1
      Dynamic (pce 10.255.255.141) (valid)
       Metric Type: TE, Path Accumulated Metric: 30
          24002 [Adjacency-SID, 10.102.141.1 - 10.102.141.2]
          24000 [Adjacency-SID, 10.141.143.1 - 10.141.143.2]
         24000 [Adjacency-SID, 10.103.143.2 - 10.103.143.1]
  Attributes:
    Binding SID: 24010
    Forward Class: Not Configured
    Steering BGP disabled: no
    IPv6 caps enable: yes
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#
```



Check SR-TE Health

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show segment-routing traffic-eng forwarding policy name
srte c 2002 ep 10.255.$
Fri Feb 12 19:42:45.899 EST
SR-TE Policy Forwarding database
Color: 2002, End-point: 10.255.255.103
 Name: srte c 2002 ep 10.255.255.103
 Binding SID: 24010
 Active LSP:
                                                         Check the packet counters on the
   Candidate path:
     Preference: 101 (configuration)
                                                         policy, and verify if it is going through
     Name: srte c 2002 ep 10.255.255.103
                                                         desired path or is it via Loop Free
   Local label: 24009
   Segment lists:
                                                        Alternate path (LFA)
     SL[0]:
       Name: dynamic
       Packets/Bytes Switched: 0/0
       Paths:
         Path[0]:
           Outgoing Label: 24000
           Outgoing Interface: TenGigE0/0/0/1
           Next Hop: 10.102.141.2
           Switched Packets/Bytes: 0/0
           FRR Pure Backup: No
           ECMP/LFA Backup: No
           Label Stack (Top -> Bottom): { 24000, 24000 }
          Path[1]:
           Outgoing Label: 16141
           Outgoing Interface: TenGigE0/0/0/47
           Next Hop: 10.101.102.1
           Switched Packets/Bytes: 0/0
           FRR Pure Backup: Yes
           ECMP/LFA Backup: No
           Label Stack (Top -> Bottom): { 16141, 24000, 24000 }
 Policy Packets/Bytes Switched: 0/0
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#
```

Check SR-TE Health

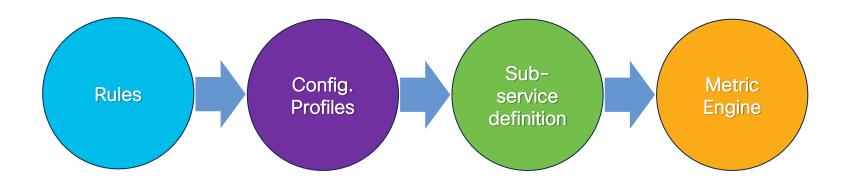
Check Fallback

```
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show route 10.255.255.103
Fri Feb 12 19:48:23.330 EST
Routing entry for 10.255.255.103/32
 Known via "isis site1", distance 115, metric 30, labeled SR, type level-2
 Installed Feb 9 23:00:06.797 for 2d20h
 Routing Descriptor Blocks
   10.101.102.1, from 10.255.255.103, via TenGigEO/0/0/47, Backup (Local-LFA)
     Route metric is 40
    10.102.141.2, from 10.255.255.103, via TenGigEO/0/0/1, Protected
      Route metric is 30
 No advertising protos.
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#show cef 10.255.255.103
Fri Feb 12 19:48:30.033 EST
10.255.255.103/32, version 5610, labeled SR, internal 0x1000001 0x83 (ptr 0x97dbf268) [1], 0x0 (0x97f83f68),
0xa28 (0x98f8e768)
 Updated Feb 9 23:00:06.801
 local adjacency 10.102.141.2
Prefix Len 32, traffic index 0, precedence n/a, priority 1
  via 10.101.102.1/32, TenGigE0/0/0/47, 16 dependencies, weight 0, class 0, backup (Local-LFA) [flags 0x300]
    path-idx 0 NHID 0x0 [0x98e239b0 0x0]
    next hop 10.101.102.1/32
   local adjacency
    local label 16103
                           labels imposed {16103}
  via 10.102.141.2/32, TenGigEO/0/0/1, 8 dependencies, weight 0, class 0, protected [flags 0x400]
   path-idx 1 bkup-idx 0 NHID 0x0 [0x9966db30 0x0]
    next hop 10.102.141.2/32
    local label 16103
                            labels imposed {16103}
RP/0/RP0/CPU0:vtstmesr1-ncs5k-2#
```

If Fallback is enabled Check RIB (Routing information Base) and FIB (forwarding information base)



Heuristic Package codify the troubleshooting "Know How".....



..... so that all the manual tasks can be automated!



Rules: Define "what to monitor"

Rules

Capture the assurance schema that applies to a specific type(s) of services: what are the subservices to be created, their payload and their dependency relationship. This schema gets applied to dynamically discovered service instances to generate their respective *Service Assurance Graphs*.

Rule Example

L2 Point2Point VPN Health Status depends:

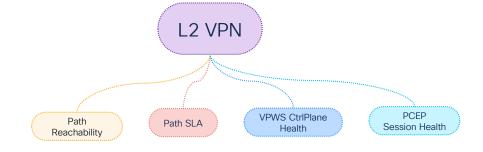
Connectivity between the VPN endpoints A & B

Translates to Subservice called XconnectHealth: A-B

Health status of each endpoint devices A & B

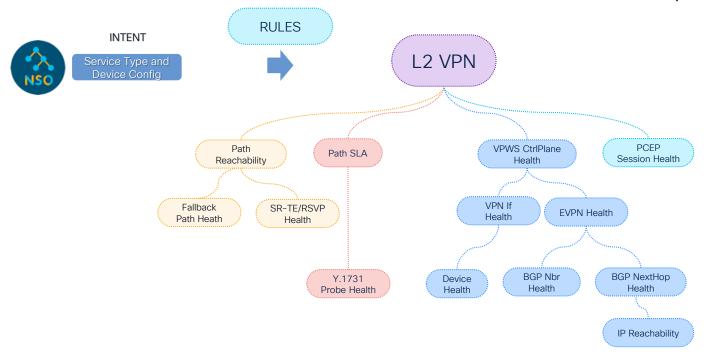
Translates to 2 Subservices - DeviceHealthA & DeviceHealthB

Payload is Device Name for each end point



Codify Know How = Heuristic Package

Rules: Define "what to monitor" and Model it in an Assurance Graph





Configuration Profiles: Define Thresholds

Config. Profiles

Capture the thresholds against which I want to monitor the services and subservices. To the operator we are exposing only the thresholds related to the service intent.

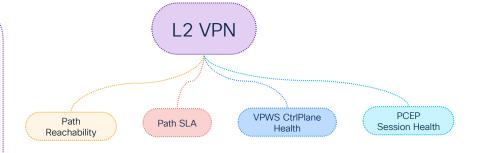
Thresholds Example

MEMFREE THRESHOLD MIN

Description: Threshold for minimum free memory to be

available on the device

Type: VAL_FLOAT
floatVal {2}
 Unit: GB
 Val: 10





Sub-service definition - Dependencies

Subservice definition Subservice definition will specify the underlying Metrics and details about how the health status for that subservice needs to be computed. Subservice Fields includes:

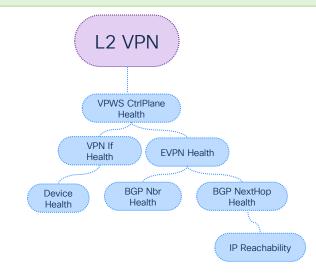
- Dependencies: List of Subservices and/or Metric Instances, Soft/Hard Dependency
- Subservice Eval Expression: How to derive the health status
- Symptoms: Subservice evaluates underlying metrics and subservices and records symptoms when prescribed expression is violated.

Dependencies

SubserviceClass/subserviceVpwsCpHealth.json :: Checks whether XConnect is up (Checks for both AC and EVPN segment status)

Supporting Metrics:

- MetricClass/metricXConnectState.json
- MetricClass/metricXConnectAcState.json
- MetricClass/metricXConnectEvpnState.json





Sub-service definition - Subservices Eval Expression

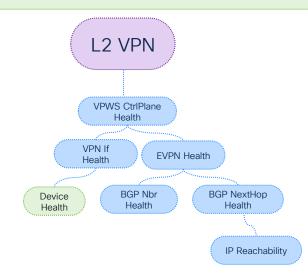
Subservice definition Subservice definition will specify the underlying Metrics and details about how the health status for that subservice needs to be computed. Subservice Fields includes:

- Dependencies: List of Subservices and/or Metric Instances, Soft/Hard Dependency
- Subservice Eval Expression: How to derive the health status
- **Symptoms:** Subservice evaluates underlying metrics and subservices and records symptoms when prescribed expression is violated.

```
Eval Expression
```

```
"rootExpressions": ["cpu_healthy && memory_healthy"],

"dependencies": [
{     "type": "DEP_TYPE_EXPRESSION",
         "label": "cpu_healthy",
         "eval_expression": "cpu_load <= 80" },
{         "type": "DEP_TYPE_EXPRESSION",
         "label": "memory_healthy",
         "eval_expression": "memory_free > 1000" }]
```





Sub-service definition - Symptoms

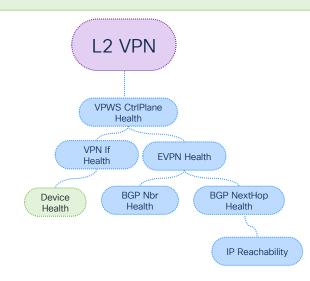
Subservice definition Subservice definition will specify the underlying Metrics and details about how the health status for that subservice needs to be computed. Subservice Fields includes:

- Dependencies: List of Subservices and/or Metric Instances, Soft/Hard Dependency
- Subservice Eval Expression: How to derive the health status
- Symptoms: Subservice evaluates underlying metrics and subservices and records symptoms when prescribed expression is violated.

```
Symptoms
```

```
"rootExpressions": ["cpu_healthy && memory_healthy"],

"symptom" : {
    "format_string" : "Heavier than expected resource consumption on
the device.",
    "level" : "DEGRADED"
}
```





Device Health

Symptoms

Eval Expression

Dependencies

```
"name": "subservice.device.health",
"namespace": "system",
"params": [ {
    "name": "DEVICE",
   "type": "PARAM TYPE NON LIST" } ],
"symptom" : {
 "format string": "Heavier than expected resource consumption on the device.",
 "level" : "DEGRADED" },
"rootExpressions": ["cpu healthy && memory healthy"],
"dependencies": [
   "type": "DEP TYPE EXPRESSION",
    "label": "cpu healthy",
    "eval expression": "cpu load <= 80" },
   "type": "DEP TYPE EXPRESSION",
    "label": "memory healthy",
    "eval expression": "memory free > 1000" },
  {"type": "DEP TYPE METRIC",
    "label": "cpu load",
    "eval expression": "metric.device.cpu.load",
    "paramMap": { "device": "DEVICE" } },
  {"type": "DEP TYPE METRIC",
    "label": "memory free",
    "eval expression": "metric.device.memory.free",
    "paramMap": { "device": "DEVICE" } }
```

Heuristic Package is encoded in human readable format (json) and is designed to be extended in the field by experts to cover variations in service bringing in flexibility to customers.

Codify Know-How: Heuristic Package

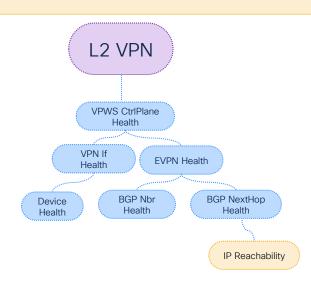
Metric Engine

Metrics Engine

Metric defines the methods to fetch different operational data from different device types. Depending on the platform, different methods may be supported. Each metric definition specifies the different query methods supported for different device platform types.

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```
Metric Mapping
implementations": {
  "generic IOS XR": {
    "MDTMetric": {
      "sensor path": "Cisco-IOS-XR-ifmgr-oper:interface-properties/... /
      interface[interface-name=GigabitEthernet{gigEthIfId}]/state"},
    "precedence": 2 },
  "SNMP IOS XR": {
     "SNMPMetric": {
      "oid": "IF-MIB:ifOperStatus",
      "key": "GigabitEthernet{gigEthIfId}",
      "mapping oid": "IF-MIB:IF-MIB/ifTable/ifEntry" },
    "precedence": 20 } }
```

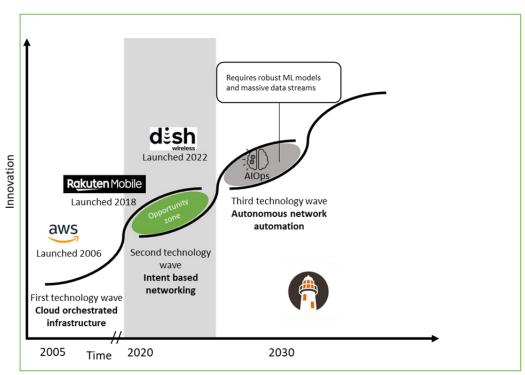


Intent Based Networking



Automated Assurance in the Programmable Network





Source: White Paper by Appledore Research: <u>'Intent-based Networking: Automated Assurance Critical Success Factor'</u>

Entering 2nd wave of Intent-based
 Networking

Ability to define a service level and, more importantly, assure that the network can maintain that state regardless of anything that happens in the network

- Cloud & distributed network functions deliver increased scale but also complexity
- Independent technology silos will be replaced with closed loop automation (CLA)

Intent-Based Networking in SDN Transport

Assure Each Layer Independently

Slice health



Slice Health based on subtending transport service health

Service health



IETF: Service Assurance for Intent Based Networking Architecture

Data Plane Verification through probing

Transport policy health



Policy verification with SR-PM: a TWAMP based tool

Infrastructure health



Visibility & Monitoring: Device Inventory, Fault, Performance Metrics Model Driven Telemetry



Service Health

Intent Based Approach - productization of IETF RFC 9417

Intent-Based Intent-Based Network Assurance **Network Provisioning Transport** Fnd to Fnd Infrastructure Probing Health Health

Service Centric Approach

Start from the definition of the services and Tie Health across the layers

Dynamically Tie Intent to Telemetry

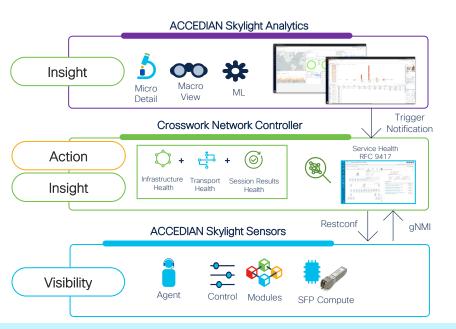
Monitor only network component that can influence the service health state

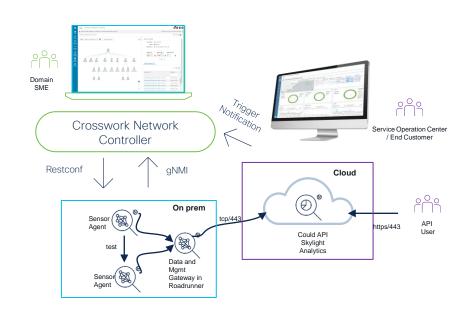
Automate Troubleshooting

Codify networking troubleshooting "Know-How" to automate



Deliver Your Service with Confidence External Probe Integration





Integration Highlights

- Zero Touch Assurance: Extend service definition (INTENT) to include TWAMP sessions with desired topology
- Model Driven Telemetry: Subscribe to Accedian gNMI paths path automatically for the session initiated

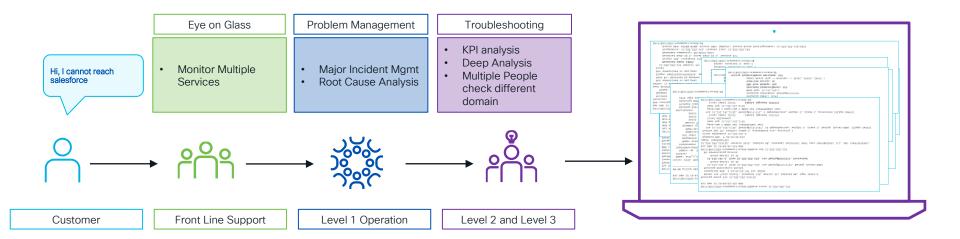


The Operator Experience



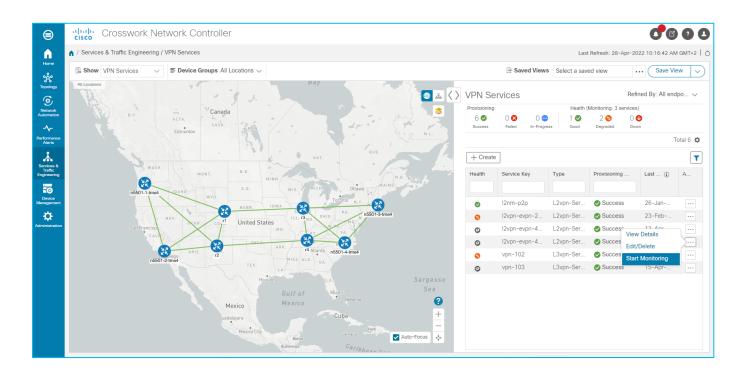
Today Operation Experience ...





Enable Service Monitoring

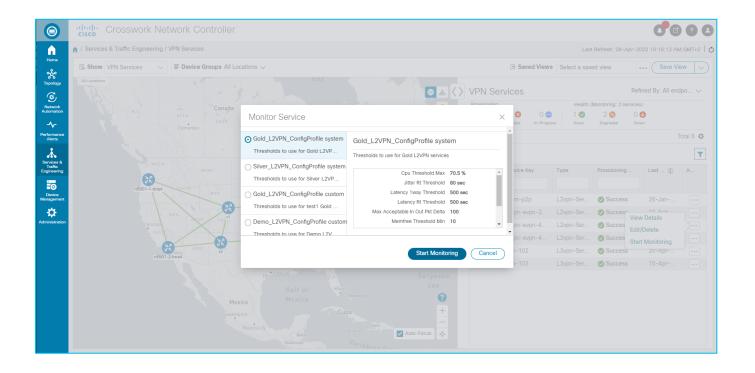
Enable for selected service with a specific policy/profile.





Enable Service Monitoring

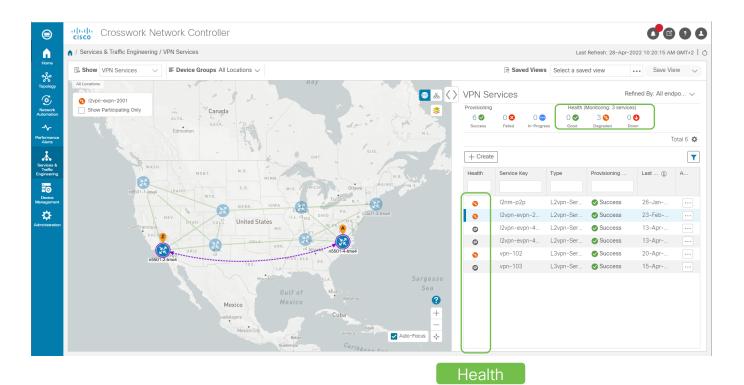
Enable for selected service with a specific policy/profile.





Service Health Status reported

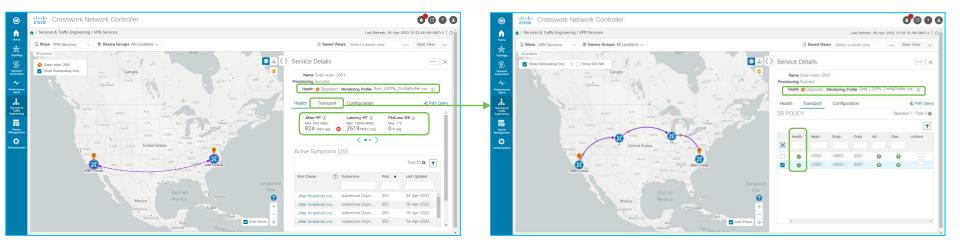
Indication on Service Detailed view





Path Health Status

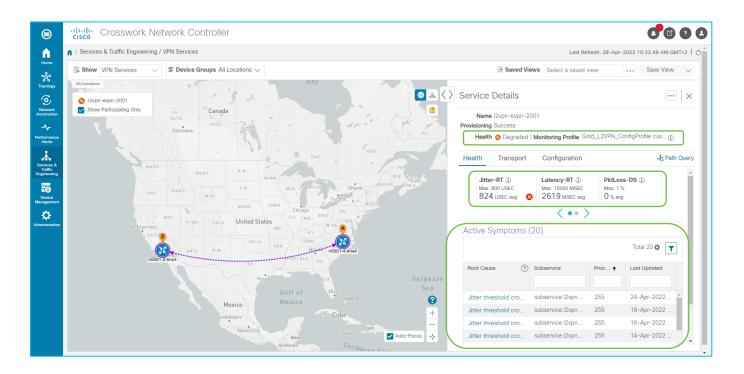
Tracked as part of the service health details view.





Service details with symptoms

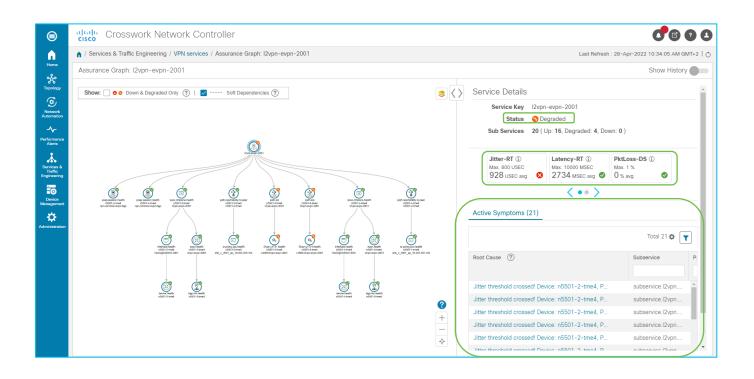
Expedite troubleshooting by pointing to possible symptoms





Assurance graph rendering

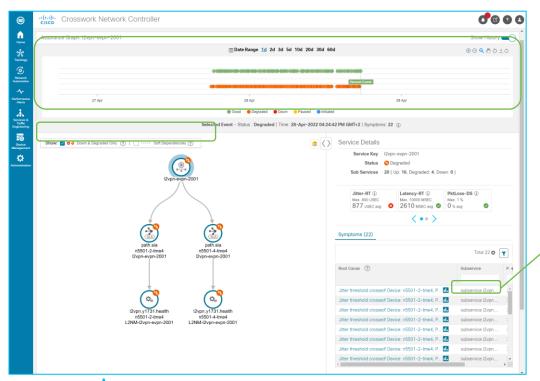
Help in pin-point the sub-services impacting the help of the service

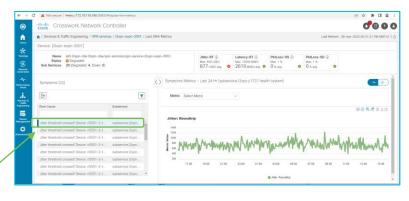




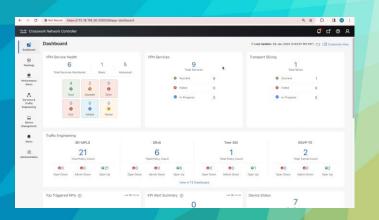
Timeline View

Ability to browse through snapshot of the service/sub-service status across timeline – up to 60 days





Video: Sneak view on Service Health (Including integration with external probes)



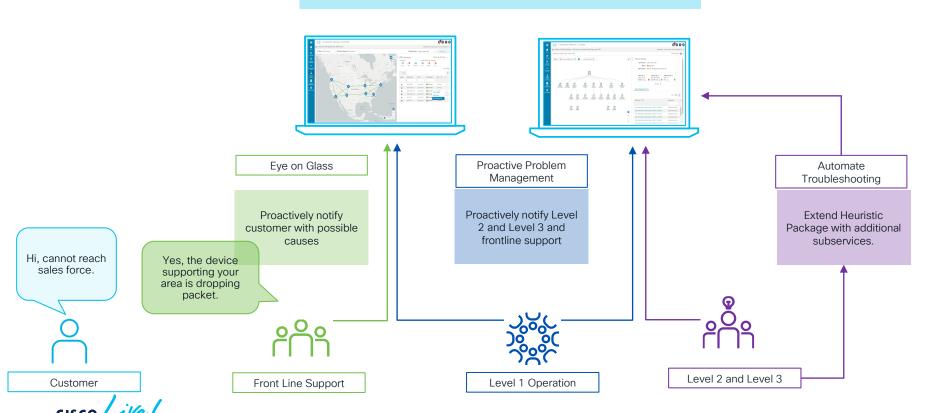


Tomorrow Operation Experience ...



MTTI/MTTK

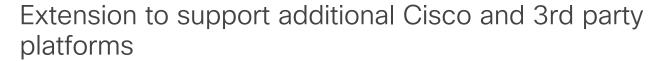
End to End View of the services shared across operator and adapted to the operator knowledge.





Customization and extension for greenfield deployment

- · Adjust threshold settings; ex. add a bronze config profile
- Add more metrics to monitor; ex. TWAMP Light metrics for L3VPN, QoS related metrics
- Reduce number of out-of-the-box metrics monitoring to conserve device resource consumption when applicable



Customization and extension for NSO brownfield deployment









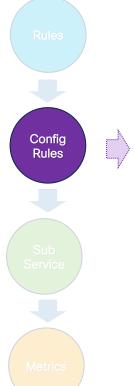






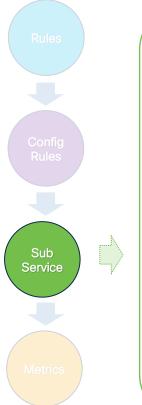


Use Case: Include mtu size for interface health of a l2vpn service.



```
"MTU_SIZE":{
    "description": "MTU Size for Jumbo frames"},
    "type": "VAL_INT"
    "intVal":{
        "unit": "NA",
        "val": 4000
     }
}
```

Use Case: Include mtu size for interface health of a l2vpn service.



```
"name": "subservice.interface.health",
"namespace": "custom",
"description": "Subservice to reflect interface health",
"params": [
     { "name": "device" } ,
     { "name": "ifID" }
"rootExpressions":
     { evalExpression": "oper up && low in errors && low in discards && low out errors &&
       low out discards && mtu size 4K" }
"dependencies": [
    "type": "DEP TYPE METRIC",
    "label": "mtu size 4k",
     "eval expression": "metric.interface.mtu"},
     "paramMap": {
       "device": "device"
       "gigaEthIfId: "ifId" }
```

Use Case: Include mtu size for interface health of a l2vpn service.







Sub Service





```
"name": "metric.interface.mtu",
"namespace": "custom",
"description": "Interface MTU",
"display label": "ifMTU",
"parameters": {
  "device": { "description": "Device to which the interface belogs" } ,
  "qiqEthIfId": { "description": "Giqabit Ethernet Interface Id. Includes subinterface id." } ,
 "m type": {
  "int t": {}
 "implementation ": {
   "SNMP IOS XR": {
   "SNMPMetric":
    "oidPathConfig": "IF-MIB:IF-MIB/ifTable/ifEntry",
    "oidPathExact": "IF-MIB:IF-MIB/ifTable/ifEntry[ifName={gigEthIfId}]/ifMTU",
"matches ": {
   "implementation ": "SNMP IOS XR", {
   "conditions": {
    "os model": {
      "type": "exact match",
      "match": ["Cisco IOS XR"]
```

CX focus is to match the unique needs of each customer

CX Customization Use Cases

Customization and extension for greenfield deployment



- Adjust threshold settings; ex. add a bronze config profile
- Add more metrics to monitor; ex. TWAMP Light metrics for L3VPN, QoS related metrics
- Reduce number of out-of-the-box metrics monitoring to conserve device resource consumption when applicable



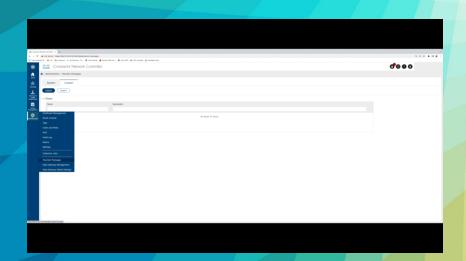
Extension to support additional Cisco and 3rd party platforms



Customization and extension for brownfield deployment



Video: Custom Heuristic Package





Conclusion





Crosswork Automated Assurance Use Cases

Avoid service disruptions with a holistic, **service-centric approach** to mitigating service-impacting issues

Business Outcome

- Reduction in time-to-detect service issues and remediation
- Improved user experience and operator productivity



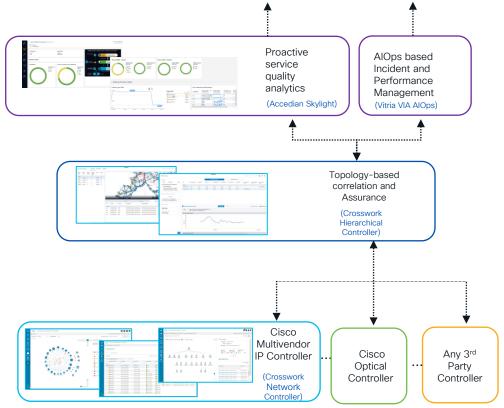
Visibility: Expedite troubleshooting by providing deep visibility



Insights: True Service Impact by combining empirical data plane verification with infrastructure health status in a single view



Actions: Codified Assurance Intent and Network "Know-How" enable to automate troubleshooting step.







Thank you



