

The background is a vibrant, abstract composition of numerous overlapping, elongated, teardrop-like shapes in various colors including dark blue, light blue, green, yellow, orange, and red. These shapes radiate from a central point, creating a starburst or sunburst effect. Some shapes have white circular cutouts. Scattered around the main burst are several small, solid-colored circles in blue, yellow, and red.

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The bridge to possible



DCI and Subsea Trends

Moustafa Kattan, Distinguished Architect

Sushin Suresan Adackaconam (ssuresan), Product Manager

BRKOPT-2012

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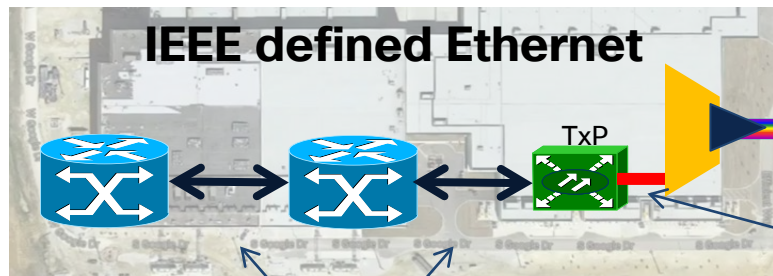
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A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide, consisting of several overlapping, teardrop-shaped elements in various colors (blue, green, yellow, red, dark blue) radiating from a central point, resembling a stylized flower or a burst of energy.

Agenda

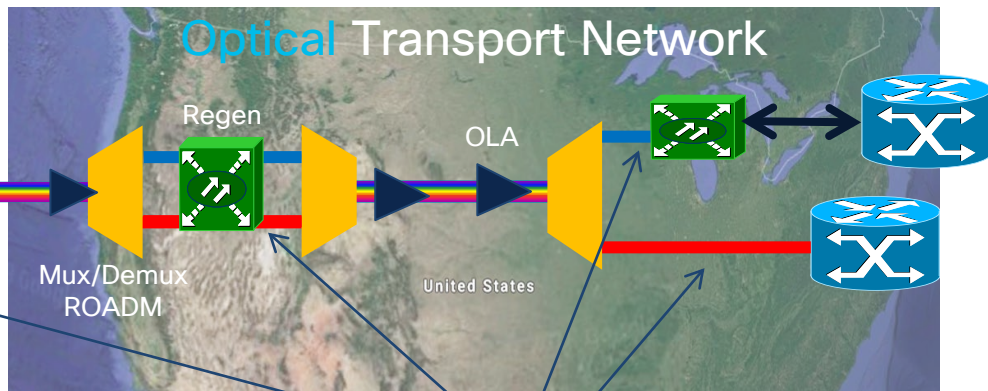
- Introduction
- Technology direction
- 400G Digital Coherent Optics
- Compact Modular aka DCI
- Subsea Optical Transmission
- Software
- Conclusion

Optical & Optics Domains



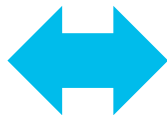
DC & Client Optics

- Grey **optics**
- Within a building or campus or city
- Ethernet
- Optimize for Cost, Power, Density



Line Optics

- Multiple channels / DWDM (Colored)/ Fiber
- Across country/Ocean (100's to 10,000 km +)
- Forward Error Correction (FEC)
- Optimize for Performances, Spectral Efficiency, Cost, Density



Technology Direction

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What is important for different applications ?

Subsea



2-10 SLTE sites

Fiber very scarce

Repairs days-months and expensive

LH



100-1000s of sites, 10,000s kms of fiber

Power and space a concern at ILA huts

Fiber scarce

Repairs in days

Metro



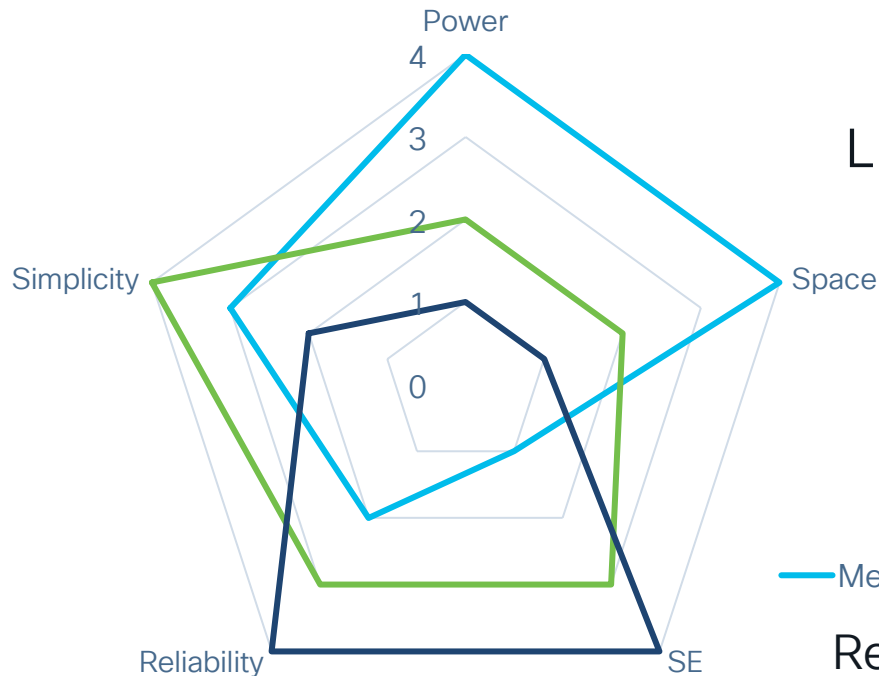
Expensive real estate

Fiber readily available

Repairs in hrs-days

— Metro — Long Haul — Subsea

Relative importance of different factors



Enabling technologies

2010

2013

2015

2017

2020

2022

Metro

10G DWDM

Long Haul

40G SC/DC
coherent

Subsea

40G SC/DC
coherent

100G QPSK

100G coherent with
extended CD
compensation



- 100G coherent introduced to operator networks
- Capacity increases in network 10x
- Simpler to use for long haul and metro networks
- 100G coherent used for upgrading existing subsea cables that were compensated.

Enabling technologies

2010

2013

2015

2017

2020

2022

Metro

10G DWDM

Long Haul

40G SC/DC
coherent

Subsea

40G SC/DC
coherent

100G QPSK

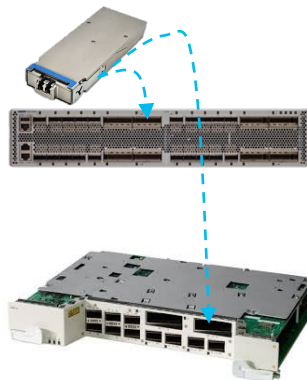
250G 16QAM CFP2-ACO
QSFP 100G non coherent

CFP2-ACO

200G
16QAM
150G 8QAM
100G QPSK

100G coherent with
extended CD
compensation

50G BPSK/100G
QPSK/150G 8QAM
extended CD
compensation



- CFP2-ACO introduced with DSP on host.
- 250G 16QAM introduced – 2.5x capacity in metro.
- 8QAM used to get 50-100% increase in long haul.
- Specialized transponders for subsea cables.

Enabling technologies

2010

2013

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2022

Metro

10G DWDM

Long Haul

40G SC/DC coherent

Subsea

40G SC/DC coherent

100G QPSK

100G coherent with extended CD compensation

250G 16QAM CFP2-ACO
QSFP 100G non coherent

CFP2-ACO

200G 16QAM
150G 8QAM
100G QPSK

50G BPSK/100G QPSK/150G 8QAM
extended CD compensation

200G CFP2-DCO

Gen-1 multi-haul



Gen1 Multi-Haul pizza-box

- CFP2-DCO introduced with DSP on pluggable – valuable in low capacity metro applications. 200G DCO on router – IP + optical.
- Gen-1 multi-haul – <10 options on trunk. No significant improvement in SNR

Enabling technologies

2010

2013

2015

2017

2020

2022

Metro

Long Haul

Subsea

- 400G DCO introduced with QSFP-DD pluggable – valuable in metro and long haul. Fits into router line card ports. Low power and space.
- Gen-2 multi-haul – 6000+ options on trunk from constellation shaping and flexible baud-rates. 70-100 Gbd. Significant improvement in SNR. 30-40% improvement in capacity in LH.



QSFP-DD
400G 16QAM
300G 8QAM
200G QPSK

Gen-2
multi-haul

Enabling technologies

2010

2013

2015

2017

2020

2022

Metro

Long Haul

Subsea

- 800G/2x400G DCO planned with QSFP-DD pluggable – valuable in metro and long haul. Fits into router line card ports. Low power and space.
- Gen-3 multi-haul – Further improvement in SNR and power/100G. 120-150 Gbd.



QSFP-DD

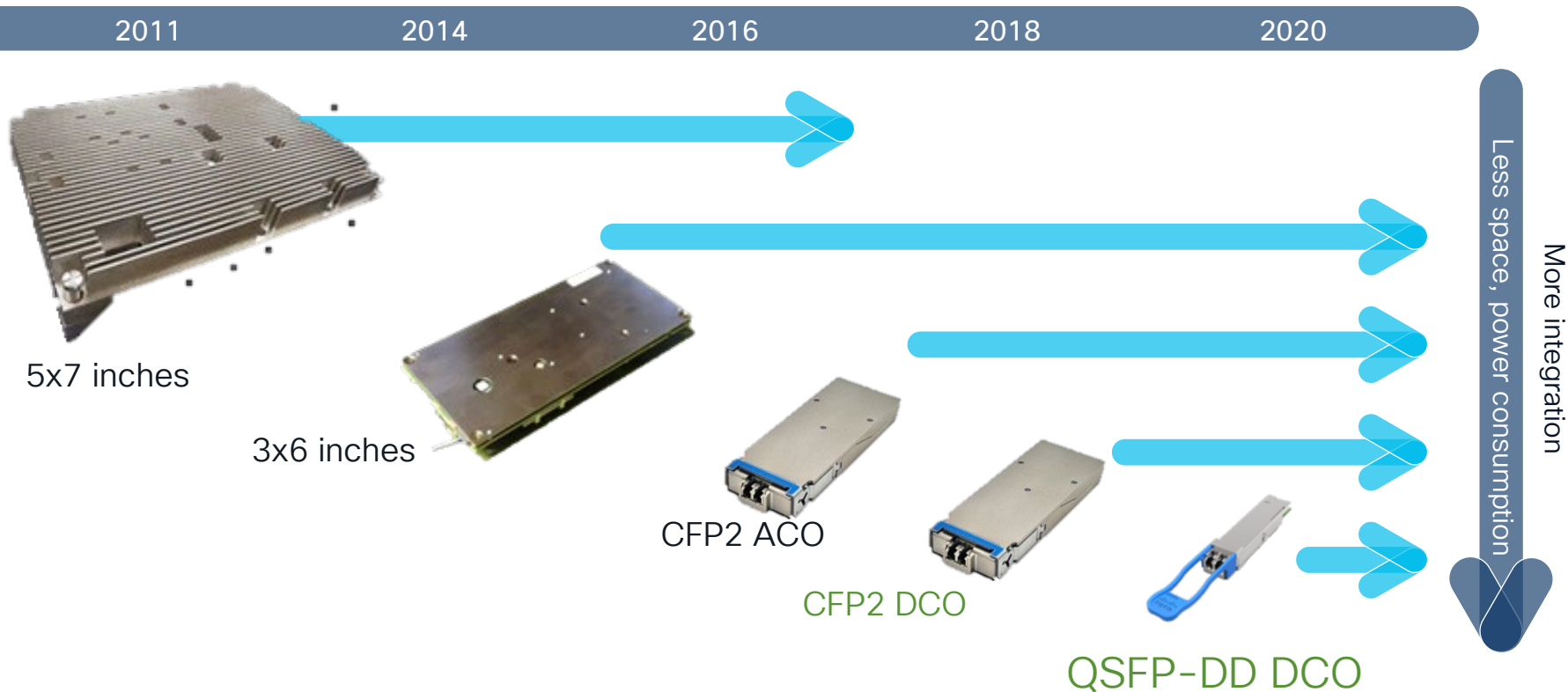
Gen-3 multi-haul

400G Digital Coherent Optics

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The benefits of coherent optics integration

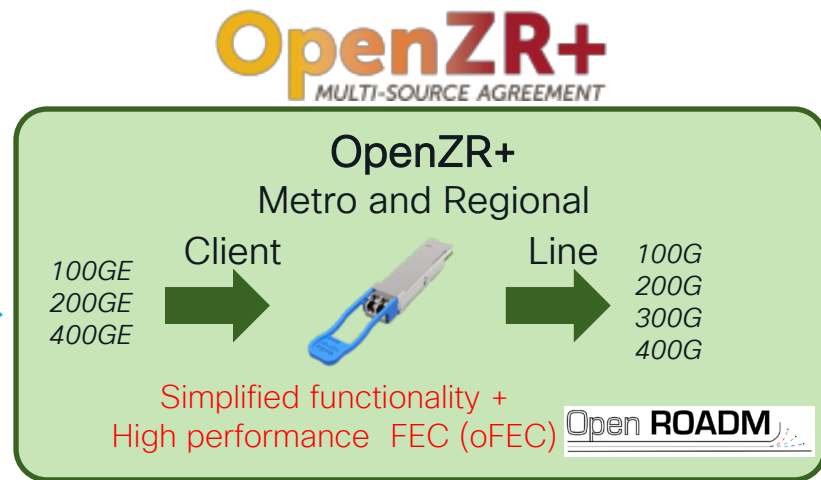
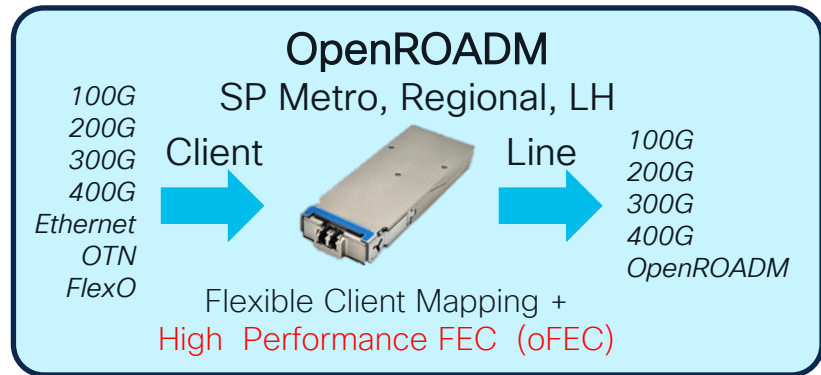
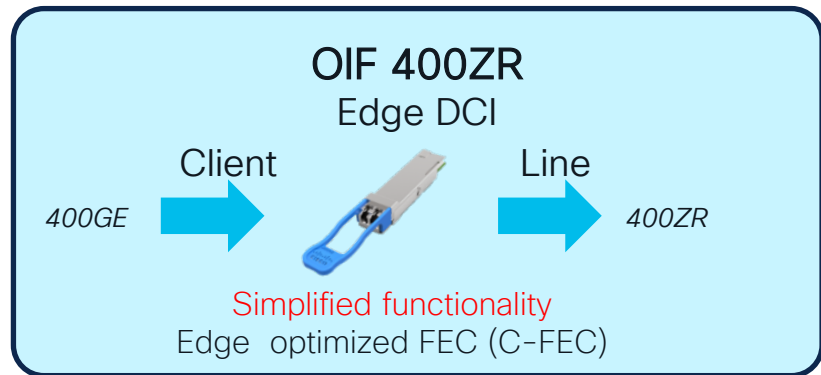


400G DWDM DCO Variants

- OIF standardized QSFP-DD ZR aiming a P2P connectivity of 120km (Metro)
- AT&T **OpenROADM MSA** defines a standard for WDM Interoperable Interfaces operating at 400G, 300G and 200G for **Regional and Long-Haul** applications (*~0 dBm launch power*)
- Acacia and NEL agreed to support an interoperable mode called **OpenZR+** leveraging oFEC to extend the interoperability among Vendors using QSFP-DD form factor (*~ -10dBm launch power*)
- *Cisco QSFP-DD supports OIF ZR, Open ROADM FEC and OpenZR+ on the same pluggable*

Model	Line Rate	Mode	Modulation Format	FEC	OTN OH	Baud Rate (GB)	Target OSNR
OIF 400G ZR	400G	ZR	16QAM	CFEC	NO	59.84	26dB
OpenROADM MSA	400G	OR	16QAM	OFEC	YES	63.14	24dB (in DRAFT)
Open ZR+	400G	OZR+	16QAM	OFEC	NO	60.14	24dB
Cisco QDD ZR+ Version	400G	OZR+	16QAM	OFEC	NO	60.14	22 dB

OpenZR+ MSA

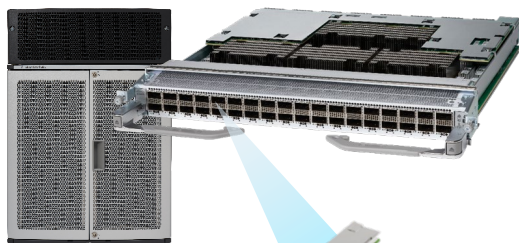


Combines two standardization efforts to enable high performance pluggable modules that provide multi-vendor interoperability.

For more information : <http://openzrplus.org/>

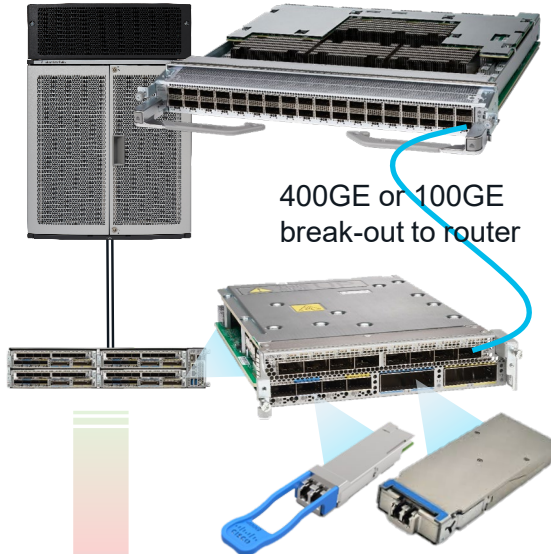
Coherent Optics Models for the router

Direct on Router



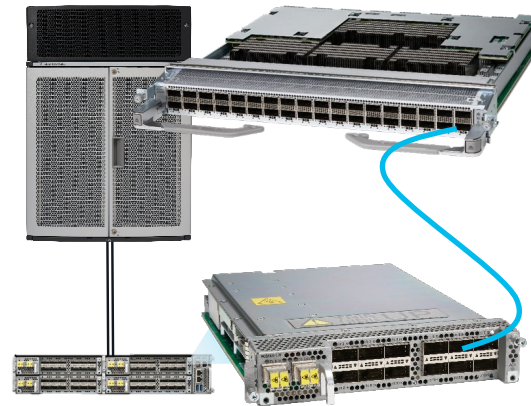
120km with ZR
4000km+ with openZR+

Router and TXP with DCOs




120km with ZR
4000km+ with openZR+
4000km+ with openROADM
over CDC-FS ROADM

Router and TXP



20,000km reach
Max performance

Future Coherent DSP Evolution

- Lower Power Consumption and Increase Processing Power → **5nm**
 - Improved Optical Performances for Subsea & ULH applications
 - Double Pluggable capacity (from 400G to 800G) **QSFP-DD800** 
- Optimized DSP Capacity around **400GE Clients**
 - Multi-carrier support to drive Subsea & ULH applications
 - Up to 1.2Tbps per carrier for DCI and Metro applications
- **Flex Spectrum** WDM Layer to enable all applications
 - Even 100GHz Channel Grid is too small at this point!

Compact Modular aka DCI

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Cisco NCS 1000 *compact modular* Product Suite



NCS 1004



NCS 1002



Passive MUX-DMX



P2P

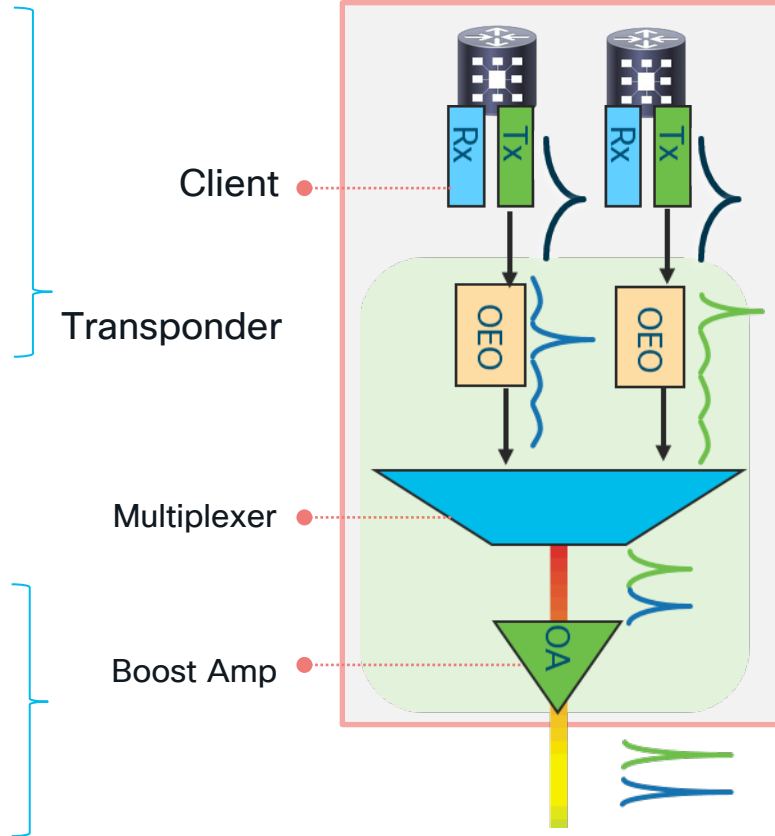
NCS 1001



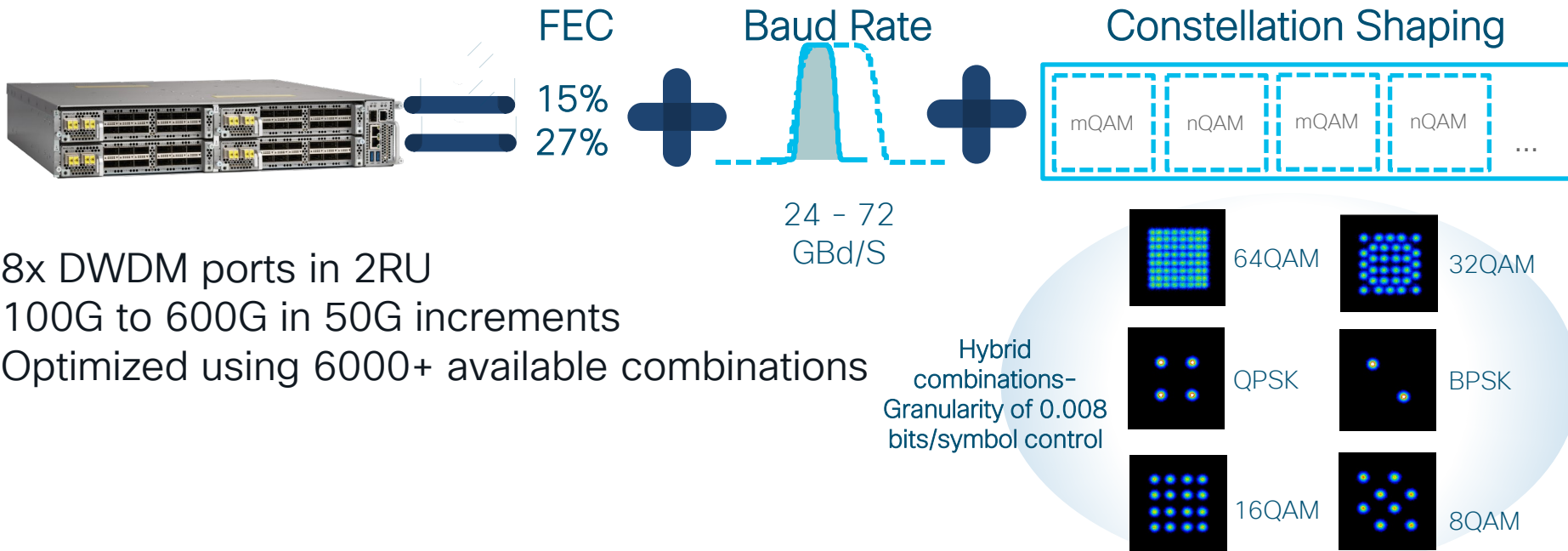
Future platform

ROADM and
Raman
supported

“DCI” form-factor
IOS-XR
Automation first

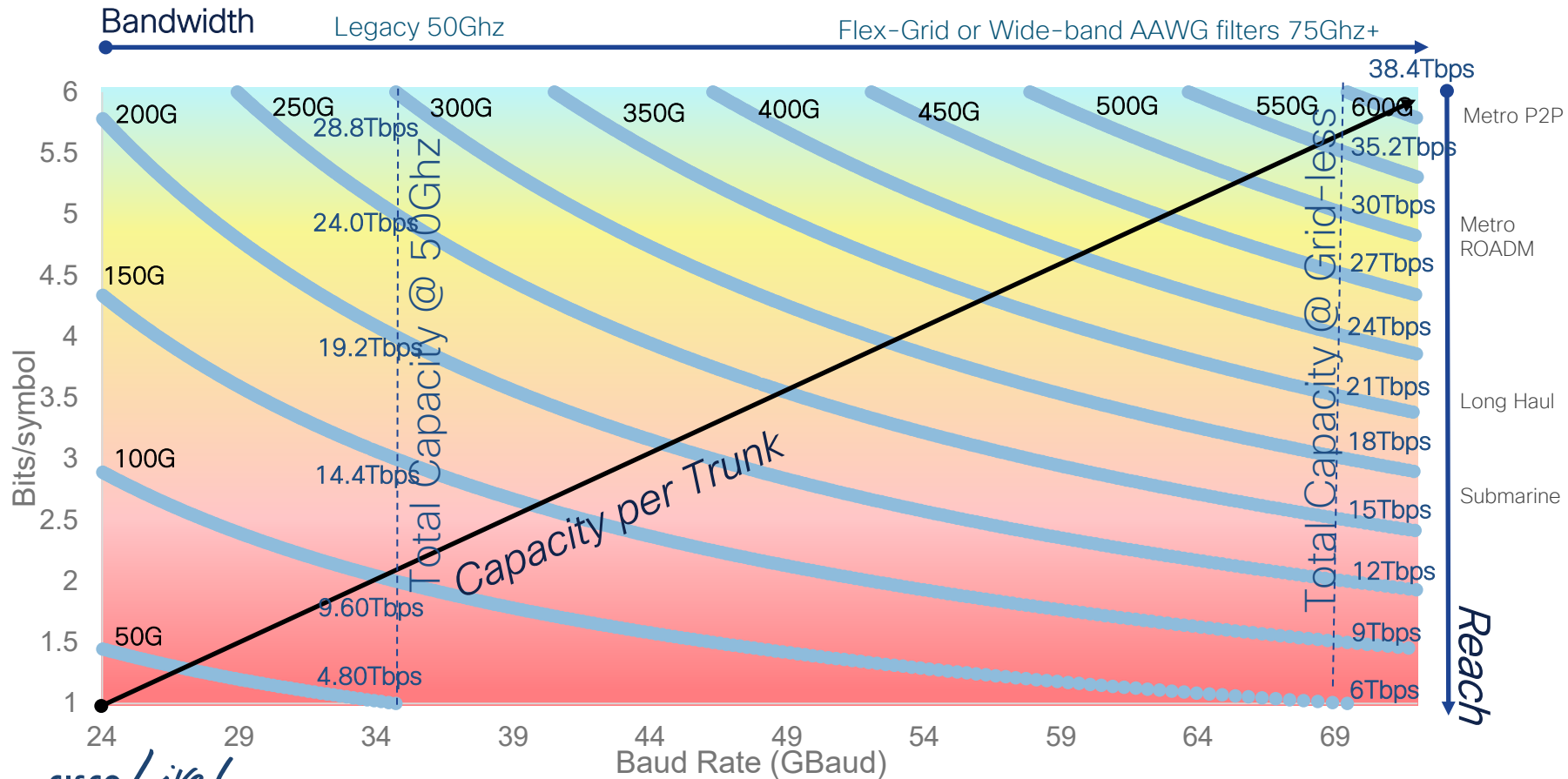


Gen-2 multi-Haul with NCS 1004

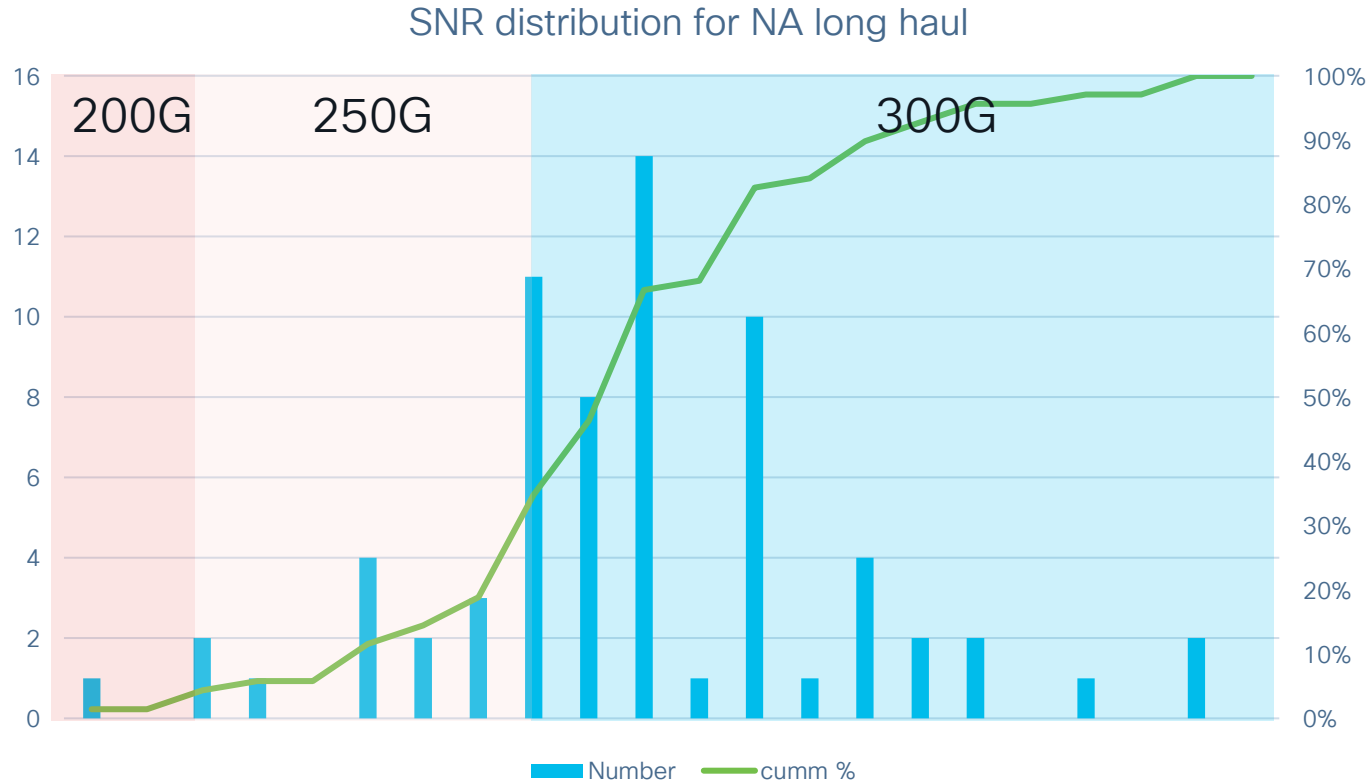


6484 unique modes on the NCS 1004 Turbo Coherent DSP
Most industry solutions offer <10 modes today

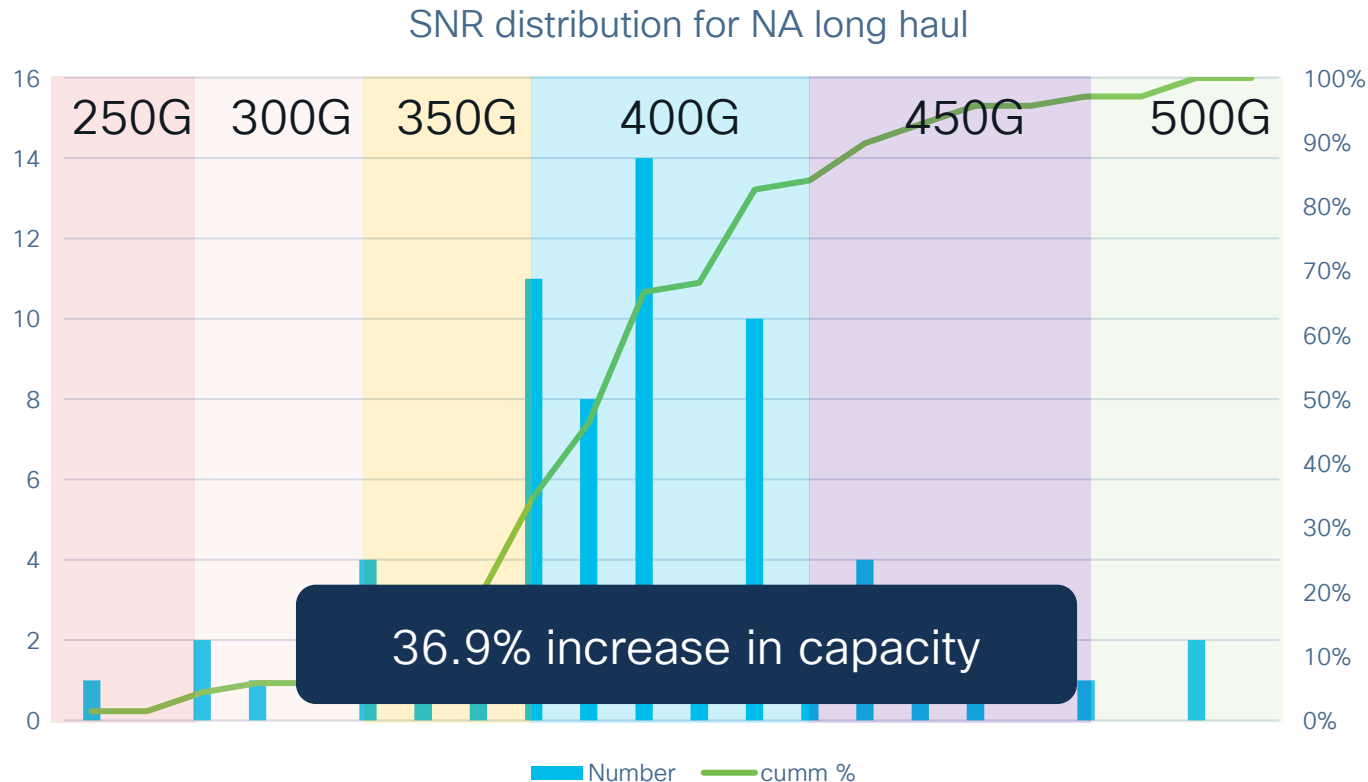
Turbo Coherent with NCS 1004 – 6484 options



North America Back Bone Upgrade with Gen-1 Multi-Haul n x 100G view



North America Back Bone Upgrade with Gen2 Multi-Haul n x 50G view

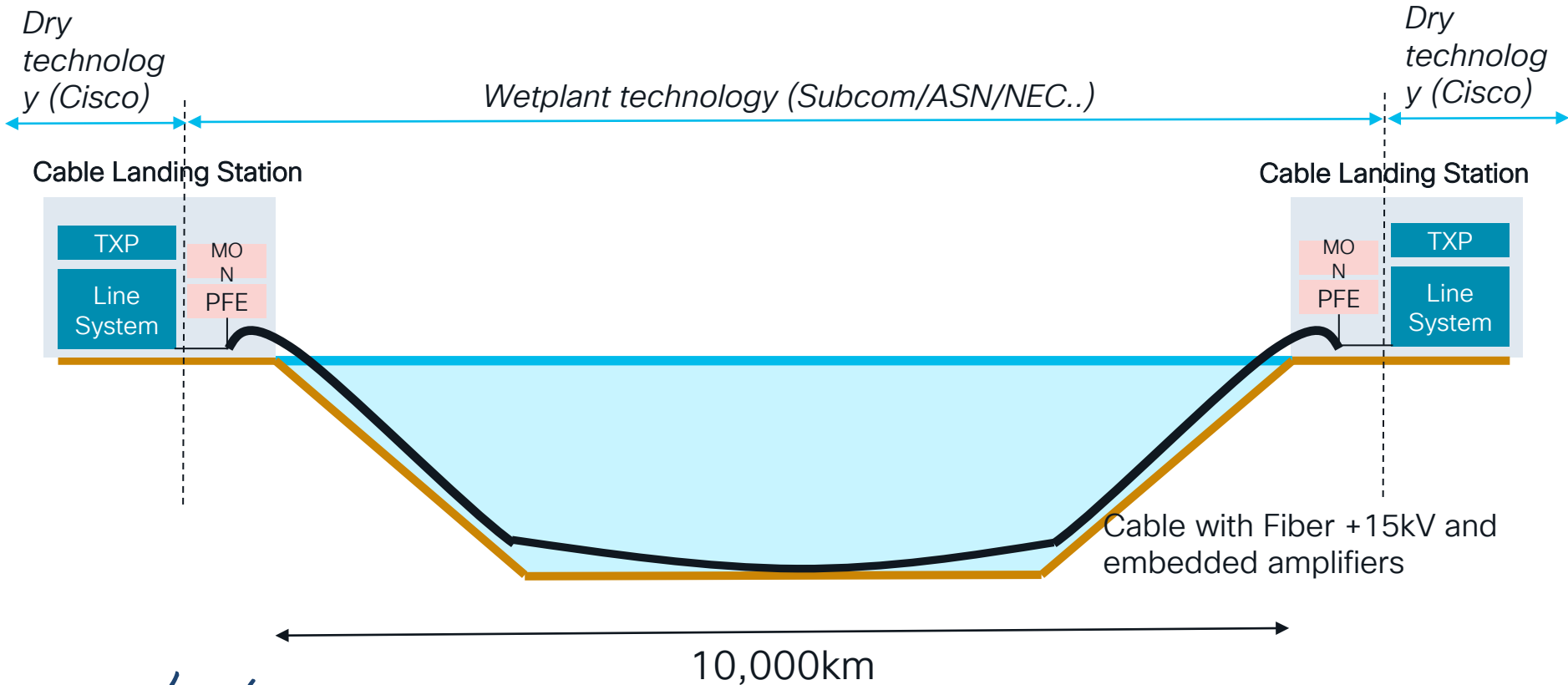


Subsea Optical Transmission



Cisco in Subsea/undersea?

*Subsea, undersea will be used interchangeably



How is Subsea different from Terrestrial?

- More expensive fiber – pure silica core, higher effective area fiber
 - Eg: EX3000 150micron, 0.16db/km
- EDFA amplifiers with symmetrically spacing and operated at Fixed Output Power
- Power management – Noise Loading to maintain Total Power in fiber and CW Idlers on older compensated Systems
- Newer Uncompensated cables are very similar to Terrestrial coherent networks

Where is Cisco in subsea today ?



Completed 6 Deployments

- 1x 10000km+ => 3.7+ b/s/Hz
- 1x 5000-10000km => 4.2+ b/s/Hz
- 4x 4000-5000km => 5.33+ b/s/Hz



Public Announcements

- MAREA
- INDIGO-WEST
- INDIGO-CENTRAL

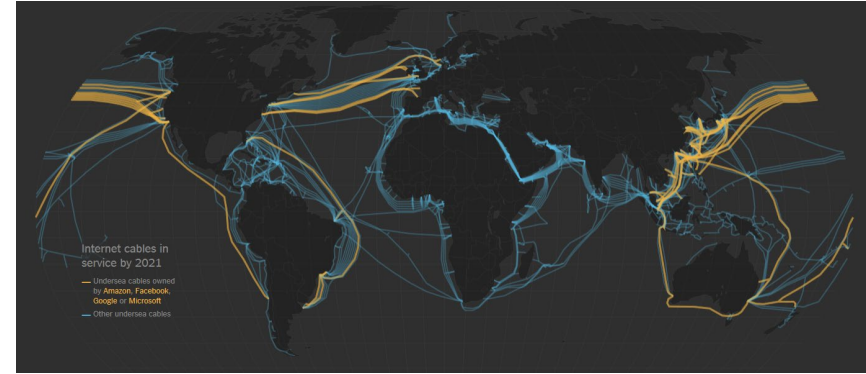
NCS 1004 Multi-Haul Transponder



- NCS 1004 shipping since April 2019
- Flexible baud-rate and constellations, NLEQ
- L-Band shipping, 400GE to ship in February 2021
- Deployed over 3rd party OLS + Open cable, over Cisco OLS

Subsea Market Trends

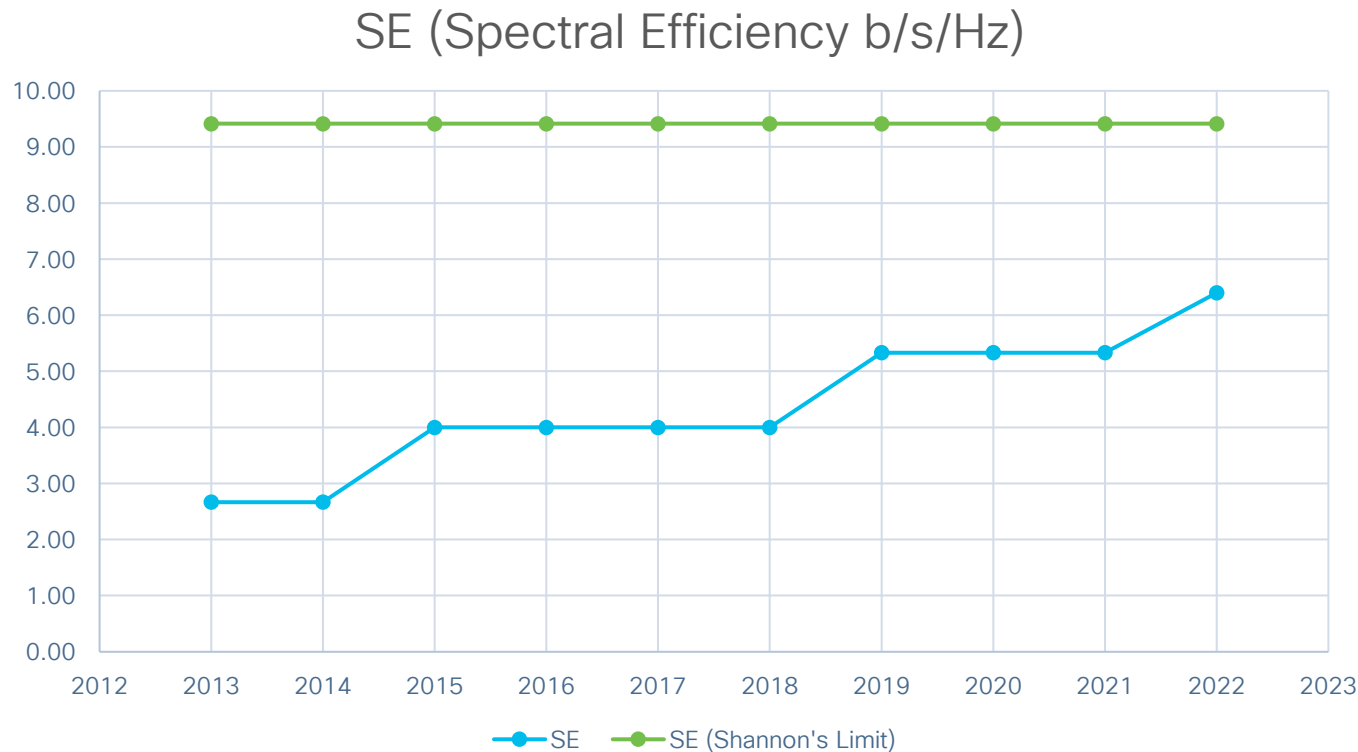
- Market driven by Web/OTT: deploying new cables to improve connectivity across the globe (50%+ of total capacity)
- Open cables from sub-com, NEC, ASN
- Space Division Multiplexing (SDM) starting to appear in Subsea
- New uncompensated cables driving unique value:
 - New Routes toward areas not sufficiently covered today
 - Low latency routes bypassing Europe through “Southern Routes”
 - Increased resiliency - 90% of Japan cables impacted by 2011 Tsunami as all terminated in the same area
- More Details on OTT Players and undersea [here](#)



Upgrading older cables from 2000

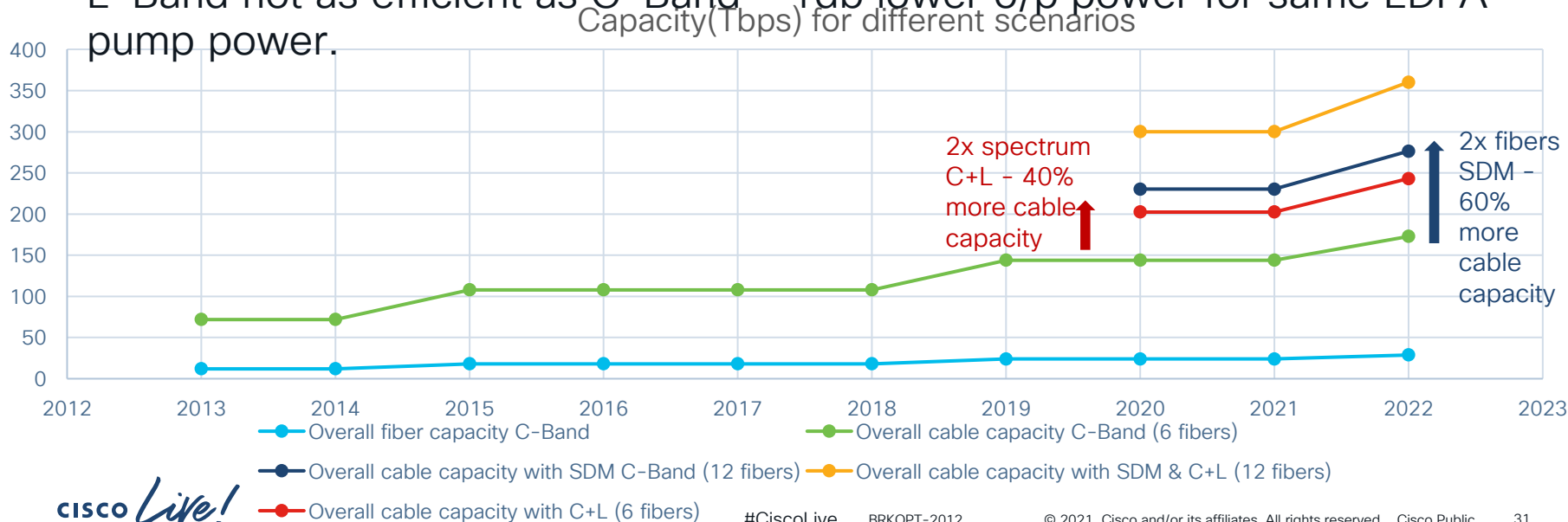
- Between 1997 and 2001, there were 97 subsea cable systems built.
- With a 25 year life approaching and high O&M costs, what is the path forward ?
 - Build new cables ? *More capacity, Better economics*
 - Lease capacity/spectrum ? *DC players driving lower costs*
 - Upgrade and extend life of cables ? *Strategic cable assets, Slower deployments due to regulatory and other issues.*

SE improvements for subsea – trans-Atlantic cable



SDM approach for trans-Atlantic cable

- Map same set of EDFA pumps to more fibers. Lower EDFA launch power and therefore, lower SNR ($OSNR = 58 + P_{in} - NF - 10 \times \log_{10} N$) but, lower impact to SE.
- $SE = 2 \times \log_2 (1 + SNR)$ so, 3dB lower SNR \rightarrow 20% lower SE
- L-Band not as efficient as C-Band – 1db lower o/p power for same EDFA pump power.



As we move the
network to
multi-haul,
how can we
make things
better?

Software



Present Mode of Operation



Planning Tool

Considers worst case transponder performance, optical component losses and aging, margins



BOM



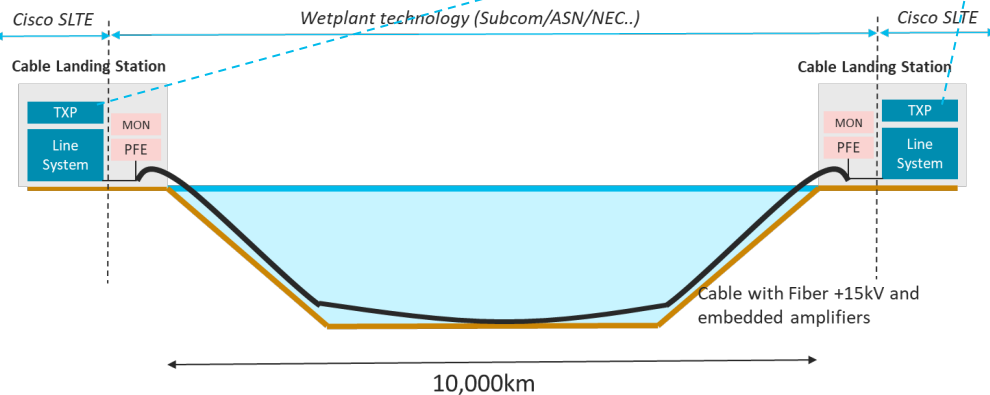
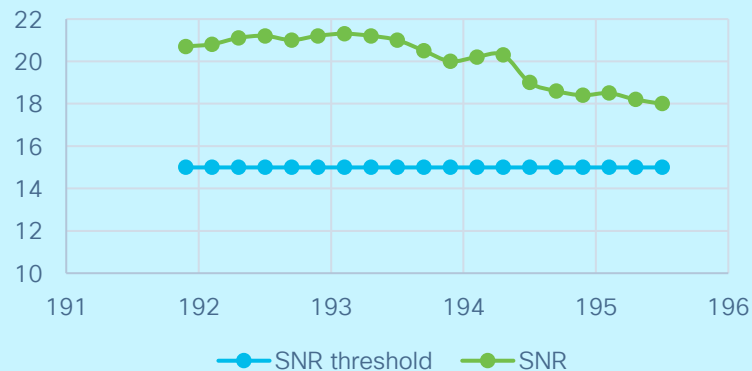
Installation parameters



Manual tuning to optimize this – can take days

Excess margin in the network

SNR vs frequency



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With Cisco Automated Subsea Tuning



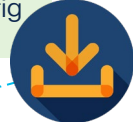
CAST

Considers real time performance to optimize network for maximum capacity.



Closed loop automation

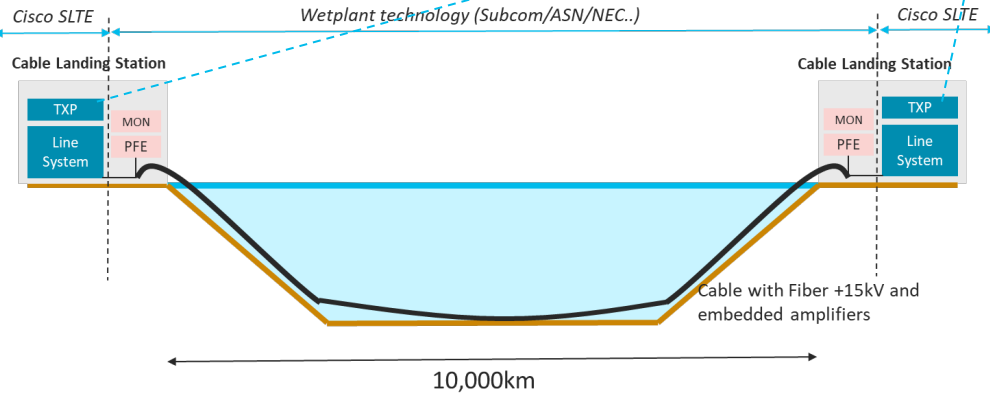
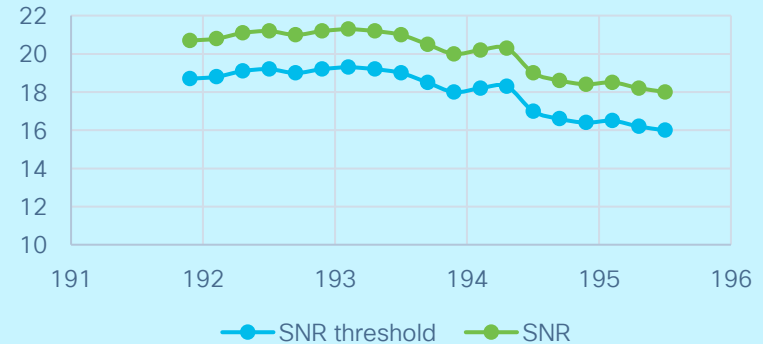
Modify config



Automated optimization completed in an hour

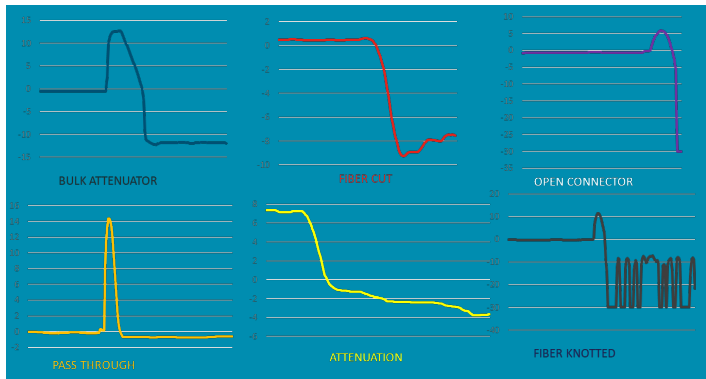
No Excess margin in the network

SNR vs frequency



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Using Machine Learning to do what a human expert can do?



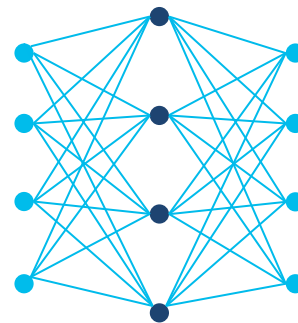
Reference OTDR trace data



Machine Learning

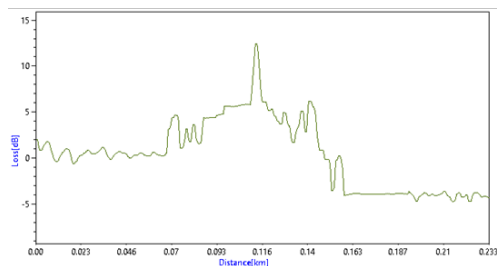


Train ML classifier
neural network to
identify Fiber Events

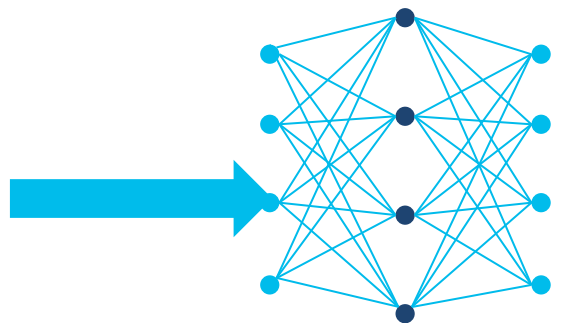


Neural Network

Using Machine Learning to do what a human expert can do?



Network OTDR trace data



“Trained”
Neural Network

*Event classified
as 55% fiber
pass through
and 45% knotted
fiber i.e.
combination of
two event types*
ML classifier neural
network identified fiber
event from OTDR data

Conclusion



DCI and Subsea Applications

- Innovation pace in DCI and Subsea is nothing but accelerating
- Simplification and Automation are key drivers for the Innovation in Optical and Networking in general
- Coherent Multi-Haul Transmission is driving major innovation across networks in LH Terrestrial and Submarine applications
- New QSFP-DD Coherent form factors are emerging for DCI applications



The bridge to possible

Thank you

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