



The bridge to possible

Future-ready Shopfloor Architecture and How You Can Get to It Step by Step

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BRKIOT-2544

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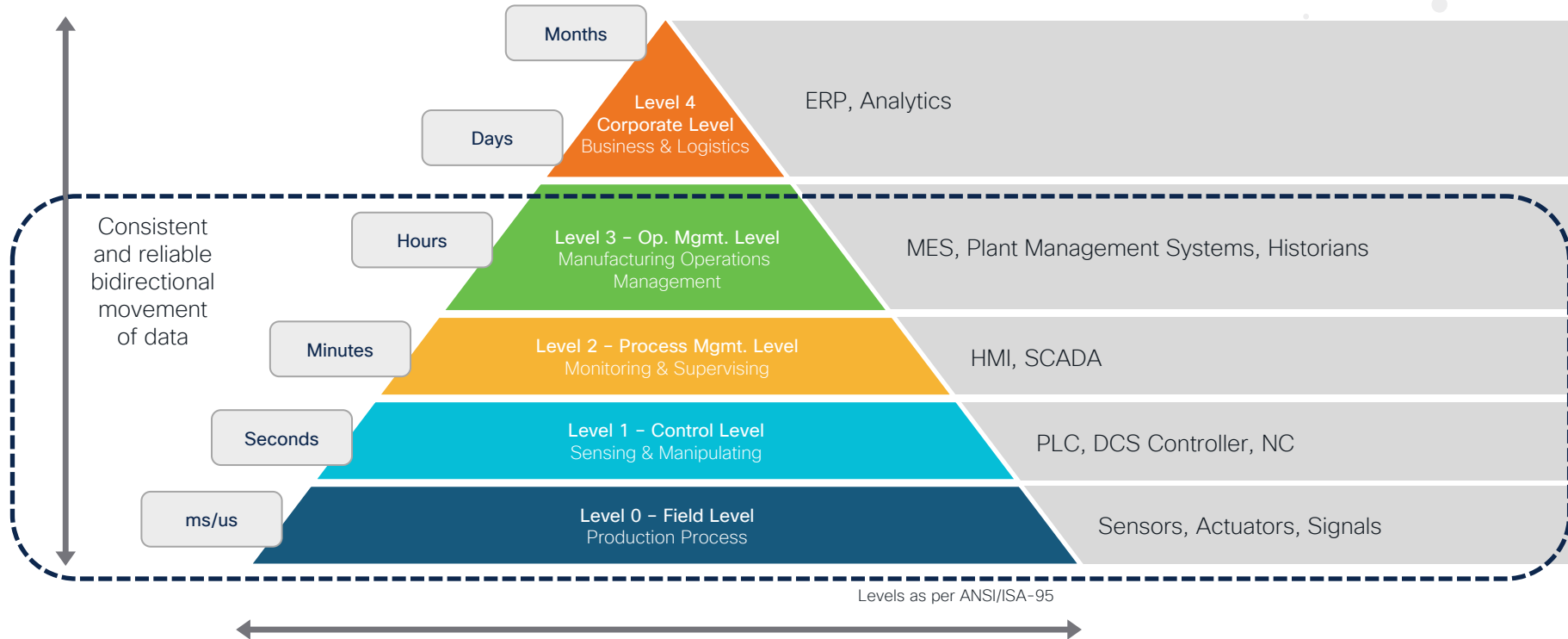
How

- 1 Find this session in the Cisco Live Mobile App
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Webex spaces will be moderated until February 24, 2023.



Scope of this Session





Agenda

1

Momentum

Why do you care?

2

Organization

Who's topic is it ?

3

Capabilities

What you need to plan for?

4

Time

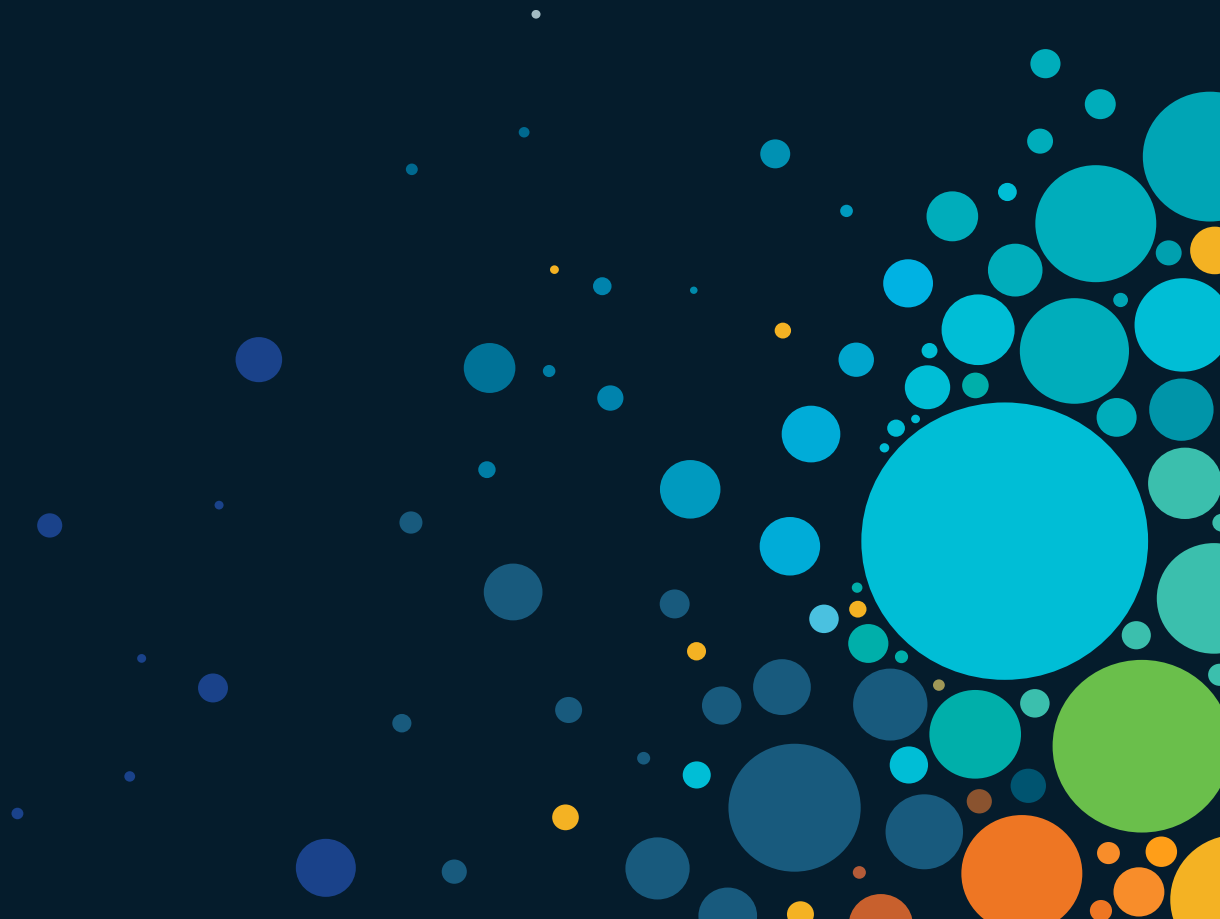
How to get started ?

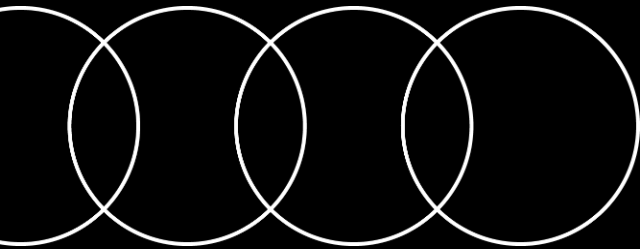
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Take Away

Summary

Momentum





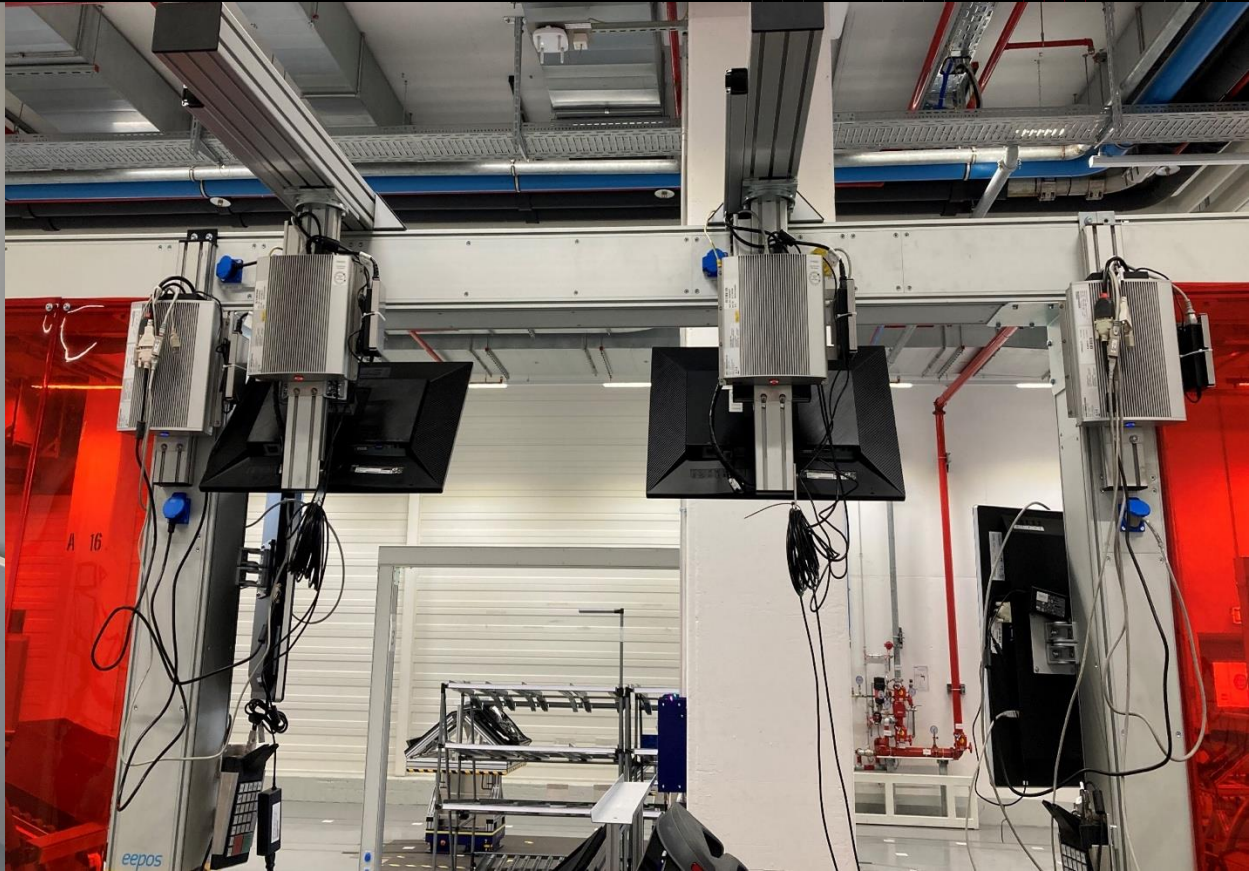
EC4P

Dr. Henning Löser

February 9th, 2023



Audi production today...



Many systems within our production

Torque Software

MES

Manufacturing Execution System

Diagnosis- and Quality Control System

PLC

Programmable Logic Controller

How we handle data

In the past

...at home



Music CD | Calendar | Camera | Calculator

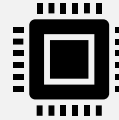


Smartphone with own cloud

...in the car



Control unit 1...n

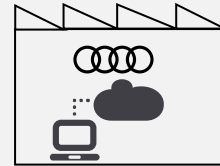


Central control unit

...in the production



Local computers 1...n | local PLCs 1...n



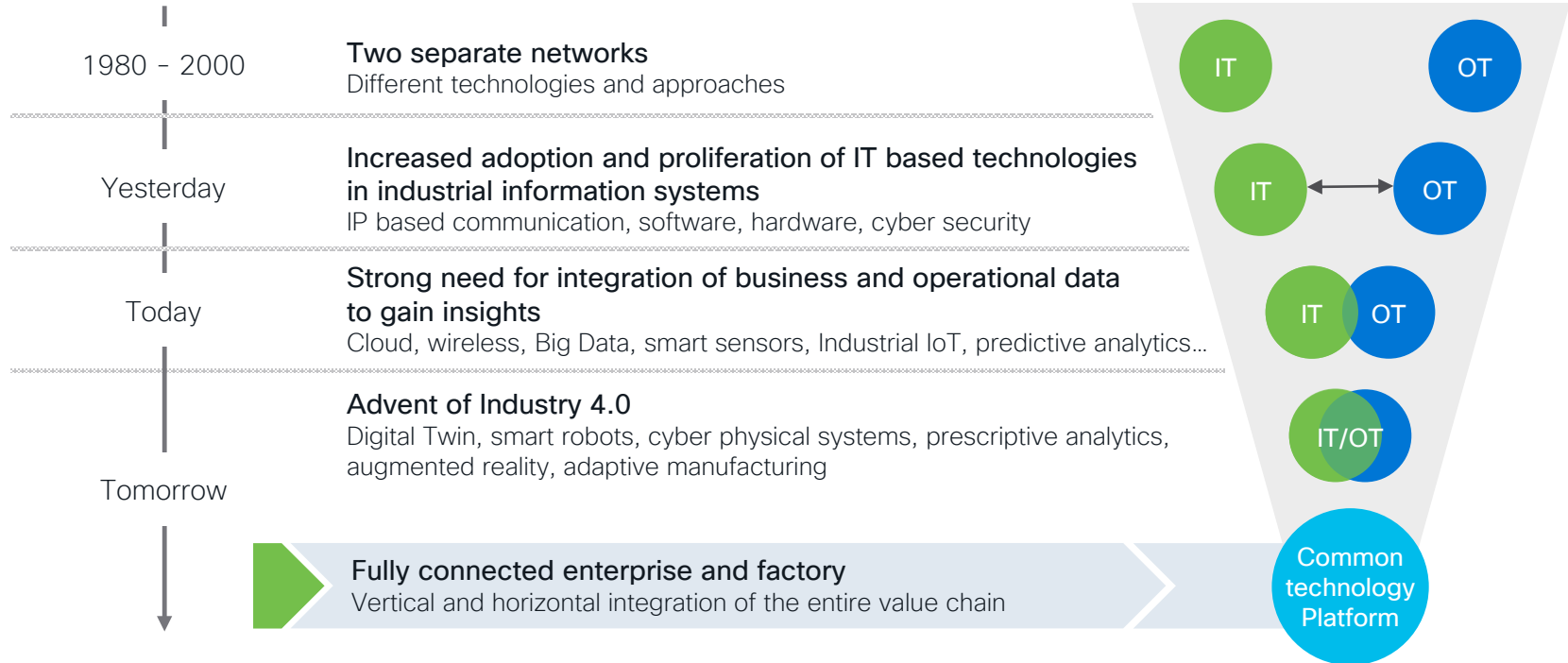
Edge Cloud 4 Production

Audi production tomorrow:
a smart factory not a maintenance nightmare



A continuous technology alignment

For almost two decades, IT and OT technologies have started to converge towards a common technology platform.

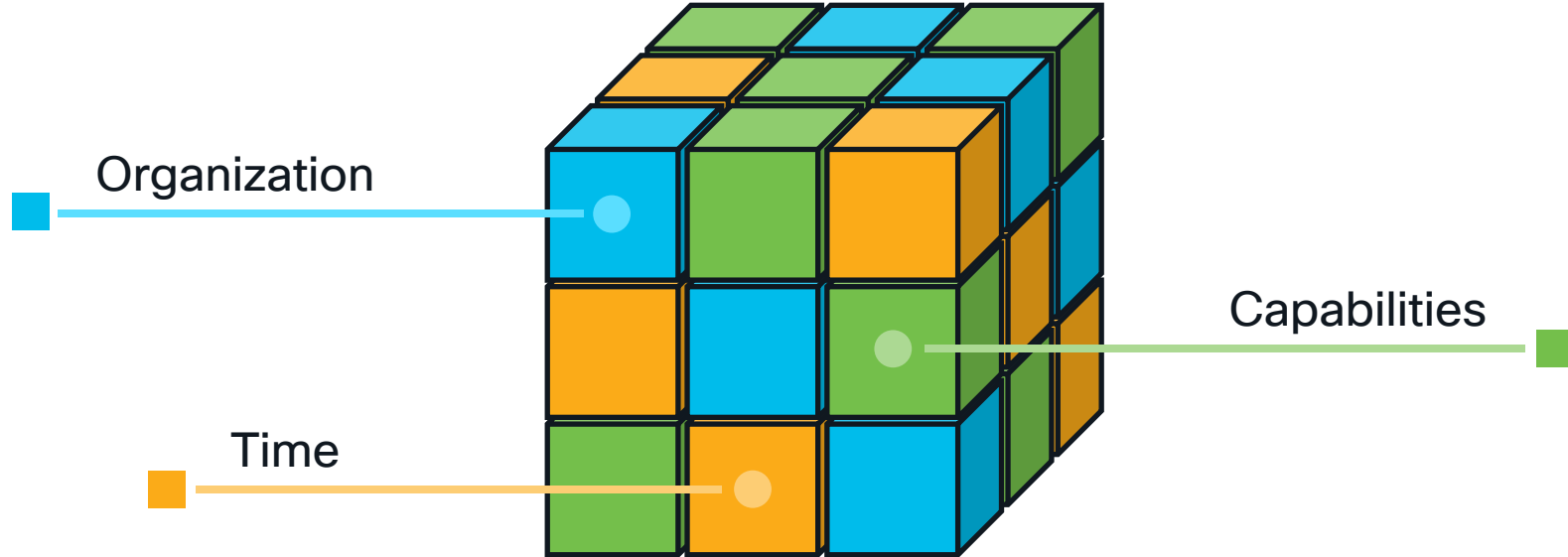


Reality check



Resolving this, needs more than just technology

Three key areas of focus



Organization

The human aspect

Common objectives and a healthy exchange will help to bridge the divide



IT

Believe that Operations don't know IT best practice

Often lack specific knowledge and experience with real-time, OT solutions/systems

Better understanding of global business vision as well as core technology skills (networks, operating systems, DBs, etc.)

But, CIO is typically accountable for cyber security and risk




OT

Believe that IT don't know practical Engineering & Operations

Support mission critical systems where availability and integrity are key

Understand how to support Operational workers in a 24x7 environment

And OT solutions and Infrastructure are becoming more like IT



Different culture, skills, know-how and risk drivers

IT/OT Convergence models



Organization



Processes



Technology

Unification model

- Standardized technology and business processes
- Centralized management and decision making for OT infrastructure
- IT providing infrastructure services and monitoring to OT

IT Infrastructure

Automation



Three-Tier Model

- Organization divides responsibility between traditional IT and automation organizations.
- Service-oriented IT and Production IT emerges
- Specialized centers of excellence for OT related topics

IT

Production IT

OT



Replication/Coordination model

- Shared processes among IT and OT
- Procedures involve cooperation between IT and OT
- Beginning of technical integration

IT

OT



Diversification model

- Roles and responsibilities for application, infrastructure and security are duplicated within IT & OT organization with little standardization & integration
- Separate procedures exist for IT and OT area
- Technically separated IT and OT environments

IT

OT



Operations Model

Finding the model, that supports every stakeholders needs

	IT	OT
Roles	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Plan, Build and Run of IT infrastructure like Network, Compute/Storage, Hyper-visors, Operating Systems, Infrastructure Services like DNS, DHCP and Active DirectoryOperate Network- and Systems Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Plan, build and run of Application related technology like PLCs, DCS, I/O, NC, Drives, HMIs, SCADA, Historians, MES, etc.Operate the production platform
Responsibilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Define supported standards, versions and configurationProvide Security Policies and PostureProvide Delegation-portals and monitoring-information to OTConfigure IT system components (initial, change)Install and maintain Hardware in the datacenter setting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Define application requirements and profilesMaintain Life-cycle related information within Security Policies (Assets, Groups of Assets)Install and maintain Hardware in the industrial setting (install new, replace faulty device, etc.)

This Example of an Operations Model is based on **Unification** IT/OT convergence approach

Capabilities



The 90's have called. They want their tech back.

Common Requirements

What do we need to plan for ?



More Bandwidth and Processing

Video, AGVs, Real-time sensing for Digital Twin's and Machine Vision drive increased need



Low Latency, Resilient Communications & Rich Data

Real-time control of machinery. Secure, context rich (time, location) data delivered to IoT apps



Cyber Security

Explosive growth in connected devices increases expansion of the threat surface



Simplified Scale

Deploy & manage more devices across more locations with the same resources

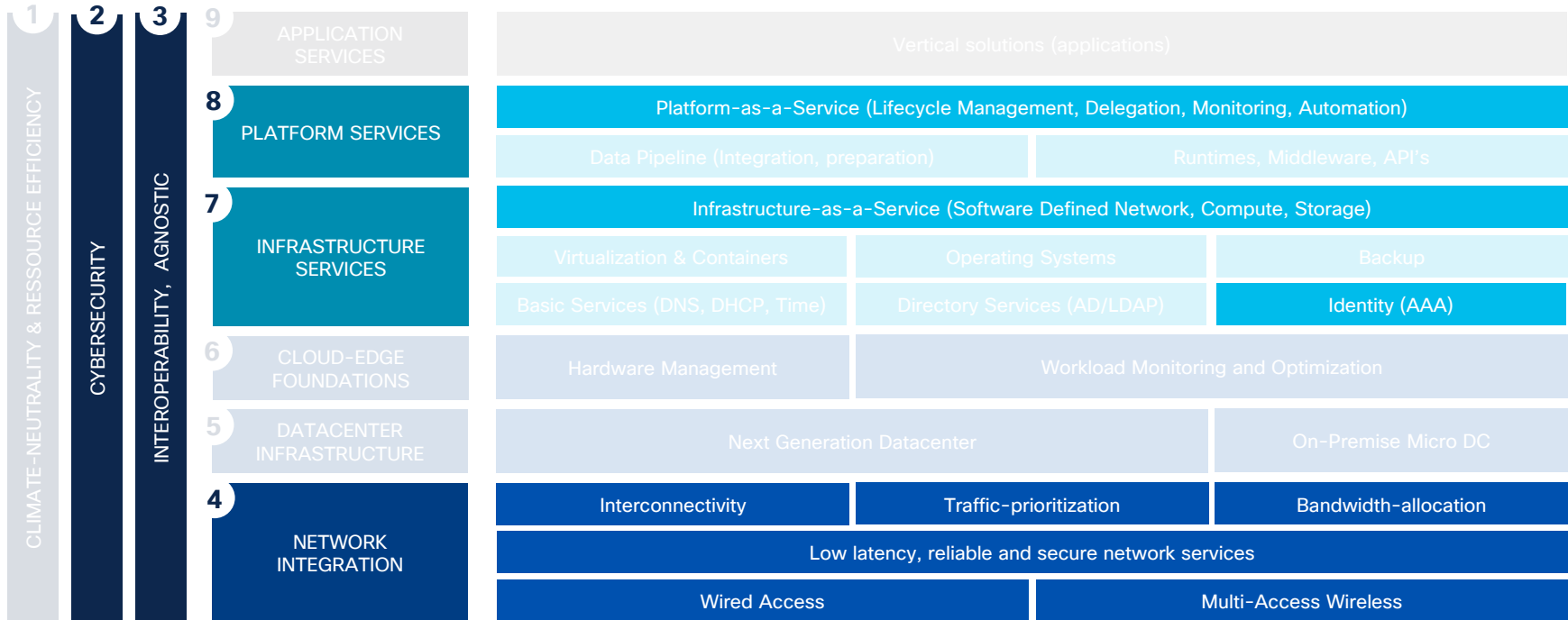


Edge Computing

Process and act on data faster when it is closer to its source. Maintain compliance. Save costs.




Technology Stack

How could a common technology platform look like ?



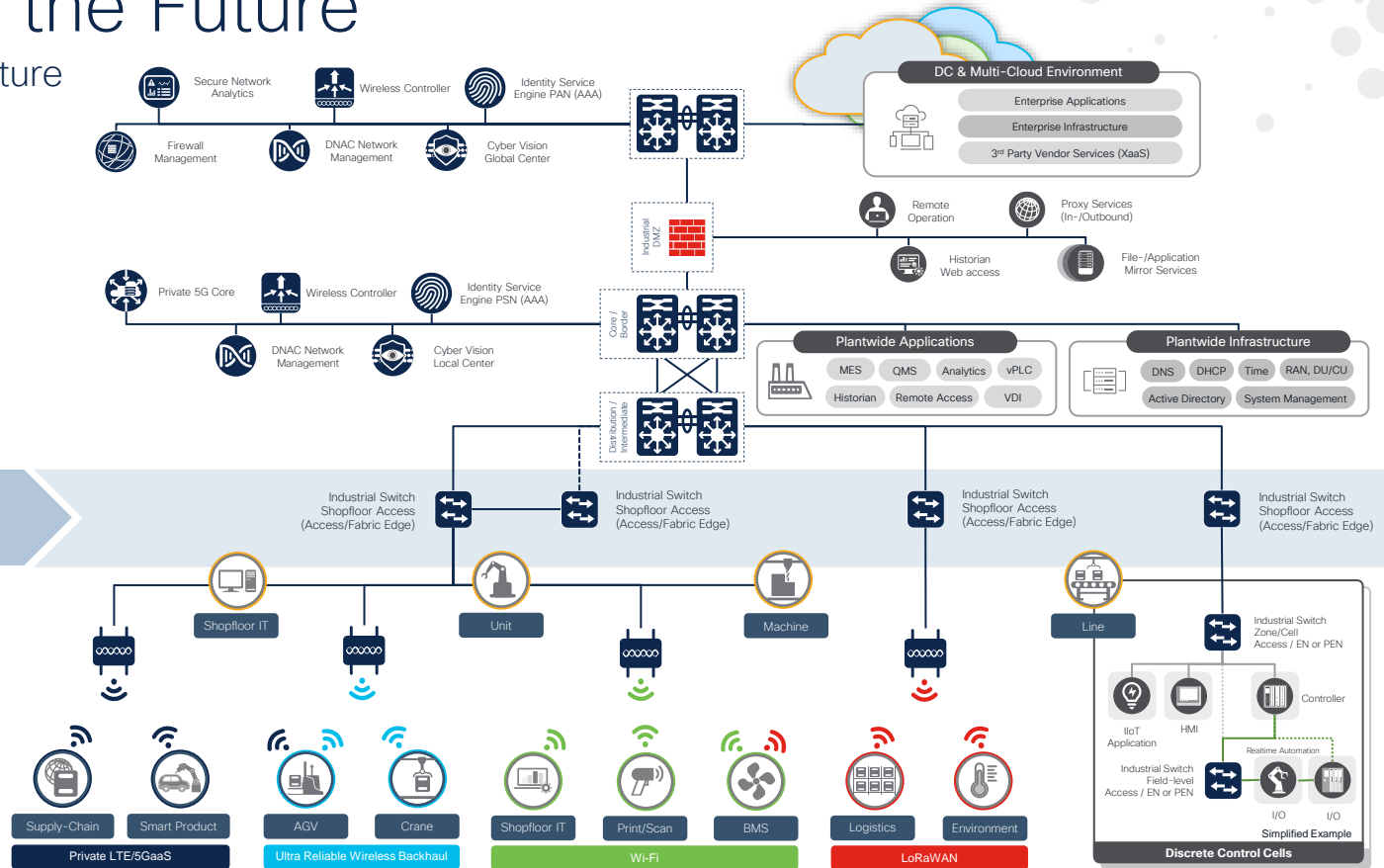
Value and use-cases for Manufacturing Operation

Take a business-centric focus to build the architecture

	 Flexible	 Secure	 Agnostic
Benefits	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Increased Efficiency in Setup and Change (Reduced Turnaround Time)▪ Reduced failure potential (Human Error)▪ Improved overall Time-to-fix	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Minimize risk for property, people and equipment damages▪ Reduce lost production and labor hours▪ Reach Compliance requirements	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Increased Efficiency in Operation▪ Availability of technology Experts (existing internal/external Know-how)▪ Lower OPEX Cost
Use-case	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Provision, deploy & manage network infrastructure on scale▪ Simplified and flexible changes▪ Automation of common Tasks	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Visibility into Assets and Communication Flow▪ Prevention of lateral Movement▪ Rapid Threat Containment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Harmonization of Standards▪ Global replication▪ Building Blocks to fit multiple site sizes
Capabilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Centralized seamless Management incl. Zero-touch Provisioning▪ Workflow Automation (Intent-based)▪ Integration into existing Processes and Tool-chain	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Insights through Network Traffic Analysis▪ Identity-based policy enforcement with Dynamic assignment (Central Control)▪ Macro-/Micro segmentation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Automation-vendor neutral Network architecture▪ One technology within a given domain

Factory of the Future

High-Level Architecture



Best practice & Design principles



Scoping

Best practice & Design principles

- Proper Requirements Engineering
- Industrial Automation Systems can become very complex in depth
- Profiling of Application(s) with the business helps to be clear on expectations and meet them
- Building a User Requirements Summary is suggested

Application Profile

Application Description ?
Automation Vendor ?
Product/Solution Name ?

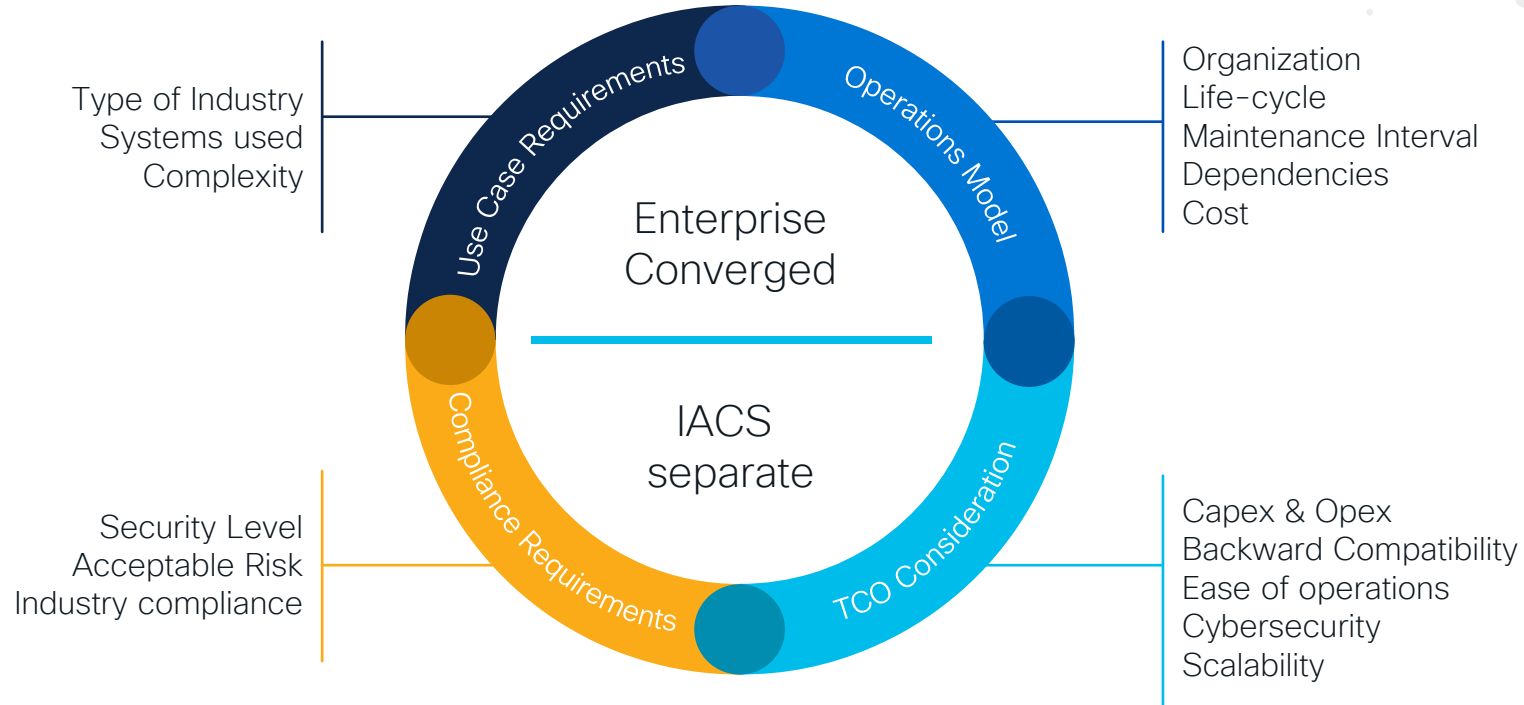
Safety-relevant ?
External SIS or Integrated ?

Technical requirements

Protocols been used ? (Include Controller and field-level)
Components and Communication ?
IP Schema ?
NAT been used (PAT/1:1 NAT/L2NAT ?
Cycle Times ?
Retry Timer (Safety) ?

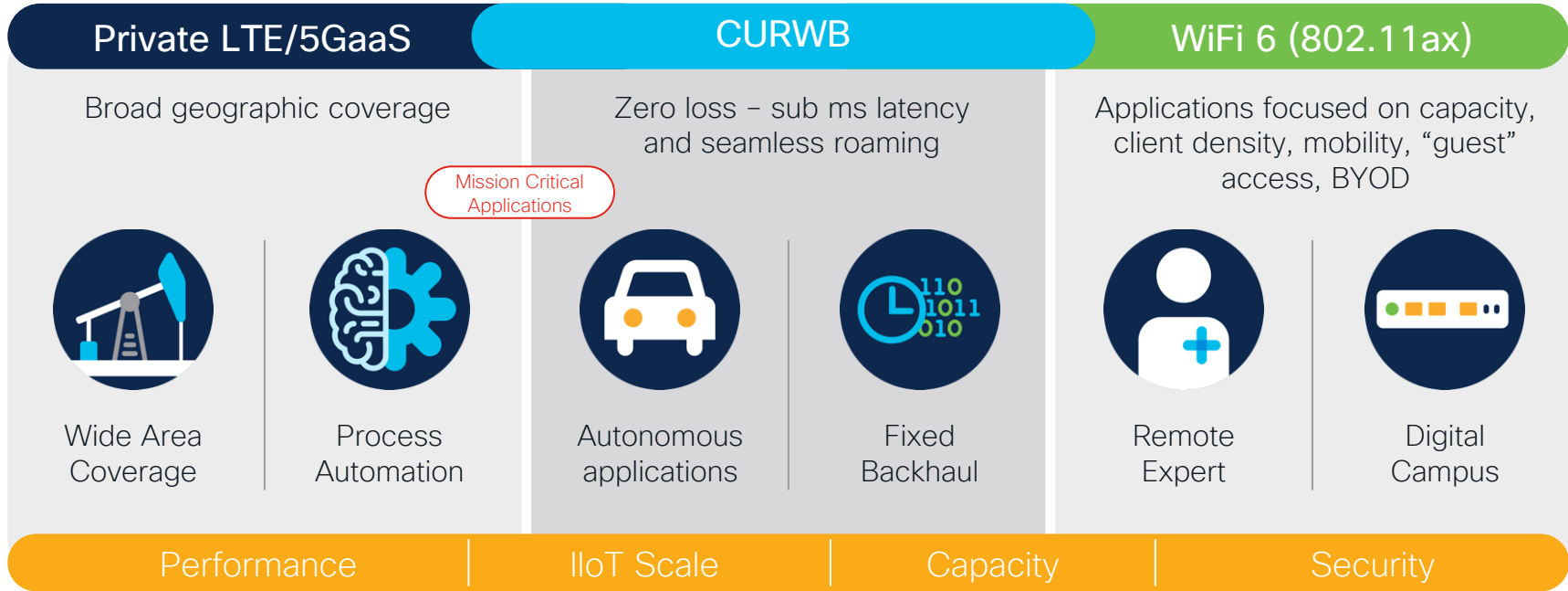
Type of Deployment

Best practice & Design principles



Wireless Access Technology

Best practice & Design principles



Hardware

Best practice & Design principles



Purpose-built for 'clean' environment

Density, bandwidth, PoE power-budget

Purpose-built for Industrial environment

Temperature, industrial standards, vibration, shock and surge, and electrical noise immunity

Ease-of-Use

SD-Card, Alarm I/O (Analog relays)

Industry specific Features and Functionality

PROFINET, Ethernet/IP, Modbus TCP, MRP, DLR, RP, HSR, L2NAT

Operating System (Cisco IOS XE)

Network Management (Cisco DNA Center)

Availability and Resiliency

Best practice & Design principles

Resiliency Protocol	Mixed Vendor	Ring	Redundant Star	Net Conv > 250 ms	Net Conv 50-100ms	Net Conv < 0-10 ms	Layer 3	Layer 2
STP (802.1D)	●	●	●					●
RSTP (802.1w)	●	●	●	●				●
MSTP (802.1s)	●	●	●	●				●
PVST+		●	●	●				●
REP/REP Fast		●			●			●
EtherChannel (LACP 802.3ad)	●		●		●			●
MRP (IEC 62439-2)	●	●		●	●			●
Flex Links			●		●			●
PRP/HSR (IEC 62439-3)	●	●	●			●		●
DLR	●	●				●		●
StackWise		●	●	●			●	
HSRP		●	●	●			●	
VRRP (IETF RFC 3768)	●	●	●	●			●	

Cyber Security Consideration

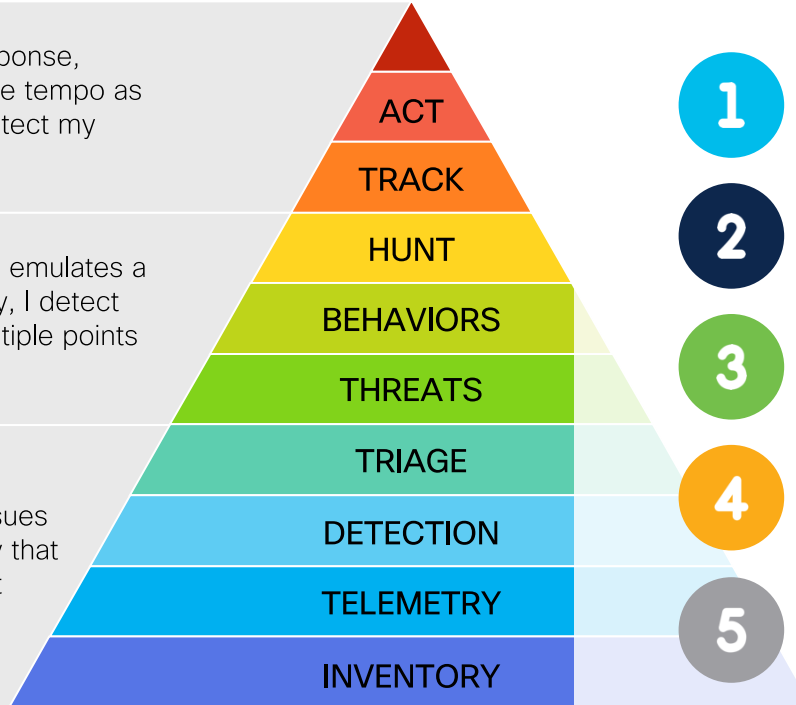
Best practice & Design principles

The incident response hierarchy of needs

“During incident response, I operate at the same tempo as the adversary to protect my business assets.”

“When my red team emulates a real-world adversary, I detect their intrusion at multiple points along the kill chain.”

“I detect hygiene issues and operator activity that does not follow best practices.”



1

Mitigate risk from Unpatchable systems, both IT and OT assets and these assets associated business risk to the Manufacturing operation.

2

Rapid Visibility of IACS System Threats, ensuring the Ability to Detect both IT and OT malware within the shopfloor environment.

3

Up-to-date complete Inventory of IACS system Assets with details per Asset

4

Protect Manufacturing Platform and Applications from Attack. Protect from both Known and Unknown Malware.

5

Limit Network Traffic and Network Path leveraged to get to Critical Manufacturing Systems.

Cyber Security Considerations

Best practice & Design principles

Discover	Segment	Detect	Respond
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Discover Devices (Assets) in the networkDiscover Communication between Assets	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Network SegmentationPerimeter SecurityAccess Control<ul style="list-style-type: none">AuthenticationAuthorizationAccounting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Detect Baseline Differences<ul style="list-style-type: none">Device (Asset) changesChanges in Communication between Assets (another Protocol)changed Communication behavior (Variables within Application)Anomaly Detection (Pattern based, IDS)Vulnerability Reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none">SIEM / SOC IntegrationPrevention & Remediation<ul style="list-style-type: none">Change of Authorization (CoA)IPS

Accepted Standards like IEC 62443 and NIST Framework driving the agenda.

Segmentation Strategies

Best practice & Design principles

- Use dynamic classification where possible (802.1x and MAB)
- Use static assignment where needed
- Private VLANs could be an intermediate but immediate step for simple use-cases
- Keep the policy simple but effective

Example TrustSec Matrix



	Infrastructure	Management Apps	Plantwide Apps	Cyber Vision	Zone	Interlock Zone	Super User	TrustSec Devices
Infrastructure	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Management Apps	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
Plantwide Apps	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	✗
Cyber Vision	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Zone	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Interlock Zone	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Super User	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
TrustSec Devices	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✓



**KEEP
CALM
AND
DON'T REINVENT
THE WHEEL**

Resources for your consumption

Best practice & Design principles



[Networking and Security in Industrial Automation Environments Design and Implementation Guide](#)

[Cisco DNA Center for Industrial Automation Design Guide](#)

BRKIOT-2720 - Connected Factory Architecture

[Industrial Security Design Guide](#)

BRKIOT-2882 - Implementing Segmentation in Industrial Networks



**End-End
Architecture**

CVDs start with the customer use cases and architecture from the edge device to the application, validating the key Cisco and 3rd party components



**Best
Practices**

Document best practices so you can confidently set performance expectations



Reliability

Reduce risk products won't work together or perform as promised



Comprehensive

Provide tested system designs and configuration instructions

Outlook



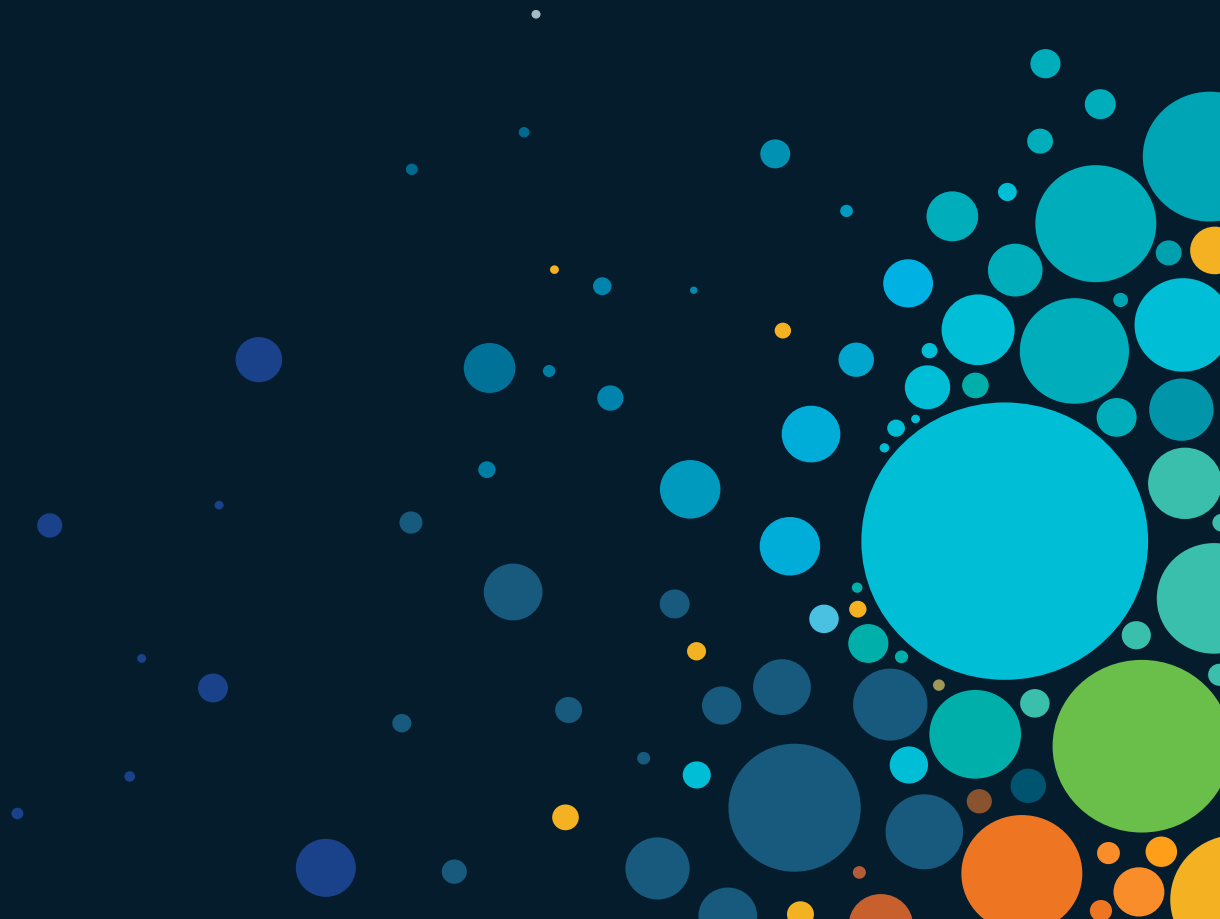
Technical Journey

Intent-based Networking

- Automation Use Cases
- Assurance Use Cases
- ISE Use Cases
- SDA Use Cases



Time



Bringing it to life



- Executive/Senior Leadership Sponsorship is a Must-have
- Change process needs time
- A release strategy can help
- Don't overengineer

Release Capabilities into Production

Minimum viable product (MVP) approach



Wrap up

Key Takeaways

- 1 **Team up with OT!**
- 2 **Scope properly**
- 3 **Use the existing Blueprints**
- 4 **Get started**

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Thank you

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ALL IN