

CISCO *Live!*



#CiscoLive



The bridge to possible

Authentication, Authorization and Provision

for Cisco Collaboration – Part 2

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@paucorre
BRKCOL-2007b

Cisco Webex App

Questions?

Use Cisco Webex App to chat with the speaker after the session

How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Live Mobile App
- 2 Click “Join the Discussion”
- 3 Install the Webex App or go directly to the Webex space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the Webex space

Webex spaces will be moderated by the speaker until June 17, 2022.



<https://ciscolive.ciscoevents.com/ciscolivebot/#BRKCOL-2007b>

Agenda

- Introduction
- Webex AuthN/AuthZ improvements
 - SSO Wizard and Certificate Management
 - Token Management
 - Password Management
- AuthN/AuthZ flows for the Webex App
- OpenID Connect and PKCE how does it work?
- Conclusions and Key Takeaways

Introduction

interesting
story

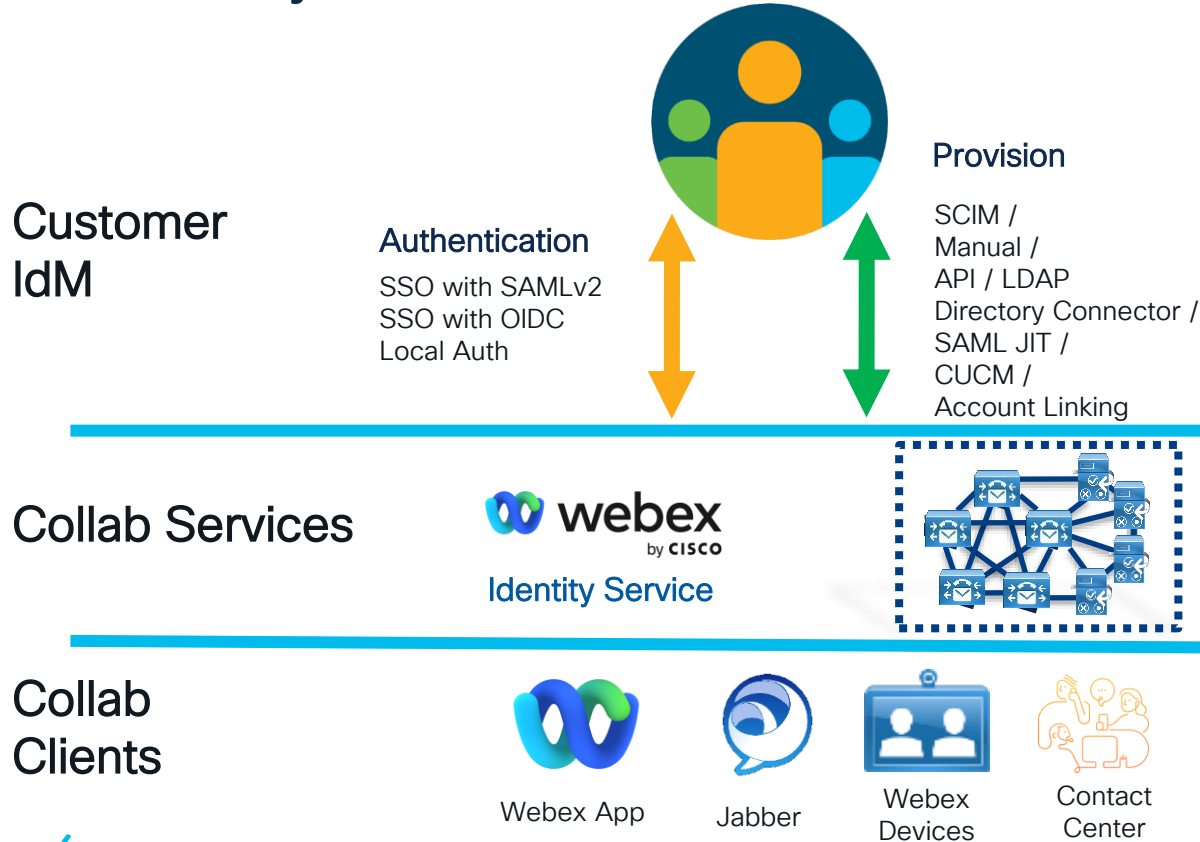
Source: <https://www.informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/worlds-biggest-data-breaches-hacks/>

search...

filter



Cisco Identity Architecture for Collaboration



Which Protocols do we see in Identity Management



SAML Security **A**ssertion **M**arkup **L**anguage defined under **OASIS** Security Services Technical Committee (SSTC) Standards.



OAuth is an Authorization Framework defined by **IETF** under **RFC 6749**



SCIM System for **C**ross-domain **I**ntity **M**anagement, 2.0 was release under **IETF** as **RFC 7643** and **7644**



OpenID Connect 1.0 is a simple identity layer on top of the OAuth 2.0 protocol.

Webex AuthN/AuthZ improvements

SSO Wizard and Certificate Management

In the Organization Setting we can verify all the information on current agreements with:

- Dates
- Certificate usage
- Expiration notice
- SLO warning

It also allows to quickly change any SSO tasks:

- Turn On/Off
- Metadata manipulation
- Certificate Renew/Download
- Test SSO

Single Sign-On



SAML certificate

Certificate type	Status	Expiration date	Certificate usage ⓘ	
IdP ⓘ	Primary	09/04/2031, 11:24:36 AM	Verifying SAML assertion signature	⋮
Cisco (SP)	Primary ⓘ	11/19/2021, 01:02:00 AM	None	⋮

Actions ▾

⚠ Single logout URL has not been configured.

⚠ IdP SAML certificate is expiring soon. [Renew certificate](#)

Single Sign-On

Modify your organisation's SSO authentication



Renew certificate

Import IdP metadata

Export SP metadata

Export IdP metadata

Actions ▴

Status	Expiry date	Certificate usage ⓘ	
Primary	10/15/2023, 06:43:11 PM	Verifying SAML assertion signature	⋮
Primary ⓘ	04/03/2022, 04:56:00 AM	None	⋮

Test SSO

Download certificate

⚠ Cisco (SP) SSO certificate is expiring soon. [Renew certificate](#)

SSO Wizard and Certificate Management

There are two possible flows that can be started by our customer:

- Initial configuration
- SP and/or IdP certificate renewal

Select and export a certificate Import IdP metadata Test SSO setup Activate SSO Renew certificate

Step 1: Renew a certificate

Tell us more about your organisation's IdP, especially you're using it to sign AuthN, SLO and encryption assertion requests.
Learn more about your [organisation's IdP](#).

What type of IdP does your organisation have?

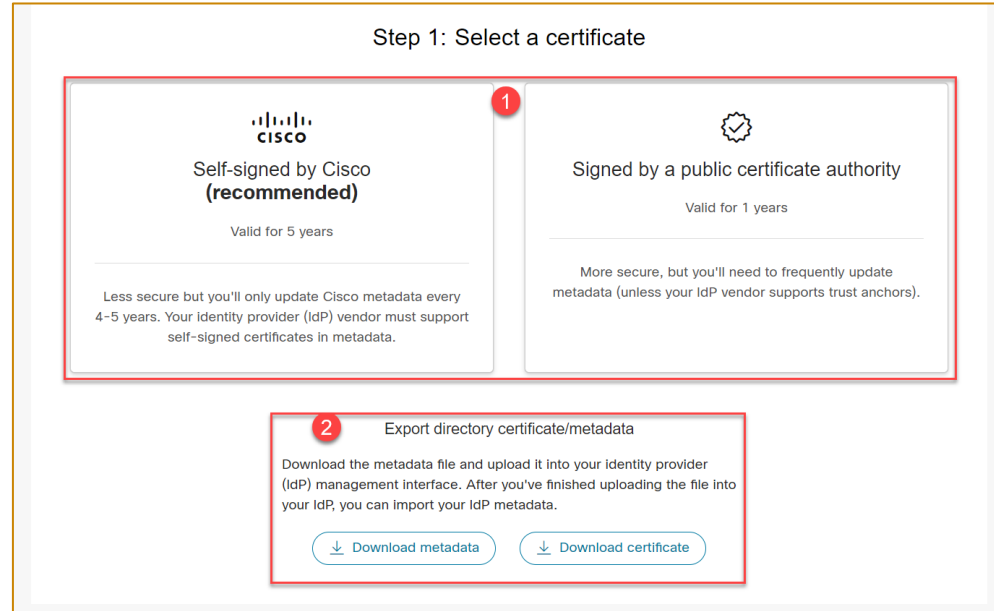
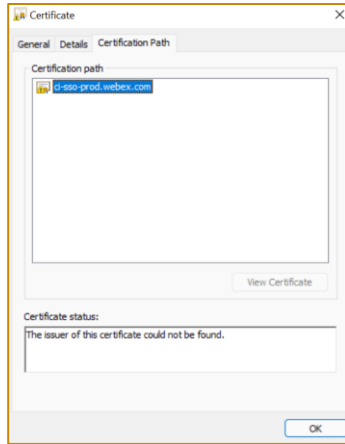
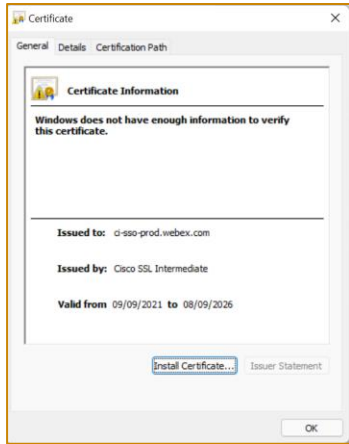
☐ An IdP that supports multiple certificates

☐ An IdP that supports a single certificate

Next

SSO Wizard and Certificate Management

- The certificate for **SAML Signing and Encryption** (we are not talking about communication cert) can be Self-signed or CA. Most of the SAML configurations use Self-signed, CA Signed isn't very important **since most SAML implementations do strict certificate checking**
- After choosing which kind of cert to use, you can provide to the IdP manager a **Certificate or a Metadata file**, depending on the IDP capabilities.
- The certificate **is not generated when you run the wizard**, it is created in specific time of the year



SSO Wizard and Certificate Management

- For the SSO test, it is recommended that you **copy the URL** and start a **new browser in private mode**, to avoid false positives because of previous cookies.
- The wizard doesn't go away if you don't provide indication if the test was Successful or Unsuccessful.

The screenshot shows the 'Test SSO setup' step of the SSO Wizard. At the top, a progress bar has five steps: 'Select and export a certificate', 'Import IdP metadata', 'Test SSO setup' (current step, highlighted with a blue dot), 'Activate SSO', and 'Renew certificate'. The main heading is 'Step 3: Test SSO setup' with an icon of a hand clicking a button. Below this, text instructs the user to click the 'Test SSO setup' button to confirm metadata upload and interpretation. It also notes that the test will open in a new browser window and that successful credentials should be entered. A blue 'Test SSO setup' button is visible. At the bottom, it provides a link to test the setup and a 'Copy URL to clipboard' button.

Select and export a certificate Import IdP metadata **Test SSO setup** Activate SSO Renew certificate

Step 3: Test SSO setup

Click the button to test your SSO configuration. This is to confirm that the new metadata file was uploaded and interpreted correctly by your IdP.

The test will open in a new browser window. For a successful test, enter your SSO credentials and sign in.

Test SSO setup

To test your SSO setup on your own, copy and paste this link:

[Copy URL to clipboard](#)

The screenshot shows the 'Confirm metadata upload' step of the SSO Wizard. The progress bar at the top is identical to the previous step, with 'Test SSO setup' highlighted. The main heading is 'Step 4: Confirm metadata upload' with an icon of two people reviewing a document. Text explains that if the test was successful, single sign-on should be turned on; otherwise, it should be turned off and the user should return to the previous steps. It also recommends giving temporary admin privileges to users if SSO is turned on without a successful test setup. Two radio buttons are at the bottom: 'Successful test. Turn on SSO.' (selected) and 'Unsuccessful test. Turn off SSO.'

Select and export a certificate Import IdP metadata Test SSO setup **Activate SSO** Renew certificate

Step 4: Confirm metadata upload

If you had a successful test setup, then turn on single sign-on. If not, turn it off and return to the previous steps.

If you turn on SSO without a successful test setup, then we recommend that you give temporary admin privileges to users. Temporary admin privileges will help users with their SSO until a successful test setup.

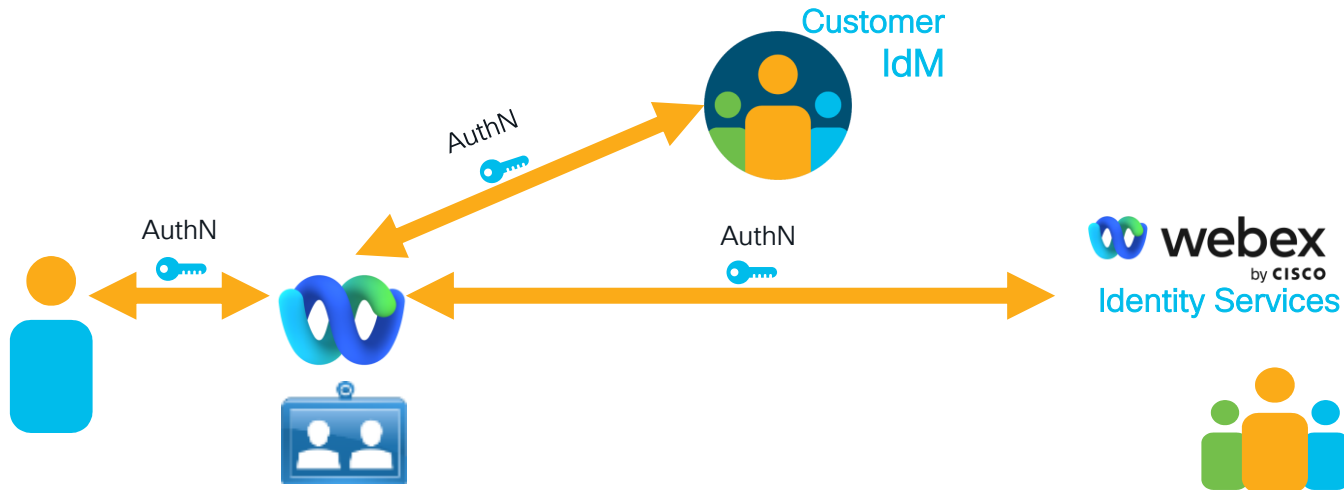
☒ Successful test. Turn on SSO.

☐ Unsuccessful test. Turn off SSO.

Token Management

What is the AuthN/AuthZ experience today ?

When the Client or Video Device first connects to the network



Token Management

What is the AuthN/AuthZ experience today ?

Every 12 hours the Client or Device refreshes the OAuth Access token (with the refresh token)

With the introduction of this feature, we adopt a new behavior where the **Refresh tokens are not automatically extended** when the client comes for another Access Token.



Token Management

What is the new AuthN/AuthZ experience?

IT Administrators **can customize** when the Users need to AuthN again.

This **requires IT Pro Pack**

How long refresh token lasts.

- If Auto Extend on – is the maximum duration that the client can be disconnected, before AuthN again, but might never need auth AuthN again.
- If Auto Extend Off – is when the Client need to AuthN again.

Maximum number of Clients that the User can have under their account

How long before getting another OAuth Access token

If enabled it has the same behavior as before, refresh tokens are automatically extended

Token policy

Set the maximum time that a user will stay logged in on Webex app desktop or mobile clients.

	Mobile ⓘ	Desktop ⓘ
Auto extend refresh token ⓘ	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Refresh token TTL ⓘ	<input type="text" value="1440"/> hour(s)	<input type="text" value="1440"/> hour(s)
Max. num of refresh tokens ⓘ	<input type="text" value="100"/> token(s)	<input type="text" value="100"/> token(s)
Access Token TTL ⓘ	<input type="text" value="720"/> minute(s)	<input type="text" value="720"/> minute(s)

Save

iOS and
Android SW
Clients

Windows,
MacOS and
Web Clients

Token Management

What is the new AuthN/AuthZ experience?

Refresh Token lifetime must be between 24 and 1440 hours.

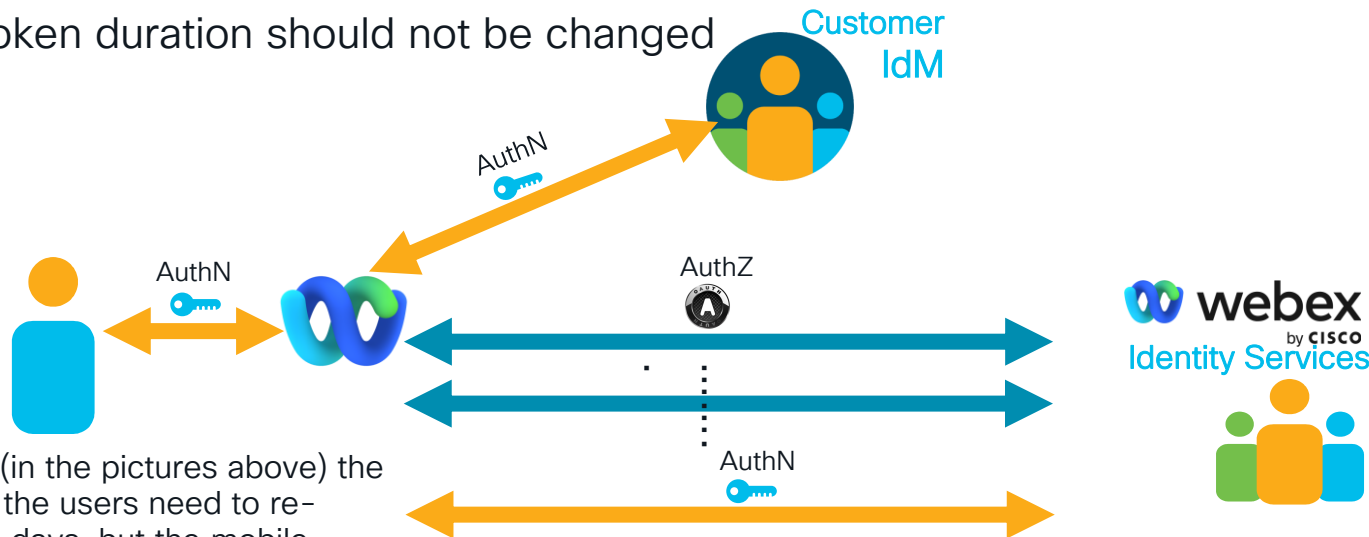
Access token duration should not be changed

Token policy

Set the maximum time that a user will stay logged in on Webex app desktop or mobile clients.

	Mobile	Desktop
Auto extend refresh token	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Refresh token ttl	1440 hour(s)	1440 hour(s)
Max.num of refresh tokens	100 token(s)	100 token(s)
Access Token ttl	720 minute(s)	720 minute(s)

Save



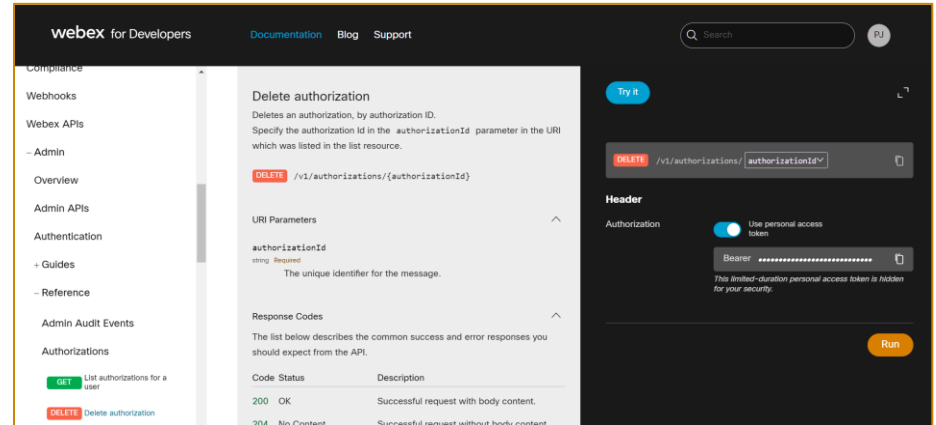
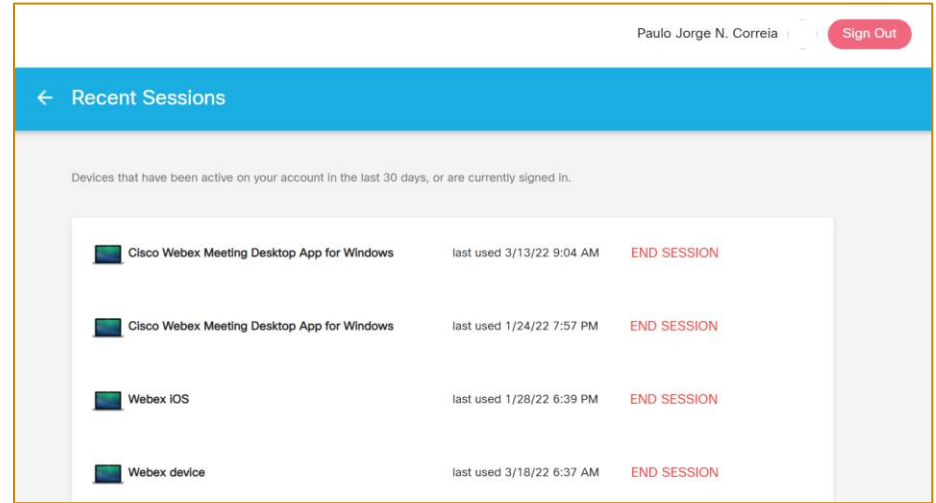
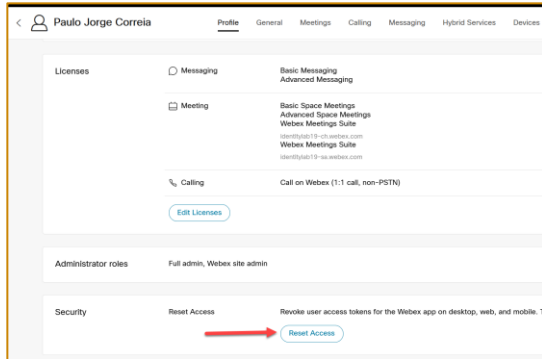
In our example (in the pictures above) the desktop clients the users need to re-AuthN every 60 days, but the mobile clients will never need to AuthN again

Token Management

Revoke tokens

Tokens can be revoke in different ways :

- By Administration, via **Control Hub**
- By User or Integration in the behalf of the User via **API's**
- By user from the **Webex App or Web Browser**
(<https://idbroker.webex.com/idb/profile#/>)



Password Management

Password policy can now be created in Webex Control Hub, where customers **can create their own password complexity**

We never lock any account,
but increase the time
between authentication
requests, making it almost
impossible to login when you
fail the password many times.

Organization Settings

Smart lockout

Smart lockout is an added layer of security. After several wrong attempts, users have more time to retry their password. Users can still access their account.

● Active

Password policy

All new passwords must match the selected requirements.

Minimum character length (8-256)

8

Contains at least one lowercase letter

✓

Contains at least one uppercase letter

✓

Contains at least one number

✓

Contains at least one special character

✓

Days between password changes (90-1825)

1825

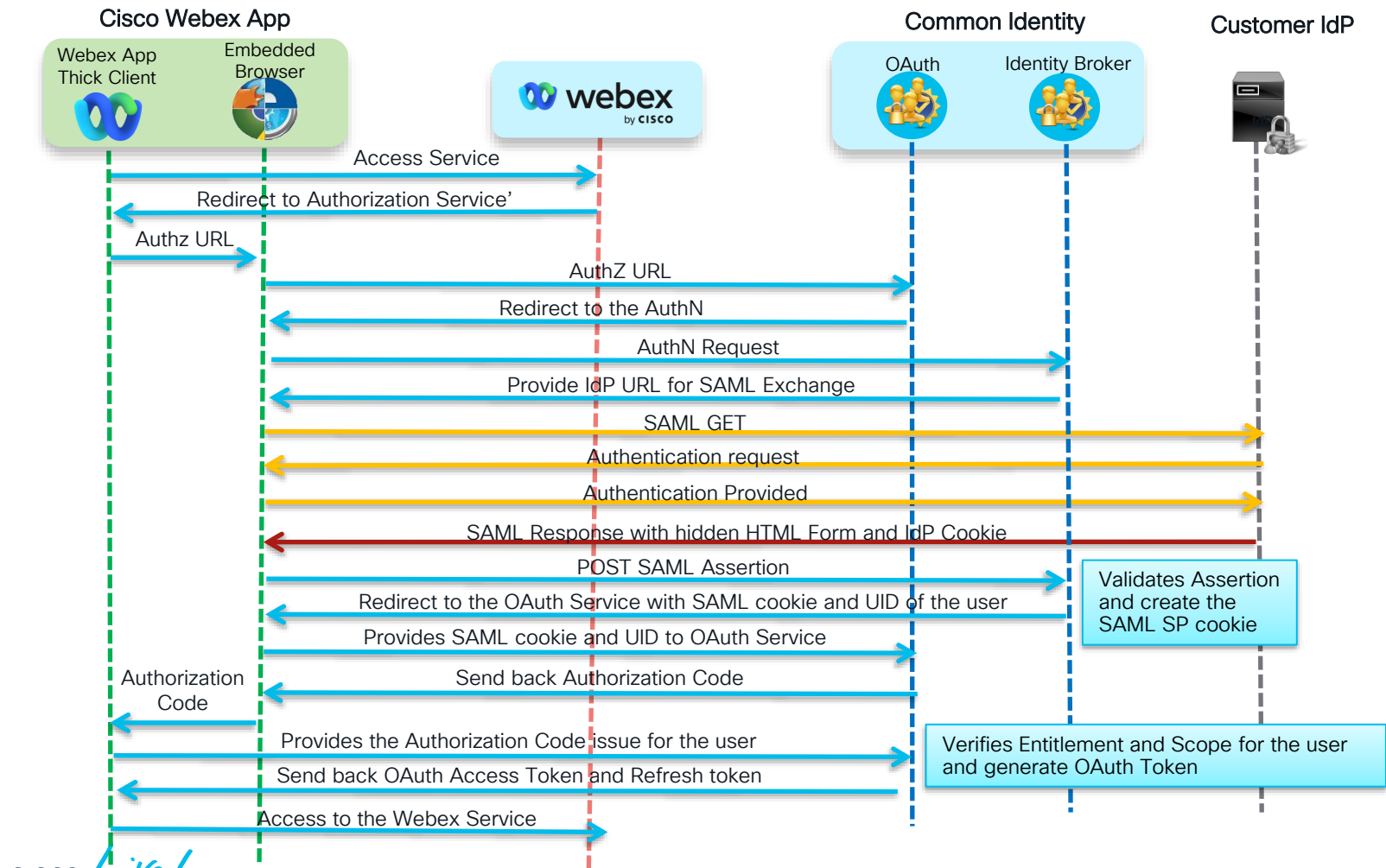
Can't be any of the last

1 password

Passwords can't contain any of these words

password,password,pass,webex,cisco,xebew,ocsic

AuthN/AuthZ flows for the Webex App



Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex app native services AuthN Flows



Identity Services



AuthZ

AuthN

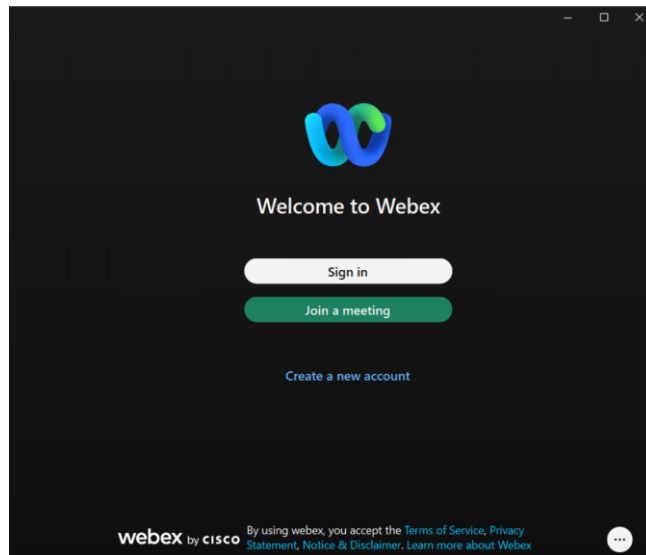
A - Local AuthN

B - SAML AuthN



Webex App

Customer
IdM



A | B - Only one of
the AuthN flows

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22

Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex app native Services AuthZ flows



Identity Services



AuthZ Token



Webex App



Collaboration Services:



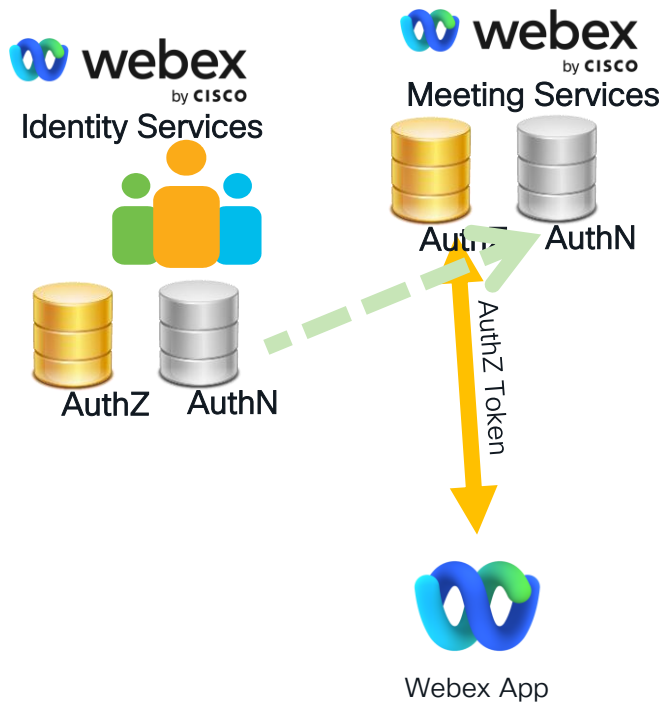
Webex Calling



Webex Messaging

Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex app with Meetings AuthZ flows

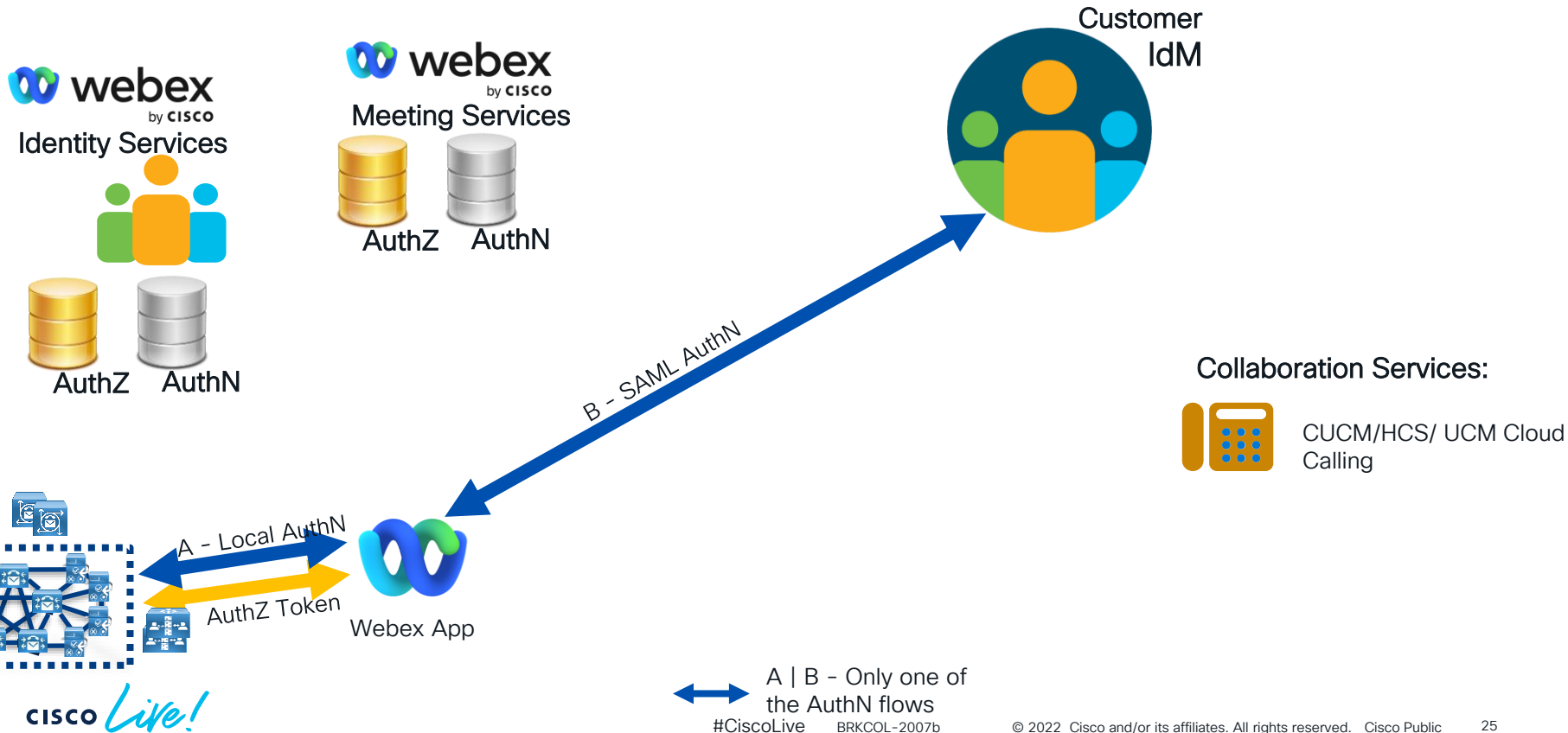


Collaboration Services:



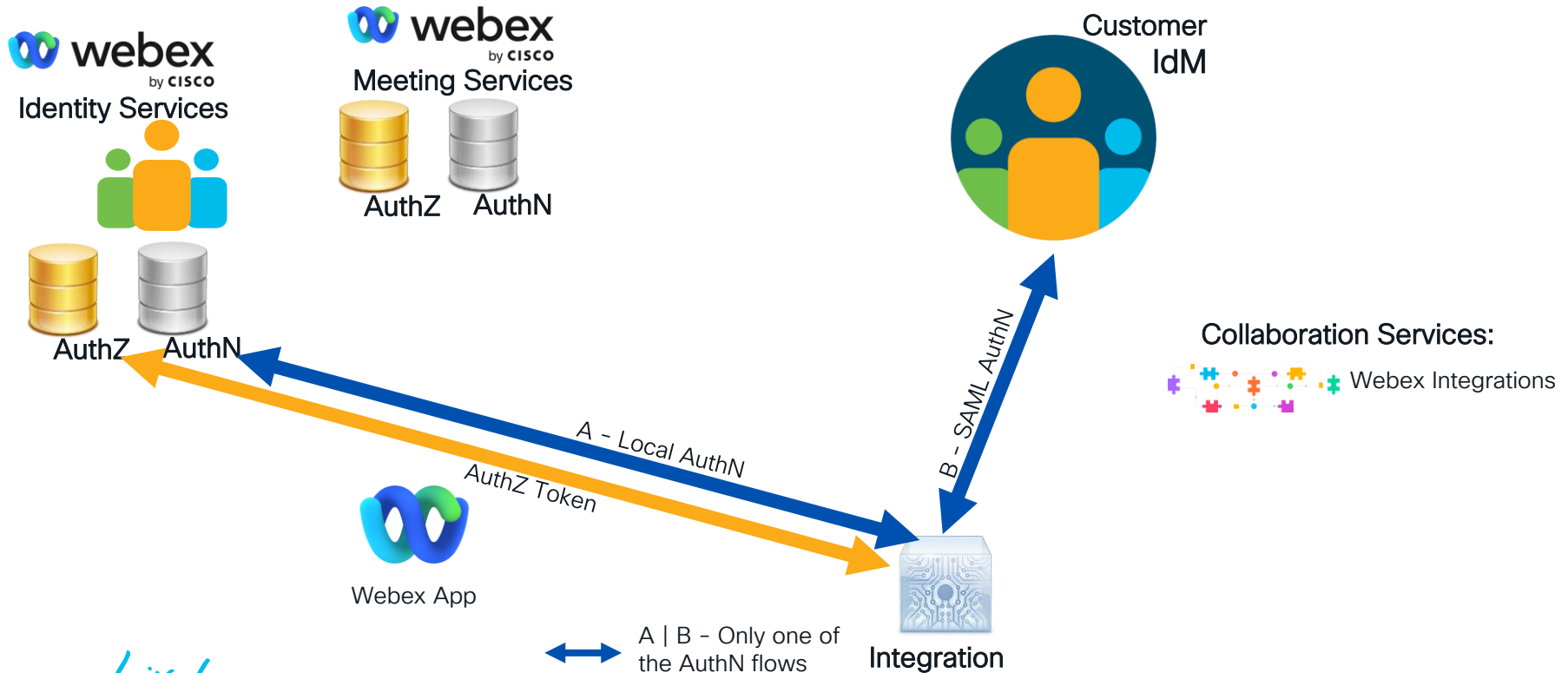
Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex app with on-premises collaboration services AuthN/AuthZ flows



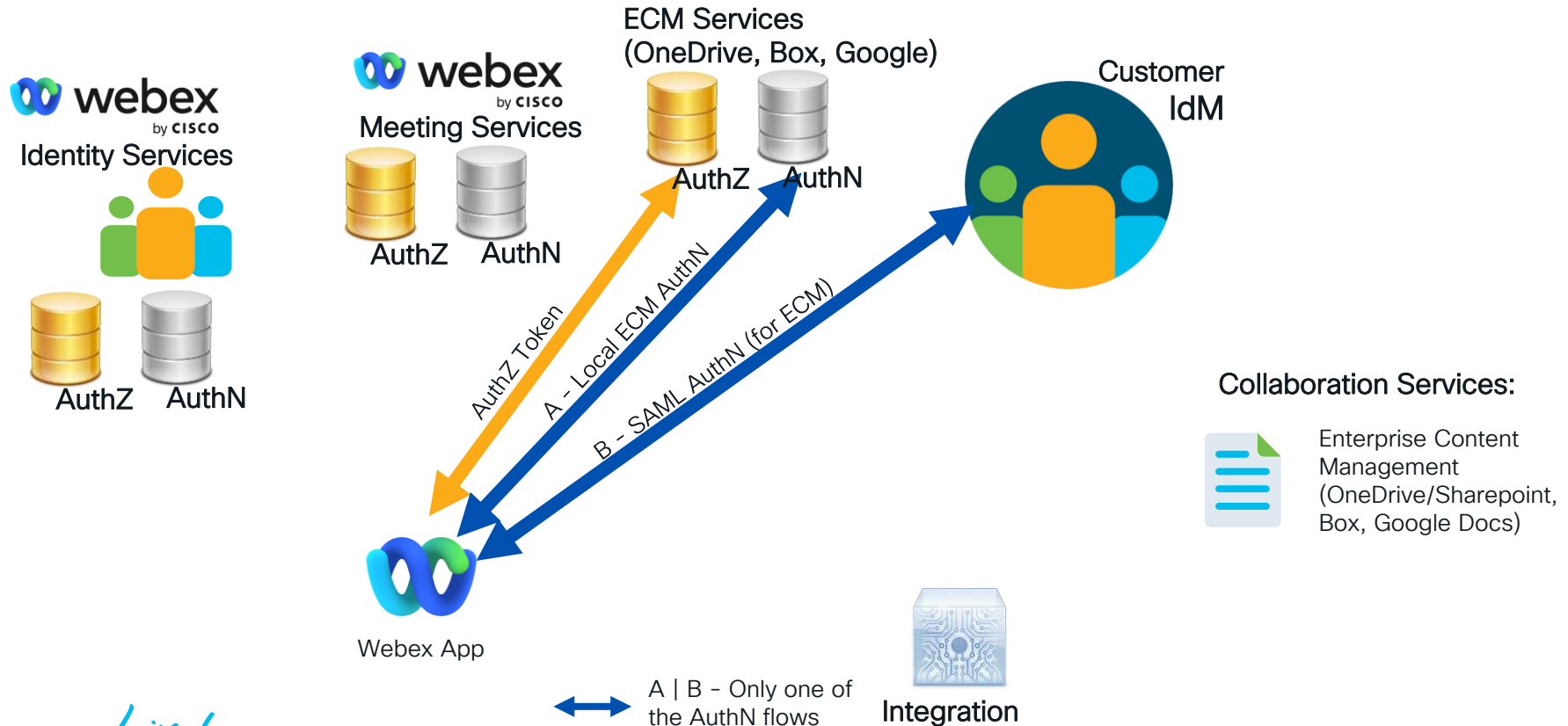
Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex app with Integrations AuthZ flows



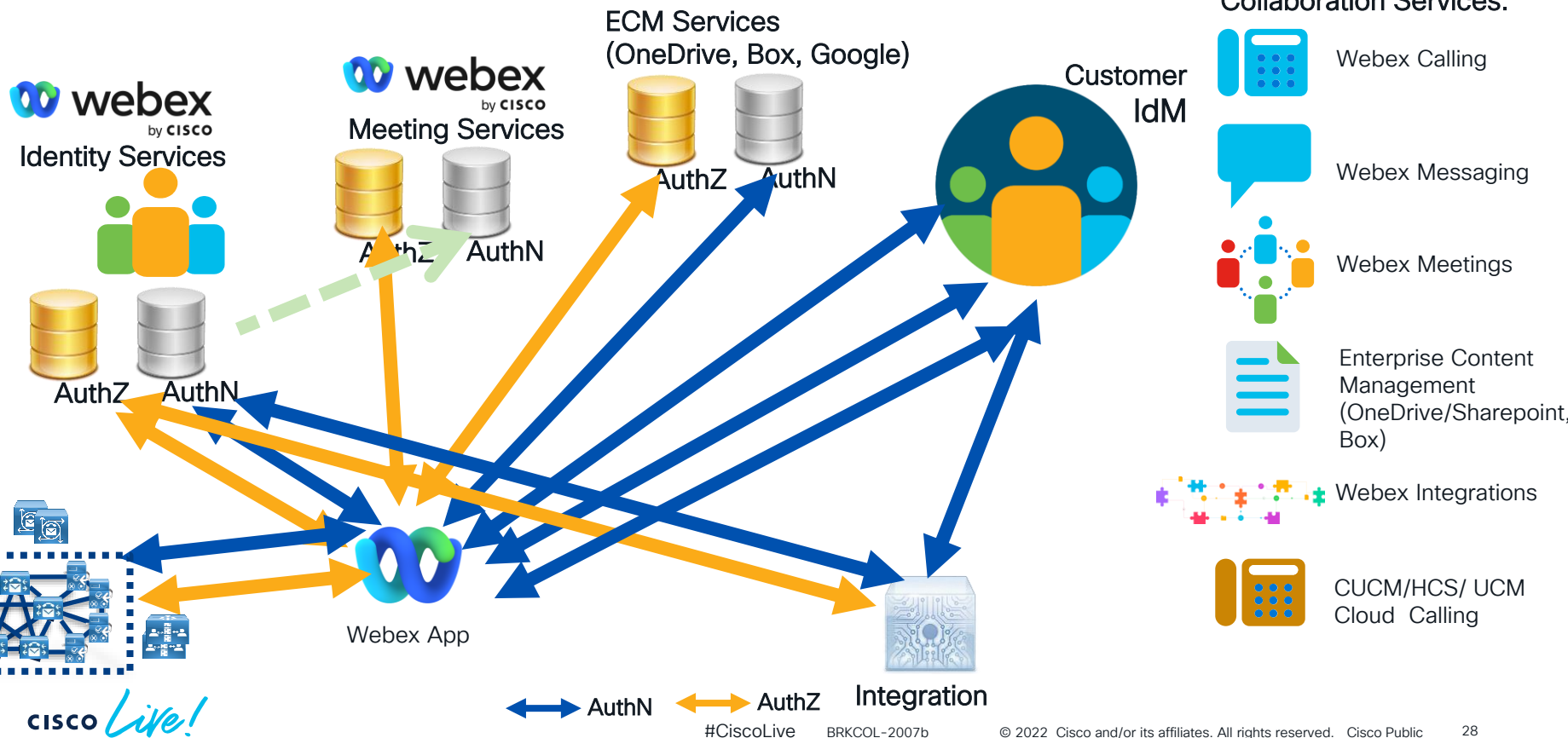
Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex app with ECM AuthN/AuthZ flows



Cisco Collaboration Applications

Cisco Webex app with all AuthN/AuthZ flows



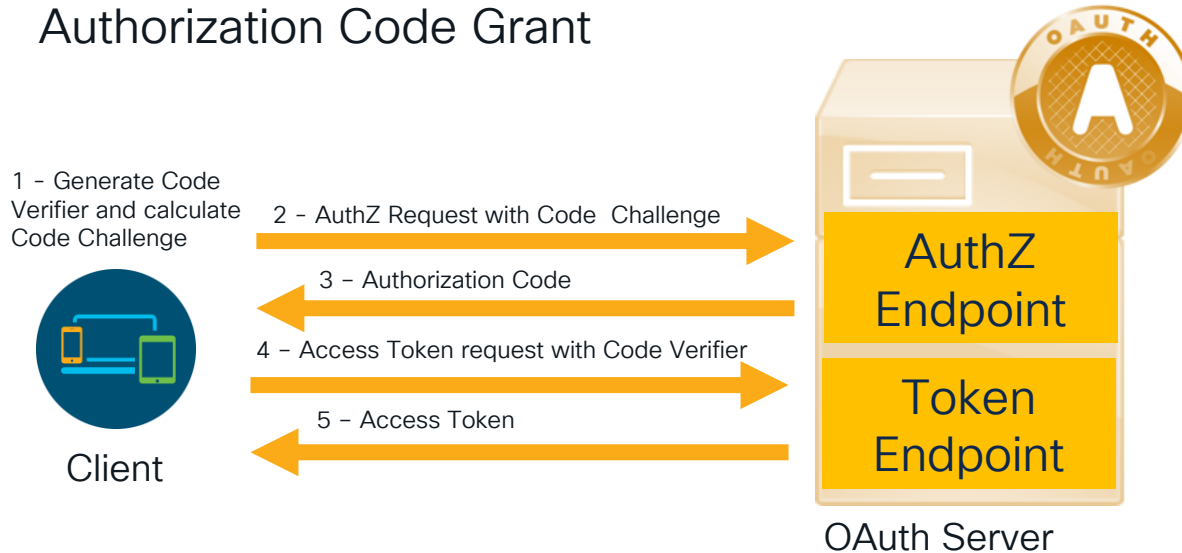
OpenID Connect and PKCE

how does it work?

What is PKCE ?

Proof Key for Code Exchange is defined in RFC 7636.

This mechanism allows to mitigate attacks to the interception of the authorization code in the OAuth Authorization Code Grant



What is OpenID Connect ?

OpenID Connect 1.0 is a **simple identity layer on top of the OAuth 2.0** protocol.

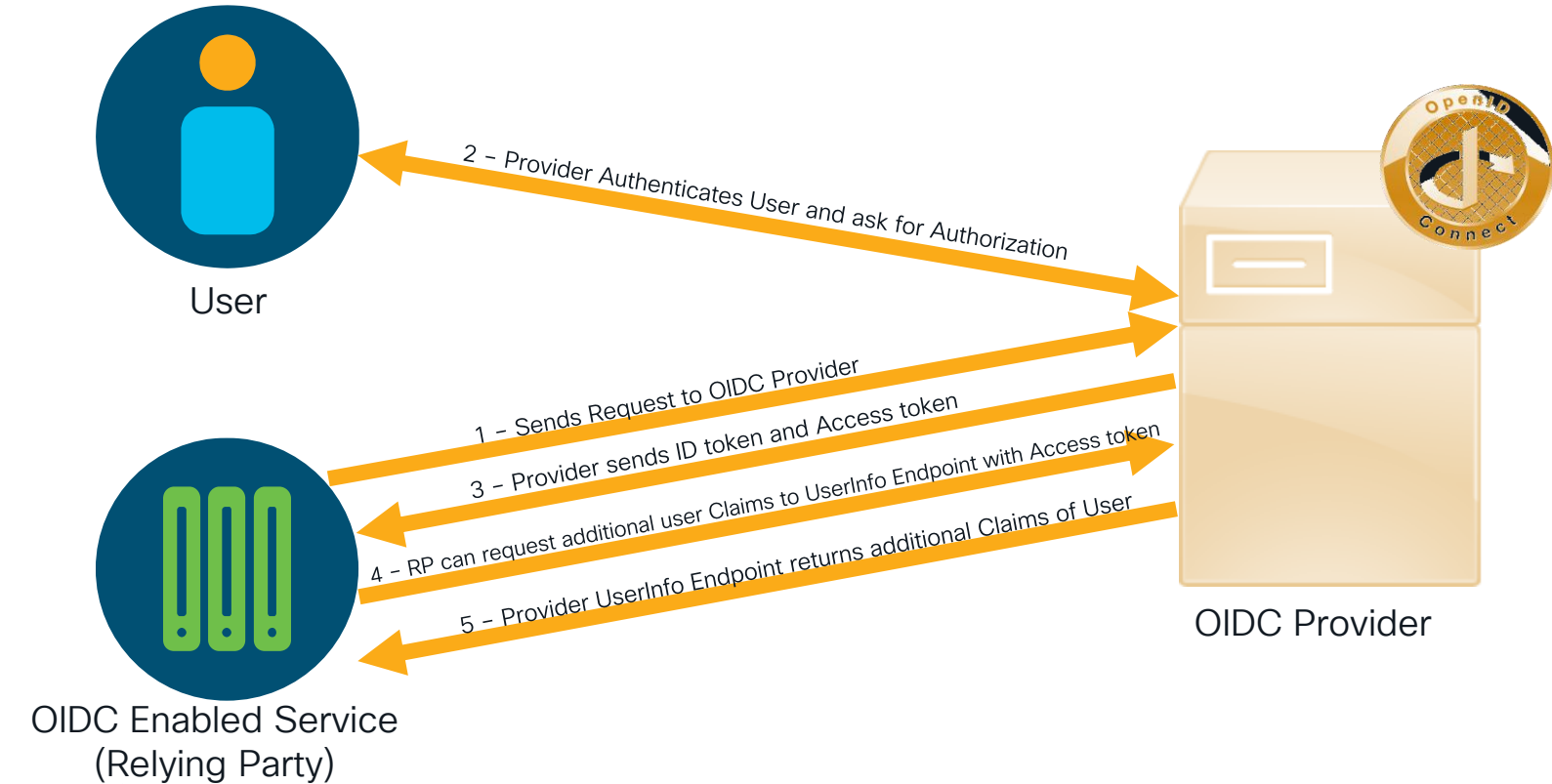
It allows Clients to **verify the identity of the End-User** based on the authentication performed by an Authorization Server.

It allows to **obtain basic profile information** about the End-User in an interoperable and REST-like manner.

The specification suite is extensible, allowing participants to use optional features such as **encryption of identity data, discovery of OpenID Providers**, and **session management**, when it makes sense for them.



OpenID Connect Flow



ID Token

The **ID Token is a security token** that contains Claims about the **Authentication of an End-User** by an Authorization Server when using a Client, and potentially other requested Claims.

The ID Token is represented as a **JSON Web Token (JWT)**

More information in https://openid.net/specs/openid-connect-core-1_0.html#IDToken

```
"id_token": "eyJ0eGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJ1bm9udGUlbnQ9ImNlc3VyICJodHRwOi8vc2VydmVYLnVhYWVlbWVuZS9y29tIiwiaWF0IjE0MjQxMTg5LmZyZWYMDAxIiwic2hvdiI6IHNldGEiLCJpcGR5IjoiScSIiCmlmby9y2UiOiAib0UwSzZv-fv3pbGMkIiwic2hvdiI6IHNldGEiLCJpcGR5IjoiScSIiCmlmby9y2UiOiAib0UwSzZv-AKfQ_KqH8Zh1EuVLuxNuuiJKX_V8a_OMXzER0HR9R6jgdqrOOF4daGU96SR_P6nqJp6IcmD3HP990bi1Prs-cwh3LO-p146waJ8Ihehwcl7F09JdjmBkvPeB2T9CjNqeGpe-gccMg4vfkjKM8FcgvnzUUN_KP0aAp1EO1JzwgwjqGBYKhIOXT7TpdQyHE51cMiKPXFoIAZZkfcp_E2DzL7emopWaoaZTF_m0_N0YzFC6GE3bEOerOsK5hoDalrcrRYLSRQAQZFklyUYCyivEOvg9FNQC3_osjswZPaithfubEEBLUVVK4XUvRdlrLl0nx7RkUXN8XNNq-rvKMZg"
```

```
{
  "iss": "https://server.example.com",
  "sub": "24400320",
  "aud": "s6BhdRkqt3",
  "nonce": "n-0S6-WzA2Mj",
  "exp": 1311281970,
  "iat": 1311280970,
  "auth_time": 1311280969,
  "acr": "urn:mace:incommon:iap:silver"
}
```

<https://jwt.io/>

Claims

It also defines a standard set of basic profile Claims.

Pre-defined sets of Claims can be requested using specific scope values or individual Claims can be requested using the claims request parameter.

The Claims can come directly from the OpenID Provider or from distributed sources as well.

More information in

https://openid.net/specs/openid-connect-core-1_0.html#Claims

Example of UserInfo Response

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json

{
  "sub": "248289761001",
  "name": "Jane Doe",
  "given_name": "Jane",
  "family_name": "Doe",
  "preferred_username": "j.doe",
  "email": "janedoe@example.com",
  "picture": "http://example.com/janedoe/me.jpg"
}
```

Standard Claims

Member	Type	Description
sub	string	Subject - Identifier for the End-User at the Issuer.
name	string	End-User's full name in displayable form including all name parts, possibly including titles and suffixes, ordered according to the End-User's locale and preferences.
given_name	string	Given name(s) or first name(s) of the End-User. Note that in some cultures, people can have multiple given names; all can be present, with the names being separated by space characters.
family_name	string	Surname(s) or last name(s) of the End-User. Note that in some cultures, people can have multiple family names or no family name; all can be present, with the names being separated by space characters.
middle_name	string	Middle name(s) of the End-User. Note that in some cultures, people can have multiple middle names; all can be present, with the names being separated by space characters. Also note that in some cultures, middle names are not used.
nickname	string	Casual name of the End-User that may or may not be the same as the given_name. For instance, a nickname value of Mike might be returned alongside a given_name value of Michael.
preferred_username	string	Shorthand name by which the End-User wishes to be referred to at the RP, such as janedoe or j.doe. This value MAY be any valid JSON string including special characters such as @, /, or whitespace. The RP MUST NOT rely upon this value being unique, as discussed in Section 5.7 .
profile	string	URL of the End-User's profile page. The contents of this Web page SHOULD be about the End-User.
picture	string	URL of the End-User's profile picture. This URL MUST refer to an image file (for example, a PNG, JPEG, or GIF image file), rather than to a Web page containing an image. Note that this URL SHOULD specifically reference a profile photo of the End-User suitable for displaying when describing the End-User, rather than an arbitrary photo taken by the End-User.
website	string	URL of the End-User's Web page or blog. This Web page SHOULD contain information published by the End-User or an organization that the End-User is affiliated with.
email	string	End-User's preferred e-mail address. Its value MUST conform to the RFC 5322 [RFC5322] addr-spec syntax. The RP MUST NOT rely upon this value being unique, as discussed in Section 5.7 .
email_verified	boolean	True if the End-User's e-mail address has been verified; otherwise false. When this Claim Value is true, this means that the OP took affirmative steps to ensure that this e-mail address was controlled by the End-User at the time the verification was performed. The means by which an e-mail address is verified is context-specific, and dependent upon the trust framework or contractual agreements within which the parties are operating.
gender	string	End-User's gender. Values defined by this specification are female and male. Other values MAY be used when neither of the defined values are applicable.
birthdate	string	End-User's birthday, represented as an ISO 8601:2004 [ISO8601-2004] YYYY-MM-DD format. The year MAY be 0000, indicating that it is omitted. To represent only the year, YYYY format is allowed. Note that depending on the underlying platform's date related function, providing just year can result in varying month and day, so the implementers need to take this factor into account to correctly process the dates.
zoneinfo	string	String from zoneinfo [zoneinfo] time zone database representing the End-User's time zone. For example, Europe/Paris or America/Los_Angeles.
locale	string	End-User's locale, represented as a BCP47 [RFC5646] language tag. This is typically an ISO 639-1 Alpha-2 [ISO639-1] language code in lowercase and an ISO 3166-1 Alpha-2 [ISO3166-1] country code in uppercase, separated by a dash. For example, en-US or fr-FR. As a supplementary note, some implementations have used an

Example of OpenID Connect flow for Webex Azure Social Login

(AuthN & Provision)

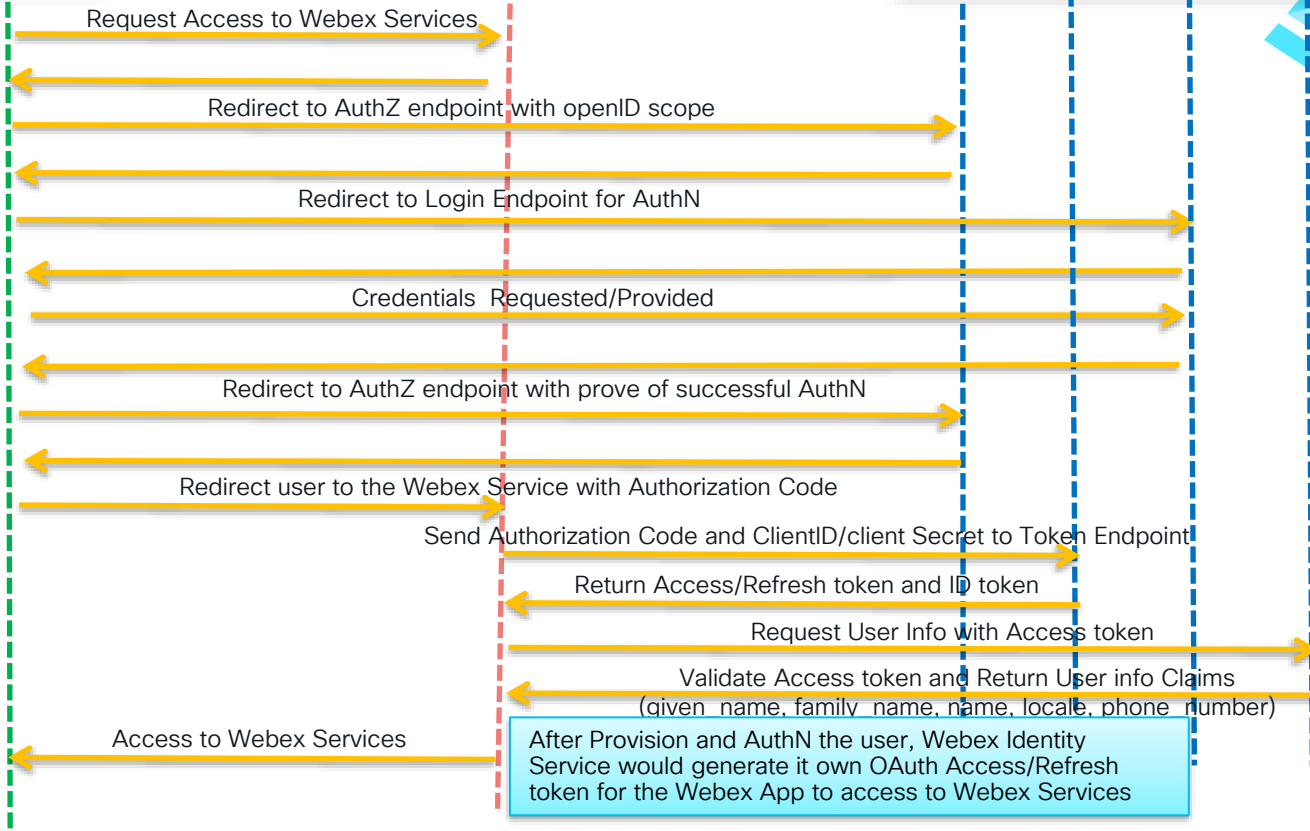
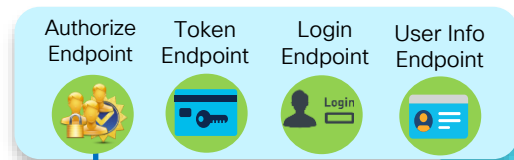
User/Webex App



Webex Service



Azure OIDC Services



OpenID Connect Discovery

As we saw before in OpenID Connect there are multiple endpoints that need to be target to get different results (Token, UserInfo, Authorization, etc.)

So the configuration can be request according to Discovery extensions

https://openid.net/specs/openid-connect-discovery-1_0.html, in the end we just need to know the hostname for the service.

OpenID Provider Configuration Request

```
GET /.well-known/openid-configuration HTTP/1.1
Host: example.com
```

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json

{
  "issuer":
    "https://server.example.com",
  "authorization_endpoint":
    "https://server.example.com/connect/authorize",
  "token_endpoint":
    "https://server.example.com/connect/token",
  "token_endpoint_auth_methods_supported":
    ["client_secret_basic", "private_key_jwt"],
  "token_endpoint_auth_signing_alg_values_supported":
    ["RS256", "ES256"],
  "userinfo_endpoint":
    "https://server.example.com/connect/userinfo",
  "check_session_iframe":
    "https://server.example.com/connect/check_session",
  "end_session_endpoint":
    "https://server.example.com/connect/end_session",
  "jwks_uri":
    "https://server.example.com/jwks.json",
  "registration_endpoint":
    "https://server.example.com/connect/register",
  "scopes_supported":
    ["openid", "profile", "email", "address",
     "phone", "offline_access"],
  "response_types_supported":
    ["code", "code id_token", "id_token", "token id_token"],
  "acr_values_supported":
    [{"urn:mace:incommon:iap:silver",
     "urn:mace:incommon:iap:bronze"}],
  "subject_types_supported":
    ["public", "pairwise"],
  "userinfo_signing_alg_values_supported":
    ["RS256", "ES256", "HS256"],
  "userinfo_encryption_alg_values_supported":
    ["RSA1_5", "A128KW"],
  "userinfo_encryption_enc_values_supported":
    ["A128CBC-HS256", "A128GCM"],
  "id_token_signing_alg_values_supported":
    ["RS256", "ES256", "HS256"],
  "id_token_encryption_alg_values_supported":
    ["RSA1_5", "A128KW"],
  "id_token_encryption_enc_values_supported":
    ["A128CBC-HS256", "A128GCM"],
  "request_object_signing_alg_values_supported":
    ["none", "RS256", "ES256"],
  "display_values_supported":
    ["page", "popup"],
  "claim_types_supported":
    ["normal", "distributed"],
  "claims_supported":
    ["sub", "iss", "auth_time", "acr",
     "name", "given_name", "family_name", "nickname",
     "profile", "picture", "website",
     "email", "email_verified", "locale", "zoneinfo",
     "http://example.info/claims/groups"],
  "claims_parameter_supported":
    true,
  "service_documentation":
    "http://server.example.com/connect/service_documentation.html",
  "ui_locales_supported":
    ["en-US", "en-GB", "en-CA", "fr-FR", "fr-CA"]
}
```

Conclusions and Key Takeaways

Conclusions and Key Takeaways

- Webex Identity Services improve the Token Management capabilities, to allow the fine tuning on Organization that have nonstandard Authorization policies.
- New Single Sign-On Wizard gather all feedbacks from our customers, to allow a better administration for the Collaboration Administrators.
- OpenID Connect is the summary of the best practices in the Identity space, bringing them together under a single protocol.



Technical Session Surveys

- Attendees who fill out a minimum of four session surveys and the overall event survey will get Cisco Live branded socks!
- Attendees will also earn 100 points in the Cisco Live Game for every survey completed.
- These points help you get on the leaderboard and increase your chances of winning daily and grand prizes.



Cisco learning and certifications

From technology training and team development to Cisco certifications and learning plans, let us help you empower your business and career. www.cisco.com/go/certs

Pay for Learning with Cisco Learning Credits

(CLCs) are prepaid training vouchers redeemed directly with Cisco.



Learn

Cisco U.

IT learning hub that guides teams and learners toward their goals

Cisco Digital Learning

Subscription-based product, technology, and certification training

Cisco Modeling Labs

Network simulation platform for design, testing, and troubleshooting

Cisco Learning Network

Resource community portal for certifications and learning



Train

Cisco Training Bootcamps

Intensive team & individual automation and technology training programs

Cisco Learning Partner Program

Authorized training partners supporting Cisco technology and career certifications

Cisco Instructor-led and Virtual Instructor-led training

Accelerated curriculum of product, technology, and certification courses



Certify

Cisco Certifications and Specialist Certifications

Award-winning certification program empowers students and IT Professionals to advance their technical careers

Cisco Guided Study Groups

180-day certification prep program with learning and support

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Recertification training options for Cisco certified individuals

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The bridge to possible

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