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Intro to Meraki Dashboard API Python Library

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Agenda

- Introduction
- Meraki APIs
- Meraki Dashboard API Python library
- AsynclO
- Conclusion

Cisco Webex App

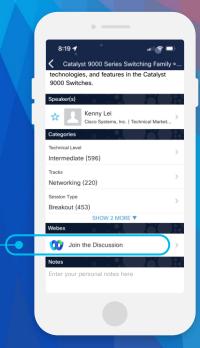
Questions?

Use Cisco Webex App to chat with the speaker after the session

How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Live Mobile App
- 2 Click "Join the Discussion"
- 3 Install the Webex App or go directly to the Webex space
- 4 Enter messages/questions in the Webex space

Webex spaces will be moderated by the speaker until June 9, 2023.



https://ciscolive.ciscoevents.com/ciscolivebot/#DEVNET-1073



Introduction



Adrian ILIESIU

Senior Developer Advocate

Enterprise Networking (Cisco DNAC, SD-WAN, Meraki & IOS XE)

- Building networks since 2003
- Network engineer, systems engineer, team leader, QA engineer
- CCNA, CCNP, CCIP, CCIE EI
- Co-author of the DEVASC official certification guide



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Meraki APIs



The Value of APIs

Why do customers use APIs?

AUTOMATE

Accelerate everything from minor adjustments to enterprise-sized deployments by automating configuration changes, provisioning, and data collection.

INTEGRATE

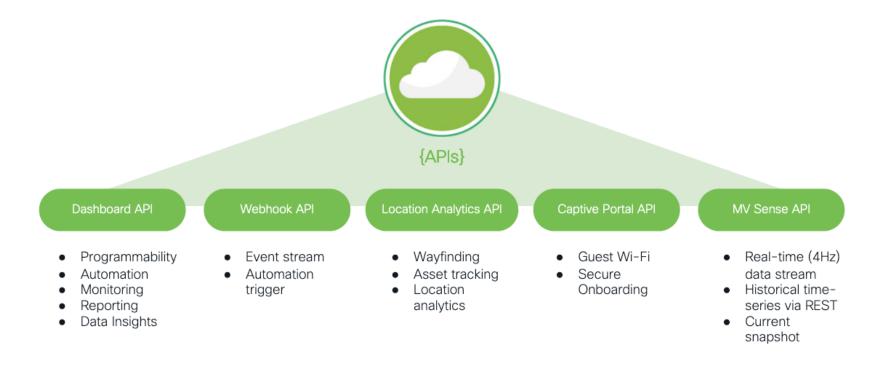
Unlock new insights, streamline business workflows and realize additional value from your existing business systems by integrating Meraki dashboard with your line-of-business applications.

ANTICIPATE

Plan for the future with historical metrics, real-time telemetry and client location analytics to make data-driven business decisions.

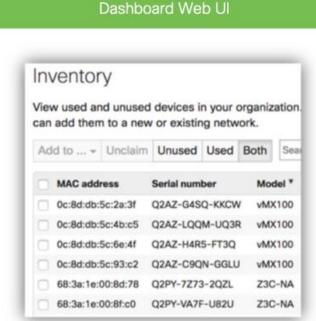


Meraki API Services, Each with Different Purposes





Dashboard API



APIs

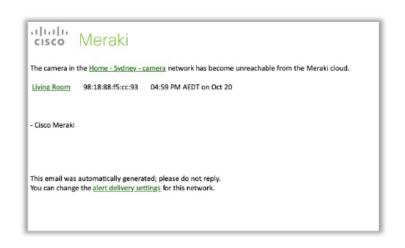
```
"mac": "34:56:fe:a2:58:86",
"serial": "Q2FV-W72R-U7WX",
"networkId": "L_646829496481103621",
"model": "MV12WE",
"claimedAt": "1553527784.08884",
"publicIp": "64.103.26.57",
"name": ""
"mac": "34:56:fe:a2:58:89",
"serial": "Q2FV-4QSY-KBF6",
"networkId": "L_646829496481103494",
"model": "MV12WE",
"claimedAt": "1553527783.91634",
"publicIp": "64.103.26.57",
"name": ""
```



Webhook API

Dashboard Web UI

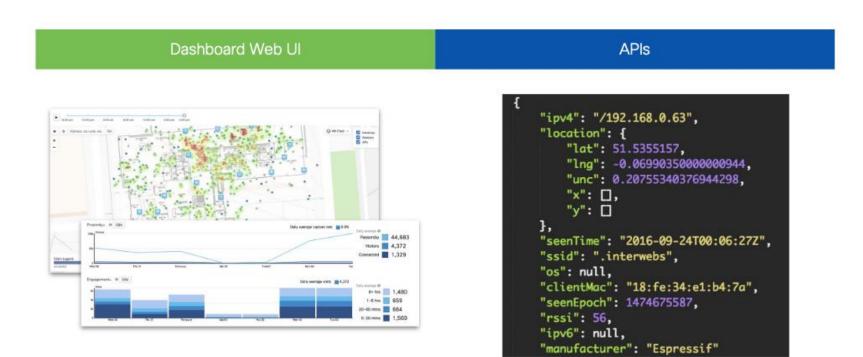
APIs



```
"version": "0.1",
    "sharedSecret": "",
    "sentAt": "2022-10-
20T06:28:24.377119Z",
    "organizationId": "734417",
    "organizationName": "Yuji Terada
Personal",
    "organizationUrl":
"https://n290.meraki.com/o/vSj8Qb/manage
/organization/overview",
    "networkId": "L 726205439913496800",
    "networkName": "Home - Sydney",
    "networkUrl":
"https://n290.meraki.com/Home-Sydney-
came/n/leTphdIe/manage/nodes/list",
    "networkTags": [],
    "deviceMac": "98:18:88:f5:cc:93",
    "deviceName": "Living Room",
```

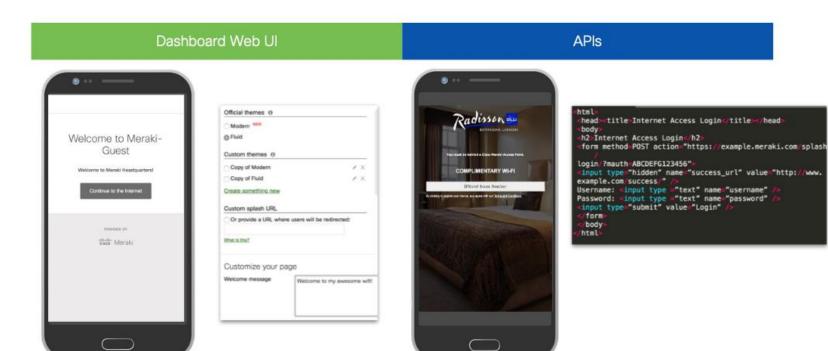


Location Analytics API





Captive Portal API





MV Sense API

Dashboard Web UI

APIs



```
'lux": 88.4}'
"ts":1666242984676, "counts":{"person":0}}'
"lux": 88.6}'
{"ts":1666242984753, "counts":{"person":0}}'
"lux": 88.4}'
"ts":1666242984947, "counts":{"person":0}}'
("ts":1666242985077, "counts":{"person":0}}'
{"lux": 88.6}'
("ts":1666242985151, "counts":{"person":0}}'
"ts":1666242985361, "counts":{"person":0}}'
"lux": 88.4}'
{"ts":1666242985478, "counts":{"person":0}}'
"lux": 88.6}'
("ts":1666242985553, "counts":{"person":0}}'
{\n\t"objects" : [],\n\t"ts" : 1666242985753\n}
"ts":1666242985753, "counts":{"person":0}}'
"lux": 88.4}'
{"ts":1666242985876, "counts":{"person":0}}'
{"lux": 88.4}'
{"ts":1666242985953, "counts":{"person":0}}'
"lux": 88.2}'
```



Meraki Dashboard API Python library



Introduction

- The Meraki Dashboard API Python library provides all current Meraki Dashboard API calls to interface with the Cisco Meraki cloudmanaged platform
- Python >= 3.7
- pip install meraki
- Meraki Dashboard API versions:
 - v0: August-05-2020 deprecation, February-05-2022 sunset, August-05-2022 End of Grace period (no support escalations, operation not guaranteed)
 - v1: Active version (API endpoint to help with migration: GET /organizations/:organizationId/apiRequests?version=0)



Meraki Dashboard API access

Enable API access: Organization > Settings > Dashboard API access

Dashboard API access API Access Enable access to the Cisco Meraki Dashboard API After enabling the API here, go to your profile to generate an API key.

Generate API key: My Profile





Features

- Support for all API endpoints, as it uses the OpenAPI specification to generate source code
- Log all API requests made to a local file as well as on-screen console
- Automatic retries upon 429 rate limit errors, using the Retry-After field within response headers
- Get all (or a specified number of) pages of data with built-in pagination control
- Tweak settings such as maximum retries, certificate path, suppress logging, and other options
- Simulate POST/PUT/DELETE calls to preview first, so that network configuration does not get changed
- Includes the legacy module's (version 0.34 and prior) functions for backward compatibility



DashboardAPI Class Parameters

```
class DashboardAPI(builtins.object)
   DashboardAPI(api_key=None, base_url='https://api.meraki.com/api/v1', single_request_timeout=60, certificate_path='', requests_proxy='', wait_on_rate_limit
=True, nginx_429_retry_wait_time=60, action_batch_retry_wait_time=60, retry_4xx_error=False, retry_4xx_error_wait_time=60, maximum_retries=2, output_log=True.
 log_path='', log_file_prefix='meraki_api_', print_console=True, suppress_logging=False, simulate=False, be_geo_id='', caller='', use_iterator_for_get_pages=F
alse, inherit_logging_config=False)
   **Creates a persistent Meraki dashboard API session**
   - api_key (string): API key generated in dashboard; can also be set as an environment variable MERAKI_DASHBOARD_API_KEY
   - base_url (string): preceding all endpoint resources
   - single_request_timeout (integer): maximum number of seconds for each API call
   - certificate_path (string): path for TLS/SSL certificate verification if behind local proxy
   - requests_proxy (string): proxy server and port, if needed, for HTTPS
   - wait_on_rate_limit (boolean): retry if 429 rate limit error encountered?
   - nginx_429_retry_wait_time (integer): Nginx 429 retry wait time
   - action_batch_retry_wait_time (integer): action batch concurrency error retry wait time
   - retry_4xx_error (boolean): retry if encountering other 4XX error (besides 429)?
   - retry_4xx_error_wait_time (integer): other 4XX error retry wait time
   - maximum_retries (integer): retry up to this many times when encountering 429s or other server-side errors
   - output_log (boolean): create an output log file?
   - log_path (string): path to output log; by default, working directory of script if not specified
   - log_file_prefix (string): log file name appended with date and timestamp
   - print_console (boolean): print logging output to console?
   - suppress_logging (boolean): disable all logging? you're on your own then!

    inherit_logging_config (boolean): Inherits your own logger instance

   simulate (boolean): simulate POST/PUT/DELETE calls to prevent changes?
   - be_geo_id (string): optional partner identifier for API usage tracking; can also be set as an environment variable BE_GEO_ID
   - caller (string): optional identifier for API usage tracking; can also be set as an environment variable MERAKI_PYTHON_SDK_CALLER
   - use_iterator_for_get_pages (boolean): list* methods will return an iterator with each object instead of a complete list with all items
```



Usage

• Export the API key as an environment variable :

export MERAKI_DASHBOARD_API_KEY=093b24e85df15a3e66f1fc359f4c48493eaa1b73

Alternatively, define the API key as a variable in the source code ♥:

API_KEY = 'fd6dd87d96915f21bc0e0b3d96a866ff0e53e381'



Usage (cont.)

```
import os
import meraki
dashboard = meraki.DashboardAPI(
    api key=os.getenv('MERAKI DASHBOARD API KEY'),
    base_url='https://api.meraki.com/api/v1/',
    output log=True,
    log file prefix=os.path.basename( file )[:-3],
    log path="',
    print console=False
```



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Usage - Get networks in organization

```
# Get list of organizations to which API key has access
organizations = dashboard.organizations.getOrganizations()
# Iterate through list of orgs
for org in organizations:
       print(f'\nAnalyzing organization {org["name"]}:')
       org id = org['id']
       # Get list of networks in organization
       try:
               networks = dashboard.organizations.getOrganizationNetworks(org_id)
       except meraki.APIError as e:
               print(f'Meraki API error: {e}')
               print(f'status code = {e.status}')
               print(f'reason = {e.reason}')
               print(f'error = {e.message}')
               continue
       except Exception as e:
               print(f'some other error: {e}')
               continue
```



Usage - Get clients in networks

```
# Iterate through networks
total = len(networks)
counter = 1
print(f' - iterating through {total} networks in organization {org_id}')
for net in networks:
       print(f'Finding clients in network {net["name"]} ({counter} of {total})')
       trv:
       # Get list of clients on network, filtering on timespan of last 14 days
       clients = dashboard.networks.getNetworkClients(net['id'],
                       timespan=60*60*24*14, perPage=1000, total pages='all')
       except meraki.APIError as e:
               print(f'Meraki API error: {e}')
               print(f'status code = {e.status}')
               print(f'reason = {e.reason}')
               print(f'error = {e.message}')
       except Exception as e:
               print(f'some other error: {e}')
       counter += 1
```

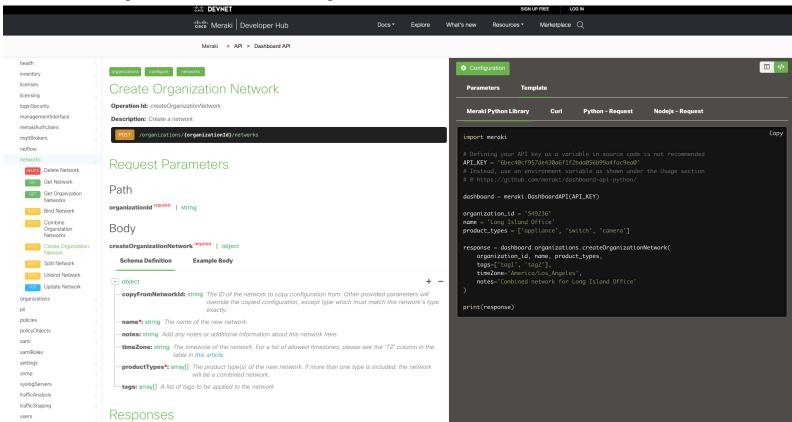


Usage - Create new network and SSID

```
# Create a new organization network
organization id = '549236'
name = 'Long Island Office'
product types = ['appliance', 'switch', 'camera']
new network = dashboard.organizations.createOrganizationNetwork(
       organization id, name, product types,
      tags=['tag1', 'tag2'],
       timeZone='America/Los Angeles',
       notes='Combined network for Long Island Office'
# Create a new SSID
network id = 'L 646829496481105433'
number = '0'
new ssid = dashboard.wireless.updateNetworkWirelessSsid(
       network id, number,
       name='My SSID',
       enabled=True
```



Meraki Python Library Documentation





Usage

- Make dashboard API calls using the format client.scope.operation
 - client is the name of the DashboardAPI hook (dashboard in our example)
 - scope is the corresponding scope that represents the first tag from the OpenAPI spec
 - organizations
 - networks
 - switch
 - wireless
 - operation is the operation of the API endpoint
 - createOrganization
 - updateNetworkSwitchRoutingOspf
 - deleteNetworkMqttBroker
 - getNetworkSwitchAccessPolicies



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AsynclO



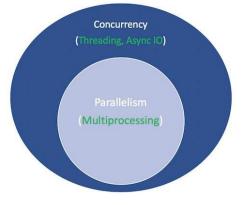


Introduction

- asyncio is a library to write concurrent code using the async/await syntax
- asyncio is not threading or multiprocessing

 asyncio takes long waiting periods in which functions would otherwise be blocking and allows other functions to run during

that downtime



Source: https://realpython.com/async-io-python/

Usage

```
import asyncio
import os
import meraki.aio
async def main():
       # Instantiate a Meraki dashboard API session
       async with meraki.aio.AsyncDashboardAPI(
                      api key=os.getenv("MERAKI DASHBOARD API KEY"),
                      base url="https://api.meraki.com/api/v1",
                      log file prefix= file [:-3],
                      print console=False,
        ) as aiomeraki:
              # Get list of organizations to which API key has access
              organizations = await aiomeraki.organizations.getOrganizations()
              # Create a list of all organizations so we can call them all concurrently
              organizationTasks = [listOrganization(aiomeraki, org) for org in organizations]
              for task in asyncio.as completed(organizationTasks):
              # as completed returns an iterator, so we just have to await the iterator
       organizationName = await task
                      print(f"finished organization: {organizationName}")
```



Usage - Get networks in organizations

```
async def listOrganization(aiomeraki: meraki.aio.AsyncDashboardAPI, org):
    print(f'Analyzing organization {org["name"]}:')
    org_id = org["id"]

# Get list of networks in organization
    try:
        networks = await aiomeraki.organizations.getOrganizationNetworks(org_id)
    except meraki.AsyncAPIError as e:
        print(f"Meraki API error: {e}")
        return org["name"]

except Exception as e:
        print(f"some other error: {e}")
        return org["name"]
```



Usage - Get clients in networks



Conclusion



- Meraki provides several APIs: Dashboard API, Webhook API, Location Analytics API, Captive Portal API, MV Sense API
- Meraki Dashboard API Python library provides all current Meraki Dashboard API calls
- Extra functionality compared to manually building API calls (simulate calls, tweak settings, automatic retries, logging, etc.)
- AsynclO option also available



Resources





- Meraki Dashboard API Python Library
 - https://github.com/meraki/dashboard-api-python
- Meraki API Documentation
 - https://developer.cisco.com/meraki/api-v1/
- Meraki OpenAPI spec
 - https://api.meraki.com/api/v1/openapiSpec



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Thank you



Cisco Live Challenge

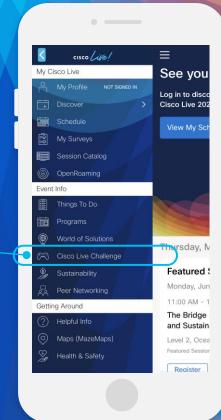
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