

main.py:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
```

```
import rsa
```

```
def readKey(keyFile):
```

```
    # read a key from a specified file
```

```
    # open, read, and close the file
```

```
    file = open(keyFile, 'r')
```

```
    key = [int(x) for x in file.read().split(' ')]
```

```
    file.close()
```

```
    return key
```

```
def writeKey(keyFile, key):
```

```
    # write a key to a specified file
```

```
    # open, write, and close the file
```

```
    file = open(keyFile, 'w')
```

```
    file.write('{0}, {1}'.format(key[0], key[1]))
```

```
    file.close()
```

```
    return 0
```

```
def readData(encryptedFile):
```

```
    # read encrypted data from a specified file
```

```
    # open, read, and close the file
```

```
    file = open(encryptedFile, 'r')
```

```
    encryptedData = [int(x) for x in file.read().split(' ')]
```

```
    file.close()
```

```
    return encryptedData
```

```
def writeData(encryptedFile, encryptedData):
```

```
    # write encrypted data to a specified file
```

```
    # open, write, and close the file
```

```
    file = open(encryptedFile, 'w')
```

```
    file.write(' '.join(str(char) for char in encryptedData))
```

```
    file.close()
```

```
    return 0
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    quit = 0 # set to 1 to quit program
```

```

pubKey, privKey = None, None # set to None to make it easy to check if the keys are set

while quit != 1:
    print("What would you like to do?")
    # get user input in lowercase
    userInput = input("(G)enerate keys, (W)rite keys to file, (L)oad keys from file, (E)ncrypt,
(D)ecrypt, (Q)uit: ").lower()
    if userInput == "g": # generate keys
        pubKey, privKey = rsa.genKeys(1024, 40)
        print("pubKey: {}\nprivKey: {}".format(pubKey, privKey))
        print("Keys generated!")

    elif userInput == "w": # write current keys to file
        if pubKey == None or privKey == None: # keys are not set
            print("Error: The keys are not defined. Please either generate keys or load them
from files.")
        else: # keys are set
            # get file names from user input
            pubFile = input("Where would you like to store the public key? ['pubKey']: ")
            privFile = input("Where would you like to store the private key? ['privKey']: ")

            # write pubKey to file
            if pubFile == "": # default to 'pubKey'
                print("writing pubKey to: 'pubKey'")
                writeKey('pubKey', pubKey)
            else:
                print("writing pubKey to: '{}'.format(pubFile))
                writeKey(pubFile, pubKey)

            # write privKey to file
            if privFile == "": # default to 'privKey'
                print("writing privKey to: 'privKey'")
                writeKey('privKey', privKey)
            else:
                print("writing privKey to: '{}'.format(privFile))
                writeKey(privFile, privKey)

    elif userInput == "l": # load keys from file
        # get file names from user input
        pubFile = input("Where is the public key located? ['pubKey']: ")
        privFile = input("Where is the private key located? ['privKey']: ")

        # load pubKey from file
        if pubFile == "": # default to 'pubKey'

```

```

        print("loading pubKey from: 'pubKey'")
        pubKey = readKey('pubKey')
    else:
        print("loading pubKey from: '{}".format(pubFile))
        pubKey = readKey(pubFile)

    # load privKey from file
    if privFile == "": # default to 'privKey'
        print("loading privKey from: 'privKey'")
        privKey = readKey('privKey')
    else:
        print("loading privKey from: '{}".format(privFile))
        privKey = readKey(privFile)

    elif userInput == "e": # encrypt data (and save to a file)
        if pubKey == None or privKey == None: # keys are not set
            print("Error: The keys are not defined. Please either generate keys or load them
from files.")
            continue
        else: # keys are set
            plaintext = input("Enter a message to encrypt: ")
            ciphertext = rsa.encrypt(plaintext, pubKey)
            print("Encrypted data: {}".format(ciphertext))

            # save encrypted data to a file
            encryptedFile = input("Where do you want to save the encrypted data?
[encryptedData]: ")

            if encryptedFile == "": # default to 'encryptedData'
                print("writing encrypted data to: 'encryptedData'")
                writeData('encryptedData', ciphertext)
            else:
                print("writing encrypted data to: '{}".format(encryptedFile))
                writeData(encryptedFile, ciphertext)

    elif userInput == "d": # decrypt data
        if pubKey == None or privKey == None: # keys are not set
            print("Error: The keys are not defined. Please either generate keys or load them
from files.")
            continue
        else: # keys are set
            encryptedFile = input("Where is the encrypted data located? [encryptedData]: ")

            if encryptedFile == "": # default to 'encryptedData'

```

```

        ciphertext = readData('encryptedData')
    else:
        ciphertext = readData(encryptedFile)

    # decrypt and display data
    plaintext = rsa.decrypt(ciphertext, privKey)
    print("Decrypted message: {}".format(plaintext))

elif userInput == "q": # quit the program
    quit = 1

else: # the user has entered an unknown option
    print("Error: unknown option:", userInput)

```

rsa.py:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
```

```
import random
```

```

def gcd(a, b):
    # find gcd of a & b
    # uses the euclidean algorithm
    while b: # b != 0
        a, b = b, a % b
    return a

```

```

def millerRabin(n, k):
    """
    Based on:
    https://rosettacode.org/wiki/Miller-Rabin\_primality\_test
    """

```

```

    # use the Miller-Rabin Primality Test to return True if n is probably prime, or False if n is
    definitely composite
    # uses k rounds

```

```

    # find s and d so that: n - 1 = (2^s) * d
    # s must be a positive int
    # d must be an odd positive int
    s = 0
    d = n - 1
    while d % 2 == 0: # while d is even
        d >>= 1 # bitwise right shift to divide d by 2
        s += 1 # increment s by 1

```

```

def testComposite(a):
    # test if n is composite with base a, by testing following conditions:
    #  $a^d \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$ 
    #  $a^{(2^r) * d} \equiv -1 \pmod{n}$  for some  $0 < r < s$ 
    if pow(a, d, n) == 1: # if  $a^d \% n == 1$ 
        return False # n is strong probable prime to base a
    for r in range(s):
        if pow(a, 2**r * d, n) == n - 1: # if  $a^{(2^r) * d} \% n == -1$ 
            return False # n is strong probable prime to base a
    return True # n failed the tests, so n is definitely composite

for r in range(k): # k being the number of trials
    a = random.randrange(2, n) # in range of 2, n-1
    if testComposite(a):
        return False # n is deemed composite by the tests

return True # n passed all tests, so it is probably prime

def isPrime(n, k):
    # return true if n is probably prime, and false if n is definitely composite
    # use k rounds in miller rabin test

    # all primes < 1000
    primeList = [2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 37, 41, 43, 47, 53, 59, 61, 67, 71, 73,
79, 83, 89, 97, 101, 103, 107, 109, 113, 127, 131, 137, 139, 149, 151, 157, 163, 167, 173, 179,
181, 191, 193, 197, 199, 211, 223, 227, 229, 233, 239, 241, 251, 257, 263, 269, 271, 277, 281,
283, 293, 307, 311, 313, 317, 331, 337, 347, 349, 353, 359, 367, 373, 379, 383, 389, 397, 401,
409, 419, 421, 431, 433, 439, 443, 449, 457, 461, 463, 467, 479, 487, 491, 499, 503, 509, 521,
523, 541, 547, 557, 563, 569, 571, 577, 587, 593, 599, 601, 607, 613, 617, 619, 631, 641, 643,
647, 653, 659, 661, 673, 677, 683, 691, 701, 709, 719, 727, 733, 739, 743, 751, 757, 761, 769,
773, 787, 797, 809, 811, 821, 823, 827, 829, 839, 853, 857, 859, 863, 877, 881, 883, 887, 907,
911, 919, 929, 937, 941, 947, 953, 967, 971, 977, 983, 991, 997]

    if n in primeList: # if n is in primeList
        return True # n is definitely prime

    for prime in primeList:
        if n % prime == 0:
            return False # n is composite

    if not millerRabin(n, k):
        return False # n is definitely composite

```

```

        return True # n passed tests, it is probably prime

def primeFinder(b, k):
    # find a prime of b bits using the miller rabin primality test with k rounds

    while True:
        n = random.SystemRandom().getrandbits(b) # random num of b bits
        if isPrime(n, k):
            return n # n is probably prime, so return n

def encrypt(plaintext, pubKey):
    # encrypt the given plaintext with the public key
    e, n = pubKey # derive e and n from the public key

    ciphertext = [] # encrypted text stored as a list of integers (representing characters)

    for char in plaintext:
        ciphertext.append(pow(ord(char), e, n)) # calculate the new value of the character as
        (char^e) % n

    return ciphertext # return the encrypted message

def decrypt(ciphertext, privKey):
    # decrypt the given ciphertext using the private key
    d, n = privKey # derive d and n from the private key

    plaintext = [] # plaintext stored as a list of integers (representing characters)

    for char in ciphertext:
        plaintext.append(chr(pow(char, d, n))) # calculate the new value of the character as
        (char^d) % n

    return "".join(plaintext)

def genKeys(b, k):
    # generate public and private keys using primes of b bits with k rounds of the miller rabin
    primality test
    p = primeFinder(b, k) # find a prime
    q = primeFinder(b, k) # find a prime

    n = p * q # compute n

    phi = (p - 1) * (q - 1) # compute phi

```

```
# find a value of e where  $2 < e < \phi$  and  $\gcd(e, \phi) = 1$ 
while True:
    e = random.randrange(3, phi)
    if  $\gcd(e, \phi) == 1$ :
        break

d = pow(e, -1, phi) # compute d as the modular multiplicative inverse of e % phi

pubKey = [e, n] # set the public key
privKey = [d, n] # set the private key

return pubKey, privKey
```