Quiz 1

| Name | | Roll | |
|------------|--------------|------|---------------------------------|
| Instructor | Dr. D Ghosal | Date | 2 rd September, 2022 |

Rules:

- a. All the answers to be marked in the question paper itself with pen.
- b. Markings with pencil will be considered as a wrong answer and will be eligible for negative marking.
- c. For every right answer +1 and wrong answer -0.25.
- d. Reasons are only to be cited when asked, should be within 15 words and should make sense.
- e. Answers without reasons would be considered wrong.

1. Correct order and why?

- a. H,He,O,C,Si,Na,Ne,S,Fe
- b. H,HE,C,O,Si,Na,Ne,S,Fe
- c. He,H,C,O,Si,Na,Mg,S,Fe
- d. H,He,C,O,Ne,Na,Mg,S,Fe

Reason: Lighter material created first followed by heavier metals

2. Which is correct

- a. Big bang started, followed by domination of S-process then r-process
- b. Big bang started followed by domination of R-process than S-process
- c. After big bang r-process was followed by s-process
- d. After big bang s-process was followed by r-process

Reason: Hydrogen formed by r-process, heavier metals are combination of S and r-process

| 3. | | Great oxygen event happened around 2.45 billion years ago and most probably e cyanobacteria was responsible for it? |
|--------------------|------|--|
| | a. | True |
| | b. | False |
| | c. | None of the above |
| | | |
| | | n: Oceanic cyanobacteria created more oxygen then that captured by dissolved iron or c matter /oxygen sink. |
| 4. Banded iron for | | nded iron formations are due to saturation of oxygen sink |
| | a. | True |
| | b. | False |
| Re | asoı | n: Lack of free oxygen resulted in lack of precipitation of iron as oxide |
| 5. | Dis | covering is the result of the observation that there is a |
| | 35 | degree - wide belt,wave shadow zone |
| | a. | Crust mantle, P-wave |
| | | Mantle-core, P-wave |
| | c. | Crust mantle, S-wave |
| | d. | Mantle-core, S-wave |
| | | |
| 6. | Re | ad and find the correct |
| | a. | With increasing depth, Earth's interior is characterized by gradual decreases in temperature, pressure, and density. |
| | b. | Depending on the temperature and depth, a particular Earth material may behave like |
| | | a brittle solid, deform in a plastic–like manner, or melt and become liquid. |
| | c. | Main layers of Earth's interior are based on physical properties and hence, |
| | | strength. |
| | | a. False, True, mechanical |
| | | b. True, True, mechanical |
| | | c. False, False, mechanical |
| | | d. False, True, chemical |
| | | e. False, False, chemical |
| | | |

- 7. Heat flow direction
 - a. Conduction; conduction and convection; conduction, convection; conduction; radiation
 - b. Conduction; conduction, convection; conduction and convection; conduction; radiation
 - c. Conduction; conduction and convection; radiation; conduction, convection; conduction
 - d. Conduction and convection; conduction; conduction, convection; conduction; radiation

Reason: Heat flow from inner-Core to outer-core; outer-core to mantle; within mantle; crust and atmosphere.

- 8. Distance between similar polarity bands on either side of a rift is 400 cm. If 1m represents 1 million years, the age of the space between
 - a. 2 million years
 - b. 20 million years
 - c. 40 million years
 - d. 4 million years

Reason: Seafloor spreading hypothesis states equal spreading on both side.

- 9. Deepest part in the world can be found at
 - a. Base of Continental shelf
 - b. Rifts
 - c. Divergent boundaries
 - d. Convergent boundaries

Reason: At convergent boundaries, crust submerges.

- 10. The rocks from abyssal planes are lower density than that at the ridges
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - c. Not enough evidence

Reason: Rocks at abyssal plane are cooled by sea-water thus are of higher density

- 11. The rocks at just the subsurface from abyssal planes and those at rift are _____ and ____ when they are in _____
 - a. Aphanitic, Phaneritic, sea
 - b. Phaneritic, Aphanitic, sea
 - c. Phaneritic, Aphanitic, land
 - d. Aphanitic, Phaneritic, land

Reason: Rift experience sudden cooling and abyssal plain experience slow cooling and present only under sea

- 12. A sedimentary rock gets buried and reach the mantle. It melts completely and then rises up. What are the two types of rock formed during the whole process.
 - a. Sedimentary to metamorphic, sedimentary to igneous
 - b. Sedimentary to igneous
 - c. Sedimentary to metamorphic, metamorphic to igneous.
 - d. Metamorphic to igneous

Reason: During subduction, sedimentary to metamorphic. After complete melting its always igneous rock.

- 13. Why are the volcanic arc formed at a distance from the trench and not at the trench
 - a. It needs time to melt
 - b. It needs volatiles to melt
 - c. It needs pressure to be pushed up
 - d. It needs friction to heat up

Reason: During subduction, any rock needs time to absorb heat from surrounding and then start melting

14. Two volcano produces magma of composition A and B. Suddenly the Composition B changed to another composition C whose composition tends to be somewhere between A and B. What can be the most probable reason.

Reason: Magma mixing

15. Which sentence is wrong

- a. Parallel alignment of flattened / platy minerals are called foliation
- b. Micas have foliated structure
- c. Gneiss is a foliated igneous rock
- d. Quartzite is a metamorphic rock

Reason: Gneiss is a foliated metamorphic rock

16. Correct order

- a. Shale>Slate > Phylite>Schist>Gneiss
- b. Shale>Slate >Schist> Phylite> Gneiss
- c. Shale> Phylite> Slate > Schist> Gneiss
- d. Shale> Phylite>Schist> Slate > Gneiss

Reason: Order of metamorphism

17. A rock formed after lava eruption

a. Basalt

- b. Granite
- c. Sandstone
- d. Quartzite

Reason: Basalt is an extrusive igneous rock

- 18. The generally accepted temperature limits for metamorphism are:
 - a. metamorphism occurs at all temperatures
 - b. there are no temperature limits to metamorphism because it is a continuum
 - c. metamorphism is limited by pressure, not temperature
 - d. 200 degrees Celsius to rock melting
- 19. The Metamorphism of limestone may contribute to global warming by the release of:
 - a. Oxygen
 - b. Sulphuric acid
 - c. Carbon dioxide
 - d. Nitrous oxide

Reason:

- 20. What is the effect of water on melting?
 - a. water raises the melting temperature of a rock
 - b. water lowers the melting temperature of a rock
 - c. water does not change the melting temperature of a rock
 - d. this depends on how much water is present
- 21. Is it justifiable to say that 'We are made up of stardust' keeping in mind that elements are also formed due to radioactivity?
 - a. True
 - b. False

Reason: Every essential element in human body is cooked inside star, like Carbon, oxygen, etc.

- 22. D" transfer heat by conduction because
 - a. It's a solid
 - b. Its liquid
 - c. Its semi solid
 - d. None of the above

Reason: It contains partially melted subducted oceanic lithosphere.

- 23. Which of the following statement is not correct?
- A) Metamorphic rocks may melt to magma.
- B) Sedimentary rocks may weather to igneous rocks.
- C) Magmas crystallize to form igneous rocks.
- D) Igneous rocks can undergo metamorphism.

Reason: Igneous rocks weather to form sedimentary

- 24. How many maximum plate boundaries can meet at a single point?
 - a. 1
 - b. 2
 - c. 3
 - d. 4

Reason: triple junction

- 25. The Indian sub-continent may cease to exist after few millions of years.
 - a. True
 - b. False

Reason: Indian plate is diving under the Asian plate

- 26. With increasing distance from a rift, the ocean bed thickens
 - a. True
 - b. False
 - c. Not possible to comment from given data

Reason: Deposition of sediments

- 27. Iceland has a great number of volcanic activity. The reason for this is:
 - a. it was formed above a mid-ocean rift.
 - b. it is part of the "Ring of Fire".
 - c. two tectonic plates are rubbing against each other under Iceland.
 - d. the American plate is diving under the European plate in this region.
- 28. Partial melting is represented by
 - a. liquidus
 - b. solidus
 - c. geotherm

d. isotherm

- 29. In geological studies, all of the following are TRUE of P waves except that they:.
 - a. are body waves
 - b. travel like sound waves
 - c. can pass through liquids
 - d. are slower than S waves

Reason: P-waves are faster than S-waves

30. Which of the following pairs contains one igneous and one sedimentary rock?

- a. shale and marble
- b. sandstone and quartzite
- c. granite and limestone
- d. obsidian and gneiss