四、与游戏世界交互

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- 2、编写一个简单的自定义 Component (选做)
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自定义游戏对象的属性

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四、与游戏世界交互

1、编写一个简单的鼠标打飞碟(Hit UFO)游戏

• 游戏内容要求:

- 1. 游戏有 n 个 round, 每个 round 都包括10 次 trial;
- 2. 每个 trial 的飞碟的色彩、大小、发射位置、速度、角度、同时出现的个数都可能不同。它们由该 round 的 ruler 控制;
- 3. 每个 trial 的飞碟有随机性,总体难度随 round 上升;
- 4. 鼠标点中得分,得分规则按色彩、大小、速度不同计算,规则可自由设定。

• 游戏的要求:

- 使用带缓存的工厂模式管理不同飞碟的生产与回收,该工厂必须是场景单实例的!具体实现见参考资源 Singleton 模板类
- o 近可能使用前面 MVC 结构实现人机交互与游戏模型分离

如果你的使用工厂有疑问,参考: 弹药和敌人: 减少, 重用和再利用

2、编写一个简单的自定义 Component (选做)

• 用自定义组件定义几种飞碟, 做成预制

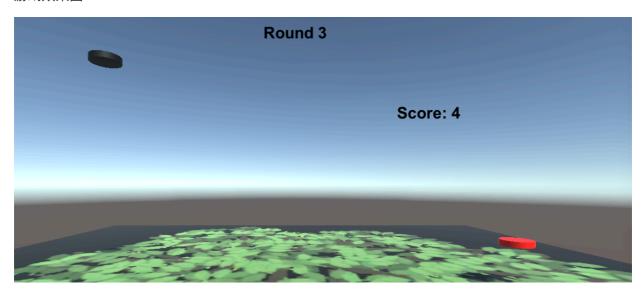
- 参考官方脚本手册 https://docs.unity3d.com/ScriptReference/Editor.html
- o 实现自定义组件,编辑并赋予飞碟一些属性

如果你想了解跟多自定义插件或编辑器的话题,请参考: <u>Unity3d自定义一个编辑器组件/插件的简易</u> 教程

参考博客: https://blog.csdn.net/x2_yt/article/details/66969242

以及课件中的基本框架

游戏效果图:



游戏规则:

- 1. 共有3个回合,每个回合随机抛出10个飞碟,未击中飞碟不会扣分。
- 2. 难度每回合递增, 击中黄色+1, 击中红色+2, 击中黑色+4。

3、知识准备:

(1) 游戏对象的创建

- new GameObject();
- new GameObject(string name);
- new GameObject(string name, params Type[] components);
- GameObject CreatePrimitive(PrimitiveType type); //创建基础类型游戏对象
- Instantiate (brick, new Vector3(x, y, 0), Quaterni on.identity); //从已知对象或预制克隆(主要方法)

(2) 游戏对象的销毁

- Object.Destroy(Object obj, float t = 0.0F); //对象销毁
 如果是组件对象,则从游戏对象中立即摘除;
 如果是游戏对象,则不会在update期间立即销毁,通常在 render 前销毁它的部件以及所有子对象;
- Object. DestroyImmediate; //立即销毁
 Unity 建议不要立即销毁,这可能导致离散引擎并发的行为之间依赖关系产生不可预知错误;

(3) 自定义的游戏对象属性

创新游戏对象"子类"

- Unity 不建议用户继承 GameObject
- 通过改游戏对象添加行为,作为内部数据存储

检测一个对象是否拥有数据属性

GetComponent()

自定义游戏对象的属性

类似自定义组件

创建一个脚本 DiskData:MonoBehaiver

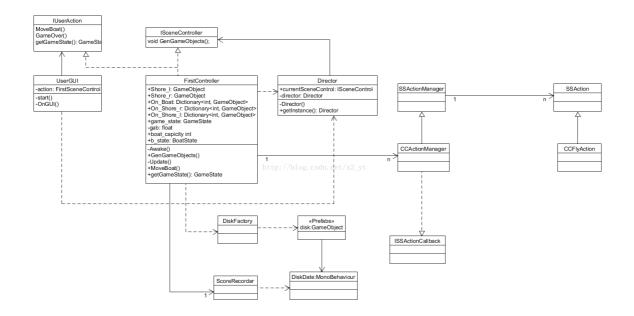
添加公共属性与方法,删除 start 和 update 方法

挂载到一个 Disk 的游戏对象(圆柱)

制作成预制, 即可添加飞碟的属性

```
//DiskData.cs
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;

public class DiskData : MonoBehaviour {
    public Vector3 direction;
    public Vector3 size;
    public Color color;
    public float speed;
}
```



道具缓存工厂模式的好处

- 游戏对象的创建与销毁高成本,必须减少销毁次数。如:游戏中子弹
- 屏蔽创建与销毁的业务逻辑,使程序易于扩展
- 通过场景单实例、构建了方便可取获取DISK的类;
- 包装了复杂的Disk生产与回收逻辑,易于使用;
- 它包含Disk产生规则(控制每个round的难度),可以积 极应对未来游戏规则的变化,减少维护成本

```
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class DiskFactory : MonoBehaviour{
    public GameObject diskObj; //保存飞碟游戏对象
    private List<DiskData> used = new List<DiskData>(); //用来保存正在使用的飞碟
    private List<DiskData> free = new List<DiskData>(); //用来保存未使用的飞碟
    private void Awake()
    {
        //实例化预制
        diskObj =Instantiate(Resources.Load<GameObject>("Prefabs/Disk"),
Vector3.zero, Quaternion.identity) as GameObject;
        diskObj.SetActive(false);
    }
    //判断free有没有空余飞碟,有则使用,无则生成
    //然后进行
```

```
public GameObject GetDisk(int round)
        GameObject new disk = null;
        if (free.Count > 0)
            new_disk = free[0].gameObject;
            free.Remove(free[0]);
        }
        else
        {
            new_disk = Instantiate<GameObject>(diskObj, new Vector3(2,-4,0),
Quaternion.identity);
            new_disk.AddComponent<DiskData>();
        }
        /**
        * 以下几句代码是用来随机生成飞碟的颜色的,并根据回合数来限制飞碟可用的颜色
        * 第一回合智能生成黄色的飞碟,第二回合飞碟可以有黄色和红色,第三回合黄,红
        * 黑三种颜色的飞碟都可以出现,
        */
       //frequency表示每round出现飞碟的频率
       int frequency = 0;
        if (round == 1) frequency = 100;
        if (round == 2) frequency = 250;
        //随机生成飞碟的颜色
        int selectedColor = Random.Range(frequency, round * 499);
        if (selectedColor > 500) //250-998
            round = 2;
        else if (selectedColor > 300) //100-499
            round = 1;
        else
            round = 0;
       //根据回合数来生成相应的飞碟
        switch (round){
            case 0:
                {
                    new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().color = Color.yellow;
                    new disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().speed = 8.0f;
                    float RanX = UnityEngine.Random.Range(-1f, 1f) < 0 ? -0.5f :</pre>
0.5f;
                    new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().direction = new
Vector3(RanX, 1, 0);
```

```
new disk.GetComponent<Renderer>().material.color =
Color.yellow;
                      break;
                  }
             case 1:
                  {
                      new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().color = Color.red;
                      new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().speed = 9.0f;
                      float RanX = UnityEngine.Random.Range(-1f, 1f) < 0 ? -0.7f :</pre>
0.7f;
                      new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().direction = new
Vector3(RanX, 1, 0);
                      new_disk.GetComponent<Renderer>().material.color =
Color.red;
                      break;
                  }
             case 2:
                  {
                      new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().color = Color.black;
                      new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().speed = 10.0f;
                      float RanX = UnityEngine.Random.Range(-1f, 1f) < 0 ?-0.9f :</pre>
0.9f;
                      new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().direction = new
Vector3(RanX, 1, 0);
                      new_disk.GetComponent<Renderer>().material.color =
Color.black;
                      break;
                  }
         }
         used.Add(new_disk.GetComponent<DiskData>());
         new_disk.SetActive(true);
         new_disk.name = new_disk.GetInstanceID().ToString();
         return new_disk;
    }
    public void FreeDisk(GameObject disk)
    {
         DiskData tmp = null;
         foreach (DiskData i in used)
             if (disk.GetInstanceID() == i.gameObject.GetInstanceID())
             {
                  tmp = i;
             }
         }
         if (tmp != null) {
```

```
tmp.gameObject.SetActive(false);
    free.Add(tmp);
    used.Remove(tmp);
}
```

场景单例模式

```
//Singleon.cs
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class Singleton<T> where T : MonoBehaviour
{
    private static T instance;
    public static T Instance {
        get {
             if (instance == null) {
                 instance = (T)Object.FindObjectOfType(typeof(T));
                 if (instance == null) {
                      Debug.LogError("Can't find instance of " + typeof(T));
                 }
             return instance;
        }
    }
}
```

添加积分管理器

```
//ScoreRecorder.cs
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class ScoreRecorder : MonoBehaviour {
    public int score;
    //不同颜色得分不同
    private Dictionary<Color, int> scoreTable = new Dictionary<Color, int>();
    void Start () {
        score = 0;
        scoreTable.Add(Color.yellow, 1);
        scoreTable.Add(Color.red, 2);
        scoreTable.Add(Color.black, 4);
    }
    public void Record(GameObject disk) {
         score += scoreTable[disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().color];
    }
    public void Reset() {
        score = 0;
    }
}
```

场记的管理器增加

其他类似动作分离版的框架,在场记中添加动作管理器和积分管理器。

场记负责实现UserAction接口,以及资源实例化。

添加GameState枚举类型记录游戏状态。

```
//FirstController.cs
using System;
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;

public enum GameState { ROUND_START, ROUND_FINISH, RUNNING, END, START};

public class FirstController : MonoBehaviour, ISceneController, UserAction {

public SceneActionManager actionManager { get; set; } //动作管理器
```

```
public ScoreRecorder scoreRecorder { get; set; } //积分管理器
    public Queue<GameObject> diskQueue = new Queue<GameObject>(); //每回合抛出的飞
碟
    private int disk_number; //抛出的飞碟总数
    private int currentRound = -1; //当前回合
    public int round = 3; //回合总数
    private float time = 0; //抛出时间间隔
    private GameState gameState = GameState.START; //当前游戏状态
    void Awake () {
        SSDirector director = SSDirector.getInstance();
        director.currentSceneController = this;
        disk number = 10;
        this.gameObject.AddComponent<ScoreRecorder>();
        this.gameObject.AddComponent<DiskFactory>();
        scoreRecorder = Singleton<ScoreRecorder>.Instance;
        director.currentSceneController.LoadResources();
    }
    private void Update() {
        //每回合结束
        if (actionManager.diskNumber == 0 && gameState == GameState.RUNNING) {
            if (currentRound == 2)
                gameState = GameState.END;
            else
                gameState = GameState.ROUND FINISH;
            diskQueue.Clear ();
        }
        //每回合开始
        if (actionManager.diskNumber == 0 && gameState == GameState.ROUND_START)
{
            currentRound = (currentRound + 1) % round; //0,1,2
            NextRound();
            actionManager.diskNumber = disk_number;
            gameState = GameState.RUNNING;
        }
        //设置每次时间间隔为1s
        if (time > 0.5) {
```

```
ThrowDisk();
             time = 0;
        }
        else
             time += Time.deltaTime;
    }
    //从工厂加载disk_number个飞碟,并入队
    private void NextRound() {
        DiskFactory df = Singleton<DiskFactory>.Instance;
        for (int i = 0; i < disk_number; i++) {</pre>
             diskQueue.Enqueue(df.GetDisk(currentRound));
//
        actionManager.Fly(diskQueue);
    }
    //每隔0.5s抛出一个飞碟
    void ThrowDisk() {
        if (diskQueue.Count != 0) {
             GameObject disk = diskQueue.Dequeue();
             //飞碟出现的位置
             Vector3 position = new Vector3(0, 0, 0);
             float y = UnityEngine.Random.Range(0f, 2f);
             position = new Vector3(-disk.GetComponent<DiskData>().direction.x *
7, y, 0);
             disk.transform.position = position;
             actionManager.Fly(disk); //抛出飞碟
             disk.SetActive(true);
        }
    }
    //击中飞碟
    public void hit(Vector3 pos) {
        Ray ray = Camera.main.ScreenPointToRay(pos);
        RaycastHit[] hits;
        hits = Physics.RaycastAll(ray);
        for (int i = 0; i < hits.Length; i++)</pre>
             RaycastHit hit = hits[i];
             if (hit.collider.gameObject.GetComponent<DiskData>() != null)
             {
                 scoreRecorder.Record(hit.collider.gameObject);
```

```
//飞碟被击中, 使其落地, 然后被回收
                 hit.collider.gameObject.transform.position = new Vector3(0, -4,
0);
            }
        }
    }
    private void OnGUI(){
        if (gameState == GameState.END) {
             GameOver ();
        }
    }
    public void LoadResources() {
        Instantiate(Resources.Load<GameObject>("Prefabs/Ground"));
    }
    public void GameOver() {
        GUIStyle button style = new GUIStyle {
             fontSize=30,
             fontStyle=FontStyle.Bold
        };
        button_style.normal.textColor = Color.red;
        GUIStyle score_style = new GUIStyle {
             fontSize=30,
             fontStyle=FontStyle.Bold
        };
        GUI.Label(new Rect(Screen.width / 2 -50, Screen.height / 2 - 200, 100,
50), "GAMEOVER", button_style);
        GUI.Label(new Rect(Screen.width / 2 + 200, Screen.height / 2-150 , 100,
50), "Your final Score: "+this.GetScore().ToString(),score_style);
    }
    public int GetScore() {
        return scoreRecorder.score;
    }
    public GameState getGameState() {
        return gameState;
    }
    public int getGameRound() {
        return currentRound+1;
```

```
public void setGameState(GameState gs) {
    gameState = gs;
}
```

飞碟的简单动作

根据水平速度和重力加速度分别改变水平和竖直位置。

```
//CCMoveToAction.cs
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class CCMoveToActions : SSAction {
    float gravity; //重力加速度
    float horizonSpeed; //水平速度
    Vector3 direction; //初始飞行方向
    float time; //飞行时间
    //重写基类
    public override void Start () {
        enable = true;
        gravity = 9.8f;
        time = 0;
        horizonSpeed = gameobject.GetComponent<DiskData>().speed;
        direction = gameobject.GetComponent<DiskData>().direction;
    }
    public override void Update () {
        if (gameobject.activeSelf)
            time += Time.deltaTime;
            transform.Translate(Vector3.down * gravity * time * Time.deltaTime);
//竖直位移
            transform.Translate(direction * horizonSpeed * Time.deltaTime); //水
平位移
            if (this.transform.position.y < -5) //落地并回收
```

```
{
    this.destory = true;
    this.enable = false;
    this.callback.SSActionEvent(this);
}

public static CCMoveToActions GetSSAction()
{
    CCMoveToActions action = ScriptableObject.CreateInstance<CCMoveToActions>
();
    return action;
}
```

飞碟动作的管理器

注意这回实现回调函数。

```
//SceneActionManager.cs
using System;
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class SceneActionManager : SSActionManager, ISSActionCallback {
    public FirstController sceneController;
    public List<CCMoveToActions> actions;
    public int diskNumber = 0;
    private List<SSAction> used = new List<SSAction>(); //used是用来保存正在使用的
动作
    private List<SSAction> free = new List<SSAction>(); //free是用来保存未使用的动
作
    //飞碟动作的缓存工厂模式
    SSAction GetSSAction() {
        SSAction action = null;
        if (free.Count > 0)
        {
            action = free[0];
            free.Remove(free[0]);
        }
        else
```

```
action = ScriptableObject.Instantiate<CCMoveToActions>(actions[0]);
        used.Add(action);
        return action;
    }
    public void FreeSSAction(SSAction action){
        SSAction tmp = null;
        foreach (SSAction i in used) {
            if (action.GetInstanceID() == i.GetInstanceID())
                tmp = i;
        }
        if (tmp != null) {
            tmp.reset();
            free.Add(tmp);
            used.Remove(tmp);
       }
    }
    //场记的动作管理器为此场景
    protected new void Start() {
        sceneController = (FirstController)SSDirector.getInstance
().currentSceneController;
        sceneController.actionManager = this;
        actions.Add(CCMoveToActions.GetSSAction());
    }
    //执行完每次飞碟动作执行的回调函数
    //即飞碟落地后执行飞碟工厂的回收
    public new void SSActionEvent(SSAction source){
        if (source is CCMoveToActions) {
            diskNumber--;
            DiskFactory df = Singleton<DiskFactory>.Instance;
            df.FreeDisk(source.gameobject);
            FreeSSAction(source);
        }
    }
    //抛出一系列飞碟, 执行简单动作
    public void Fly(GameObject disk){
        RunAction(disk, GetSSAction(), (ISSActionCallback)this);
    }
}
```

UserGUI

```
//UserGUI.cs
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class UserGUI : MonoBehaviour
    //与之前一样,UserAction代表用户的动作
    //接口在Interface中,实现在场记里
    private UserAction action;
    bool isStart = false;
    void Start () {
        action = SSDirector.getInstance().currentSceneController as UserAction;
    }
    private void OnGUI()
    {
        GUIStyle score_style = new GUIStyle {
            fontSize=30,
            fontStyle=FontStyle.Bold
        };
        GUIStyle text_style = new GUIStyle {
            fontSize=30,
            fontStyle=FontStyle.Bold
        };
//
        GUIStyle button_style = new GUIStyle {
//
            fontSize=30
//
        };
//
        //鼠标左键点击
        if (Input.GetButtonDown("Fire1")) {
            Vector3 pos = Input.mousePosition;
            action.hit(pos);
        }
        if (isStart && action.getGameState () == GameState.RUNNING)
             GUI.Button (new Rect (Screen.width / 2 - 50, Screen.height / 2 - 300,
100, 50), "Round " + action.getGameRound (), text_style);
        if(action.getGameState()!=GameState.END)
             GUI.Label(new Rect(Screen.width / 2 + 200, Screen.height / 2-150 ,
100, 50), "Score: "+action.GetScore().ToString(),score_style);
```

```
if (!isStart && GUI.Button(new Rect(Screen.width / 2 -50, Screen.height /
2 - 300, 100, 50), "Start")) {
    isStart = true;
    action.setGameState(GameState.ROUND_START);
}

if (isStart && action.getGameState() == GameState.ROUND_FINISH &&
GUI.Button(new Rect(Screen.width / 2 -50, Screen.height / 2 -300, 100, 50), "Next
Round")) {
    action.setGameState(GameState.ROUND_START);
    }
}
}
```

```
//Interface.cs
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;

public interface ISceneController {
    void LoadResources ();
}

public interface UserAction {
    void hit(Vector3 pos);
    void GameOver();
    GameState getGameState();
    void setGameState(GameState gs);
    int GetScore();
    int getGameRound();
}
```