

Day 3

D reverse of a number

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
int n, reverse = 0, remainder, original;
```

```
printf("Enter an integer: ");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
original = n;
```

```
while (n != 0) {
```

```
remainder = n % 10;
```

```
reverse = reverse * 10 + remainder;
```

```
n /= 10;
```

```
}
```

```
if (original % 10 == 0) {
```

```
printf("reversed number = %d", reverse);
```

```
while (original % 10 == 0) {
```

```
printf("0");
```

```
original /= 10;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
printf("reversed number = %d", reverse);
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

out put:

Enter an integer: 2345

reversed number = 5432

palindrome number

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
int n, reversed = 0, remainder, original;
```

```
printf("Enter an integer:");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
original = n;
```

```
while (n != 0) {
```

```
    remainder = n % 10;
```

```
    reversed = reversed * 10 + remainder;
```

```
    n /= 10;
```

```
if (original == reversed)
```

```
    printf("%d is palindrome", original);
```

```
else
```

```
    printf("%d is not a palindrome", original);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

out put:

Enter an integer : 1001

1001 is a palindrome.

Armstrong number in a given range

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main() {
    int low, high, number, original number, rem, count = 0;
    double result = 0.0;
    printf("enter two numbers (intervals): ");
    scanf("%d %d", &low, &high);
    printf("Armstrong numbers b/w %d and %d are:",
        low, high);

    if (high < low) {
        high = low;
        low = high - low;
        high = low;
    }

    for (number = low + 1; number < high; ++number) {
        original number = number;
        while (original number != 0) {
            original number /= 10;
            ++count;
        }
        original number = number;
        while (original number != 0) {
            rem = original number % 10;
            result += pow(rem, count);
            original number /= 10;
        }
        if ((int) result == number) {
            printf("%d", number);
        }
        count = 0;
        result = 0;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

out put:

Enter two numbers: 200 2000

Armstrong numbers b/w 200 and 2000

fibonacci series up to nth term

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int i, n;
```

```
    int t1 = 0, t2 = 1
```

```
    int next term = t1 + t2;
```

```
    printf("Enter the number of terms:");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    printf("fibonacci series: %d, %d, ", t1, t2);
```

```
    for (i = 3; i <= n; ++i) {
```

```
        printf("%d ", next term);
```

```
        t1 = t2;
```

```
        t2 = next term;
```

```
        next term = t1 + t2;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

out put:

Enter the number of terms: 10

fibonacci series: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34