

1877. Minimize Maximum Pair sum in Array

1877. Minimize Maximum Pair Sum in Array

maximum pair sum - if we have pairs $(1, 5)$, $(2, 3)$ and $(4, 4)$ the maximum pair sum
 $= (6, 5) = 8$.

We have given array of even length n
 pair up elements into $n/2$ such that:

- Each elements of nums is in exactly one pair.
- Maximum pair sum is minimized.

Return the minimized maximum pair sum.

Ex:- $\text{nums} = [3, 5, 2, 3]$, output = 7

Pairs = $(3, 3)$ and $(5, 2)$

$$\max(3+3, 5+2) = 7$$

more ex:-

Ex:- $[3, 5, 2, 3]$, O/P = 7

Possible Pairs = $[3, 5]$, $[2, 3]$

$$\begin{matrix} 3 & 5 & \rightarrow \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \rightarrow \\ (3, 3) & (5, 2) \\ 6 & 7 & = 7 \end{matrix}$$

Ex:-

$[3, 5, 4, 2, 4, 6]$, O/P = 8

$$\begin{matrix} (3, 5) & (4, 2) & (4, 6) \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 9 & 7 & 10 \rightarrow 10 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} (3, 4) & (5, 2) & (4, 6) \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 7 & 7 & 10 = 10 \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} (6, 2) & (4, 4) & (5, 3) \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 8 & 8 & 8 + 6 \end{matrix}$$

Goal: make largest pair-sum as small as possible. How max can be minimized.

↳ If we select the larger

No. with smaller one then only
 we can get the balanced sum.

Approach: we sort array and then take
 pair as one from start and one from
 end. It will work.

$\text{nums} = [3, 5, 4, 2, 4, 6]$

sort $\rightarrow [2, 3, 4, 4, 5, 6]$

$$\begin{matrix} (2, 6) & (3, 5) & (4, 4) \\ \cancel{\downarrow} & \cancel{\downarrow} & \cancel{\downarrow} \\ \rightarrow \max(8, 8, 8) & = 8 \end{matrix}$$

$\text{nums} = [3, 5, 2, 3]$

sort $\rightarrow [2, 3, 3, 5]$

$$\begin{matrix} (2, 5) & (3, 3) \\ \cancel{\downarrow} & \cancel{\downarrow} \\ \rightarrow \max(7, 6) = 7 \end{matrix}$$

```
int minPairSum(vector<int> &nums) {
    sort(nums.begin(), nums.end());
    left = 0, right = n-1;
    int maxi = 0;
    while (left < right) {
        maxi = max(maxi, nums[left] +
                    nums[right]);
        left++;
        right--;
    }
    return maxi;
}
```

Time Complexity $\in O(n \log n)$
 sorting + traverse

If we have given
 "Minimize Maximum
 Maximize minimum"
 keyword in problem
 then use "Binary Search".