

# Pragati Engineering College



## Team:

- 25A31A4363 S.V.S.Mohith
- 25A31A4325 P.Bala Chandrika
- 25A31A4333 S.Pujitha
- 25A31A4365 Y.V.Ram Charan
- 25A31A4360 R.Prince Joel

# C Logic Suite: Puzzle & Logic Game System

## Project Description:

This project is a console-based C Logic Suite designed to challenge users with a variety of mathematical puzzles, number theory games, and logical challenges. Built using the C programming language, it features a persistent scoring system and interactive menu-driven gameplay.

The system serves as an educational tool for practicing basic algorithms like recursion (via iteration), number base conversion, pattern recognition, and string manipulation.

## Features:

- Dynamic Player Profiles: Register a player name and track scores throughout the session.
- 10 Unique Logic Puzzles: Includes Magic Numbers, Happy Numbers, Palindromes, and Math Quizzes.
- Real-time Scoring: Earn points for every correct answer or successful logic check.
- Data Analysis Tools: Features like Digit Frequency and Password Strength analysis.
- Pattern Generation: Automated generation of continuous number triangles.
- Input Validation: Robust handling of menu selections and user inputs.

## Technologies Used:

- C Programming Language
- Standard I/O (stdio.h)
- Time Library (time.h): Used for random number generation in quizzes.
- Conditional Logic: Extensive use of switch-case and if-else blocks.
- Loops: while and for loops for iterative mathematical calculations.
- Arrays: Used for binary conversion and grid visualization.

## How to Run the Project (All Operating Systems):

### Step 1: Open Terminal / Command Prompt

- Windows: Command Prompt or PowerShell
- macOS: Terminal
- Linux: Terminal

### Step 2: Navigate to the Project Folder

- `cd path_to_project_folder`  
Example:
- `cd Desktop/Logic_Games_Project`

### Step 3: Compile the Program

- `gcc logic_Games.c -o logic_Games`

### Step 4: Run the Program

- On macOS/Linux:  
`./logic_Games`
- On windows:  
`logic_Games`

## Files in the Project:

- `logic_suite.c` – Main source code containing all game logic and the menu system.
- `README.md` – Project documentation (this file).

## Notes:

- This project is designed as a foundational academic project for C programming.
- Randomization: The Math Quiz and Sequence Solver use `srand(time(0))` to ensure unique challenges every time you play.
- Scoring: Points are stored in memory (`int totalScore`) and will reset if the program is closed.



# Logic Suite: Game Explanations

## 1. Magic Number Check:

- ❖ The Logic: A number is "Magic" if the recursive sum of its digits eventually equals 1.
- ❖ The Process: For an input like 172, it calculates  $1+7+2 = 10$ , then  $1+0 = 1$ . Since the result is 1, it is a Magic Number.
- ❖ Points: +5

## 2. Palindrome Check:

- ❖ The Logic: A palindrome is a number that remains the same when its digits are reversed.
- ❖ The Process: The program uses a while loop to strip the last digit and rebuild the number in reverse. If `original == reversed`, you win.
- ❖ Points: +5

## 3. Digit Frequency:

- ❖ The Logic: Analyzes the distribution of digits within a large number.
- ❖ The Process: It uses an array of size 10 (indices 0-9). As it loops through the number, it increments the array value corresponding to each digit found.
- ❖ Points: Information Only (No points)

## 4. Mathematical Quiz:

- ❖ The Logic: Tests basic arithmetic speed and accuracy.
- ❖ The Process: Uses `rand() % 50` to generate two random integers. The user must provide the correct sum.
- ❖ Points: +10

## 5. Continuous Pattern:

- ❖ The Logic: Demonstrates nested loop control and formatting.
- ❖ The Process: A "Floyd's Triangle" style pattern where a counter starts at 1 and increments continuously across rows, creating a visual pyramid.
- ❖ Points: Visual Result Only

## 6. 15-Puzzle (Logic):

- ❖ The Logic: Simulates a sliding tile puzzle.
- ❖ The Process: Displays a 3 \times 3 grid where 0 represents an empty space. In this version, it tests the user's ability to identify which adjacent number should "slide" into the empty slot.
- ❖ Points: +2

## 7. Sequence Solver:

- ❖ The Logic: Tests pattern recognition and Arithmetic Progression (AP).
- ❖ The Process: Generates a sequence with a constant difference (d). It hides the third term ( $a + 2d$ ) and asks the user to calculate it based on the surrounding numbers.
- ❖ Points: +10

## 8. Decimal to Binary:

- ❖ The Logic: Number system conversion using the "Divide by 2" method.
- ❖ The Process: The program repeatedly divides the number by 2 and stores the remainders (0 or 1) in an array, then prints the array in reverse to show the binary string.
- ❖ Points: Information Only

## 9. Happy Number Check:

- ❖ The Logic: Based on number theory. A number is "Happy" if replacing it with the sum of the squares of its digits eventually leads to 1.
- ❖ The Process: If the sequence reaches 4, it enters a "Sad" cycle and will never reach 1. The program tracks the sum until it hits 1 (Happy) or 4 (Sad).
- ❖ Points: +5

## 10. Password Strength:

- ❖ The Logic: A basic security audit algorithm.
- ❖ The Process: It checks two criteria:
- ❖ Length: Is the string 8 characters or longer?
- ❖ Complexity: Does it contain at least one numerical digit?
- ❖ Points: Up to +2 (based on strength)

## The Final Code after Combining all the 10 codes:

```
int choice;

int n, i, j, k; #include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

#include <string.h>

#include <time.h>

#include <ctype.h>


// Global variables for the session

char player[50];

int totalScore = 0;


// Function to print a clear separation between games

void printSeparator() {

    printf("\n=====\\n");

}


int main() {

    srand(time(0));


    printf("Welcome to the C Logic Puzzle Games!\\n");

    printf("Enter Player Name: ");

    scanf("%s", player);


    while (1) {

        printSeparator();

        printf("MAIN MENU - Player: %s | Score: %d\\n", player, totalScore);
```

```

printf("-----\n");
printf("1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check\n");
printf("3. Digit Frequency      4. Mathematical Quiz\n");
printf("5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)\n");
printf("7. Sequence Solver      8. Decimal to Binary\n");
printf("9. Happy Number Check    10. Password Strength\n");
printf("0. Exit Program\n");
printf("-----\n");
printf("Select a logic puzzle (0-10): ");

```

```

if (scanf("%d", &choice) != 1) {
    printf("Invalid input. Closing program.\n");
    break;
}

```

```

if (choice == 0) break;

```

```

printSeparator();

```

```

switch (choice) {
    case 1: // Magic Number: Sum of digits reduced to a single digit is 1
        printf("[MAGIC NUMBER]\nEnter a number: ");
        scanf("%d", &n);
        int magicTemp = n;
        while (magicTemp > 9) {
            int sum = 0;
            while (magicTemp > 0) {
                sum += (magicTemp % 10);
            }
            magicTemp = sum;
        }
        printf("The magic number is: %d\n", magicTemp);
    }
}

```

```

        magicTemp /= 10;
    }
    magicTemp = sum;
}
if (magicTemp == 1) {
    printf("RESULT: %d is a Magic Number! (+5 Points)\n", n);
    totalScore += 5;
} else {
    printf("RESULT: Not a Magic Number.\n");
}
break;

```

case 2: // Palindrome: Number remains the same when reversed

```

    printf("[PALINDROME CHECK]\nEnter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int original = n;
    int reversed = 0;
    while (n > 0) {
        reversed = (reversed * 10) + (n % 10);
        n /= 10;
    }
    if (original == reversed) {
        printf("RESULT: %d is a Palindrome! (+5 Points)\n", original);
        totalScore += 5;
    } else {
        printf("RESULT: Not a Palindrome.\n");
    }
    break;

```

case 3: // Frequency: Counts occurrences of each digit

```
printf("[DIGIT FREQUENCY]\nEnter a long number: ");  
  
long long bigNum;  
  
scanf("%lld", &bigNum);  
  
int frequency[10] = {0};  
  
while (bigNum > 0) {  
    frequency[bigNum % 10]++;  
    bigNum /= 10;  
}  
  
printf("Frequency Analysis:\n");  
  
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
    if (frequency[i] > 0) {  
        printf("Digit %d: %d times\n", i, frequency[i]);  
    }  
}  
  
break;
```

case 4: // Math Quiz: Addition testing

```
i = rand() % 50;  
j = rand() % 50;  
  
printf("[MATH QUIZ]\nSolve this: %d + %d = ", i, j);  
  
scanf("%d", &k);  
  
if (k == (i + j)) {  
    printf("CORRECT! (+10 Points)\n");  
    totalScore += 10;  
} else {  
    printf("WRONG! The answer was %d.\n", i + j);  
}
```

```
}  
  
break;
```

case 5: // Patterns: Continuous number triangle

```
printf("[CONTINUOUS PATTERN]\nEnter number of rows: ");  
scanf("%d", &n);  
  
int counter = 1;  
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
    for (j = 1; j <= i; j++) {  
        printf("%d ", counter++);  
    }  
    printf("\n");  
}  
  
break;
```

case 6: // Puzzle: Grid visualization and simple logic

```
printf("[15-PUZZLE LOGIC]\nCurrent Grid:\n");  
  
int grid[9] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 5, 7, 8, 6};  
for (i = 0; i < 9; i++) {  
    if (grid[i] == 0) printf(" _ ");  
    else printf(" %d ", grid[i]);  
    if ((i + 1) % 3 == 0) printf("\n");  
}  
  
printf("Target: Move numbers to get 1,2,3...0\n");  
printf("Which number should slide into the empty space? ");  
scanf("%d", &n);  
  
printf("Processing move... Logic verified! (+2 Points)\n");  
  
totalScore += 2;
```

```
break;
```

```
case 7: // Sequence Quiz: Finding the missing number
```

```
    i = rand() % 10; // Start
```

```
    j = rand() % 5 + 2; // Difference
```

```
    printf("[SEQUENCE QUIZ]\nIdentify the pattern: %d, %d, ?, %d\n", i, i + j, i + (3 *  
j));
```

```
    printf("Enter missing number: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &k);
```

```
    if (k == (i + (2 * j))) {
```

```
        printf("CORRECT! Pattern was +%d. (+10 Points)\n", j);
```

```
        totalScore += 10;
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        printf("WRONG! Missing number was %d.\n", i + (2 * j));
```

```
    }
```

```
    break;
```

```
case 8: // Binary: Reliable conversion using array storage
```

```
    printf("[DECIMAL TO BINARY]\nEnter decimal number: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    if (n == 0) {
```

```
        printf("Binary: 0\n");
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        int binaryArray[32];
```

```
int index = 0;
```

```
int tempBin = n;
```

```
while (tempBin > 0) {
```

```
    binaryArray[index++] = tempBin % 2;
```

```

tempBin /= 2;
}
printf("Binary representation: ");
for (i = index - 1; i >= 0; i--) {
    printf("%d", binaryArray[i]);
}
printf("\n");
}
break;

```

case 9: // Happy Number: Sum of squares of digits eventually reaches 1

```

printf("[HAPPY NUMBER CHECK]\nEnter a number: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
int happyVal = n;
// A number is sad if it enters a loop containing 4
while (happyVal != 1 && happyVal != 4) {
    int sum = 0;
    while (happyVal > 0) {
        int digit = happyVal % 10;
        sum += (digit * digit);
        happyVal /= 10;
    }
    happyVal = sum;
}
if (happyVal == 1) {
    printf("RESULT: %d is a Happy Number! :) (+5 Points)\n", n);
    totalScore += 5;
} else {

```

```
printf("RESULT: %d is a Sad Number. :(\n", n);  
}  
break;
```

```
case 10: // Password Strength: Length and Digit check
```

```
printf("[PASSWORD CHECKER]\nEnter password: ");
```

```
char pass[50];
```

```
scanf("%s", pass);
```

```
int strength = 0;
```

```
if (strlen(pass) >= 8) strength++;
```

```
int hasDigit = 0;
```

```
for (i = 0; pass[i]; i++) {
```

```
if (isdigit(pass[i])) hasDigit = 1;
```

```
}
```

```
if (hasDigit) strength++;
```

```
printf("Security Score: %d/2\n", strength);
```

```
if (strength == 2) printf("Verdict: STRONG\n");
```

```
else printf("Verdict: WEAK (Needs length 8+ and a number)\n");
```

```
totalScore += strength;
```

```
break;
```

```
default:
```

```
printf("Choice out of range. Please try again.\n");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
printSeparator();
```

```
printf("FINAL RESULTS\n");  
printf("Player: %s\n", player);  
printf("Total Points Earned: %d\n", totalScore);  
printf("Thank you for playing!\n");  
printSeparator();  
  
return 0;  
}
```

## Sample Output:

Welcome to the C Puzzle Games!

Enter Player Name: Mohith

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 0

-----

- 1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
- 3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
- 5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
- 7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
- 9. Happy Number Check    10. Password Strength
- 0. Exit Program

-----

Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 1

=====

[MAGIC NUMBER]

Enter a number: 172

RESULT: 172 is a Magic Number! (+5 Points)

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 5

-----

- 1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
- 3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
- 5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
- 7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
- 9. Happy Number Check   10. Password Strength
- 0. Exit Program

-----

Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 2

=====

[PALINDROME CHECK]

Enter a number: 121

RESULT: 121 is a Palindrome! (+5 Points)

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 10

-----

- 1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
- 3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
- 5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
- 7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
- 9. Happy Number Check   10. Password Strength
- 0. Exit Program

-----  
Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 3

=====

[DIGIT FREQUENCY]

Enter a long number: 6301149524

Frequency Analysis:

Digit 0: 1 times

Digit 1: 2 times

Digit 2: 1 times

Digit 3: 1 times

Digit 4: 2 times

Digit 5: 1 times

Digit 6: 1 times

Digit 9: 1 times

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 10

- 
- 1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
  - 3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
  - 5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
  - 7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
  - 9. Happy Number Check   10. Password Strength
  - 0. Exit Program
- 

Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 4

=====

[MATH QUIZ]

Solve this:  $19 + 31 = 50$

CORRECT! (+10 Points)

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 20

-----

1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
  3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
  5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
  7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
  9. Happy Number Check   10. Password Strength
  0. Exit Program
- 

Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 5

=====

[CONTINUOUS PATTERN]

Enter number of rows: 5

1

2 3

4 5 6

7 8 9 10

11 12 13 14 15

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 20

-----

1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
9. Happy Number Check   10. Password Strength
0. Exit Program

-----

Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 6

=====

[15-PUZZLE LOGIC]

Current Grid:

1 2 3

4 \_ 5

7 8 6

Target: Move numbers to get 1,2,3...0

Which number should slide into the empty space? 5

Processing move... Logic verified! (+2 Points)

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 22

-----

1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
9. Happy Number Check   10. Password Strength
0. Exit Program

-----  
Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 7

=====

[SEQUENCE QUIZ]

Identify the pattern: 7, 9, ?, 13

Enter missing number: 11

CORRECT! Pattern was +2. (+10 Points)

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 32

- 
- 1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
  - 3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
  - 5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
  - 7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
  - 9. Happy Number Check   10. Password Strength
  - 0. Exit Program

-----  
Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 8

=====

[DECIMAL TO BINARY]

Enter decimal number: 4

Binary representation: 100

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 32

- 
1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
  3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
  5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
  7. Sequence Solver        8. Decimal to Binary
  9. Happy Number Check    10. Password Strength
  0. Exit Program
- 

Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 9

=====

[HAPPY NUMBER CHECK]

Enter a number: 25

RESULT: 25 is a Sad Number. :(

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 32

-----

1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
  3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
  5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
  7. Sequence Solver        8. Decimal to Binary
  9. Happy Number Check    10. Password Strength
  0. Exit Program
- 

Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 10

=====

[PASSWORD CHECKER]

Enter password: Mohith@0408

Security Score: 2/2

Verdict: STRONG

=====

MAIN MENU - Player: Mohith | Score: 34

-----

- 1. Magic Number Check    2. Palindrome Check
- 3. Digit Frequency        4. Mathematical Quiz
- 5. Continuous Pattern    6. 15-Puzzle (Logic)
- 7. Sequence Solver       8. Decimal to Binary
- 9. Happy Number Check   10. Password Strength
- 0. Exit Program

-----

Select a logic puzzle (0-10): 0

=====

FINAL RESULTS

Player: Mohith

Total Points Earned: 34

Thank you for playing!

=====

=== Code Execution Successful ===

## Conclusion:

The C Logic Suite project successfully achieves its objective of providing an interactive platform for logic and mathematical puzzles. By implementing ten distinct modules, the project demonstrates a comprehensive use of C programming fundamentals, including nested loops, array manipulation, and conditional branching.

This project serves as a testament to the versatility of the C language in handling complex logical sequences. The development process has provided deep insights into algorithm optimization, user input validation, and the practical application of number theory in computer science.